PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO **X-Town 250/300 ABS**

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before any operation is started.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/ adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 5 to 12 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and adjustment of engine parts. Section 13 is the AFI system. Section 14 to 15 is the removal/ installation of chassis. Section 16 to 19 states the testing and measuring methods of electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the motorcycle in case specifications are changed.

KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.
QUALITY TECHNOLOGY DEPT.
EDUCATION SECTION

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€ KYMCO

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

X-Town250/300 ABS

GENERAL INFORMATION

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SERIAL NUMBER

Location of Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)



Location of Engine Serial Number



SPECIFICATIONS of X-Town 300 E4

Name	X-Town 300 ABS		
Model No.	KS60A		
Overall length	2250 mm		
Overall width	800 mm		
Overall height		1385 mm	
Wheel base		1545 mm	
Engine type		4 stroke O.H.C.	
Displacement		276 cc	
		92# nonleaded	
Fuel Used		gasoline	
Curb weight	Front wheel	80	
(kg)	Rear wheel	120	
	Total	200	
Max. weight	Front wheel	116	
(kg)	Rear wheel	244	
(Hg)	Total	360	
Ground clearance	e (mm)	150	
Braking distance	(m)	7.9m / 40 km/hr	
Min. turning rad		2.6	
Engine		1.5	
Starting system		Starting motor	
Туре		Gasoline 4-cycle	
Cylinder arrang	gement	Single cylinder	
Combustion cha	mber type	Semi-sphere	
Valve arrangen	nent	O.H.C. 4V	
Bore x stroke (,	72.7 * 66.4	
Compression ra		10.6:1	
Compression p (kg/cm ² -rpm)	ressure	15	
Max. output (k	w/rpm)	18 / 7250	
Max. torque (N	.m/rpm)	25 / 6250	
Intake Timing	Open	13 °BTDC	
	Close	38 °BTDC	
Exhaust	Open	40 °BTDC	
Timing	Close	3 °BTDC	
Valve	Intake	0.1	
clearance	Exhaust	0.1	
Idle speed (rpm)		1700±100 rpm	
Cooling Type		Liquid cooling	
Lubrication typ	e	Forced pressure & wet sump	
Oil pump type	Inner/outer rotor		

Oil filter type	Full-flow filtration				
Oil capacity	1.1 liter				
Exchanging cap			0.9 liter	•	
		jection sy			
Air cleaner type	& N	0	Paper elemen		
Fuel capacity			13 liters		
Brand			Keihin		
Throttle Body			Butterfly ty	ype	
Venturi diamet	er (n	nm)	32		
Fuel pump press	sure		3.0 bar		
	Elec	ctrical sys	tem		
Ignition type			ECU		
Ignition timing			10 BTDC /	idle	
Ignition timing			33 °/ 6500)min	
Spark plug			DPR6EA	-9	
Spark plug gap)		0.8~0.9m	m	
Battery Capaci	ty		12V10.5A	ΛH	
		mission s	ystem		
Clutch type			Dry multi-disc		
Transmission t	ype		CVT		
Operation type			Auto centrifugal		
Reduction gear	type	;	Two-stage red	uction	
Reduction		1 st	1		
ratio		2nd	7.3		
	Me	oving dev	ice		
Tire type			Tubeles	S	
Tire spec.	Fro	nt wheel	120/80-14	58S	
The spee.	Re	ar wheel	150/70-13	64S	
Tire pressure	Fro	nt wheel	2.0		
(kg/cm ²)	Re	ar wheel	2.25		
Wheel material			Aluminium		
		Left	40°		
Turning angle		Right	40°		
Brake type		Front	ABS		
Rear		ABS			
	Dar	nping De	vice		
Suspension		Front	Telescop	e	
tvpe		Rear	Swing arr	m	
Shock absorber		Front	110 mm		
stroke Rear			100 mm		



SPECIFICATIONS of X-Town 300 E5

Name	X-Town 300 ABS		
Model No.	KS60F		
Overall length	2250 mm		
Overall width	800 mm		
Overall height		1385 mm	
Wheel base		1545 mm	
Engine type		4 stroke O.H.C.	
Displacement		276 cc	
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded	
Tuci Osca	T	gasoline	
Curb weight	Front wheel	80	
(kg)	Rear wheel	120	
	Total	200	
Max. weight	Front wheel	116	
(kg)	Rear wheel	244	
	Total	360	
Ground clearance	e (mm)	150	
Braking distance	(m)	7.9m / 40 km/hr	
Min. turning rad	ius (m)	2.6	
Engine	e part		
l	a·		
Starting system	l	Starting motor	
Starting system Type	1	Gasoline 4-cycle	
Type Cylinder arrang	gement	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha	gement mber type	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen	gement mber type nent	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (gement Imber type nent Imm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra	gement mber type nent mm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p	gement mber type nent mm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm)	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure w/rpm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1	
Type Cylinder arrange Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure w/rpm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500	
Type Cylinder arrange Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing	gement mber type ment mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm)	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500	
Type Cylinder arrange Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing)	gement mber type ment mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm) Open Close	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC	
Type Cylinder arrange Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm) Open Close Open	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve	gement mber type ment mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm) Open Close	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) C.m/rpm) Open Close Open Close	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve clearance Idle speed (rpm)	gement mber type ment mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm) Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1 0.1 1700±100 rpm	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve clearance	gement mber type ment mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) [.m/rpm) Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1 0.1 1700±100 rpm Liquid cooling	
Type Cylinder arrang Combustion cha Valve arrangen Bore x stroke (Compression ra Compression p (kg/cm²-rpm) Max. output (k Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve clearance Idle speed (rpm)	gement mber type nent mm) ntio ressure w/rpm) (.m/rpm) Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	Gasoline 4-cycle Single cylinder Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V 72.7 * 66.4 10.6:1 15 16.8 / 7500 23.5 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1 0.1 1700±100 rpm	

Oil filter type			Full flow file	tration	
Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration 1.1 liter		
Oil capacity Exchanging capacity			0.9 liter		
		jection sy		1	
Air cleaner type			Paper elemen	nt. wet	
Fuel capacity		<u> </u>	13 liters		
Brand			Keihin		
Throttle Body			Butterfly t	ype	
Venturi diamet	er (n	nm)	32	-	
Fuel pump press	sure		3.0 bar	•	
	Ele	ctrical sys	stem		
Ignition type			ECU		
Ignition timing			10 BTDC	/ idle	
igintion tilling	1		33 °/ 6500	Omin	
Spark plug			DPR6EA		
Spark plug gap			0.8~0.9m		
Battery Capaci	•		12V10.5A	AH	
	rans	smission s	<u> </u>		
Clutch type			Dry multi-disc		
Transmission t	ype		CVT		
Operation type			Auto centrif	fugal	
Reduction gear	type	2	Two-stage reduction		
Reduction 1 st		1			
			-		
ratio		2nd	7.3		
ratio	M		7.3		
	M	2nd	7.3	SS	
ratio Tire type		2nd	7.3	58S	
Tire type Tire spec.	Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13		
Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure	Fro Re Fro	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0	58S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²)	Fro Re Fro	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25	58S 64S	
Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure	Fro Re Fro	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu	58S 64S	
Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material	Fro Re Fro	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25	58S 64S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²)	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu	58S 64S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel Left	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu 40°	58S 64S	
Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel Left Right Front Rear	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu 40° 40° ABS ABS	58S 64S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ar wheel teft Right Front	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu 40° 40° ABS ABS	58S 64S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel Left Right Front Rear	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminiu 40° 40° ABS ABS	58S 64S	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle Brake type	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ar wheel ar wheel Left Right Front Rear mping De	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminit 40° 40° ABS ABS	58S 64S am	
ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle Brake type Suspension	Fro Re Fro Re	2nd oving dev ont wheel ar wheel ont wheel ar wheel teft Right Front Rear mping De	7.3 ice Tubeles 120/80-14 150/70-13 2.0 2.25 Aluminit 40° 40° ABS ABS vice Telescop	58S 64S Im	



SPECIFICATIONS of X-Town 250

Name	Name		
Model No.	KS50A		
Overall length	2250 mm		
Overall width	800 mm		
Overall height		1385 mm	
Wheel base		1545 mm	
Engine type		4 stroke O.H.C.	
Displacement		249 сс	
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded	
T del Osed	1	gasoline	
Curb weight	Front wheel	80	
(kg)	Rear wheel	120	
	Total	200	
Max. weight	Front wheel	116	
(kg)	Rear wheel	244	
	Total	360	
Ground clearand	ce (mm)	150	
Braking distance	(m)	4.8m / 30 km/hr	
Min. turning rad	lius (mm)	R/L:2545	
Engin	e part		
Starting system	1	Starting motor	
Type		Gasoline 4-cycle	
Cylinder arrang		Single cylinder	
Combustion cha	ımber type	Semi-sphere	
Valve arranger		S.O.H.C. 4V	
Bore x stroke (Ф72.7 * 60	
Compression ra		10.08:1	
Compression p (kg/cm ² -rpm)	ressure	15	
	w/rpm)	16.1/7500	
jiviax. output (K	Max. output (kw/rpm) May. torque (N m/rpm)		
Max. output (k Max. torque (N		22.2 / 6500	
Max. torque (N			
	J.m/rpm)	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC	
Max. torque (N	J.m/rpm) Open Close	22.2 / 6500	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing	V.m/rpm) Open	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust	V.m/rpm) Open Close Open	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing	Open Close Open Close Close	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve	Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve clearance	Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1 0.1 1700±100 rpm Liquid cooling	
Max. torque (N Intake Timing Exhaust Timing Valve clearance Idle speed (rpm)	Open Close Open Close Intake Exhaust	22.2 / 6500 13 °BTDC 38 °BTDC 40 °BTDC 3 °BTDC 0.1 0.1 1700±100 rpm	

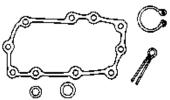
Oil capacity	Oil filton tyma			Enll flore files	otion	
Exchanging capacity Fi injection system Air cleaner type & No Paper element, we Fuel capacity 13 liters Brand Keihin Throttle Body Butterfly type Venturi diameter (mm) 30 Fuel pump pressure 3.0 bar Flectrical system Ignition type ECU Ignition timing 10 BTDC / idle 33 °/ 6500min Spark plug DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap Dry multi-disc Transmission system Clutch type Dry multi-disc Transmission type CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reductio Reduction gear type Two-stage reductio Reduction gear type Tubeless Tire type Tubeless Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Left 40° Right 40° Rear Disk Rear Disk Rear Disk Tamping Device Suspension Front Telescope Suspension Front Tel	Oil filter type	Full-flow filtration				
Fi injection system Air cleaner type & No Fuel capacity Paper element, we seem of the single stand Brand Keihin Throttle Body Butterfly type Venturi diameter (mm) 30 Fuel pump pressure 3.0 bar Electrical system Ignition type ECU Ignition timing 33 °/ 6500min Spark plug DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap 0.8~0.9mm Battery Capacity 12V10AH Transmission system Clutch type Dry multi-disc Transmission type CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reduction Reduction gear type Two-stage reduction Reduction gear type Tubeless Tire type Tubeless Tire spec. Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.0 Right 40° <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>						
Air cleaner type & No Fuel capacity Paper element, we Fuel capacity Brand Keihin Throttle Body Butterfly type Venturi diameter (mm) 30 Electrical system Ignition type ECU Ignition timing 50 BTDC / idlo 33 °/ 6500min Spark plug DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap 0.8~0.9mm Battery Capacity 12V10AH Transmission system Clutch type Dry multi-disc CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reductio Reduction gear type Two-stage reductio <td col<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Fuel capacity Brand Keihin					wet	
Rear wheel Suspension Turning angle Turning argin Tessure Tront Telescope Tront		~ 11	<u> </u>		, ,, ,,	
Venturi diameter (mm) 30 Fuel pump pressure 3.0 bar Electrical system Ignition type ECU Ignition type ECU Ignition type DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap DPR6EA-9 Tolog Proces <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Subsection Sub	Throttle Body			Butterfly typ	pe	
Spark plug	Venturi diamet	er (n	nm)	30		
Ignition type Ignition timing Ignition Ignition timing Ignition	Fuel pump press	ure		3.0 bar		
Ignition timing		Elec	ctrical sys	tem		
Ignition timing Spark plug Spark plug gap Battery Capacity Transmission system Clutch type Transmission type Clutch type Transmission type Reduction gear type Reduction gear type Tire spec. Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Turning angle Brake type Suspension type Spark plug DPR6EA-9 0.8~0.9mm 12V10AH Transmission system CVT Auto centrifugal Two-stage reductio 1st 0.83~2.2 Two-stage reductio 1st 0.83~2.2 Two-stage reductio 1st 0.83~2.2 Two-stage reductio 1st 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.0 Rear wheel Aluminium Left 40° Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber	Ignition type			ECU		
Spark plug Spark plug gap Battery Capacity Transmission system Clutch type Transmission type CVT Operation type Reduction gear type Reduction ratio Tire type Tire spec. Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Rear wheel Turning angle Turning angle Rear Front Meel Rear Front Reght Turning angle Rear Front Reght Turning angle Rear Front Rear Front Rear Front Reght				10 BTDC /	' idle	
Spark plug gap Battery Capacity Transmission system Clutch type Transmission type CVT Operation type Reduction gear type Reduction ratio Tire type Tire type Tire spec. Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Wheel material Brake type Touble solution Rear wheel Turning angle Rear Front wheel Right Aluminium Left Aluminium Left Aluminium Aluminium Left Aluminium Damping Device Front Rear Shock absorber Front Tire spec. Suspension type Rear Shock absorber Front 12V10AH Dry multi-disc Two-stage reductio Two-stage reductio 1st 0.83~2.2 Turbeless Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Aluminium Aluminium Left 40° Right 40° Rear Disk Telescope Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber				33 °/ 6500r	nin	
Transmission system	Spark plug			DPR6EA-	9	
Transmission system	Spark plug gap			0.8~0.9mr	n	
Clutch type Dry multi-disc Transmission type CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reductio Reduction ratio 1st 0.83~2.2 2nd 8.26 8.26 Moving device Tire type Tubeless Tire type Tubeless Rear wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm					I	
Transmission type CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reduction Reduction ratio 1st 0.83~2.2 2nd 8.26 Moving device Tire type Tire type Tubeless Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm		rans	mission s	ystem		
Transmission type CVT Operation type Auto centrifugal Reduction gear type Two-stage reduction Reduction ratio 1st 0.83~2.2 2nd 8.26 Moving device Tire type Tire type Tubeless Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Clutch type			Dry multi-disc		
Reduction gear typeTwo-stage reductionReduction ratio 1^{st} $0.83 \sim 2.2$ Moving deviceTire typeTubelessTire typeTubelessFront wheel $120/80 \cdot 14$ $58S$ Rear wheel $150/70 \cdot 13$ $64S$ Tire pressure (kg/cm²)Front wheel 2.0 (kg/cm²)Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel materialAluminiumTurning angleRight 40° Rake typeFrontDiskBrake typeRearDiskDamping DeviceSuspension typeFrontTelescopeRearSwing armShock absorberFront 110 mm		ype		CVT		
Reduction ratio 1st 0.83~2.2 Moving device Tire type Tubeless Tire type Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Operation type			Auto centrifu	ıgal	
Reduction ratio 1st 0.83~2.2 Moving device Tire type Tubeless Tire type Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Reduction gear	type	e	Two-stage redu	iction	
Moving device Tire type Tubeless Tire spec. Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Left 40° Right 40° Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm			1 st	0.83~2.2		
Tire type Tubeless Tire spec. Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	ratio					
Tire spec. Front wheel 120/80-14 58S Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Left 40° Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm		M	oving dev	ice		
Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm Tire pressure (kg/cm²) 64S Rear wheel 2.0 Aluminium How wheel 2.0 Aluminium Turning angle Front Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Tire type			Tubeless		
Rear wheel 150/70-13 64S Tire pressure (kg/cm²) Front wheel 2.0 Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Right 40° Brake type Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Tire spec	Fro	nt wheel	120/80-14	58S	
(kg/cm²) Rear wheel 2.25 Wheel material Aluminium Turning angle Left 40° Right 40° Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Front Telescope Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	_	Re	ar wheel	150/70-13	64S	
Wheel materialAluminiumTurning angleLeft40°Right40°Brake typeFrontDiskRearDiskDamping DeviceSuspension typeFrontTelescopeRearSwing armShock absorberFront110 mm		Fro	nt wheel			
		Re	ar wheel			
	Wheel material			Aluminium		
Brake type Front Disk Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front Telescope Rear Swing arm	T1-		Left	40°		
Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Turning angle		Right	40°		
Rear Disk Damping Device Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Brake type		Front	Disk		
Suspension type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm			Rear	Disk		
type Rear Swing arm Shock absorber Front 110 mm		Dai	nping De	vice		
Shock absorber Front 110 mm	Suspension		Front	Telescope	;	
	tvpe		Rear	Swing arm	ı	
stroke Rear 100 mm	Shock absorber		Front	110 mm		
	stroke		Rear	100 mm		

KYMCO

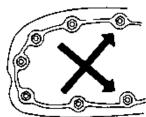


SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

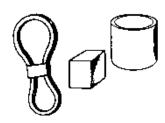
Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



■ When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



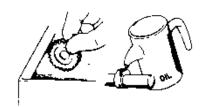
■ Use genuine parts and lubricants.



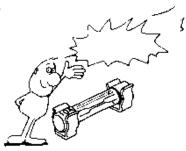
■ When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



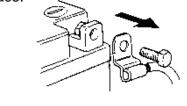
Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



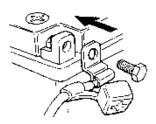
When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.



- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.



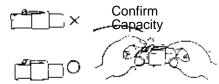
■ If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



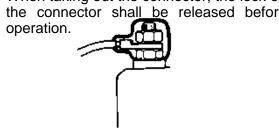




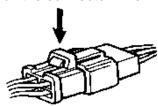
■ After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



■ When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before



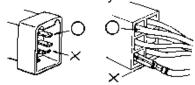
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



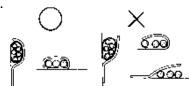
■Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



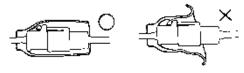
- The connector inserted shall be completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



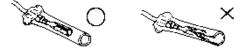
■ Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



■ Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.

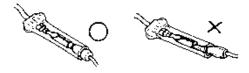


- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

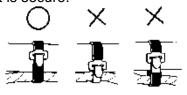


■ Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at designated locations.

Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



■ After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.





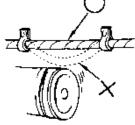
Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



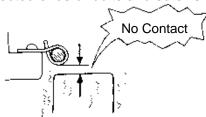
After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



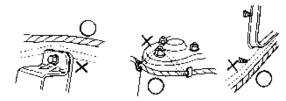
■ When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts that will generate high heat.



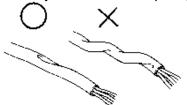
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



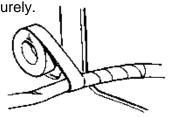
■ Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



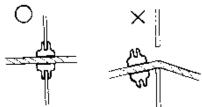
■ Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



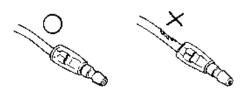
■ When rubber protector cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- ■If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.



■ When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.



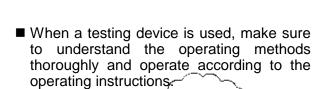
■ After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.







■ Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.





■ Be careful not to drop any parts.



■ When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.





■ Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning



TORQUE VALUES

STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque (kgf-m)	Item	Torque (kgf-m)
5mm bolt, nut	0.45~0.6	5mm screw	0.45~0.6
6mm bolt, nut	0.8~1.2	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.7~1.1
8mm bolt, nut	1.8~2.5	6mm flange bolt, nut	1.0~1.4
10mm bolt, nut	3.0~4.0	8mm flange bolt, nut	2.4~3.0
12mm bolt, nut	5.0~6.0	10mm flange bolt, nut	3.0~4.5

ENGINE

Item	Qty	Thread size (mm)	Torque (kgf-m)	Remarks
Cylinder head stud bolt:				
1.Stud bolt (Inlet pipe side)	2	6	0.7~1.1	Double end bolt
2.Stud bolt (EX pipe side)	2	8	0.7~1.1	Double end bolt
Cylinder head stud nut	4	10	3.4~3.8	
Right crankcase cover bolt	15	6	1.0~1.4	
Left crankcase cover bolt	15	6	1.0~1.4	
Bolt B stud 10*180	4	10	1.0~1.4	Apply oil to thread
Valve adjusting lock nut	4	5	0.7~1.1	Apply oil to thread
Cam sprocket bolt	2	6	1.0~1.4	2001200
Transmission oil check\drain bolt	2	8	0.8~1.2	
Engine oil drain bolt	1	12	2.0~3.0	
Clutch outer nut	1	12	5.0~6.0	
Starter motor mounting bolt	2	6	1.0~1.4	
Mission case bolt	6	8	1.8~2.2	Section of the Control of the Control
Drive face nut	1	14	9.0~10.0	Apply oil to thread
Drive plate comp	1	28	5.0~6.0	
Cam chain tensioner bolt	2	6	1.0~1.4	
Cam chain tensioner pivot	1	8	0.8~1.2	Section 19 19 19 19
Oneway clutch bolt	3	8	1.8~2.2	Apply thread lock
ACG flywheel nut	1	14	5.5~6.5	
Spark plug	1	12	1.5~2.0	TOT STORM SHAPE FOUNDS
Water pump impeller	1	7	1.0~1.4	Left thread



TORQUE VALUES FRAME

Item	Qty	Thread size (mm)	Torque (kgf-m)	Remarks
Steering:				
1.Stem lock nut	1	BC1	6.0~8.0	
2.Handle post bolt	1	10	4.0~5.0	U - nut
3.Bridge bolt	1	8	2.4~3.0	
4.Race nut (head)	1	BC1	1.8~2.2	
Brake:				
1.Front/Rear caliper bolt	1	10	3.0~4.0	
2.Brake hose bolt	1 1 5	10	3.0~4.0	
3.Disk bolt	5	8	3.2~3.8	
Engine hanger:			1	
1.Fram side	2	14	6.0~7.0	U - nut
2.Engine side	2	10	4.5~5.5	U - nut
Rear fork bolt	2	10	3.0~4.0	
Speed sensor cable	2	10 6	1.0~1.4	
O2 sensor	1	12	2.0~3.0	
Rear carrier	4	8	2.0~2.8	
Front axle nut	1	14	1.5~2.5	
Rear axle nut	1	16	11~13	U - nut
Rear cushion upper/lower bolt	1	10	3.5~4.5	



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SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Remarks	Ref. Page
Flywheel puller	E003	A.C. generator flywheel removal	4.10
Tappet adjuster	E012	Tapper adjustment	3.7
Oil seal & bearing installer	E014	Oil seal & bearing install	9.10.11
Flywheel holder	E021	A.C. generator flywheel holding	4.10
Clutch spring compressor	E053	Clutch disassembly	9
#41 Nut & Fitting	E028	Clutch disassembly	9
Thread protector	E029	Protect the crankshaft's thread	10
Bearing puller 10,12,15,18mm	E037	Bearing removal	10
Valve cotter installer	E051	Valve cotter installation	7
Lock nut socket wrench	F002	Steering stem removal or install	12



LUBRICATION POINTS FRAME

The following is the lubrication points for the frame.

Use grease for parts not listed.

Apply engine oil or grease to cables and movable parts not specified. It will avoid abnormal noise and damage the durability of the motorcycle.

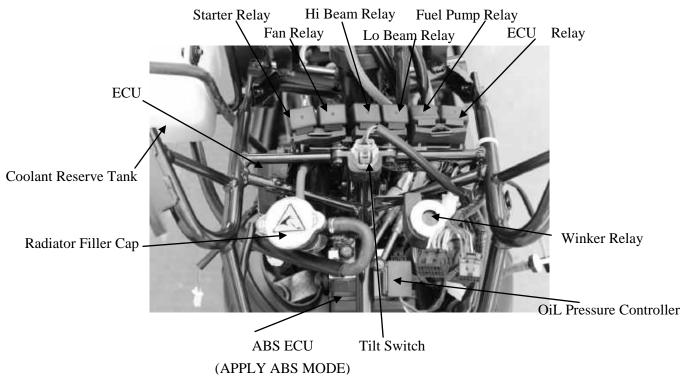


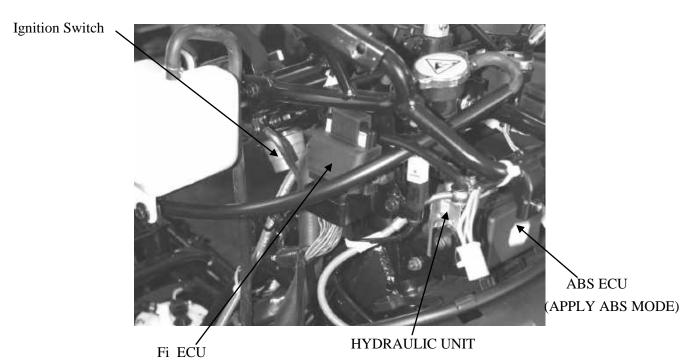
Side stand pivot & Main stand pivot

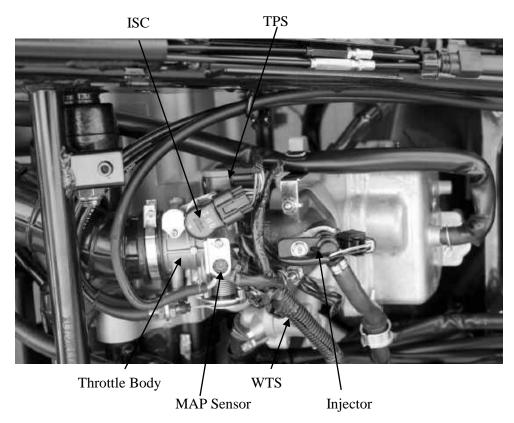
Rear wheel axle &nut

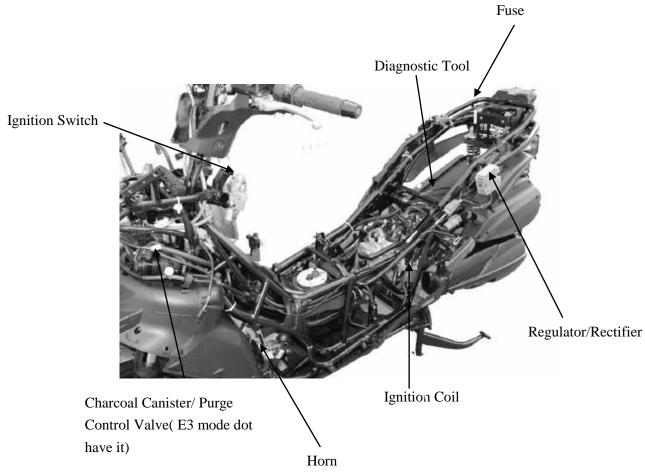


CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING

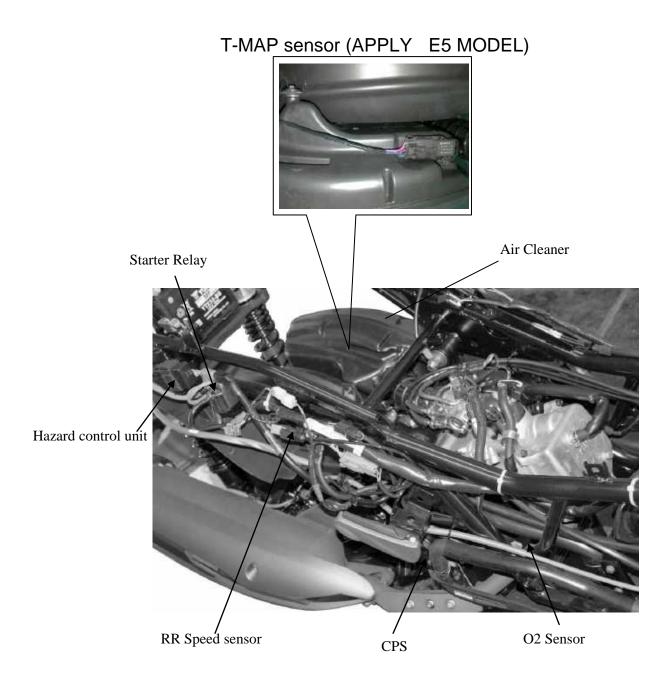
















TROUBLESHOOTING

ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START

		Possible cause	
Check for operation of the fuel pump ——	Abnormal — □	Faulty fuel pump)
Normal 1			
2. Inspect the fuel flow —	Abnormal — □	Faulty pressure re	egulator
Normal ↓			
3. Inspect the fuel injector ————————————————————————————————————	Abnormal — □	Faulty injector	
 Normal 			
4. Perform spark test — Weak or		Faulty spark plug Fouled spark plu	
Good spark		Faulty ECU Broken or shorte Faulty ignition sy Faulty ignition py Loose or disconny wire	d spark plug wire witch ulse generator
5. Test cylinder compression — Low cor	mpression —	Valve stuck open Worn cylinder ar	n nd piston ring
Compression normal		Damaged cylinde Seized valve Improper valve to	_
6. Starting following normal procedure ——	but stops \Box	Intake pipe leaking Improper ignition ignition coil or ignition	n timing (Faulty
Engine does not start		generator) Fuel contaminate	ed
7. Remove and inspect spark plug		Throttle valve op Clogged air clear	



ENGINE LACKS POWER

		Possible cause	
1. Raise wheel off the ground — and spin by hand	Wheels do not — spin freely	→ □ Brake dragging □ Worn or damaged wheel bea	ring
Wheel spins freely			
2. Check tire pressure ———	——— Pressure low ———	→ ☐ Faulty tire valve ☐ Punctured tire	
Pressure normal			
3. Accelerate lightly ————	not increase	→ □ Air cleaner dirty□ Restricted fuel flow□ Clogged muffler	
Engine speed increase		☐ Pinched fuel tank breather	
4. Check ignition timing ———	Incorrect —	→ ☐ Faulty ECU ☐ Faulty ignition pulse generate	or
Correct			
5. Test cylinder compression —	Incorrect —	→ □ Valve stuck open □ Worn cylinder and piston rin □ Leaking head gasket	ıgs
Normal		☐ Improper valve timing	
6. Inspect fuel flow —	——— Abnormal ———	→ □ Faulty pressure regulator	
Normal			
7. Inspect the fuel injector ——	——— Abnormal ———	→ □ Faulty injector	
Normal 			
8. Remove spark plug ————	- Fouled or discolored —	→ □ Faulty spark plug	
Not fouled or discolored			



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		Possible cause
9. Check oil level and condition —	Incorrect —	□ Oil level too high □ Oil level too low □ Contaminated oil
Correct		- Contaminated on
↓		
10. Remove cylinder head cover and inspect lubrication	Valve train not lubricated properly	- □ Clogged oil □ Clogged oil control orifice
Valve train lubricated properly		
11. Check for engine overheating —	— Overheating — -	- ☐ Fan motor not working ☐ Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber
Not overheating		 ☐ Use of poor quality fuel ☐ Wrong type of fuel ☐ Drive and driven pulleys/clutch slipping
12. Accelerate or run at high ———— speed	— Engine knocks ——	 □ Worn piston and cylinder □ Worn type of fuel □ Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber □ Ignition timing to advanced (faulty ECU)
Engine does not knock	☐ Lean fuel mixture	,







POOR PERFORMANCE AT LOW AND IDLE SPEED

			Possible cause	
1. Check ignition timing —	- Incorrect —	 []	Improper ignition	n timing
Correct				
the fuel flow ————————————————————————————————————	_ Ahnormal	п	Faulty pressure r	egulator
	– Autormai —		raulty pressure to	egulator
Normal				
\				
3. Inspect the fuel injector ————————————————————————————————————	– Abnormal —	-	Faulty injector	
 Normal				
Normal				
4. Check for leaks in the intake pipe ———	—Leaking —		Loose insulator c	lamp
			Damage insulator	r
No leak				
5. Derformer and dead Wheels and indonesis	444		E14 41	.1
Perform spark test — Weak or intermi	ttent spark —		Faulty carbon or	
			plug Faulty ECU	
			Faulty ignition of Faulty ignition pr	
↓			Faulty ignition sy Loose or disconn	vitch
Cood angula			wires	cetea spark prag
Good spark				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION POOR PERFORMANCE AT HIGH SPEED

		Possible cause
1. Check ignition timing —	- Incorrect	► □ Faulty ECU
Correct		
2. Inspect the fuel flow —	– Abnormal –	► ☐ Faulty pressure regulator
Normal		
3. Inspect the fuel injector —	– Abnormal —	► ☐ Faulty injector
 Normal 		
4. Check valve timing —	- Incorrect —	► □ Camshaft not installed properly
Correct		
5. Check valve spring —	Weak —	► □ Faulty valve spring
Not weak		
POOR HANDLING		
		Possible cause
1. If steering is heavy —		□ Steering stem adjusting nut too tight□ Damaged steering head bearings
2. If either wheel is wobbling —		 □ Excessive wheel bearing play □ Bent rim □ Improper installed wheel hub □ Swing arm pivot bearing excessively worn □ Bent frame
3. If the motorcycle pulled to one side		 ► □ Faulty the shock absorber □ Front and rear wheel not aligned □ Bent fork □ Bent swing arm □ Bent axle

EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME CO	OVERS
SERVICE INFORMATION	2- 1
EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME CONTINUES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	2- 1 2- 1
SERVICE INFORMATION	2- 1 2- 1 2- 2

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2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When removing frame covers, use care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust muffler pipe nuts	1.8~2.2 kgf-m
Exhaust muffler brake /RR Frok	3.2~3.8 kgf-m
RR fork/Engine case	3.0~4.0 kgf-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Noisy exhaust muffler

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

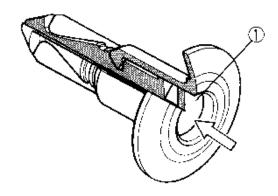
Lack of power

- Caved exhaust muffler
- Clogged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks

FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

REMOVAL

Depress the head of fastener center piece ⋄. Pull out the fastener.



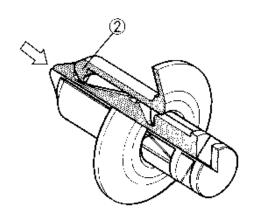
INSTALLATION

Let the center piece stick out toward the head so that the pawls \square close.

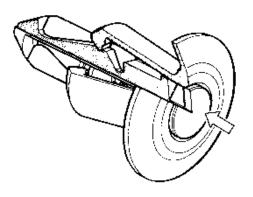
Insert the fastener into the installation hole.



To prevent the pawl [] from damage, insert the fastener all the way into the installation hole



Push in the head of center piece until it becomes flush with the fastener outside face.





FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/ **INSTALLATION**

SEAT

Unlock the seat with the ignition key. Open the seat. Remove the two nuts and seat damper unit.

Remove the two nuts and the seat.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

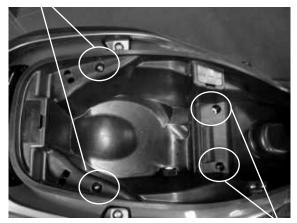


LUGGAGE BOX

Unlock the seat with the ignition key. Open the seat.

Remove two bolts, and two nuts then lift luggage box.

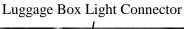




bolt

Disconnect the luggage box light connector, then remove the luggage box.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





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2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

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CENTER COVER

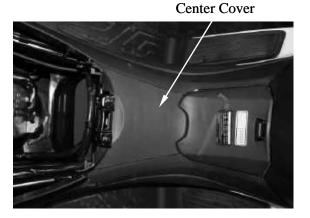
Remove the luggage box.

Remove the center cover.

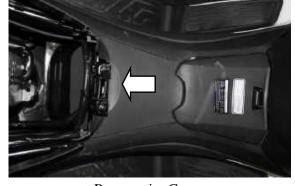
*

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Remove the fuel tank cover by pushing the tank cover downward

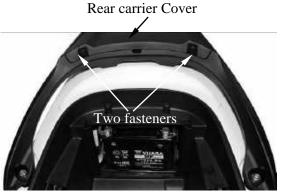


REAR CARRIER.

carrier.

Remove two fasteners and then remove the rear carrier cover

Remove four bolts and then remove the rear



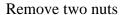


Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

BODY COVER

Remove the seat and luggage box(2-3) Remove the rear carrier cover(2-4). Remove the rear carrier(2-4).

Remove two fasteners and then remove the rear center cover



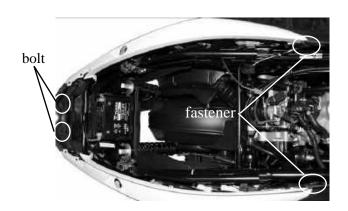
Remove two bolts and two fasteners



Rear Center Cover







KYMCO X-Town 250/300 ABS

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

Disconnect the taillight connector. , then remove the body cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



UPPER/LOWER HANDLEBAR COVER

Remove the four screws and then remove upper handlebar cover.



Remove the two screws, then remove the bottom handlebar cover.

Disconnect the throttle cable refer to the "THROTTLE BODY /TPS" section, then pull the throttle cable out from the lower cover. Remove the lower cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





WINDSHIELD/WINDSHIELD GARNISH

Remove five bolts and windshield garnish.



FRONT CENTER COVER

Remove the windshield Remove two screws and fastener then remove the front center cover. Remove the front cover. Installation is in the reverse order of removal

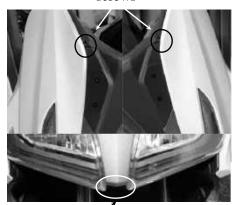
RIGHT/LEFT FOOT SKIRT

- ①Pull the rubber foot mat off
- ②Remove the 6 screws attaching to the right or left skirt.
- ③Remove the 6 fastener under the body
- 4 Remove the foot skirt

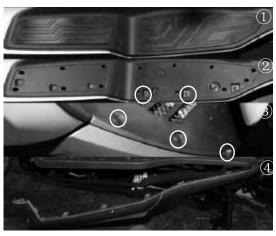
During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

screws



fastener the rubber foot mat

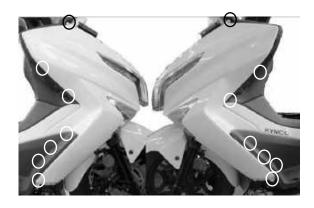


FRONT COVER

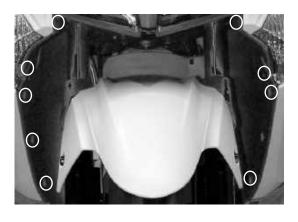
Remove two bolts.



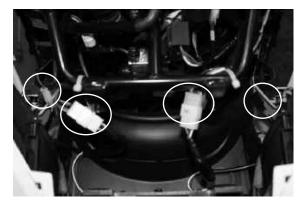
Remove fourteen screws from the inner cover.



Remove ten fastener from the cowl under.



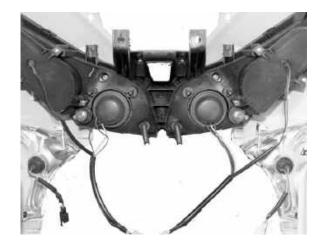
Disconnect the headlight/position light connector and right/left turn signal light connectors.





Remove the front cover

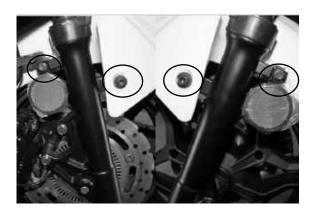
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



FRONT FENDER

Remove four screws attaching to the front fender.

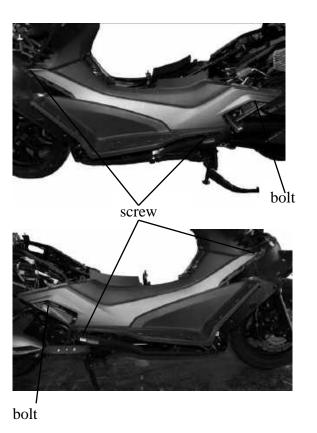
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



RIGHT/LEFT FLOORBOARD

Remove the body cover (2-5).
Remove the front cover (2-8)
Remove four screws and two bolts then remove right/left floorboard.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





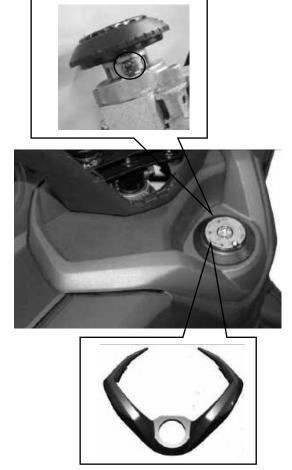
INNER COVER

Remove the front cover.

Remove right/left floorboard.
Remove one screws
Remove the ignition key garnish
Remove remove the handler panel.

*

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.



reserve tank lid



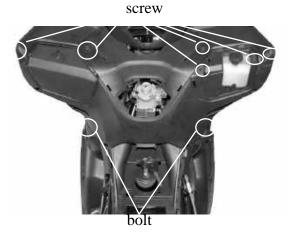
screw

Remove one screws then remove the reserve tank lid



X-Town250/300 ABS

Remove six screws and two bolts



Remove one screw ,connect the left front box assy and inner cover

Disconnect the DC power connectors.



DC power connectors

Remove the fuel tank fill cap and collection of fuel spill tank .



fuel spill tank



Remove the inner cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

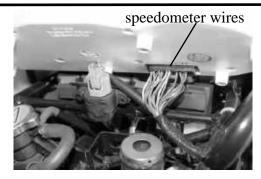


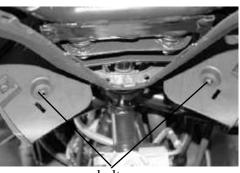
X-Town 250/300 ABS

METER PANEL

Remove the front cover Remove the inner cover. Disconnect the speedometer wires

Remove two bolts then remove meter panl Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





bolts

FRONT INNER FENDER

Remove canistr-pcv and room temp sensor.

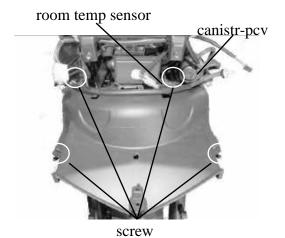
Remove four screws, connect front inner fender and the coolant tank cover

Remove front inner fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Remove the coolant tank cover



fastener





2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

UNDER COVER

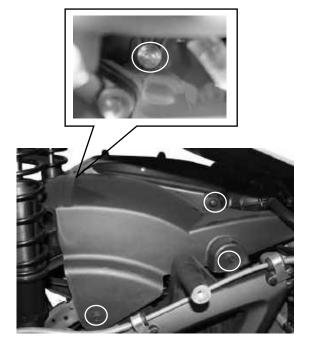
Remove four bolts Remove the under cover.



Remove the body cover.

Remove four bolts attaching to the tire fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



FENDER, REAR INNER

Remove rear cushion two bolts

Remove five bolts

Remove fender rear inner



Rear cushion



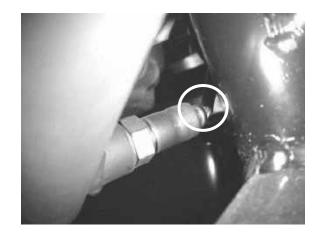


2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

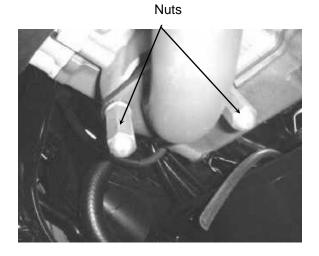
EXHAUST MUFF' ER

REMOVAL

Disconnect the connector with O2 heater/O2 sensor.



Remove the two exhaust pipe joint nuts



Remove three muffler mount bolts and muffler and gasket.





2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

INSTALLATION

Replace the gasket with a new one. Install the exhaust muffler and three mounting bolt.

Install and tighten the two exhaust pipe joint nuts to the specified torque

Torque: 20 N•m (2 kgf•m,)

Tighten the three mounting bolts

Torque: 35 N•m (3.5 kgf•m,)



Gasket

INSPECTION / ADJUSTMENT

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X-Town250/300 ABS

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

! WARNING

- Before running the engine, make sure that the working area is well ventilated. Never run the
 engine in a closed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, which may
 cause death to people.
- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area must be well ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or fuel storage area.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Throttle grip free play : $2\sim6$ mm Spark plug : NGK: DPR6EA-9 Spark plug gap : 0.8 mm \sim 0.9 mm

Valve clearance : IN: 0.10 mm EX: 0.10 mm

Idle speed : 1700±100 rpm

Engine oil capacity:

Cylinder compression: 15 kg/cm²

At disassembly : 1.1 Liter Ignition timing : ECU

At change : 0.9 Liter Coolant type : Water Cooling

Gear oil capacity:

At disassembly : 0.23 Liter At change : 0.18 Liter

TIRE

	1 Rider	2 Riders
Front	2.0 kg/cm ²	2.0 kg/cm ²
Rear	2.00 kg/cm ²	2.25 kg/cm ²

TIRE SPECIFICATION

Front: 120/80-14 58S Rear: 150/70-13 64S

TORQUE VALUES

Front axle nut : 2 kg-m Rear axle nut : 12 kg-m

SPECIAL TOOL

Tappet Adjuster E012



X-Town250/300 ABS

Maintenance schedule

Perform the pre-ride inspection at each scheduled maintenance period. This interval should be judged by odometer reading or months, whichever comes first.

Maintenance schedule legend

I: INSPECT AND CLEAN, ADJUST, LUBRICATE OR REPLACE IF NECESSARY C: CLEAN R: REPLACE A: ADJUST L: LUBRICATE D: DIAGNOSE T:TIGHTENING The maintenance schedule on the flowing two pages specifies the maintenance required to keep your X-Town 300i scooter in peak operating condition. Maintenance work should be performed in accordance with KVMCO standards and specifications by properly trained and equipped technicians. Your KYMCO dealer meets all of these requirements.

- * Should be serviced by your KYMCO dealer, unless you have the proper tools, service data and are technically qualified.
- ** In the interest of safety, we recommend these items be serviced only by your KVMCO dealer. KYMCO recommends that your KYMCO dealer road test your scooter after each periodic maintenance service is completed.

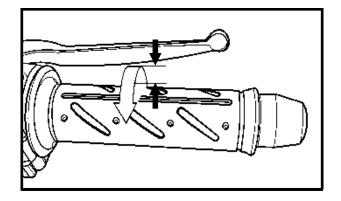
FREQUENCY	•							
	X 1000 km	1	3	6	9	12	15	18
ITEM	X1000 mi	0.6	3	4	6	8	10	12
	MONTH			6	9	12	15	18
AIR CLEANER			R	R	R	R	R	R
SPARK PLUG						R		
THROTTLE OPERATION					l		l	ı
VALVE CLEARANCE		Α				Α		
FUEL LINE								
CRANKCASE		С	С	С	С	С	С	С
ENGINE OIL		R	R	R	R	R	R	R
ENGINE OIL SCREEN		С	С	С	R	С	С	R
ENGINE IDLE SPEED								
TRANSMISSION OIL		R		R		R		R
DRIVE BELT							R	
RADIATOR COOLANT		Repla	ace at	every?	10000l	cm or	every	year
CLUTCH SHOE WEAR								
BRAKE FLUID		Repla	ace at	every?	10000l	cm or	every	year
BRAKE PAD WEAR					l		I	
BRAKE SYSTEM							I	
BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH							I	
STEERING BEARINGS							I	
HEADLIGHT AIM							I	
NUTS,BOLTS,FASTENE			Т	Η	Т	Т	Т	Т
WHEEL/TIRES					I		I	- 1
CVT FILTER				C		С		С
INJECTOR			D	D	С	D	D	С
ENGINE LIMIT LEVER Inspection every 10000km,				,				
RUBBER GASKET		re	olace	ment	ever	y 300	00K	m



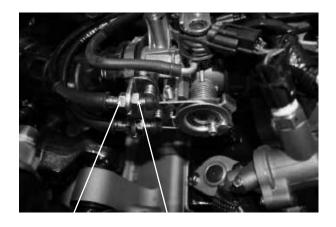
THROTTLE OPERATION

Check the throttle grip for smooth movement. Measure the throttle grip free play.

Free Play: 2~6 mm



Major adjustment of the throttle grip free play is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle body side. Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.

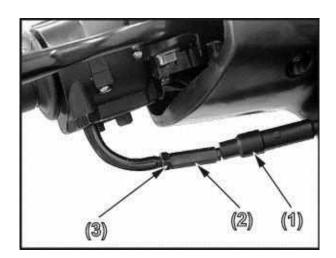


Adjusting Nut

Lock Nut

Minor adjustment is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle grip side.

Slide the rubber cover(1) out and adjust by loosening the lock nut(3) and turning the adjusting nut(2).





ENGINE OIL

OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

Stop the engine and support the scooter upright on the level ground.

Wait for 2~3 minutes and check the oil level with the dipstick. Do not screw in the dipstick when checking the oil level.

OIL CHANGE

Remove the oil drain bolt to drain the engine

Install the aluminum washer and tighten the oil drain bolt.

Torque: 2.5 kg-m

• Replace the aluminum washer with a new one if it is deformed or damaged.

Pour the recommended oil through the oil filler hole.

OIL CAPACITY

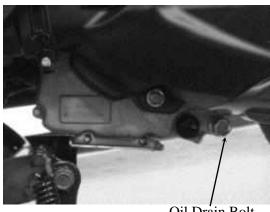
Engine oil capacity: 1.1 L

Engine oil exchanging capacity: 0.9 L Engine Oil Viscosity: SAE 5W50

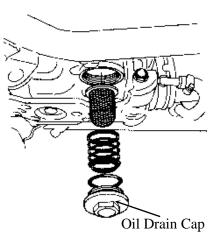
OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

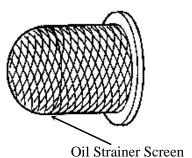
Remove the oil filler cap attaching the right-under crankcase cover.





Oil Drain Bolt







RESERVE TANK COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

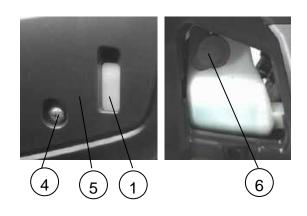
The coolant reservoir In the front in the box. Check the coolant lever through the inspection window ①at the left side skirt white the engine is at the normal operating temperature, with the scooter in an upright position..

If the level is below the "LOW" level line 3, remove

the left foot mat, remove the lid screw⁽⁴⁾, the reservoir

until it reaches the "FULL" level line2.

Add coolant to the reserve tank only. Do not attempt to add coolant by removing the radiator cap. Coolant in the radiator is under pressure and is very hot and can cause serious burns.





KYMCO

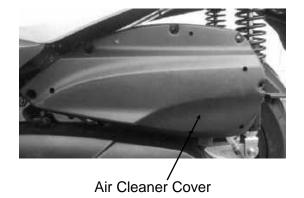
AIR CLEANER AIR FILTER REPLACEMENT

Remove the body cover.

Remove seven screws attaching to the air cleaner cover.

Remove six screws attaching to the filter. Check the filter and replace it if it is

excessively dirty or damaged.

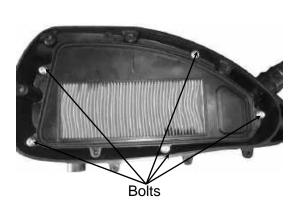


CHANGE INTERVAL

More frequent replacement is required when riding in unusually dusty or rainy areas.



- The air cleaner element has a viscous type paper element. Do not clean it with compressed air.
- Be sure to install the air cleaner element and cover securely.



SPARK PLUG

Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug. Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits.

Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

Specified Spark Plug: NGK-DPR6EA-9

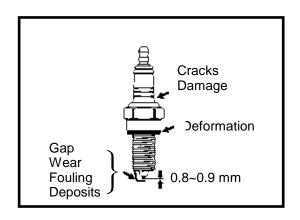
Measure the spark plug gap. Spark Plug Gap: 0.8 ~0.9 mm



Spark Plug

• When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.

Torque:17.2 N-m



X-Town250/300 ABS

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

VALVE CLEARANCE

• Inspect and adjust valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35°C).

Remove the seat assy and luggage box. Remove the four bolts and then cylinder head cover.

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel to the top dead center (TDC) on the compression stroke so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Inspect and adjust valve clearance.

Valve Clearance: IN: 0.10 mm

EX: 0.10 mm

Loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the adjusting nut

Special

Valve Adjuster E012

Feeler Gauge

* Check the valve clearance again after the lock nut is tightened.

CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression

Remove the center cover and luggage box. Remove the spark plug.

Insert a compression gauge.

Open the throttle fully and push the starter button to test the compression.

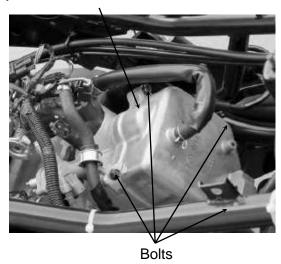
Max. Compression: 15 kg/cm²

If the compression is low, check for the following:

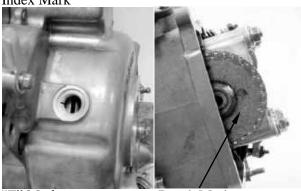
- Leaky valves
- · Valve clearance too small
- · Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn piston rings
- Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.

Cylinder Head Cover



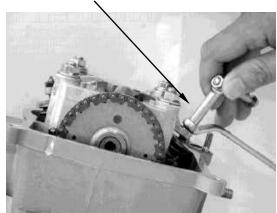
Index Mark



"T" Mark

Punch Mark







X-Town250/300 ABS

FINAL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

• Place the scooter on its main stand on level ground.

Remove the transmission fluid drain bolt. Remove the transmission fluid filler bolt, then slowly rotate the rear wheel to drain the fluid. Fill the transmission with the recommend fluid to the capacity listed below.

Transmission fluid type: SAE 90 Transmission fluid capacity: 0.23 L Transmission fluid exchanging capacity: 0.18 L

Install the transmission filler bolt and tighten it to the specified torque.



Remove the left crankcase cover.

Inspect the drive belt for cracks or excessive wear.

Replace the drive belt with a new one if necessary and in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.



Change or clean the air filter every 5000km Remove set screws on the left crankcase cap

Remove screws on the clapboard

On the left crankcase

Remove the air filter, change or clean

<Install method>

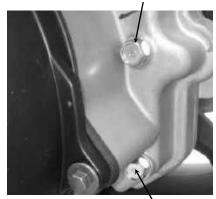
Istall in the reverse order

<clean method>

Clean the sponge with compressed air and Clean the stain on left inner crankcase



Oil Filler Bolt



Oil Drain Bolt



Drive Belt







X-Town250/300 ABS

BRAKE SYSTEM

There is adjuster on each brake lever. Each adjuster has four positions so that the released lever position can be adjusted to suit the rider's hands.

To adjust the distance of the lever from the handlebar grip, push the lever(1) forward and turn the adjuster knob(2) to align the number with the arrow mark(3) on the lever holder.



Check the brake disk surface for scratches, unevenness or abnormal wear.

Check if the brake disk runout is within the specified service limit.

Check if the brake pad wear exceeds the wear indicator line.



Keep grease or oil off the brake disk to avoid brake failure.

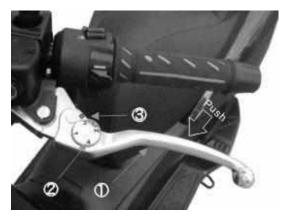
BRAKE FLUID

Turn the steering handlebar upright and check if both brake fluid levels is at the upper limit. If the brake fluid is insufficient, fill to the upper limit.

Specified Brake Fluid: DOT-4

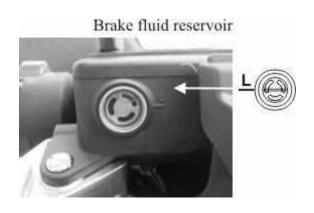


The brake fluid level will decrease if the brake pads are worn.











CLUTCH SHOE WEAR

Start engine and check the clutch operation by increasing the engine speed gradually. If the motorcycle tends to creep or the engine stop, check the clutch shoes for wear and replace if necessary.



SUSPENSION

FRONT

Check the action of the front shock absorbers by compressing them several times.

Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks, looseness or damage.

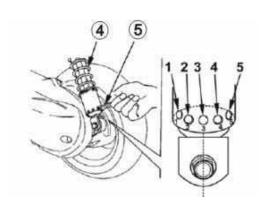


REAR

Each shock absorber(4) on your scooter has 5 spring preload adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

Use a pin spanner(5) to adjust the rear shock spring preload. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Position 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded.

Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same spring preload positions.



X-Town250/300 ABS

NUTS/BOLTS/FASTENERS

Check all important chassis nuts and bolts for looseness.

Tighten them to their specified torque values if any looseness is found.

WHEELS/TIRES

Check the tires for cuts, imbedded nails or other damages.

Check the tire pressure.

• Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.

Tire Pressure

	1 Rider	1 Rider (with passenger)
Front	2.0 kg/cm ²	2.25 kg/cm ²
Rear	2.0 kg/cm ²	2.25 kg/cm ²

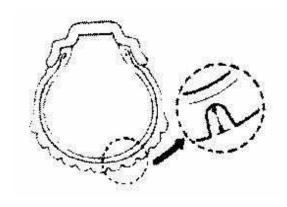
Tire Size:

Front 120/80-14 58S 150/70-13 64S Rear

Check the front axle nut for looseness. Check the rear axle nut for looseness. If the axle nuts are loose, tighten them to the specified torques.

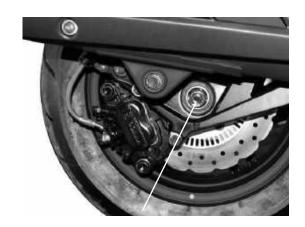
Torque:

Front axle nut 2 kg-m Rear axle nut 12 kg-m





Front Axle Nut



Rear Axle Nut



STEERING HANDLEBAR

Raise the front wheel off the ground and check that the steering handlebar rotates

If the handlebar moves unevenly, binds, or has vertical movement, adjust the steering head bearing.



X-Town250/300 ABS

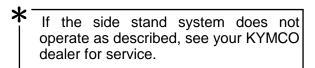
SIDE STAND

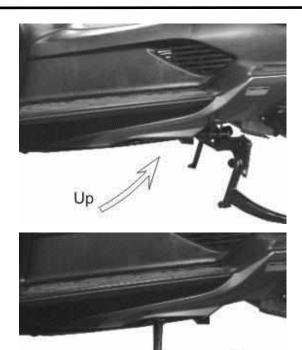
Your scooter's side stand is not only necessary when you park, but it contains an important safety feature. This feature cuts-off the ignition if you try to ride the scooter when the side stand is down. Perform the following side stand inspection.

INTERLOCK FUNCTION CHECK

Check the side stand ignition cut-off system,

- 1. Place the scooter on its center stand.
- 2. Put the side stand up and start the engine.
- 3. Lower the side stand. The engine should stop as you put the side stand down.





Engine limit lever rubber gasket

Engine limit lever rubber gasket is made of rubber, Deterioration and friction is normal, so it needs inspction and replacement: inspect every 10000km and replace every 30000km.

Removal

- 1. Remove the engine hanger fixing nut, and remove the engine hanger bolt.
- 2. Remove the engine limit lever nut and remove the rubber gasket ①.
- 3. Remove the limit lever and remove the gasket ②.

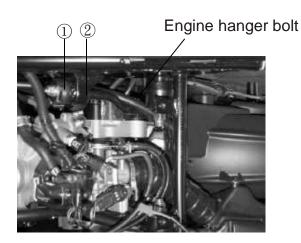
Install the new gaskets in reverse order.

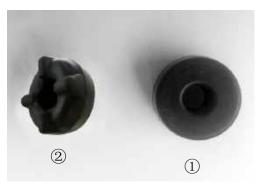
Torque:

Engine hanger nut torque:60-70 NM Engine limit lever nut torque:40-50 NM

*

1.The bumping points of gasket ① should be placed towards the vehicle head.







4

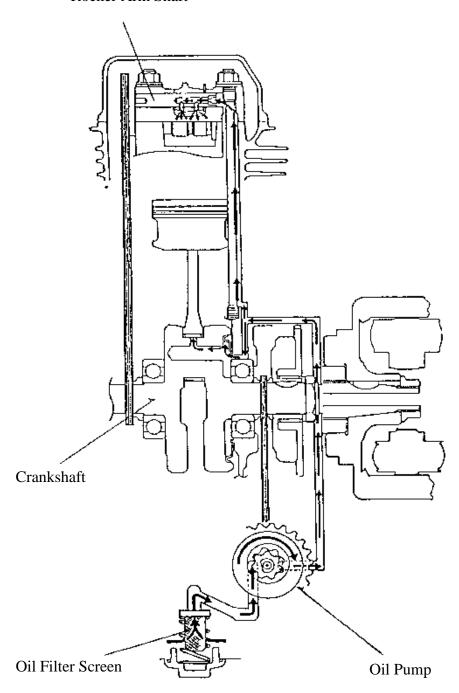
LUBRICATION SYSTEM

LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM	4- 1
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OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	4- 6
OIL PUMP	4- 7



X-Town300 ABS









SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The oil pump service may be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- When removing and installing the oil pump use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- After the engine has been installed check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pressure is correct.

• For oil pressure indicator inspection, refer to section 20 of this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS Unit: mm (in)

ITEM		EM	STANDARD	SERVICE LIMIT	
		aining	0.9 liter (0.95 US qt, 0.8 Imp qt)	_	
capacity At		sassembly	1.1 liter (1.17 US qt, 1 Imp qt)		
Recommended engine oil		ngino oil	KYMCO 4-stroke oil or equivalent motor oil		
		ngine on	API service classification SJ		
			Viscosity: SAE 5W-50		
Tip clearance		Tip clearance	0.15 (0.006) max	0.2 (0.008)	
Oil pump r	otor	Body clearance	$0.15 - 0.2 \ (0.006 - 0.008)$	0.25 (0.01)	
		Side clearance	0.04 – 0.09 (0.0016 – 0.0036)	0.12 (0.0048)	

TORQUE VALUES

Oil pump screw 3 N•m (0.3kgf•m, 2 lbf•ft)

Oil pressure switch 22 N•m (2.2 kgf•m, 16 lbf•ft) Apply sealant to threads.

Oil strainer screen cap 15 N•m (1.5 kgf•m, 11 lbf•ft)

Apply oil to the threads and seating surface.

TOOLS

Oil filter wrench A120E00052



TROUBLESHOOTING

Oil level low

- Oil consumption
- External oil leak
- Worn piston ring
- Incorrect piston ring installation
- Worn valve guide or seal

Oil contamination (White appearance)

- From coolant mixing with oil
- Faulty water pump mechanical seal
- Faulty head gasket
- Water leak in crankcase

No oil pressure

- Oil level too low
- Oil pump drive chain broken
- Oil pump drive sprocket broken
- Oil pump damaged (pump shaft)
- Internal oil leak

Low oil pressure

- Pressure relief valve stuck open
- Clogged oil filter and strainer screen
- Oil pump worn or damaged
- Internal oil leak
- Incorrect oil being used
- Oil level too low

High oil pressure

- Pressure relief valve stuck closed
- Plugged oil filter, gallery, or metering orifice
- Faulty oil pump

Seized engine

- No or low oil pressure
- Clogged oil orifice/passage
- Internal oil leak
- Non-recommended oil used

Oil contamination

- Deteriorated oil
- Faulty oil filter
- Worn piston ring (White appearance with water or moisture)
 - Damaged water pump mechanical seal
 - Damaged head gasket
 - Oil relief not frequent enough

Oil pressure warning indicator does not work

- Faulty oil pressure switch
- Short circuit in the indicator wire
- Low or no oil pressure



OIL PRESSURE SWITCH

CHECK

Start the engine.

Check the oil pressure indicator goes out after one or two seconds. If the oil pressure indicator stay on, stop the engine immediately and determine the cause.



OIL CONTROLLER

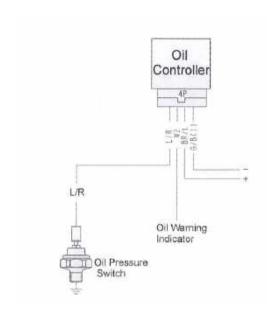
If oil pressure is lower than 0.15kg/cm2 And six seconds later,the oil indicator Will be flashing

Advantage

This oil controller can prevent the oil Warning indicator from flashing when Suddenly brakeing







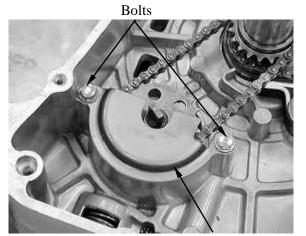
OIL PUMP

REMOVAL Remove the flywheel

Remove the attaching bolt and oil separator cover.

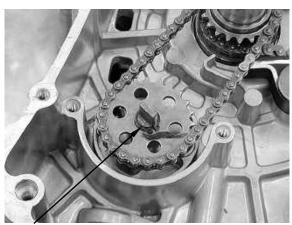
*

When removing and installing the oil pump, use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine..



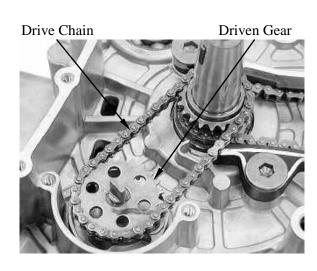
Oil Separator Cover

Remove snap ring.

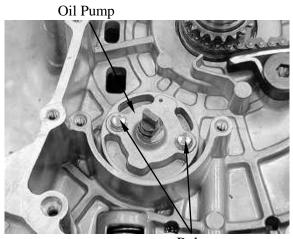


Snap Ring

Remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain.



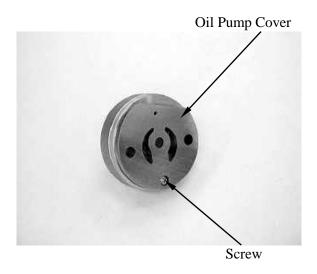
Remove the two oil pump bolts to remove the oil pump.



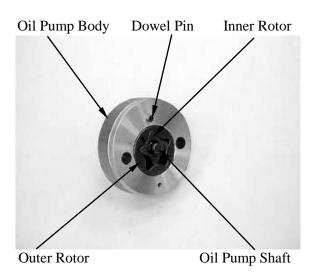
Bolts

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screw and oil pump cover.



Remove the dowel pin, oil pump shaft, oil pump outer rotor and inner rotor.





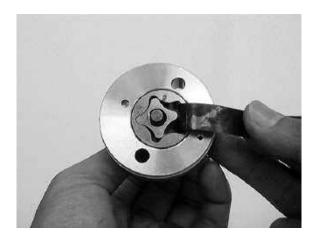
INSPECTION

Temporarily install the oil pump shaft. Install the outer and inner rotors into the oil pump body.

Measure the tip clearance.

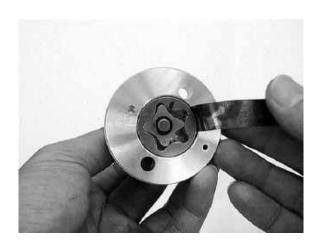
Service limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

Measure at several points and use the largest reading to compare the service limit.



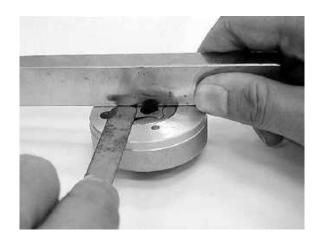
Measure the pump body clearance.

Service limit: 0.25 mm (0.01 in)



Measure the side clearance with the straight edge and feeler gauge.

Service limit: 0.12 mm (0.0048 in)





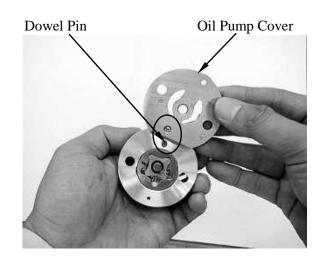
ASSEMBLY

Dip all parts in clean engine oil.

Install the outer rotor into the oil pump body. Install the inner rotor into the outer rotor.

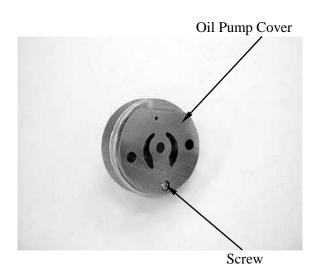
Install the oil pump shaft.

Install the dowel pin onto the oil pump body. Install the oil pump cover onto the oil pump body by aligning the dowel pin.



Install and tighten the screw to the specified torque.

Torqur: 3 N·m (0.3kgf·m, 2 lbf·ft)

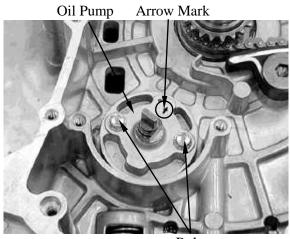


INSTALLATION

Install the oil pump and tighten the two bolts securely.

*

Make sure the pump shaft rotates freely and arrow on the oil pump is upside.

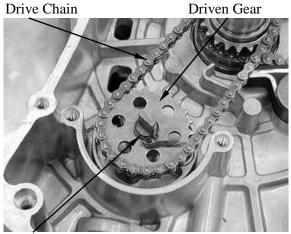


Bolts



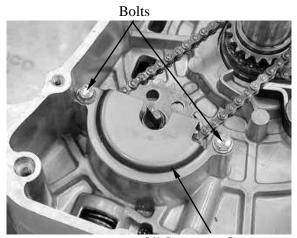
Install the oil pump driven sprocket and drive chain.

Install the snap ring.

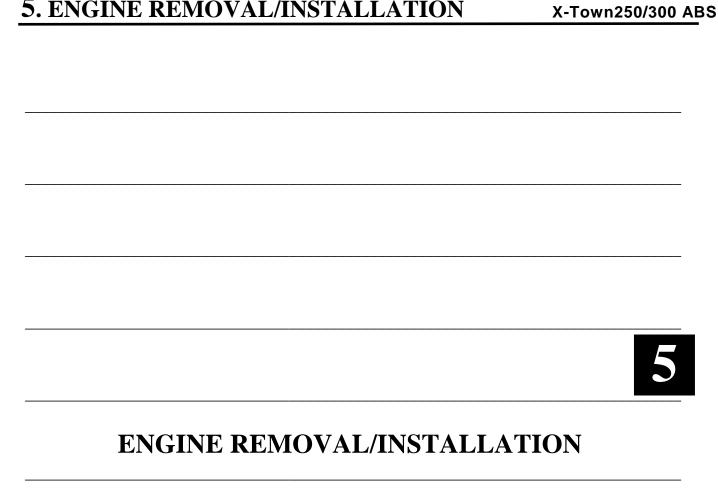


Snap Ring

Install the oil separator cover properly and tighten two bolts securely as shown.



Oil Separator Cover



SERVICE INFORMATION	5-1
ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION	5-2
ENGINE HANGER	5-6



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine. Be careful not to damage the scooter body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the scooter body during engine removal.
- Drain the coolant before removing the engine.
- After the engine is installed, fill the cooling system with coolant and be sure to bleed air from the water jacket. Start the engine to check for coolant leaks.
- Before removing the engine, the rear brake caliper must be removed first. Be careful not to bend or twist the brake fluid tube.

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine oil capacity:

At disassembly: 1.1 L At change: 0.9L

Coolant capacity:

Radiatorand Hose 1100 cc Reserve tank: 250 cc Total capacity: 1350 cc

TORQUE VALUES

90101-LKF5-E00	Engine hanger (Engine side)	5.0 kgf-m (50 N-m)
90106-LKF5-E00	Engine hanger (Frame side)	6.5 kgf-m (65 N-m)
95801-08055	Rear fork mount bolts	3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m)
90305-LBD4-900	Rear axle nut	12.0 kgf-m (120 N-m)
95801-10035-00	Rear cushion lower/upper mount bolts	4.0 kgf-m (40 N-m)
	1.1	



X-Town250/300 ABS

T-MAP(apply E5 Model)

Regulator/Rectifier

ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

Disconnect the connector of T-MAP sensor at the air cleaner(apply E5 Model)

Remove the air cleaner

Disconnect the connector including of ISC, Throttle body, TPS, WTS, MAP sensor and injector.

Disconnect the O2 sensor connector.

Disconnect the throttle cables.

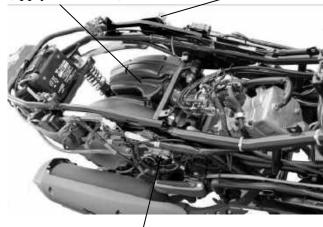
Disconnect the Regulator/Rectifier connector.

Disconnect the starter relay wire from starter motor.

Disconnect the ACG and CPS connector

Remove a bolt from fuel hose guide.

Disconnect the fuel hose from fuel injector.



ACG connector

Disconnect the input water hose.



Water hose



X-Town250/300 ABS

Remove the muffler.

Remove the rear fork mounting bolts ① attaching to the crankcase.

Torque: 3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m) Remove the rear axle nut②. **Torque**: 12.0 kgf-m (120 N-m)

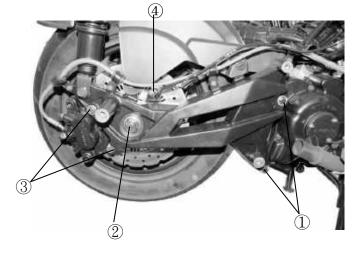
Remove two bolts 3 attaching to the rear

brake caliper.

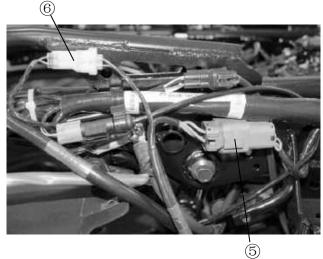
Torque: 3.2 kgf-m (32 N-m)

Disconnect the rear wheel speed sensor bolt

(4) attaching to the rear fork mounting



Disconnect the alternator connector ⑤. Disconnect the ignition pulse generator connector ⑥.



Release the rubber cap and remove the terminal screw 7 to disconnect the start motor cable from the start motor.

Remove the bolt and engine ground cable.

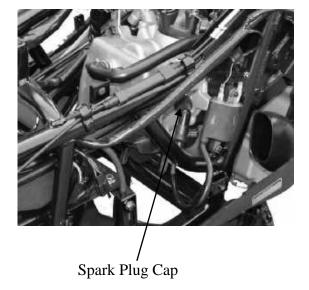


€ KYMCO

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

X-Town250/300 ABS

Remove the spark plug cap.



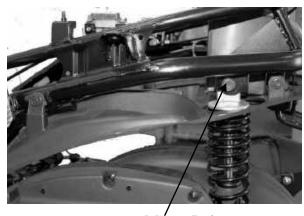
Disconnect the lower radiator hose from lower radiator pipe.



Radiator Hose

Remove the right and left rear cushion lower mount bolts.

Torque: 4.0 kgf-m (40N-m)



Mount Bolt



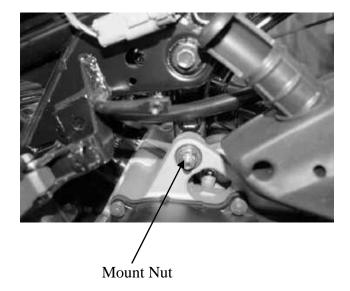
X-Town250/300 ABS

Remove the engine mount nut and pull it out. Remove the engine from the frame.

*

At removing the engine, be careful not to catch your hand or finger between the engine hanger and crankcase.

Torque: 6.5 kgf-m (65 N-m)



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

After installation, inspect and adjust the following:

- Throttle grip free play
- Fill the cooling system with coolant and start the engine to bleed air from the system.

API/ABV Reset (Refer to chapter14, page 17)



ENGINE HANGER

REMOVAL

Remove the engine mount nut and pull it out.

*

Be careful to put the engine down.

Remove the left/right engine hanger mount bolt.

Remove the engine from frame.

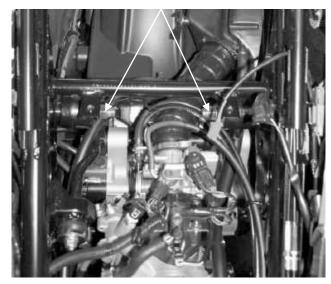
INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the engine hanger mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 6.5 kgf-m (65 N-m)

Mount Nut



6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES



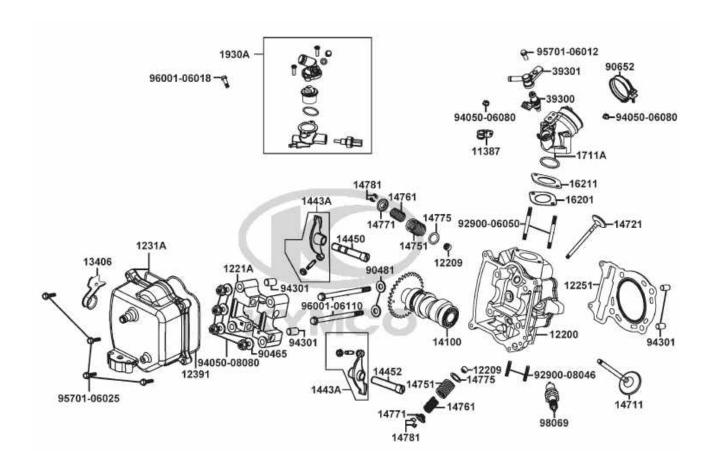
6

CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

SCHEMATIC DRAWING	6-1	
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CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL	6-	6
CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY	6-	7
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CYLINDER HEAD COVER INSTALLATION	6- 1	11



SCHEMATIC DRAWING





6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame. Coolant in the radiator and water hoses must be drained.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts and valve arm sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The valve rocker arms are lubricated by engine oil through the engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

SPECIFICATIONS Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit	
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.1 mm (0.004 in)		
varve cicarance (colu)	EX	0.1 mm (0.004 in)		
Cylinder head compression	on pressure	15 kg/cm ² (213 psi, 1500 kPa)	_	
Cylinder head warpage			0.05 (0.002)	
Camshaft cam height	IN	36.6141 (1.441497)	36.46 (1.4354)	
Camsnart cam neight	EX	36.4104 (1.434774)	36.26 (1.4275)	
Valve rocker arm I.D.	IN	$10(0.4)\sim 10.015(0.4006)$	10.1 (0.404)	
varve rocker arm i.b.	EX	$10 (0.4) \sim 10.015 (0.4006)$	10.1 (0.404)	
Valve rocker arm shaft	IN	$9.972(0.399) \sim 9.987(0.3995)$	9.9 (0.396)	
O.D.	EX	$9.972(0.399) \sim 9.987(0.3995)$	9.9 (0.396)	
Valve stem O.D.	IN	$4.975 (0.199) \sim 4.99 (0.1996)$	4.925 (0.197)	
varve stem O.D.	EX	$4.955 (0.1982) \sim 4.97 (0.1988)$	4.915 (0.1966)	
Valve guide I.D.	IN	$5(0.2)\sim5.012(0.2005)$	5.03 (0.2012)	
varve guide i.D.	EX	$5(0.2)\sim5.012(0.2005)$	5.03 (0.2012)	
Valve stem-to-guide	IN	$0.01 (0.004) \sim 0.037 (0.0015)$	0.08 (0.0032)	
clearance	EX	$0.03 (0.0012) \sim 0.057 (0.0023)$	0.1 (0.004)	

TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head cap nut

25 N•m (2.5 kgf•m, 18 lbf•ft)

Valve clearance adjusting nut

25 N•m (0.9 kgf•m, 6.5 lbf•ft)

Apply engine oil to threads

Apply engine oil to threads

Cylinder head cover bolt 12 N•m (1.2 kgf•m, 8.6 lbf•ft)

SPECIAL TOOL

Valve spring compressor E063



X-Town250/300 ABS

TROUBLESHOOTING

• The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

Poor performance at idle speed

Compression too low

Compression too low

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bend valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- Poorly installed spark plug

Compression too high

Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

White smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem oil seal

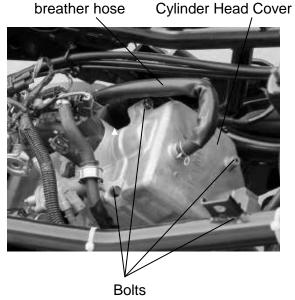
Abnormal noise

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain tensioner
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm



CYLINDER HEAD COVER REMOVAL

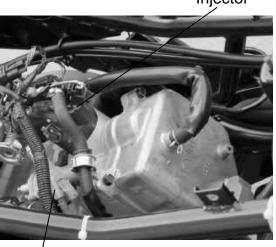
Remove the met-in box.
Remove the body cover and center cover.
Disconnect the breather hose to air cleaner.
Remove the cylinder head cover four bolts.
Remove the cylinder head cover.



Injector

CAMSHAFT REMOVAL

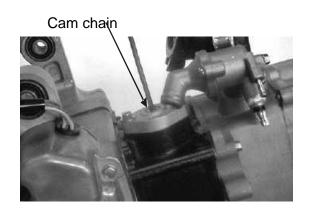
Remove the injector and inlet pipe. Remove two screws attaching the thermostat.



Thermostat

Turn the cam chain tensioner screw clockwise to tighten it.

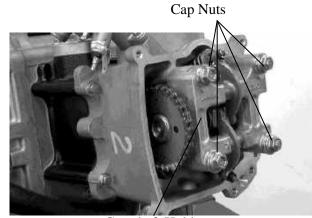
Torque: 1.0 kgf-m (9.8 N-m)





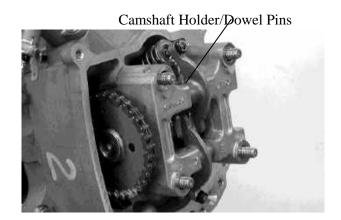
Remove the four cap nuts attaching the camshaft holder.

Diagonally loosen the cylinder head cap nuts in 2 or 3 times.

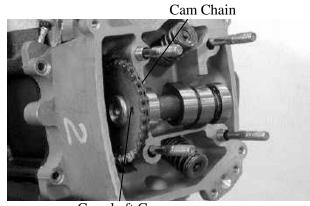


Camshaft Holder

Remove the camshaft holder and dowel pins.



Remove the camshaft gear from the cam chain to remove the camshaft.



Camshaft Gear



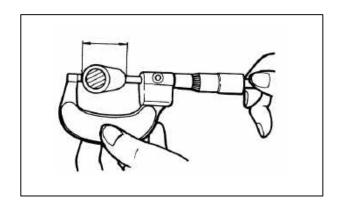
INSPECTION

Camshaft

Check each cam lobe for wear or damage. Measure the cam lobe height.

Service Limits: IN :36.46mm (1.4354in)

EX:36.26mm (1.4275in)



Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.

*

If the surface of rocker arm is worn, check each cam lobe for wear or damage.





REMOVAL

Remove the camshaft.

Remove the rocker arm shafts and then remove the rocker arms.

INSPECTION

Camshaft holder

Inspect the bearing surface of camshaft holder for scoring, scratches, or evidence of insufficient lubrication.



Inspect the rocker arm shaft for blue discoloration or grooves.

If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.

Measure each rocker arm shaft O.D. Measure the I.D. of each rocker arm. Measure arm to shaft clearance. Replace as a set if out of specification.

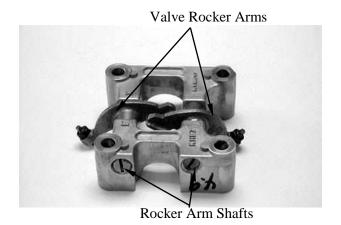
Service limits: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

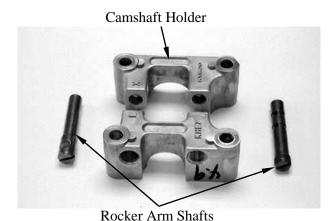
Inspect the rocker arm bore, cam lobe contact surface and adjuster surface for wear/pitting/scratches/blue discoloration.

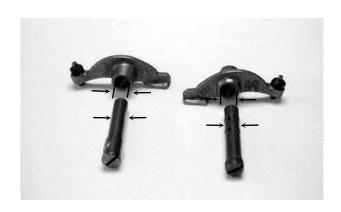
If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.

Measure each rocker arm shaft O.D. Measure the I.D. of each rocker arm. Measure arm to shaft clearance. Replace as a set if out of specification.

Service limits: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)









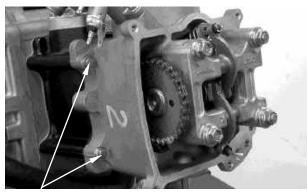
REMOVAL

First drain the coolant from the radiator and water jacket, then remove the thermostat water hose.

Remove the camshaft.

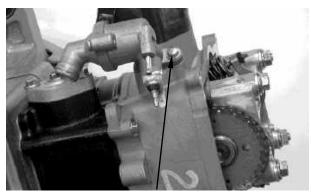
Remove the carburetor and intake pipe.

Remove the two cylinder bolts.



Cylinder Bolts

Remove the bolt attaching the thermostat housing and the thermostat housing. Remove the cylinder head.



Bolt

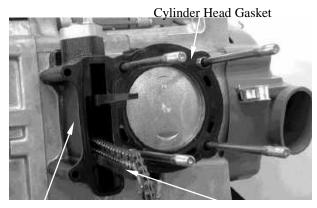
Remove the dowel pins and cylinder head gasket.

Remove the cam chain guide.

Remove all gasket material from the cylinder head mating surface.

*

Be careful not to drop any gasket material into the engine.



Cylinder

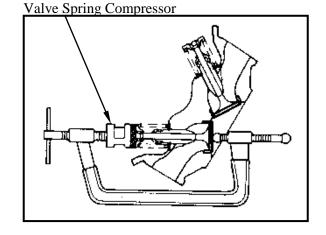
Cam Chain Tensioner Slipper



CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY

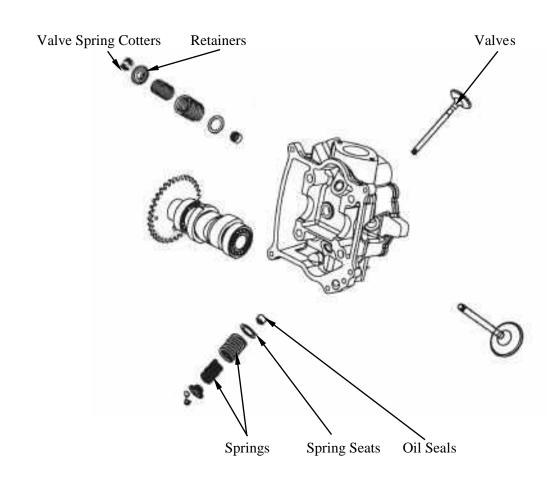
Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats, oil seals and valves using a valve spring compressor.

- *
- Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
- Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly.



Special tool:

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040





X-Town250/300 ABS

VALVE /VALVE GUIDE INSPECTION

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear. If any defects are found, replace the valve with a new one.

Check valve movement in the guide.

Measure each valve stem O.D.

Measure each valve guide I.D.

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding guide I.D. to obtain the

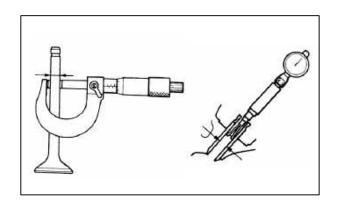
Service limits:

stem-to-guide clearance.

IN: 0.08 mm (0.0032 in) EX: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

*

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, replace the cylinder head is necessary.

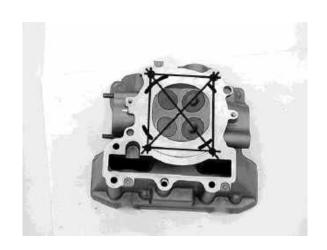


CYLINDER HEAD INPECTION

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

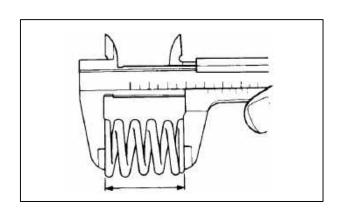


VALVE SPRING INSPECTION

Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.

Service Limit:

Inner: 29.1 mm (1.164 in) Outer: 39.2 mm (1.568 in)



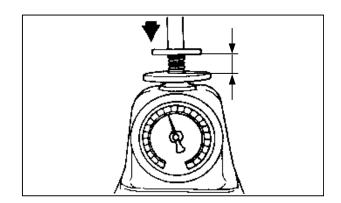


Measure compressed force (valve spring) and installed length.

Replace if out of specification.

Standard:

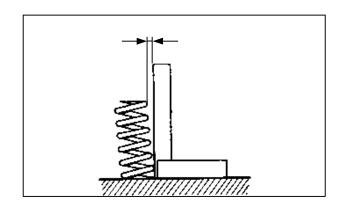
Inner: 2.95 kg (at 26.6 mm, 1.064 in) Outer: 10.45 kg (at 29.6 mm, 1.184 in)



Measure the spring tilt. Replace if out of specification.

Standard:

Inner: 0.81 mm (0.0324 in) Outer: 1.07 mm (0.0428 in)



ASSEMBLY

Install the valve spring seats and oil seal.

Be sure to install new oil seal.

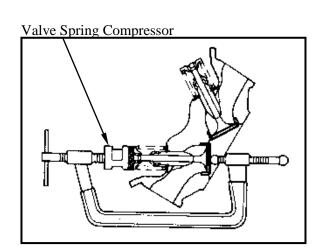
Lubricate each valve with engine oil and insert the valves into the valve guides. Install the valve springs and retainers. Compress the valve springs using the valve spring compressor, then install the valve cotters.



- **★** When assembling, a valve spring compressor must be used.
 - Install the cotters with the pointed ends facing down from the upper side of the cylinder head.

Special tool:

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040

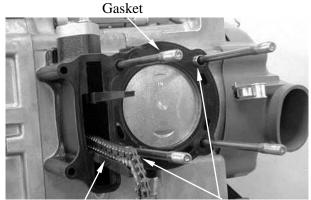


6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

X-Town250/300 ABS

INSTALLATION

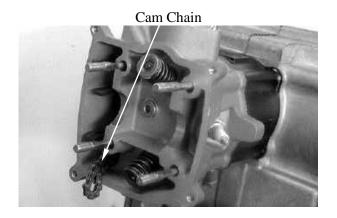
Install the cam chain guide. Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder head gasket.



Cam Chain Guide

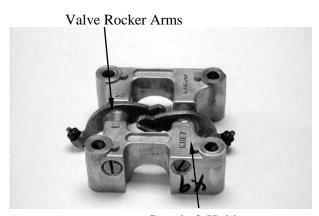
Dowel Pins

Install the cylinder head and take out the cam chain



Assemble the camshaft holder. First install the intake and exhaust valve rocker arms; then install the rocker arm shafts.

- ★ Install the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft on the "EX" side of the camshaft holder and the exhaust rocker arm shaft is shorter.
 - Clean the intake valve rocker arm shaft off any grease before installation.
 - Align the cutout on the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft with the bolt of the camshaft holder.



Camshaft Holder



Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the right crankcase cover. Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the cam chain over the camshaft gear.

Install the dowel pins.

Install the camshaft holder, washers and nuts on the cylinder head.

Tighten the four cylinder head cap nuts and two cylinder bolts to the specified torque.

Torque:

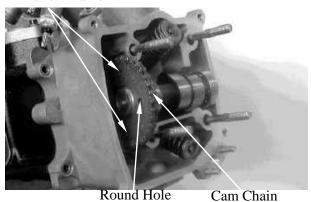
Cylinder head cap nut:

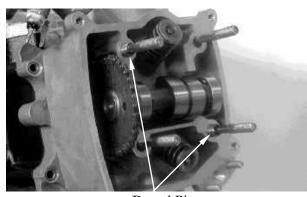
25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18 lbf·ft) Apply engine oil to threads

Cylinder bolt: 10 N·m (1 kgf·m, 7 lbf·ft)

- **★** Install the camshaft holder with the "EX" mark face exhaust valve side.
 - Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head cap nuts.
 - Diagonally tighten the cylinder head cap nuts in $2\sim3$ times.
 - First tighten the cylinder head cap nuts and then tighten the cylinder bolts to avoid cracks.

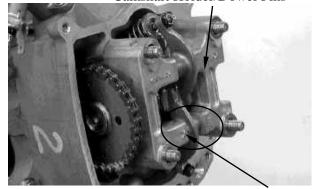
Punch Marks





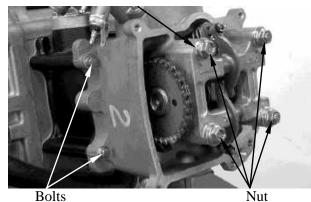
Dowel Pins

Camshaft Holder/Dowel Pins



"EX" Mark

Washer

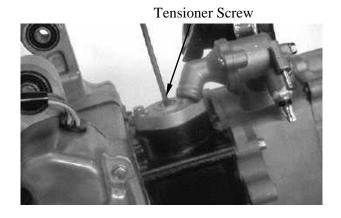


€ KYMCO

6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

X-Town250/300 ABS

Turn the cam chain tension screw counterclockwise to release it.

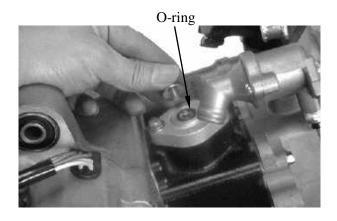


Apply engine oil to a new O-ring and install it.

Tighten the cam chain tension cap screw.



Be sure to install the gasket into the groove properly.



Adjust the valve clearance.

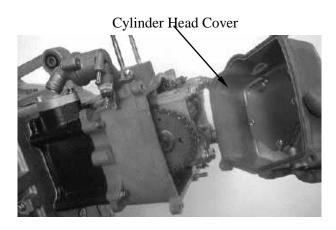
Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover.

*

Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.

Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts.

Torque: 10 N•m (1 kgf•m, 7 lbf•ft)



7. CYLINDER/PISTON



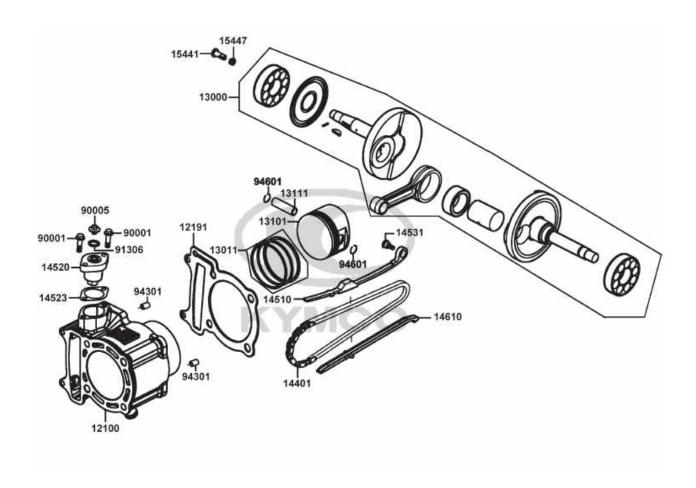
CYLINDER/PISTON

7

SCHEMATIC DRAWING	7-1
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PISTON REMOVAL	7-3
PISTON INSTALLATION	7-7
CYLINDER INSTALLATION	7-7



SCHEMATIC DRAWING



7. CYLINDER/PISTON



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When installing the cylinder, use a new cylinder gasket and make sure that the dowel pins are correctly installed.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit	
	I.D.		72.715 (2.8627)~72.725 (2.8631)	72.8 (2.8661)
Cylinder	Warpage		0.03 (0.0012)	0.05 (0.002)
Cyllidei	Cylindricity		0.01 (0.0004)	0.1 (0.004)
	True roundness		0.01 (0.0004)	0.1 (0.004)
Piston, piston ring	Ring-to-groove clearance	top	0.03 (0.0012)~0.065 (0.0026)	0.08 (0.003)
		Second	0.015 (0.0006)~0.05 (0.002)	0.065 (0.0026)
	Ring end gap	top	$0.10 (0.004) \sim 0.25 (0.01)$	0.5 (0.02)
		Second	0.15 (0.006)~0.30 (0.012)	0.65 (0.026)
		Oil side rail	0.2 (0.008)~0.7 (0.028)	1 (0.04)
	Piston O.D.		72.67 (2.9068)~72.69 (2.9076)	72.6 (2.904)
	Piston O.D. measuring position		9 mm from bottom of skirt	_
	Piston-to-cylinder clearance		0.025 (0.001)~0.055 (0.0022)	0.1 (0.004)
	Piston pin hole I.D.		17.002 (0.68008)~17.008 (0.68032)	17.04 (0.6816)
Piston pin O.D		16.994 (0.67976)~17 (0.68)	16.96 (0.6784)	
Piston-to-piston pin clearance			0.002 (0.0001)~0.014 (0.0006)	0.02 (0.001)
Connecting rod small end I.D. bore		17.016 (0.68064)~17.034 (0.68136)	17.06 (0.6824)	

TROUBLESHOOTING

• When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

Compression too low or uneven compression

- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston rings
- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings

Compression too high

• Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

Abnormal noisy piston

- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin
- Incorrectly installed piston

7. CYLINDER/PISTON



X-Town250/300 ABS

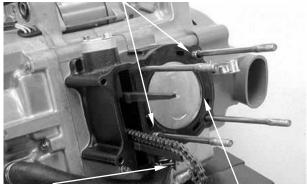
REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head.

Remove the water hose from the cylinder. Remove the cylinder head gasket and dowel pine.

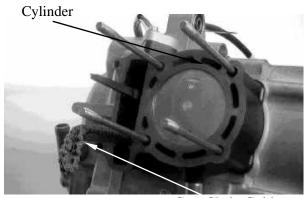
Remove the cam chain guide. Remove the cylinder.

Dowel Pins



Water Hose

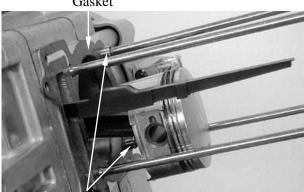
Gasket



Cam Chain Guide

Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins. Clean any gasket material from the cylinder surface.

Gasket



Dowel Pins

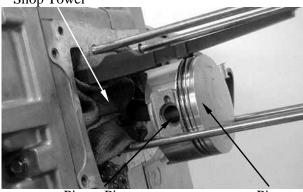
Remove the piston pin clip.



Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.

Press the piston pin out of the piston and remove the piston.





Piston Pin

Piston



X-Town250/300 ABS

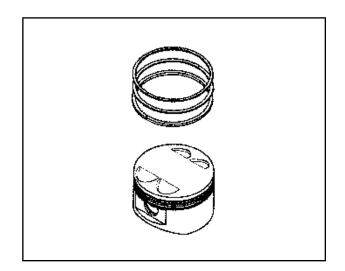
PISTON RING REMOVAL

Spread each piston ring and remove it by lifting up at a point opposite the gap

*

Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.



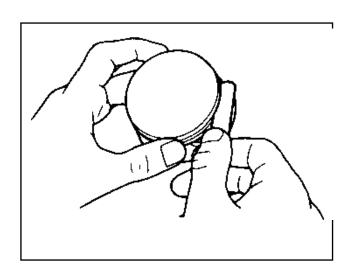
INSPECTION

Piston ring

Inspect the piston rings for movement by rotating the rings. The rings should be able to move in their grooves without catching.

Push the ring until the outer surface of the piston ring is nearly flush with the piston and measure the ring-to-groove clearance.

Service Limits: Top: 0.08 mm (0.003 in) 2nd: 0.065 mm (0.0026 in)

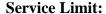


Insert each piston ring into the bottom of the cylinder squarely.

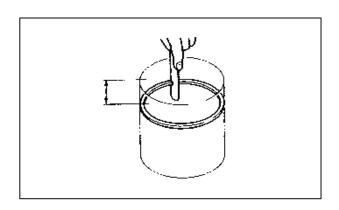


Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap.



Top: 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 2nd: 0.65 mm (0.026 in) Oil ring: 1 mm (0.04 in)



7. CYLINDER/PISTON



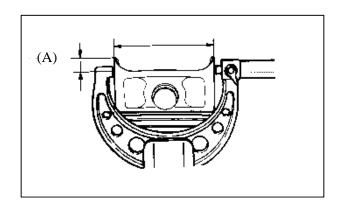
Piston/Piston pin

Measure the piston O.D. at the point (A) from the bottom and 90 ° to the piston pin hole.

Service Limit:

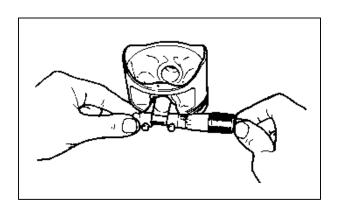
72.6 mm (2.904 in) at (A): 9 mm

Calculate the cylinder-to-piston clearance



Measure the piston pin hole. Take the maximum reading to determine the I.D..

Service Limit: 17.04 mm (0.6816 in)

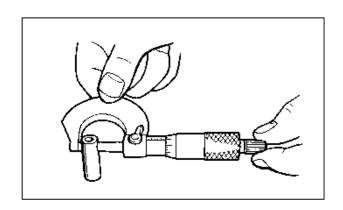


Measure the piston pin O.D. at piston and connecting rod sliding areas.

Service Limit: 16.96 mm (0.6784 in)

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

Service Limit: 0.002 mm (0.0001 in)





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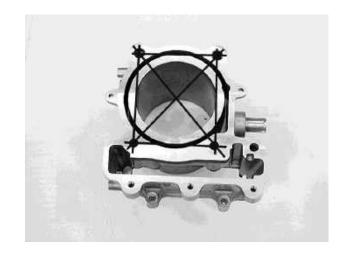
7. CYLINDER/PISTON

X-Town250/300 ABS

Cylinder

Check the cylinder for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge in the directions shown.

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



Check the cylinder wall for wear or damage. Measure and record the cylinder I.D. at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine the cylinder wear.

Service Limit: 72.8 mm (2.912 in)

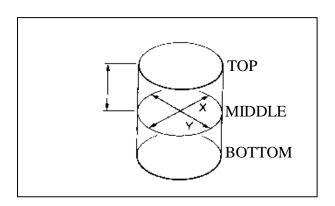
Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance. Take a maximum reading to determine the clearance. Refer to page 10-7 for measurement of the piston O.D..

Service Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

Calculate the taper and out-of-round at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine them.

Service Limit:

Taper: 0.1 mm (0.004 in) Out-of-round: 0. 1 mm (0.004 in)

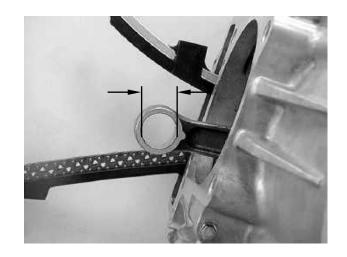


Measure the connecting rod small end I.D..

Service Limit: 17.06 mm (0.6824 in)

Calculate the connecting rod-to-piston pin clearance.

Service Limit: 0.06 mm (0.002 in)



PISTON RING INSTALLATION

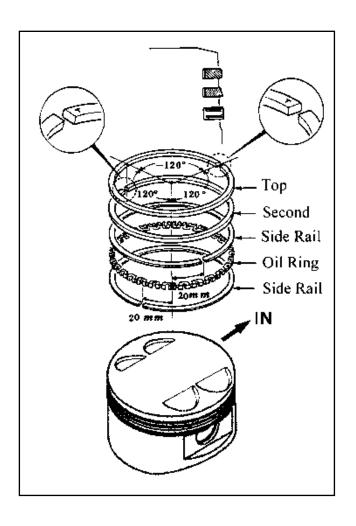
Carefully install the piston rings into the piston ring grooves with the markings facing up.

* Be careful not to damage the piston and rings.

- Do not confuse the top and second rings.
- To install the oil ring, install the oil ring, then install the side rails.

Stagger the piston ring end gaps 120 °degrees apart from each other.

Stagger the side rail end gaps as shown.



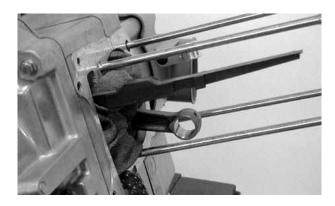
X-Town250/300 ABS

CYLINDER/PISTON INSTALLATION

Remove any gasket material from the crankcase surface.

*

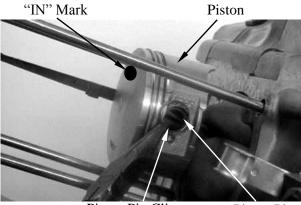
• Be careful not to drop foreign matters into the crankcase.



Install the piston, piston pin and a new piston pin clip.



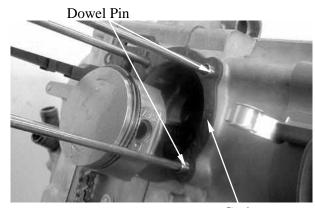
- Position the piston "IN" mark on the intake valve side.
- Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



Piston Pin Clip

Piston Pin

Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder gasket on the crankcase.



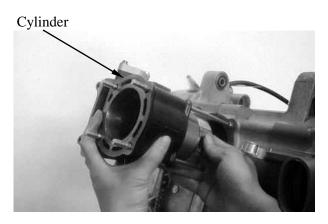
Gasket

Coat the cylinder bore, piston and piston rings with clean engine oil.

Carefully lower the cylinder over the piston by compressing the piston rings.



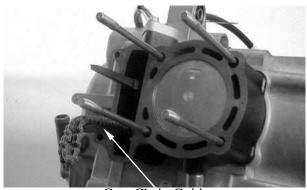
- Be careful not to damage or break the piston rings.
- The piston ring end gaps should not be parallel with or at 90° to the piston pin.



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

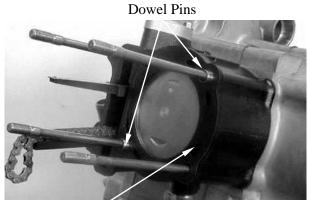
Install the cam chain guide.

• Insert the tab on the cam chain guide into the cylinder groove.



Cam Chain Guide

Install the cylinder gasket and dowel pins. Connect the water hose to the cylinder.



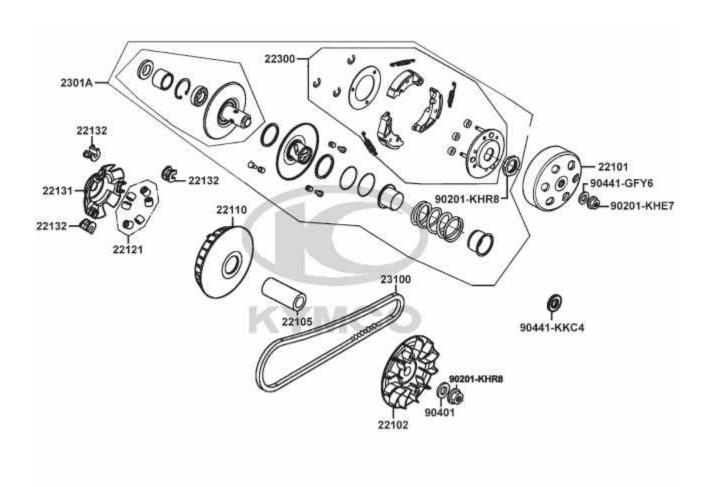
Gasket



DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/V-BELT		
SCHEMATIC DRAWING	8- 1	
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TROUBLESHOOTING	8- 2	
LEFT CRANKCASE COVER	8- 3	
DRIVE PULLEY	8- 3	
CLUTCH OUTER/DRIVEN PULLEY/V-BELT	8- 3	



SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The drive pulley, clutch and driven pulley can be serviced with the engine installed.
- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces. Remove any oil or grease from them to minimize the slipping of drive belt and drive pulley.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Clutch lining thickness	4.0	2.0
Clutch outer I.D.	153~153.2	153.5
Weight roller O.D	22.92~23.08	22.5

TORQUE VALUES

Drive face nut 9.5 kgf-m (93.1 N-m) Apply oil

Clutch outer nut 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m)
Clutch drive plate nut 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m)

SPECIAL TOOLS

Universal holder E017 Clutch spring compressor/#41 Nut & Fitting E053 & E028

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining
- Broken driven face spring

Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

· Broken clutch weight spring

Lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face



LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Remove the bolts attaching to the left crankcase cover.
Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



Remove the left crankcase cover. Hold the drive pulley using a universal holder and remove the drive face nut and washer. Remove the drive pulley face.



Universal HolderE017

CLUTCH OUTER/DRIVEN PULLEY/V-BELT REMOVAL

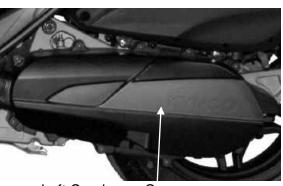
Remove the drive pulley face. Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut, bushing and washer.



Universal HolderE017

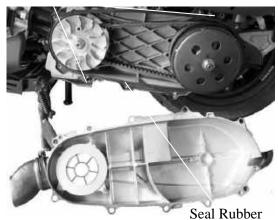
Remove the clutch outer, driven pulley and belt together.

Remove the drive belt from the movable drive face.

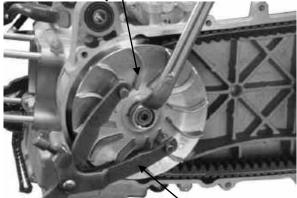


Left Crankcase Cover

Dowel Pins



Drive Pulley Face



Universal Holder

Nut

Movable Drive Face



INSPECTION

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear.

Replace a new belt at every 15,000km.



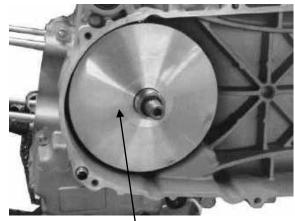
★ Use specified genuine parts for replacement.



MOVABLE DRIVE FACE ASSEMBLY

Remove the pulley face, clutch outer, driven pulley and belt.

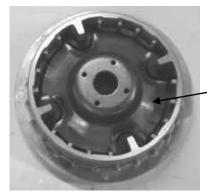
Remove the movable drive face assembly. Remove the drive pulley collar.



Movable Drive Face Assembly

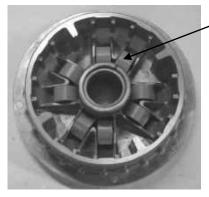
DISASSEMBLY

Remove the ramp plate.



Ramp Plate

Remove the weight rollers.



Weight Roller

INSPECTION

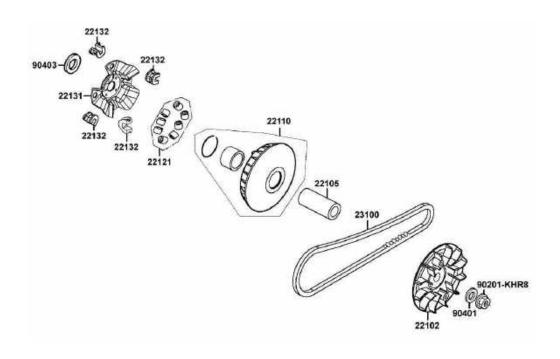
Check each weight roller for wear or damage.



Check the movable drive face bushing for wear or damage.



ASSEMBLY





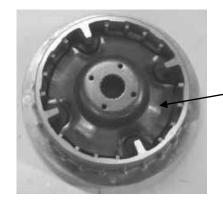
Install the weight rollers into the movable drive face.

*

• The direction of all weight rolls is same. The color side is towards to clockwise.

Install the ramp plate.

Insert the drive pulley collar into the movable drive face.



Ramp Plate

INSPECTION

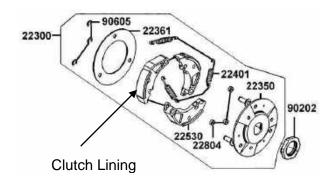
Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage. Measure the clutch outer I.D.

Service Limit: 153.5 mm replace if over



Check the clutch shoes for wear or damage. Measure the clutch lining thickness.

Service Limit: 2.0 mm replace if below





CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Hold the clutch/driven pulley assembly with the clutch spring compressor.

Set the tool in a vise and remove the clutch drive plate nut.

★ Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.



Clutch Spring Compressor E053 Fittings & Nut Wrench, 41mm E033

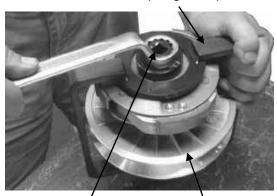
Loosen the clutch spring compressor and disassemble the clutch/driven pulley assembly.

Remove the seal collar.

Pull out the guide roller pins and guide rollers. Remove the movable driven face from the driven face.

Remove the oil seal from the movable driven face.

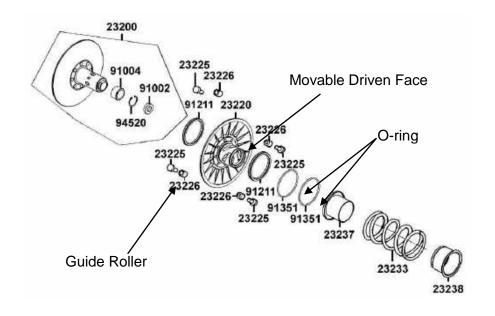
Clutch Spring Compressor



Lock Nut Wrench Clutch/Driven Pulley



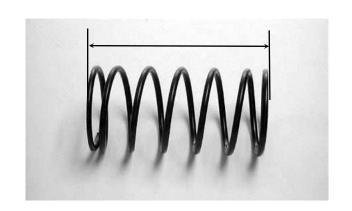
ASSEMBLY





INSPECTION

Measure the driven face spring free length. **Service Limit**: 136 mm replace if below



DRIVEN PULLEY FACE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Check the bearings for play and replace them if they have excessive play. Drive the inner needle bearing out of the driven pulley face.

• Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

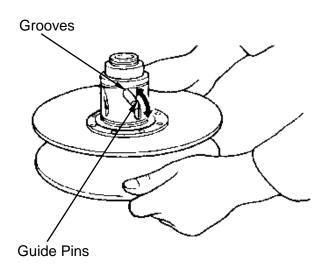
Remove the snap ring and drive the outer bearing out of the driven face.

• Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

Apply grease to the outer bearing. Drive a new outer bearing into the driven face with the sealed end facing up.

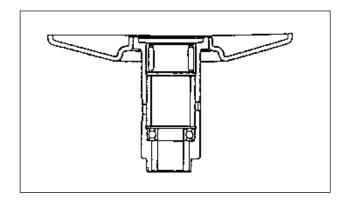
Seat the snap ring in its groove. Apply grease to the driven face bore areas.







Press a new needle bearing into the driven face.

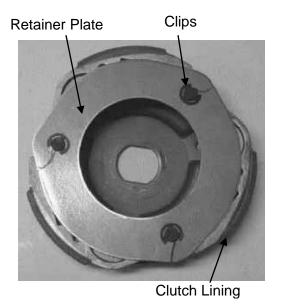


CLUTCH DISASSEMBLY

Remove the clips and retainer plate to disassemble the clutch.

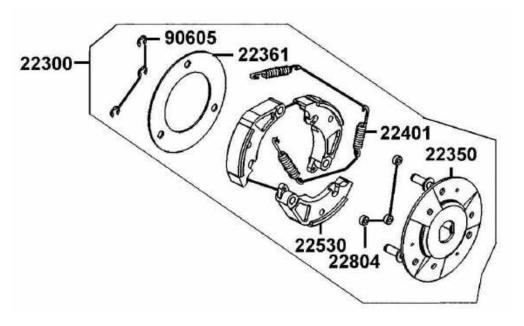
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• Keep grease off the clutch linings.





CLUTCH ASSEMBLY

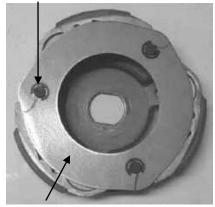


Install the damper rubbers on the drive plate pins.

Install the clutch weights/shoes and clutch springs onto the drive plate.

Install the retainer plate and secure with the clips.



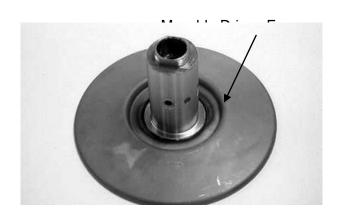


Drive Plate

CLUTCH / DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY

Clean the pulley faces and remove any grease from them.

Apply grease to the O-rings and install them onto the moveable driven face.





Install the movable driven face onto the driven face.

Apply grease to the guide rollers and guide roller pins and then install them into the holes of the driven face.

Install the seal collar. Remove any excessive grease.

Be sure to clean the driven face off any grease.

Set the driven pulley assembly, driven face spring and clutch assembly onto the clutch spring compressor.

 Align the flat surface of the driven face with the flat on the clutch drive plate.

Compress the tool and install the drive plate nut.

Set the tool in a vise and tighten the drive plate nut to the specified torque.

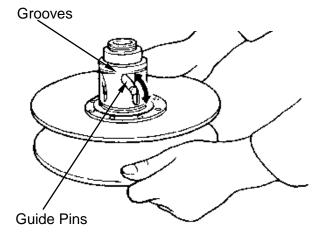
Torque: 75 N-m

• Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

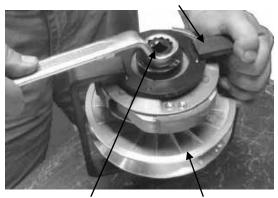
Special
Clutch Spring Compressor

E053

Fittings & Nut Wrench, 41mm E033



Clutch Spring Compressor



Lock Nut Wrench Clutch/Driven Pulley



INSTALLATION

Install the movable drive face assembly and drive pulley collar onto the crankshaft.

Drive Pulley Collar

Movable Drive Face Assembly

Put the drive belt on the driven pulley. Put the drive belt on the drive pulley collar. Install the clutch/driven pulley and clutch outer onto the drive shaft.



Keep grease off the drive shaft.

Install washer and the clutch outer nut. Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder to tighten clutch outer nut.

Torque: 54 N-m



Universal Holder E017

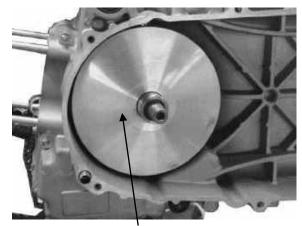
Install the drive pulley face, washer and drive face nut.

Hold the drive pulley with the universal holder and tighten the drive face nut.

Torque: 93.1 N-m

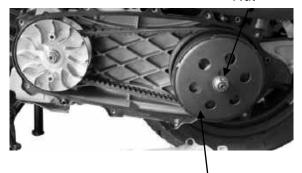


• Do not get oil or grease on the drive belt or drive pulley faces.



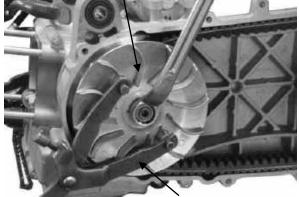
Movable Drive Face Assembly

Nut



Clutch Outer





Universal Holder



Install the left crankcase cover.



Left Crankcase Cover



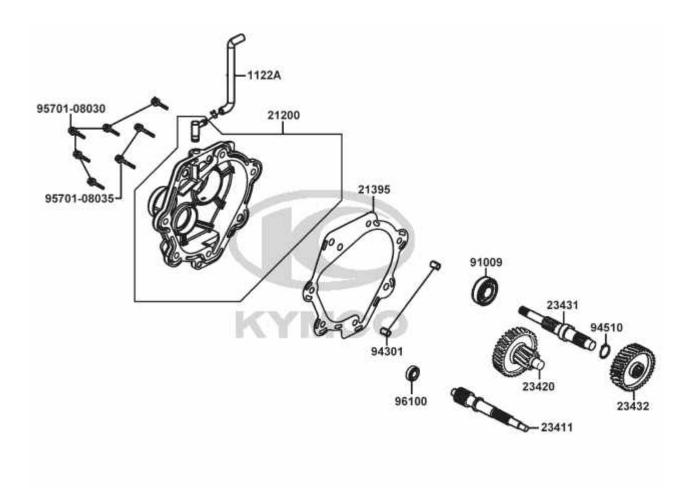
FINAL REDUCTION

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FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION	9-3
FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY	9-5





SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The servicing operations of this section can be made with the engine installed.
- When replacing the drive shaft, use a special tool to hold the bearing inner race for this operation.

SPECIFICATIONS

Specified Oil: SAE 90#

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly: 0.23 L (0.2 Imp qt, 0.24 US qt)
At change: 0.18 L (0.19 US qt, 0.16 Imp qt)

TORQUE VALUES

Transmission case cover bolt
Oil drain bolt
Oil filler bolt

27 N•m (2.7 kgf•m, 20 lbf•ft)
20 N•m (2 kgf•m, 15 lbf•ft)
20 N•m (2 kgf•m, 15 lbf•ft)

SPECIAL TOOLS

Bearing puller A120E00037
Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014
Universal bearing puller A120E00030

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission
- Faulty drive and driven pulleys/clutch

Abnormal noise

- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

Oil leaks

- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal
- Cracked crankcase



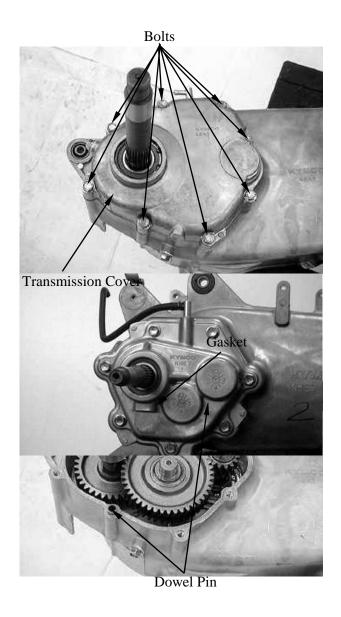
FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY

Remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake caliper. Remove the right rear shock absorber. Remove the rear fork. Remove the rear wheel.

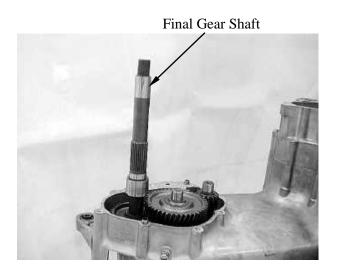
Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container.

Remove the eight bolts and transmission cover.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

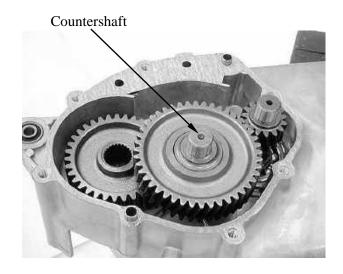


Remove the final gear shaft.

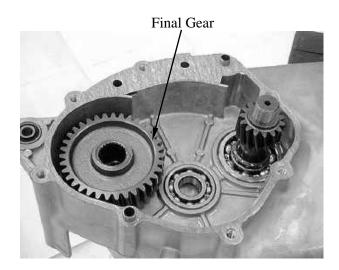




Remove the countershaft.



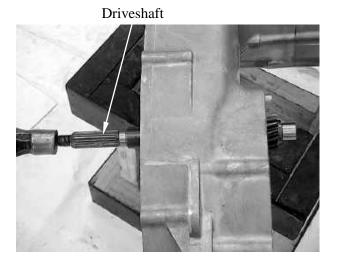
Remove the final gear.



Remove the driven pulley.

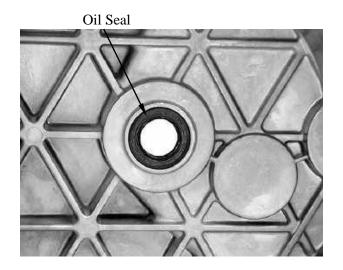
Press the driveshaft out or the left crankcase.

Check the drive shaft for wear or damage.



KYMCO

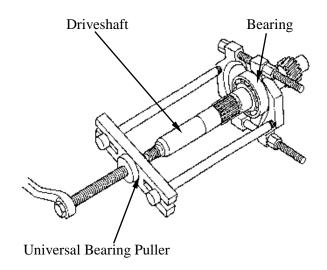
Remove the driveshaft oil seal and bearing from the transmission case.



If the bearing is left on the driveshaft, remove it with the special tool.

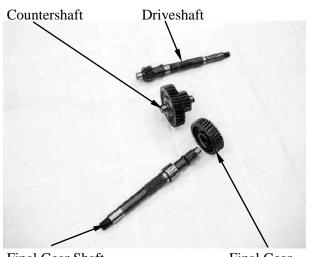
Special tool:

Universal bearing puller A120E00030



FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION

Check the driveshaft, countershaft, final gear and final gear shaft for wear or damage.



Final Gear Shaft Final Gear





X-Town250/300 ABS

Check the oil seal and bearings in the left crankcase for wear or damage.

BEARING REPLACEMENT (TRANSMISSION CASE)

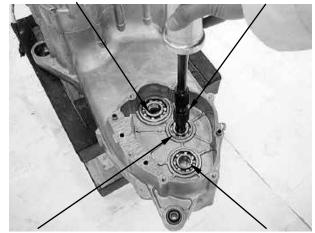
Remove the countershaft or final gear shaft bearing using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Driveshaft Bearing

Bearing Puller



Countershaft Bearing

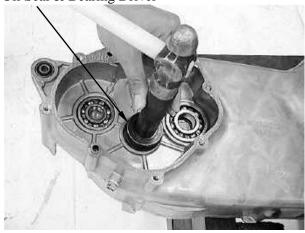
Final Gear Shaft Bearing

Apply engine oil to new bearings cavities. Drive new bearings into the transmission case.

Special tool:

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014

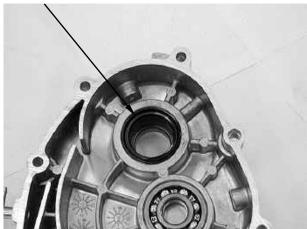
Oil Seal & Bearing Driver



BEARING REPLACEMENT (TRANSMISSION COVER)

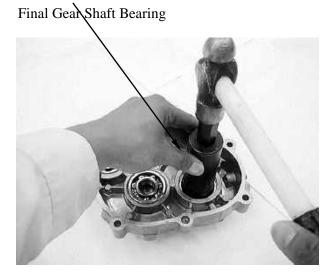
Remove the final gear shaft oil seal.

Oil Seal





Remove the final gear shaft bearing.

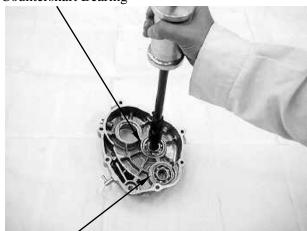


Remove the countershaft or drive shaft bearing using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Countershaft Bearing



Drive Shaft Bearing





Apply engine oil to new bearings cavities. Drive new bearings into the transmission cover.

Special tool:

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



Apply engine oil to new final gear shaft bearing cavity.

Drive new bearing into the transmission cover.

Special tool:

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



Install the bearing snap ring.





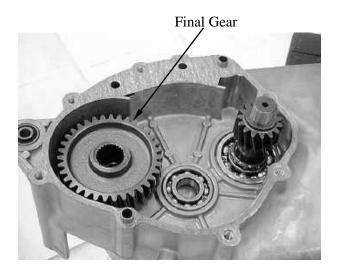
Apply oil to a new final gear shaft oil seal lip and outer surface.

Install the final gear shaft oil seal.

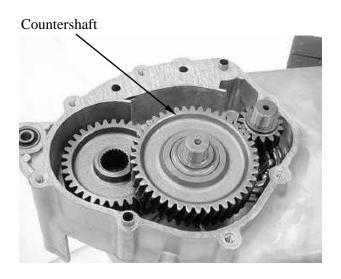


FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY

Install the final gear to the transmission case.



Install the countershaft to the transmission case.

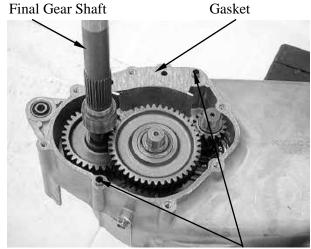




X-Town250/300 ABS

Install the final gear shaft to transmission case.

Install the dowel pins.
Clean the mating surfaces of the left crankcase and transmission cover.
Install the new gasket.

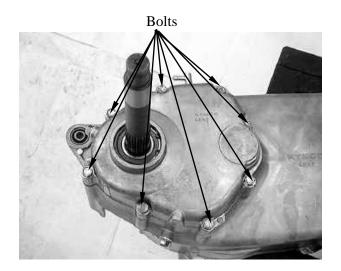


Dowel Pins

Install the transmission cover and tighten the eight bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2-3 steps to the specified torque.

Torque: 27 N•m (2.7 kgf•m, 20 lbf•ft)

Fill the transmission case with the recommended oil.



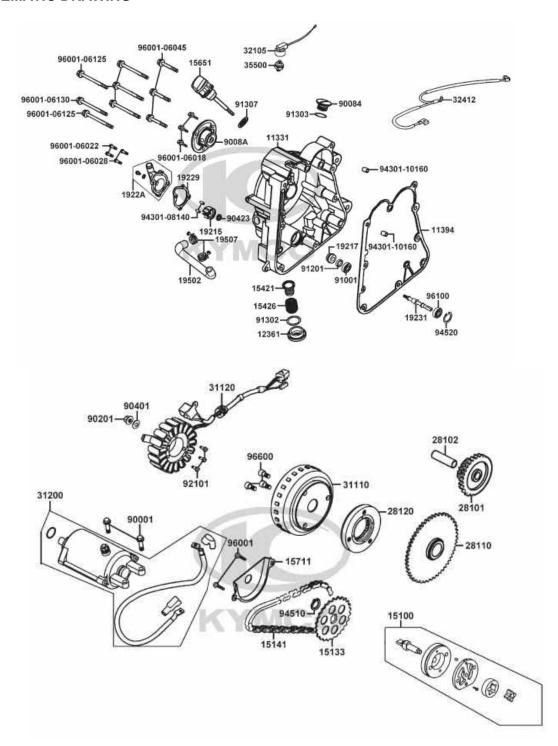
A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH	

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FLYWHEEL REMOVAL	10-4
STARTER CLUTCH	10-4
FLYWHEEL INSTALLATION	10-6

10



SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- All operations and inspections in this section can be made with the engine installed.
- Should drain the coolant before removing the right crankcase cover.
- Be careful not to drain the coolant when the engine temperature is high. (Perform this operation when the engine is cold.)
- Drain the coolant into a clean container.
- Drain the engine oil into a clean container before removing the right crankcase cover.
- When the right crankcase cover is installed, fill with the recommended engine oil and coolant. Remember to bleed air from the water hose.

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine oil: SAE 5W/50#

API-SJ above

Engine quality: Synthetic

Oil capacity at change: 1.1 Liter

Coolant capacity:

Radiator and Hose capacity: 1.10 liter Reserve tank capacity: 0.25 liter

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel puller E003 Flywheel holder E021

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Starter driven gear I.D.	22.026 (0.88104)~22.045	22.1 (0.884)
Starter driven gear O.D.	42.195 (1.6878)~42.208	41.5 (1.66)

TORQUE VALUES

Flywheel nut: 5.5~6.5 kgf-m (58.8 N-m)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to chapter 1 for A.C. generator troubleshooting.

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter clutch
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

KYMCO

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

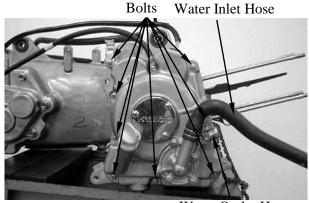
X-Town250/300 ABS

RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Disconnect the water hoses from the water pump cover.

Disconnect the water hoses from the right crankcase cover.

Remove 9 bolts attaching the right crankcase cover and the cover.



Water Outlet Hose

STATOR REMOVAL

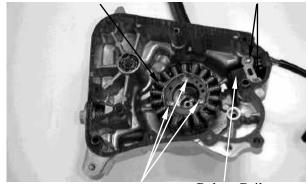
Remove the two pulse coil mount screws. Remove the three stator mount bolts, grommet and the stator from the right crankcase cover.



When removing the pulsar coil and stator, be careful not to damage them to avoid short-circuit or broken wire.

A.C. Generator Stator

Screws



Bolts Pulser Coil

INSTALLATION

Install the stator and tighten the stator mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 12 N•m (1.2 kgf•m, 9 lbf•ft)

Apply sealant to the grommet seating surface and install it to the cover groove properly.

Install the pulse coil and tighten mount bolts to the specified torque.

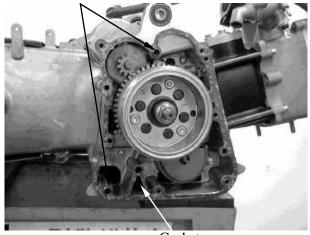
Torque: 12 N•m (1.2 kgf•m, 9 lbf•ft)

Clean the mating surfaces of the right crankcase and cover.

Install the dowel pins and gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Dowel Pins



Gasket

€ KYMCO

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

X-Town250/300 ABS

FLYWHEEL/STARTER CLUTCH REMOVAL

Remove the right crankcase cover.

Hold the flywheel with the special tool and loosen the flywheel nut.

Special tool:

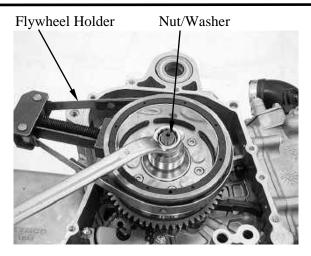
Flywheel holder A120E00021

Remove the flywheel nut and washer.

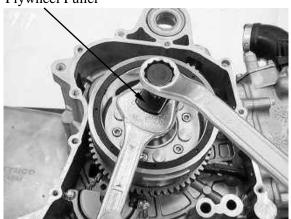
Remove the flywheel/starter driven gear assembly using the special tool.

Special tool:

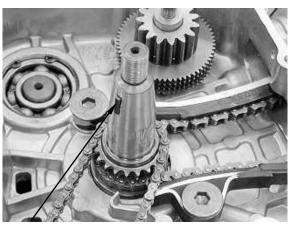
Flywheel puller A120E00003



Flywheel Puller



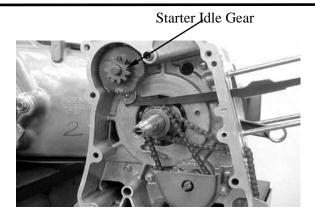
Remove the woodruff key.



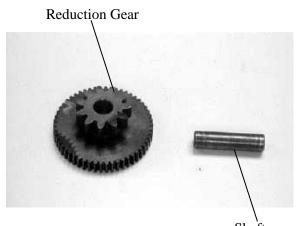
Woodruff Key

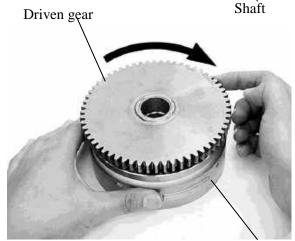


Remove the reduction gear and shaft.



Inspect the reduction gear and shaft for wear or damage.





Flywheel

INSPECTION

Check the operation of the sprag clutch by turning the driven gear.

You should be able to turn the driven gear clockwise smoothly, but the gear should not turn counterclockwise.

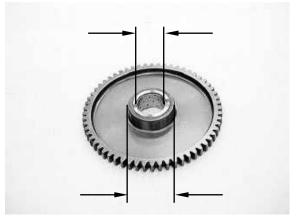
Remove the starter driven gear by turning the driven gear.

Check the starter driven gear teeth for wear or damage.

Measure the starter driven gear boss O.D.. Service limit: 41.56 mm (1.66 in)

Measure the starter driven gear bushing I.D..

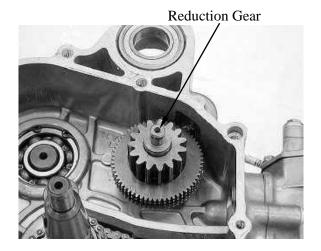
Service limit: 22.1 mm (0.884 in)





X-Town250/300 ABS

Apply oil to the starter reduction gear. Install the starter reduction gear to the right crankcase.



Apply oil to the starter reduction gear and shaft.

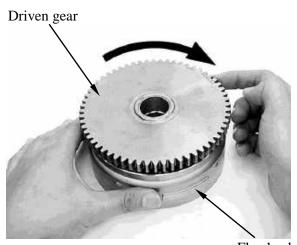
Install the starter reduction gear and shaft to the right crankcase.



Reduction Gear

Apply molybdenum oil solution to the starter driven gear bushing.

Install the starter driven gear by turning the driven gear clockwise.



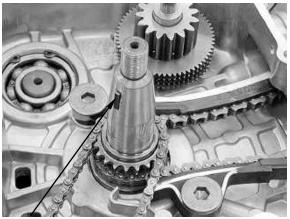
Flywheel



X-Town250/300 ABS

Clean any oil from tapered portion of the crankshaft.

Install the woodruff key in the crankshaft key groove.



Woodruff Key

Clean any oil from the tappered portion of the flywheel I.D..

Install the flywheel/driven gear onto the crankshaft, aligning the key way with woodruff key.

Apply oil to the washer and flywheel nut threads and seating surface.

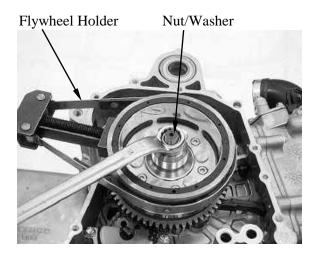
Install the washer and flywheel nut to the crankshaft.

Hold the flywheel with the special tool and tighten the flywheel nut to the specified torque.

Special tool:

Flywheel holder A120E00021

Torque: 55 N•m (5.5 kgf•m, 40 lbf•ft)

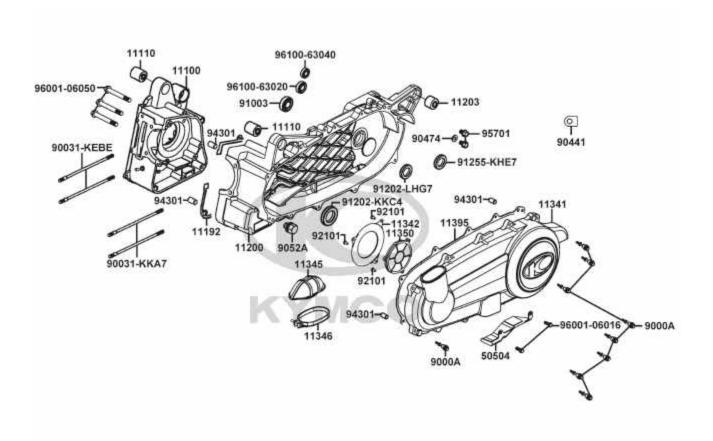




CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT	
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CRANKCASE SEPARATION 11-3	
CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION 11-4	
CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY 11-5	

11

SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft. The engine must be removed for this operation.
- When separating the crankcase, never use a driver to knock the crankcase forcedly to prevent damaging the mating surfaces.
- When installing the crankcase, do not use an iron hammer to tap it.
- When installing the crankcase or crankshaft, must be replaced in pair.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.

Cylinder head

Cylinder/piston

Right crankcase cover/drive and driven pulley

A.C. generator/starter clutch

Rear wheel/rear shock absorber

Starter motor

Oil pump

SPECIFICATIONS

	Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
0 1 1 "	Connecting rod big end side clearance	0.15~0.35	0.6
Crankshaft	Connecting rod big end radial clearance	0~0.008	0.05

TORQUE VALUES

Crankcase cover bolt 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m) Cam chain tensioner pivot 0.8~1.2 kgf-m (9.8 N-m)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive engine noise

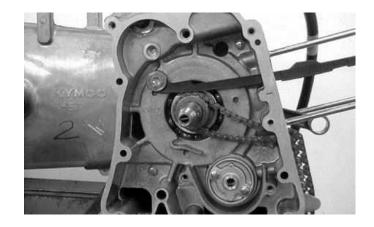
- Excessive bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Worn piston pin and piston pin hole



X-Town250/300 ABS

REMOVAL

Remove the cam chain guide bolt.
Remove the cam chain guide and cam chain



INSPECTION

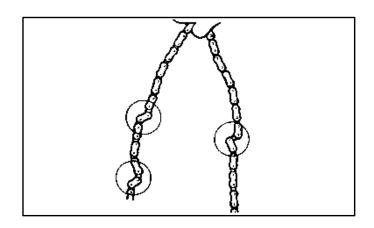
Cam chain guide

Inspect the cam chain slipper surface of the cam chain guide for wear or damage.



Cam chain

Inspect the cam chain for cracks or stiff.



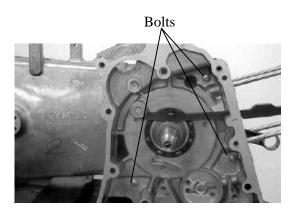


X-Town250/300 ABS

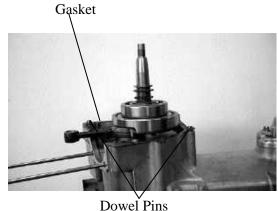
CRANKCASE SEPARATION

Place the crankcase with the left crankcase down and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.

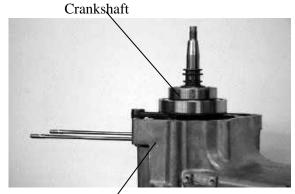
Never use a driver to pry the crankcase mating surfaces apart.



Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



Remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.



Left Crankcase

CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION

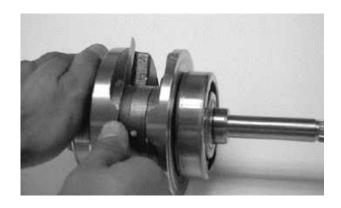
Measure the crankshaft runout. **Service Limit**: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)





Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance.

Service Limit: 0.6 mm (0.024 in)



Measure the connecting rod small end I.D. Service Limit: 17.06 mm (0.6824 in)



CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

Clean off all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces.

* • Avoid damaging the crankcase mating

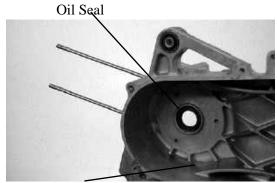


KYMCO



11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

Install a new oil seal into the left crankcase.



Left Crankcase

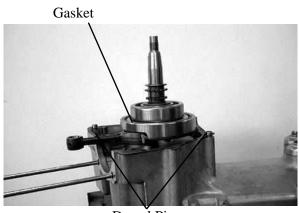
Place the left crankcase down and install the crankshaft into the left crankcase.



- Avoid damaging the oil seal.
 - Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal.



Install the two dowel pins and a new gasket.



Dowel Pins

X-Town250/300 ABS

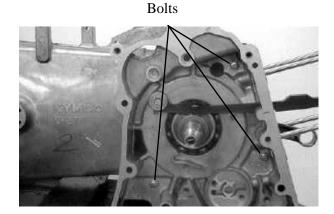
Place the right crankcase over the crankshaft and onto the left crankcase.

*

• Install the right crankcase squarely and do not tap it with an iron or plastic hammer.

Install and tighten the right and left crankcase attaching bolts.

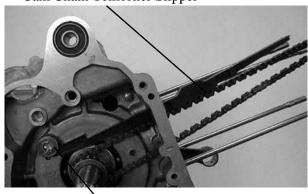
Torque: 12 N•m (1.2 kgf•m, 9 lbf•ft)



Install the cam chain. Install the cam chain tensioner slipper. Install and tighten the cam chain tensioner slipper bolt.

Torque: 10 N·m (1 kgf·m, 10 lbf·ft)

Cam Chain Tensioner Slipper



12. COOLING SYSTEM

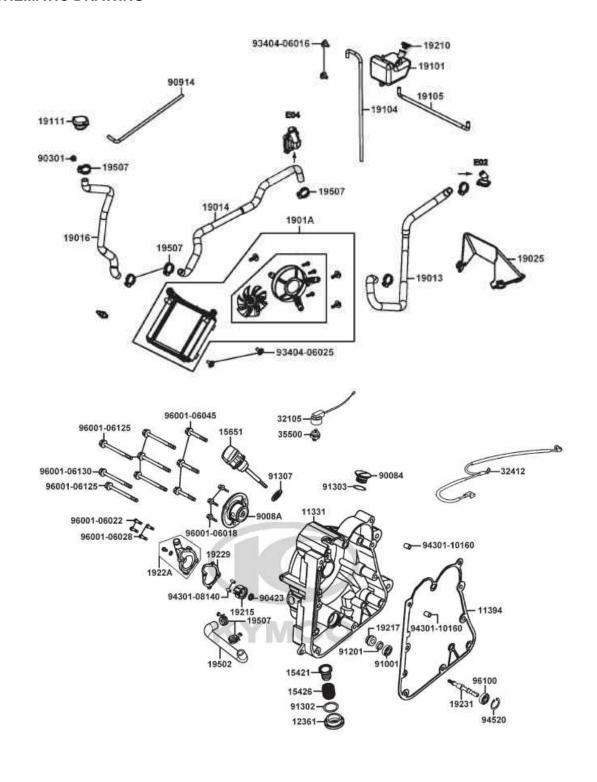


COOLING SYSTEM	
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COOLING SYSTEM TESTING	
RADIATOR	
WATER PUMP	
THERMOSENSOR	12_11

THERMOSTAT ------ 12-12



SCHEMATIC DRAWING



12. COOLING SYSTEM



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The water pump must be serviced after removing the engine. Other cooling system service can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- The engine must be cool before servicing the cooling system.
 When the coolant temperature is over 100°C, never remove the radiator cap to release the pressure because the boiling coolant may cause danger.
- Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces because the coolant will corrode the painted surfaces. Wash off any spilled coolant with fresh water as soon as possible.
- After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.

TORQUE VALUES

Water pump impeller 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m) Water pump cover bolt 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine temperature too high

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty radiator cap
- Faulty thermostat
- Insufficient coolant
- · Passages blocked in hoses or water jacket
- Clogged radiator fins
- · Passages blocked in radiator
- Faulty water pump

Temperature gauge shows the wrong temperature

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty thermostat

SPECIFICATIONS

Radiator cap relief pressure		0.9±0.15 kg/cm ²		
Begins to oper		85°C		
Thermostat temperature	Full-open	90℃		
	Valve lift	3.5~4.5 mm		
Coolant capacity		1 otal 1350 cc	Radiato and hose:	
			Reserve tank: 250 cc	

Coolant leaks

- Faulty pump mechanical (water) seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Damaged or deteriorated water hoses

12. COOLING SYSTEM

COOLANT GRAVITY CHART

Temp. °C Coolant concentration	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
5%	1.009	1.009	1.008	1.008	1.007	1.006	1.005	1.003	1.001	0.009	0.997
10%	1.018	1.107	1.017	1.016	1.015	1.014	0.013	1.011	1.009	1.007	1.005
15%	1.028	1.027	1.026	1.025	1.024	1.022	1.020	1.018	1.016	1.014	1.012
20%	1.036	1.035	1.034	1.033	1.031	1.029	1.027	1.025	1.023	1.021	1.019
25%	1.045	1.044	1.043	1.042	1.040	1.038	1.036	1.034	1.031	1.028	1.025
30%	1.053	1.051	1.051	1.049	1.047	1.045	1.043	1.041	1.038	1.035	1.032
35%	1.063	1.062	1.060	1.058	1.056	1.054	1.052	1.049	1.046	1.043	1.040
40%	1.072	1.070	1.068	1.066	1.064	1.062	1.059	1.056	1.053	1.050	1.047
45%	1.080	1.078	1.076	1.074	1.072	1.069	1.056	1.063	1.062	1.057	1.054
50%	1.086	1.084	1.082	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071	1.068	1.065	1.062	1.059
55%	1.095	1.093	1.091	1.088	1.085	1.082	1.079	1.076	1.073	1.070	1.067
60%	1.100	1.098	1.095	1.092	1.089	1.086	1.083	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071

COOLANT MIXTURE (WITH ANTI-RUST AND ANTI-FREEZING EFFECTS)

Freezing Point	Mixing Rate	KYMCO SIGMA Coolant Concentrate	Distilled Water
-9℃	20 %	344cc	1375cc
-15°C	30 %	516cc	1203cc
-25°C	40 %	688cc	1031cc
-37°C	50 %	860cc	859cc
-44.5°C	55 %	945cc	774cc

- Use coolant of specified mixing rate. (The mixing rate of 860cc KYMCO SIGMA coolant concentrate + 859cc distilled water is 50%.)
- Do not mix coolant concentrate of different brands.
- Do not drink the coolant, which is poisonous.
- The freezing point of coolant mixture shall be 5° C lower than the freezing point of the riding area.



COOLING SYSTEM TESTING RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

Install the radiator cap onto the radiator tester and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

Apply water to the sealing cap surface before testing.

Radiator Cap Relief Pressure: 0.9±0.15 kg/cm²

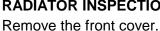
Install the radiator tester onto the radiator and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

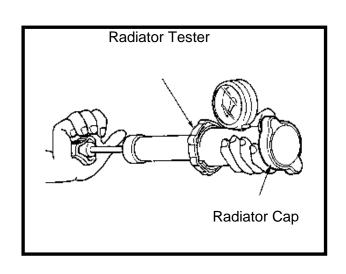
Check the water hoses and connectors for leaks.



The test pressure should not exceed 1.05 kg/cm². Excessive pressure can damage the radiator and its hose connectors.

RADIATOR RADIATOR INSPECTION







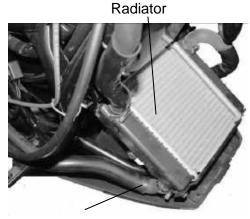




X-Town250/300 ABS

Inspect the radiator soldered joints and seams for leaks.

Blow dirt out from between core fins with compressed air. If insects are clogging the radiator, wash them off. Carefully straighten any bent fins.



Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank

RADIATOR REMOVAL

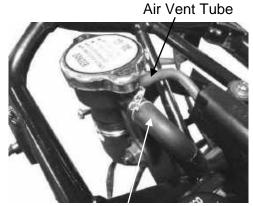
Drain the coolant.

Disconnect the outlet tube of the reserve tank.

Remove the overflow tube clamp and disconnect the overflow tube.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the radiator filler.

Disconnect the fan motor wire coupler.



Overflow Tube

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the upper hose and lower hose from the radiator.

Disconnect the thermostatic switch wire coupler.



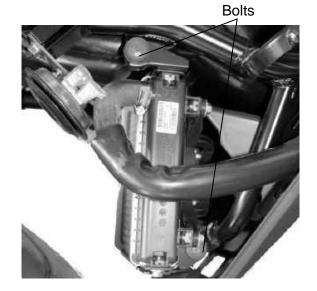




12. COOLING SYSTEM

X-Town250/300 ABS

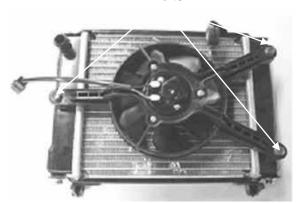
Remove three bolts on the radiator. Remove the radiator.



Bolts

RADIATOR DISASSEMBLY

Remove three bolts and then remove the fan rubber from the radiator.



Check fan motor by battery.





X-Town250/300 ABS

RADIATOR INSTALLATION

Install the fan rubber on the radiator with three bolts.

Install the radiator on the radiator bracket with three bolts/nuts.

Connect the upper and lower hoses and secure them with hose bands.

Connect the thermostatic switch wire.

Connect the fan motor wire couplers.

Connect the overflow tube and secure with the tube clamp.

Fill the radiator with coolant.

Connect the vent tube to the radiator filler.

After installation, check for coolant leaks.

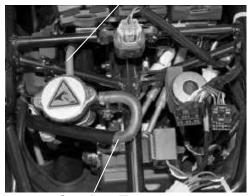
Connect the outlet tube of the reservoir and secure with the tube clamp.



If you want to refill the coolant, the following procedure must be checked.

- 1. Please make the radiator filler and the air vent tube to be separated.
- 2. Start the engine, filled in the coolant till the coolant flowed out from the air vent tube.

Air Vent Tube



Overflow Tube



WATER PUMP

MECHANICAL SEAL (WATER SEAL) INSPECTION

Inspect the telltale hole for signs of mechanical seal coolant leakage.

If the mechanical seal is leaking, remove the right crankcase cover and replace the mechanical seal.

Right Crankcase Cover



Water Pump

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER REMOVAL

Remove the coolant inlet hose and outlet hose.

Remove four bolts and the water pump cover, gasket and 2 dowel pins. Remove the water pump impeller.

*

The impeller has left hand threads.

Impeller Seal Washer (Porcelain)

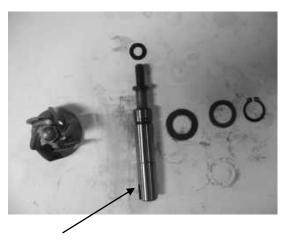


Mechanical (Water) Seal

Inspect the mechanical (water) seal and seal washer if wear or damage.

*

The mechanical seal and seal washer must be replace as a set.



Water pump shaft



WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL

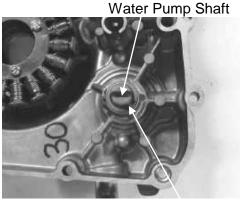
Disconnect the water hose from the right crankcase cover.

Remove bolts attaching the right crankcase cover.

Remove the water pump bearing snap ring from the water pump assembly.

Remove the water pump shaft and inner bearing.

Remove the water pump shaft outer bearing.



Snap Ring

MECHANICAL SEAL REPLACEMENT

Drive the mechanical seal out of the water pump assembly from the inside.



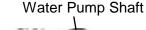
Apply sealant to the right crankcase cover of a new mechanical seal and then drive in the mechanical seal.

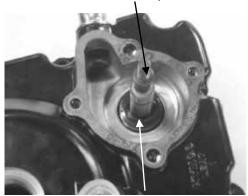
WATER PUMP SHAFT INSTALLATION

Drive a new water pump shaft outer bearing into the water pump assembly from the inside.

Install the water pump shaft and shaft inner bearing into the waster pump assembly.

Install the snap ring to secure the inner bearing properly.





Mechanical Seal

12. COOLING SYSTEM

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket and then install the water pump assembly to the

right crankcase cover.

Tighten 9bolts to secure the right crankcase cover.

*

When installing the water pump assembly, aligning the groove on the water pump shaft with the tab on the oil pump shaft.

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER INSTALLATION

When the mechanical seal is replaced, a new seal washer must be installed to the impeller.

Install the impeller onto the water pump shaft.

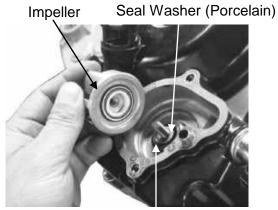
Torque: 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m)



The impeller has left hand threads.

Install two dowel pins and a new gasket. Install the water pump cover and tighten the 4 bolts.

Torque: 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m)



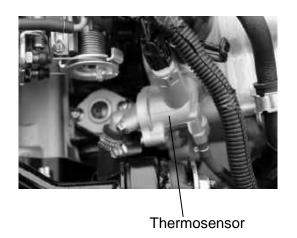
Mechanical (Water) Seal

THERMOSENSOR

THERMOSENSOR REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier. Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender cover A.

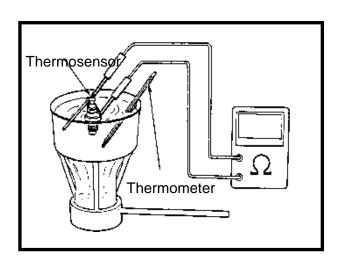
Drain the coolant.
Disconnect the thermosensor wire.
Remove the thermosensor.



THERMOSENSOR INSPECTION

Suspend the thermosensor in a pan of water over a burner and measure the resistance through the sensor as the water heats up.

Temperature(°C)	50	80	100	120
Resistance(Ω)	154	52	27	16





X-Town250/300 ABS

THERMOSTAT THERMOSTAT REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier.

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear

fender cover A.

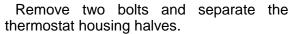
Drain the coolant.

Disconnect the thermosensor wire from the thermosensor.

Disconnect the water hose from the thermostat housing.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the thermostat housing.

Remove the mounting bolt and the thermostat housing from the cylinder head.



Remove the thermostat from the thermostat housing.



Suspend the thermostat in a pan of water over a burner and gradually raise the water temperature to check its operation.

Technical Data

Begins to open	80 ℃
Full-open	85 ℃
Valve lift	3.5~4.5mm

- Do not make the thermostat touch the pan as it will give a false reading.
- Replace the thermostat if the valve stays open at room temperature.

THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION

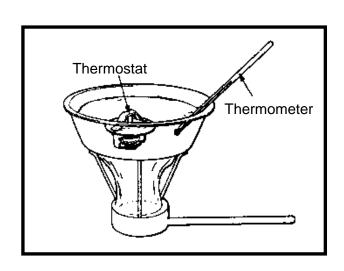
Replace the O-ring with a new one and apply grease to it.

Fill the cooling system with the specified coolant.



Bolts







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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Scooter services can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- Be sure to relieve the fuel pressure before fuel pump or fuel hose removal.
- Bending or twisting the control cables will affect operation and could cause the cables to stick or bind, resulting in loss of vehicle control.
- Work in a fully ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- Do not apply the Carburetor Cleaners to the inside of the throttle body, which is coated with molybdenum.
- Do not snap the throttle valve from fully open to fully close after the throttle cable has been removed; it may cause incorrect idle speed.
- Do not loosen or tighten the painted bolts and screws of the throttle body. Loosening or tighten them can cause throttle and idle valve synchronization failure.
- Seal the cylinder head intake ports with tape or a clean towel to prevent dirt and debris from entering the intake ports after the throttle body has been removed.
- Do not damage the throttle body. It may cause incorrect throttle and idle valve synchronization.
- Do not take the fuel pump on the ground downward.
- Always replace the packing when the fuel pump is removed.
- The electronic fuel injection system is equipped with the self-diagnostic system. If the Check Engine Lamp "CELP" illuminate while riding, follow the self-diagnostic procedures to solve the problem.
- A faulty FI problem is often related to poorly connected or corroded connectors. Check those connections before proceeding.
- When disassembling the fuel injection parts, note the location of the O-rings. Replace them with new ones upon reassembly.
- Do not disconnect the battery negative (-) or positive (+) cable while engine is running, it may cause ECU damage.
- Do not disconnect or connect the ECU connector during the ignition switch "ON"; it may cause the ECU damage.

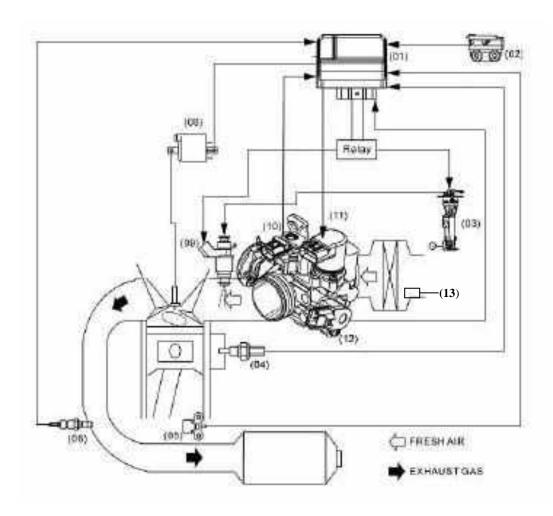


SPECIFICATIONS

I	TEM	SPECIFICATIONS	
Throttle body identification number		ABD2/ACJ2	
Idle speed		1700±100 rpm	
Throttle grip free play	y	$2\sim 6 \text{ mm} (1/16\sim 1/4 \text{ in})$	
Fuel injector resistan	ce (at 20 °C/68 °F)	11.7±0.6Ω	
Fuel pump resistance	Float at full position	1100±33 Ω	
(at $20 \text{C}/68 \text{F}$)	Float at empty position	100±3 Ω	
Fuel pump standard p	pressure (at 40 L/Hr)	294±6 kPa (3 Bar)	
Water to see a section	At -20 °C/-4 °F	18.8 ΚΩ	
Water temperature sensor resistance	At 40 ℃/104 ℉	1.136 ΚΩ	
sensor resistance	At 100 ℃/212 ℉	0.1553 ΚΩ	
Intake pressure senso	r (MAP) pressure (at 1~	$13.332 \text{ kPa} (0.13332 \text{ kgf/ cm}^2, 1.89 \text{ psi}) \sim$	
4.2 V)		119.99 kPa (1.1999 kgf/ cm ² , 17.04 psi)	
Inductive ignition coi	1	Primary: 3.57~4.83Ω	
muucuve igintion coi	11	Secondary: 10.42~14.49KΩ	
Throttle position sens	sor (TPS) resistance (at	$3500\sim6500\Omega$	
20 ℃/68 Ŧ)		3300 -030022	
Crank position sensor voltage (at 200 rpm)		$100 \sim 130\Omega$	
O^2 heater sensor resistance (at 20 °C/68 °F)		$6.7 \sim 9.5 \Omega$ (engine warming condition)	
Tilt switch voltage	Standard	$0.4 \sim 1.4 \text{ V}$	
The switch voltage	Over 65 °(fall down)	3.7~4.4 V	



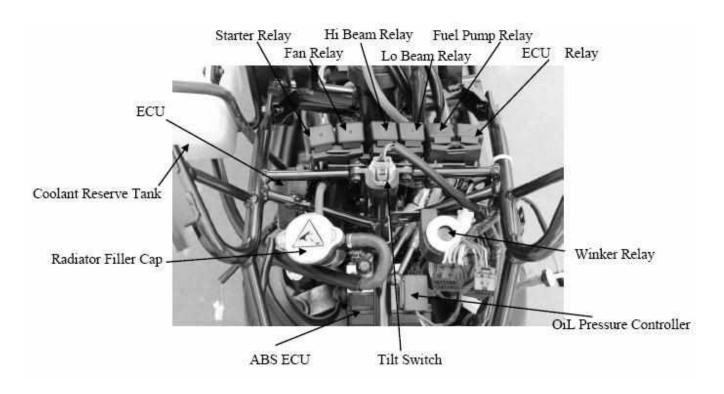
INJECTION SYSTEM DIAGRAM

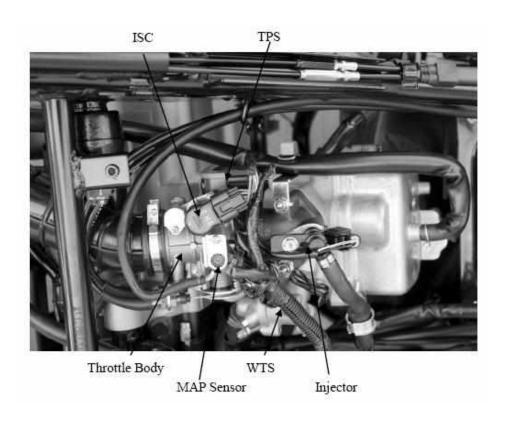


No.	FULL NAME	ABBREVIATIONS
(01)	Electronic control unit	ECU
(02)	Tilt switch (Angle detect sensor)	ROLL
(03)	Fuel pump/Fuel level unit	FP
(04)	Water temperature sensor	WTS sensor
(05)	Crank position sensor (Pulser)	CPS
(06)	Oxygen/Oxygen heater sensor	O^2/O^2 Heat sensor
(08)	Inductive ignition coil	IG
(09)	Fuel injector (Nozzle)	INJ
(10)	Intake pressure sensor	MAP sensor
(11)	Idle air bypass valve	ISC
(12)	Throttle position sensor	TPS
(13)	Intake pressure sensor(air cleaner)	T-MAP (E5 MODEL)

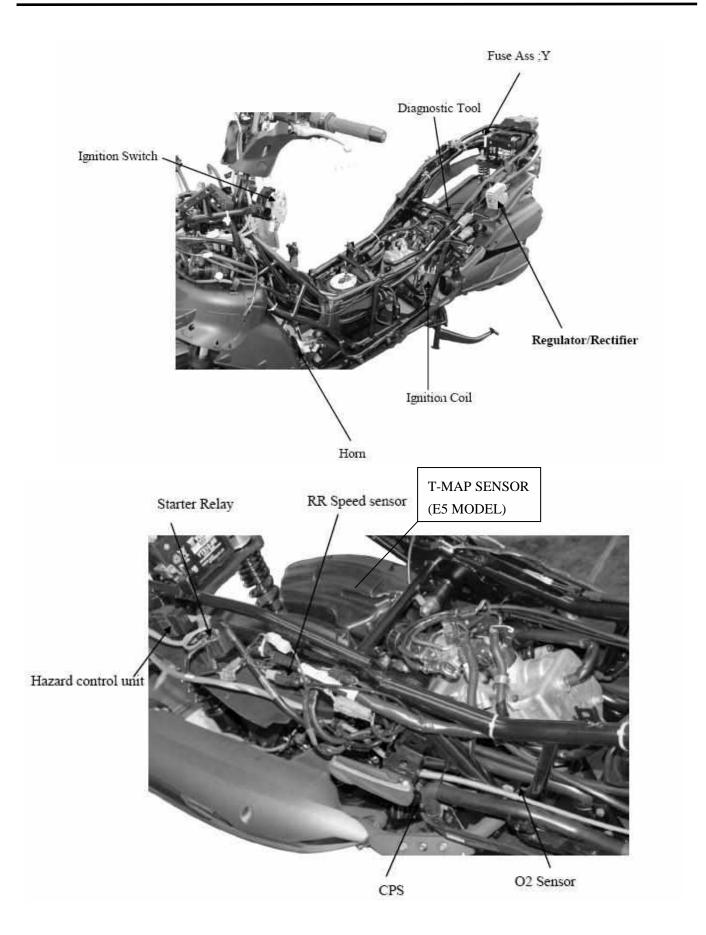


PARTS LOCATION











TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine fail to start

- Intake manifold air leak
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Faulty fuel pump
- Clogged fuel filter, throttle body
- Sticking fuel injector needle
- Faulty fuel pump operating system
- Carbon deposit stayed on the fuel injector
- Spark plug dirty
- Fuel pressure incorrect

Backfiring or misfiring during acceleration

• Ignition system malfunction

Engine stall, hard to start, rough idling

- Intake air leak
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Idle speed fail to adjust
- Fail to perform PTS/ISC reset

Poor performance (drive ability) and poor fuel economy

- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Faulty injector



SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES WITHOUT DIAGNOSTIC TOOL

(APPLY to Euro3 model)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

It can be performed without diagnostics program.

Place the scooter on its main stand.

Put the side stand up and the engine stop switch is at "RUN".

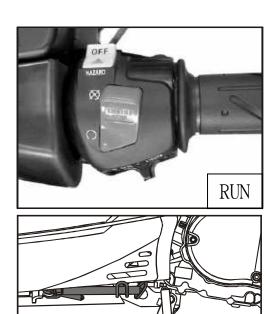
- Turn key to On position.
- The CELP will be lighting all along and then off.
- If the engine has problem, the CELP will blink to show the failure codes.
- There're 12 failure codes for the KEHIN system.

If the vehicle gets more failure codes, the CELP will be blinking from a lower number, then show the higher number after three seconds. All failure codes would be appeared repeatedly.

No matter when the "CELP" illuminated while riding condition, should find out the cause of the problem as soon as possible.

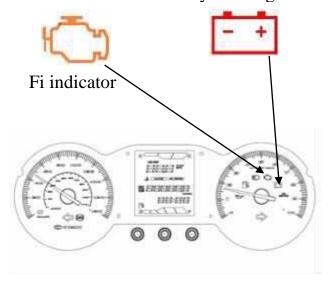
Euro 4/5 Model

- Open the main switch, the CLEP indicator will illuminate always. After starting it will crush out.
- If there is any malfunction, the CLEP indicator will still illuminate,.
 - If the engine has any problem, the CELP will blink to show the failure codes.



Upward side stand

Battery warning indicator





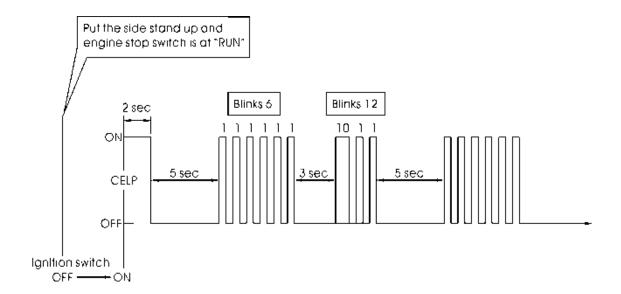
EFI SELF-DIAGNOSIS CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP) FAILURE CODES (APPLY to Euro3 model)

The "CELP" denotes the failure codes. When the indicator lights for one second that is equal to ten.

For example: one longer blink illumination and two shorter blinks (0.5 second x 2) of the indicator is equal to 12 blinks. Follow code 12.

If more than a damaged part has occurred, the "CELP" begins blinking in order.

For example: If the indicator blinks six times, then shows one second illumination and two blinks, so there are two failures have occurred. Follow code 6 and 12.

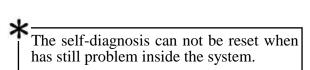


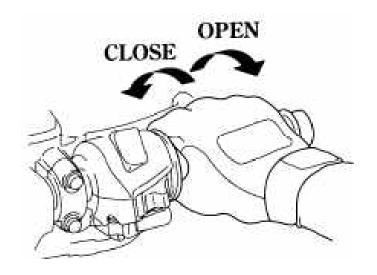


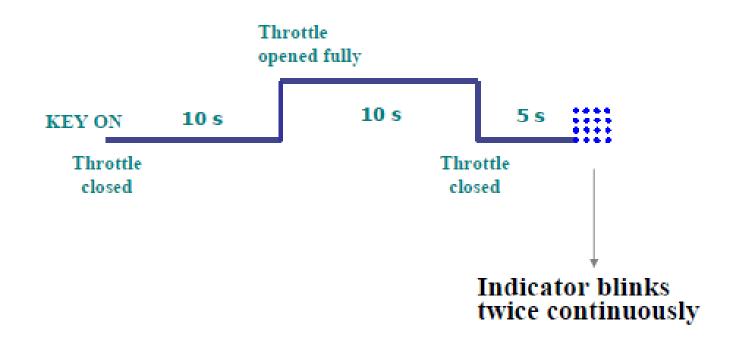
SELF-DIAGNOSIS RESET PROCEDURE

(APPLY to Euro3 model)

- 1. Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".
- 2. Turn the key to the ON position and wait for ten seconds.
- 3. Fully open the throttle and wait for ten seconds.
- 4. Release the throttle.
- 5. The indicator will blink twice (0.5 second) after five seconds quickly.
- 6. Self-diagnosis memory data is disappeared after the CELP lamp is off.









CELP FAILURE CODES LIST

(APPLY to Euro3 model)

Blinks	Failure Codes (diagnostic tool)	Contents	Causes	Symptoms
06	P0120	Faulty TPS	 Faulty TPS voltage range (0.3~4.5 V) Loose or poor connection on TPS Sensor Open or short circuit on the TPS wire Faulty TPS itself. 	Engine operates normally
09	P0105	Faulty MAP	 Faulty MAP voltage range (1~4.2 V) Loose or poor connection on MAP Sensor Open or short circuit on MAP wire Faulty MAP itself 	Engine operates normally
12	P0115	Faulty WTS (water temperature)	 Faulty ECT Ω range (-20 ℃: 18.8 Ω/40 ℃: 1.136 Ω/100 ℃: 0.1553 Ω) Loose or poor connection on ECT Open or short circuit on ECT wire Faulty ECT 	Engine operates normally
15	P1630	Faulty Tilt switch (Roll)	 Faulty Tilt switch voltage range (inclined angle <65 ° 0.4~1.4 V/ Inclined angle >65 ° 3.7~4.4 V) Loose or poor connection on Tilt switch Open or short circuit in Tilt switch wire Faulty tilt switch 	Engine operates normally
17	P0130	Faulty O ² sensor	 Faulty O² sensor voltage range (A/F below 14.7: > 0.7V/ A/F over 14.7: < 0.18 V) Loose or poor connection on O² sensor Open or short circuit on O² sensor wire Faulty O² sensor 	Engine operates normally
33	P0201	Faulty injector (Nozzle)	 Faulty Fuel injector Ω range (9.945~13.5 Ω) Loose or poor connection on injector Open or short circuit on injector wire Faulty fuel injector 	Engine fail to be operated



Blinks	Failure Codes (diagnostic tool)	Contents	Causes	Symptoms
37	P0351	Faulty inductive ignition coil	 Faulty Inductive ignition coil Ω range (4.2 Ω ±15%) Loose or poor connection on inductive ignition coil Open or short circuit on inductive ignition coil wire Faulty inductive ignition coil 	Engine fail to be operated
41	P0230	Faulty fuel pump	 Faulty Fuel pump Ω range (F:1100±33 Ω E:100±3 Ω) Loose or poor connection on fuel pump Open or short circuit on fuel pump wire Faulty fuel pump 	Engine fail to be operated
43	P0480	Fan relay	• Fan relay fault	Fan is not moving
45	P0135	Faulty O ² sensor heater	 Faulty O² sensor heater Ω range (6.7 Ω~9.5 Ω) Loose or poor connection on O² sensor heater Open or short circuit on O² sensor heater wire Faulty O² sensor heater 	Engine starts normally but not smooth
49	P1505	Faulty ISC	Loose or poor contacts on ISCOpen or short circuit in ISC wireFaulty ISC	Engine operates normally
66	P0335	Faulty CPS	 Loose or poor connection on CPS sensor Open or short circuit on CPS wire Faulty CPS sensor 	Engine starts normally but not smooth



CELP FAILURE CODES LIST

(APPLY to Euro4/5 model)

NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
1	P0603	Control module (ECU / PCU) internal error	Control module error	CPU error or Sub CPU communication error. Reading value and writing value in data are different.
2	P0335	Crankshaft position sensor	Crank sensor signals	A period of no signal from the sensor is = or > Counter to judge CRK sensor open circuit malfunction
3	P0117	Engine	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or < TW sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TW sensor malfunction (low voltage).
4	P0115	coolant temperatur e sensor	Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > TW sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TW sensor malfunction (high voltage).
5	P0107	Manifold	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or < PM sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm PM1 sensor malfunction (low voltage).
6	P0105	absolute pressure sensor	Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > PM sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm PM sensor malfunction (high voltage).
7	P0130	O2 sensor (binary / linear) signals	Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > HEGO sensor voltage to judge the open circuit and a period is = or > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (high voltage).



NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
8	P0131	O2 sensor (binary / linear) signals	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (low voltage).
9	P0120	Throttle position	Too low input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or < TH sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TH sensor malfunction(low voltage)
10	P0123	sensor	Too high input voltage	The sensor input is = or > TH sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TH sensor malfunction(high voltage)
11	P0500	Vehicle speed sensor	Vehicl e speed sensor signals	A period of no signal from the sensor is = or > Timer to confirm VSP malfunction when the NE is= or > Lower NE to judge VSP malfunction
12	P0201	Fuel injector	The injector circuit malfun ction	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm INJ1 malfunction.
13	P0351	Ignition coil primary control circuits	The ignitio n coil circuit malfun ction	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm IG1 malfunction.
14	P0511	Idle air	The ISC	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm ISC motor malfunction
15	P1505	control system	circuit malfun ction	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm ISC circuit malfunction(high or low voltage)



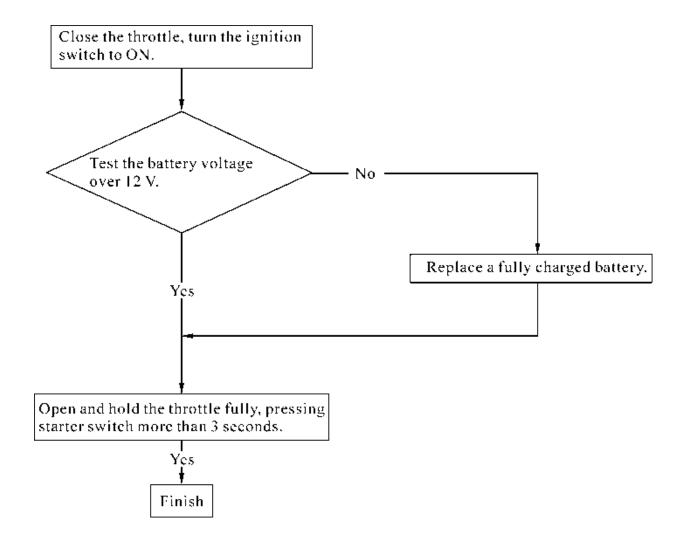


NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
16	P0030	O2 sensor	Control module error	A period of the circuit malfunction is > Timer to confirm HG heater for #1 malfunction (low voltage)
17	P0032	heater	Crank sensor signals	A period of the circuit malfunction is > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (high voltage).
18	P0230	Fuel pump relay	The fuel pump relay circuit malfun ction	A period of the circuit malfunction is \geq Timer to confirm fuel pump relay valve malfunction
19	P0480	Cooling fan relay	The cooling fan relay circuit malfun ction	A period of the circuit malfunction is \geq Timer to confirm cooling fan relay valve malfunction
20	P1205	Manifold pressure sensor passage open	Manifo ld pressur e sensor passag e open	A period of the circuit malfunction is \geq Timer to confirm MPS valve malfunction
21	P1630	Rollover	Too low input voltage Too high input voltage	The sensor input is \leq ROL and a period is \geq ROLL The sensor input is \geq ROL and a period is \geq ROLL



SPARK PLUG ANTI-FLOOD

When have not failure code occurs and pressing starter switch repeatedly, can still not start the engine, maybe the spark plug is wet by fuel, perform the spark plug anti-flood to purge the fuel in the engine.





TPS/ISC RESET

(APPLY to Euro3 model)

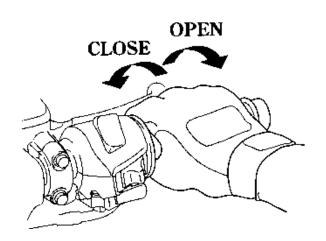
- If close or open the throttle grip randomly, the ECU may record the incorrect TPS when the ECU or the throttle body has been reinstalled. It can cause hard to start engine or idling speed is not smooth when engine installation.
- ISC has a motor inside, which controls ISC valve to obtain smooth idling speed. The ECU may record the incorrect ISC position during the engine speed isn't working when the ECU or the throttle body has been reinstalled. It can cause engine stop, hard to start engine or rough idling speed.

The throttle position sensor (TPS) and idle air bypass valve (ISC) have to be reset when throttle body, MAP, TPS, ISC or ECU has been reinstalled.

TPS/ISC RESET PROCEDURE

- 1. Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".
- 2. Turn the key to the OFF position.
- 3. Fully open the throttle and hold.
- 4. Turn the key to the ON position.
- 5. Release the throttle after waiting for eight seconds.
- 6. Turn the key to the OFF position.
- 7. Waiting for two seconds
- 8. Turn the key to the ON position.
- 9. Waiting for two seconds
- 10.TPS and ISC have been reset successfully.

If fail to reset, repeat the steps from 1 to 10.





FUEL PUMP

INSPECTIION

Put the side stand up and the engine stop switch is at "RUN"

Disconnect the fuel pump/fuel unit connector.

Connect the multimeter (+) probe to the Red/Black terminal and the multi-meter (-) probe to the Green terminal.

Turn the ignition switch to "ON" and measure the voltage between the terminals.

It should be shown the current battery voltage for a few seconds.

If there is still battery voltage, replace the fuel pump.

If there is not any battery voltage, inspect the following:

- Fuse B (10 A)
- Fuel cut-off relay
- ECU

Measure the resistance between the Red/Black and Green terminals of the fuel pump side connector.

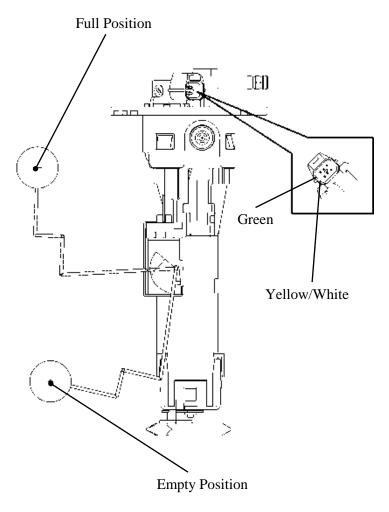
Standard (at 20 °C/68 °F): 1.9 ± 0.3 Ω

Fuel level sensor inspection

Measure the resistance between the Yellow/White and Green terminals of the fuel pump side connector.

Standard (at 20 C/68 F):

Float at full position	1100±33 Ω
Float at empty position	100±3 Ω



REMOVAL

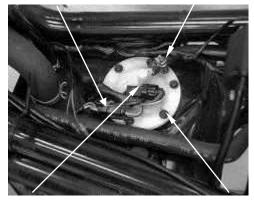
Disconnect the connector and fuel band from the fuel pump.

Remove the six screws onto the fuel pump.

Remove the fuel pump and O-ring.

Fuel Pump Connector

Hose band



Connector

Screw

INSTALLATION

Replace a new O-ring on the fuel tank. Don't damage the fuel pump wire and ensure the connector rearward carefully.

Torque: 0.35 kgf-m (3.5 N-m, 2.5 lbf-ft)



O-ring

FUEL OUTPUT PRESSURE INSPECTIION

Turn the key to the OFF position.

Use the fuel hose clamp.

Disconnect the fuel hose from the fuel injector.

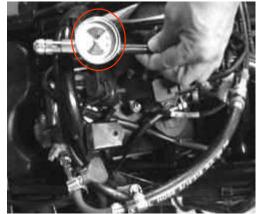
Connect the fuel pressure gauge.

Turn the key to the ON position.

Check the fuel pressure.

Standard: 3.0 Bar





If the fuel output pressure is less than 3.0 bar, may fail to start the engine or in trouble in case of riding.



FUEL CUT-OFF RELAY

INSPECTION

Remove the fuel cut-off relay.

Connect the ohmmeter to the fuel cut-off relay connector terminals.

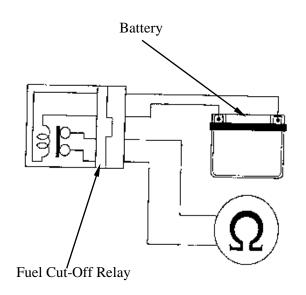
Connection: Black – Red/Black

Connect 12 V battery with the fuel cut-off relay connector.

Connection: Blue/Black - Black

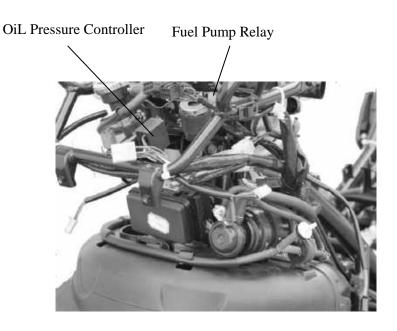
There should be continuity only when 12 V battery connected.

If there is not continuity when the 12 V battery is connected, replace a fuel cut-off relay.



REMOVAL

Disconnect the fuel cut-off relay connector and remove it from frame.





TILT SWITCH

INSPECTION

Support the scooter level surface.

Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

Turn the ignition switch to "OFF" Remove the screws, washers and tilt switch.

Do not disconnect the tilt switch connector during inspection.

Place the tilt switch vertical as shown, and turn the ignition switch to "ON".

Measure the voltage between the following terminals of the tilt switch connector with the connector connected.

Terminal	Normal
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	$0.4 \sim 1.4 \text{ V}$

Incline the tilt switch 65 ± 10 degrees to the left or right with the ignition switch turned to "ON".

Measure the voltage between the following terminals of the tilt switch connector with the connector connected.

Terminal	Normal
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	3.7~4.4 V

If repeat this test, first turn the ignition switch to "OFF", then turn the ignition switch to "ON".

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

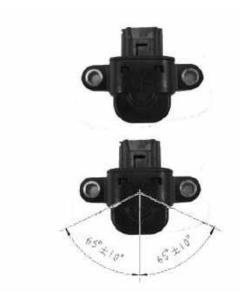
Disconnect the connector and remove two screws.

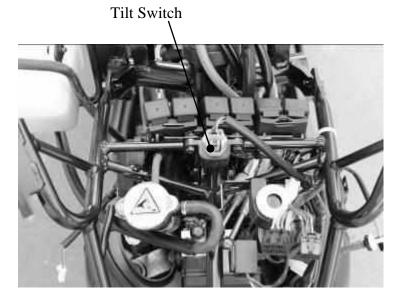
Remove the Tilt switch.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Install the tilt switch with its "UP" mark facing up.

Tighten the mounting screws securely.





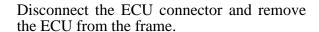


ELECTRIC CONTROL UNIT (ECU)

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



- Do not disconnect or connect the ECU connector during the ignition switch "ON"; it may cause the ECU damaged.
- The throttle position sensor (TPS) and idle air bypass valve (ISC) have to be reset when throttle body, MAP, TPS, ISC or ECU has been reinstalled.



Installation is in the reverse order of the removal.



ECU



INSPECTION

Disconnect and remove the ECU from the frame.

Check for continuity between pin 9 and 10 of the ECU side connector.

There should be continuity at all times.

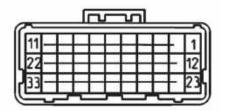
Check for continuity between each pins 2, 23 and 4 of the ECU side connector.

There should be continuity at all times.

Check for continuity between pin 4 and 10of the ECU side connector.

There should be no continuity at all times.



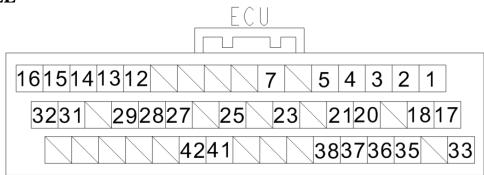


ECU PIN FUNCTION

PIN NO.	NAME	FUNCTION	PIN NO.	NAME	FUNCTION
1	IGP	Ignition power	18	MIL	Multi indicator lamp (ECLP)
2	LG	Logic ground	19	FLPR	Fuel pump relay
3	HEGO	HEGO sensor	20	ISCBP	Idle speed control (ISC) B (+)
4	SG	Sensor ground	21	ISCAP	Idle speed control (ISC) A (+)
5	TH	Throttle position sensor	22	HEGO HT	HEGO HT sensor (O2 HT sensor)
6	VCC	Sensor power output (+5V)	23	CRK-M	Crank pulse sensor ground
7	BATT	Battery	24	TW	Water temperature sensor
8	FAN	FAN RELAY	25	_	_
9	PG1	Power ground 1	26	ROLL	Roll sensor
10	PG2	Power ground 2	27	PM	Manifold pressure sensor (Intake pressure sensor)
11	IG	Ignition coil	28	SOL	
12	CRK-P	Crank pulse sensor	39	_	
13	_	_	30	K-LINE	Diagnostic tool
14		_	31	ISCBN	Idle speed control (ISC) / B (-)
15	TEST		32	ISCAN	Idle speed control (ISC) / A (-)
16	INJ	Injection	33	NE	Meter
17	_	_			



E5 MODEL



PIN NO.	NAME	FUNCTION	PIN NO.	NAME	FUNCTION
01	IGP	IGNITION POWER	19	SW_IN2	SWITCH INPUT 2:GND-OPEN
02	LG	LOGIC GROUND	20	ROLL	ROLL SENSOR
0.3	FAN	FAN RELAY	21	TH	THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR
0.4	CAN H	CAN HIGH	22	HEGO-R	HEGO SENSOR REAR INPUT
0.5	CAN L	CAN LOW	23	VSP2	VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2 INPUT
06	OUT_INDI	INDICATOR OUTPUT I	24	VSPI	VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR I INPUT
0.7	CRK-M	CRANK PULSE SENSOR GND	25	CRK-P	CRANK PULSE SENSOR
08	SW_INI	SWITCH INPUT I:GND-OPEN	26	RLY_OUTI	RELAY OUTPUT I
0.9	HEGO-HT_R	HEGO HEATER REAR OUTPUT	27	ISCBN	IDEL SPEED CONTROL / B
10	-	-	28	ISCAN	IDLE SPEED CONTROL / A
11	-	-	29	ISCBP	IDEL SPEED CONTROL B
12	HEGO-HT_F	HEGO HEATER FRONT OUTPUT	30	MIL	MULTI INDICATOR LAMP
13	INJ	INJECTION	31	PG2	POWER GROUND 2
14	ISCAP	IDEL SPEED CONTROL A	32	16	IGNITION COIL
15	PGI	POWER GROUND I	33	VBU	BACK UP VOLTAGE INPUT
16	FLPR	FUEL PUMP RELAY	34	SW_IN3	SWITCH INPUT 3:GND-OPEN
17	VCC	SENSOR POWER OUTPUT(+5V)	35	TA	AIR TEMP. SENSOR
18	SG	SENSOR GROUND	36	TW	WATER TEMP. SENSOR

PIN NO.	NAME	FUNCTION
37	O2 F_GND	HEGO SENSOR FRONT GND INPUT
38	02-F	HEGO SENSOR FRONT INPUT
39	O2 R_GND	HEGO SENSOR REAR GND INPUT
40	-	-
41	SW_IN4	SWITCH INPUT 4:GND-OPEN
42	PA	ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT
43	PM	MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR
44	METER	METER OUTPUT
45	OUT_IND2	INDICATOR OUTPUT 2
46	RLY_OUT2	RELAY OUTPUT 2
47	SOL_OUT!	SOLENOID OUTPUT I
48	AISV	AIR INJECTION OUTPUT



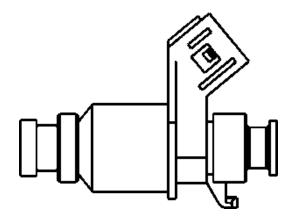
FUEL INJECTOR

fuel injector connector.

INSPECTION

Disconnect the fuel injector connector. Measure the resistance between 2 pins of the

Standard: 11.7 \pm 0.6 Ω (at 20 \times 68 \oplus 7)



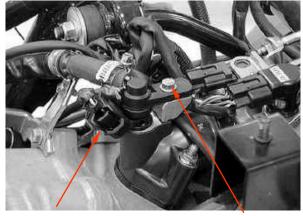
REMOVAL

Disconnect the connector from the fuel injector.

Remove the bolt of the fuel injector.

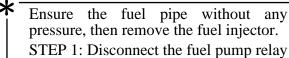
Take out of the fuel pipe and fuel injector from the Inlet pipe.

Remove the fuel injector from the fuel pipe.



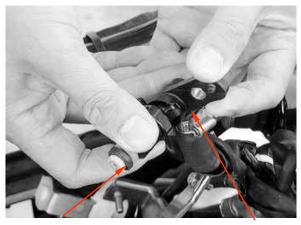
Connector

Bolt



or fuel pump connector.

STEP 2: Turn the key to the ON position. Starting the engine till the engine stop working.



O-ring

Fuel Injector



INSTALLATION

Apply the engine oil to a new O-ring. Install the fuel injector into the fuel pipe. Ensure the tab of the fuel injector inserted into the groove of the fuel pipe.





Tab

Install the fuel pipe into the intake manifold by aligning the dowel pin.

Be careful not to damage the O-ring. Tighten the fuel pipe mounting bolt.

FUEL INJECTOR CLEANING

PROBLEM

- 1. Fuel Injector cannot output the fuel.
- 2. The Injector injection time (ms) is shorter or longer.

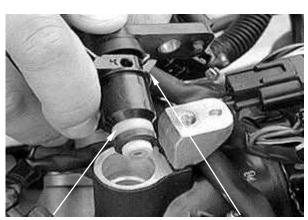
Standard: < 1.6ms

ANALYSIS

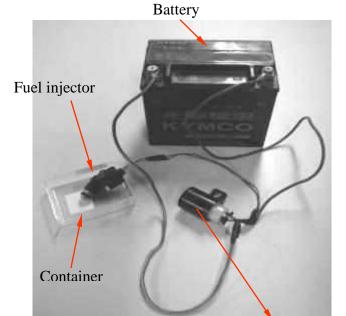
Injector block (With some carbons).

TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. Use the specified injector cleaner.
- 2. Pouring the liquid of carburetor cleaner until half container.
- 3. Connect the battery as picture.
- 4. The injector cleaner with the flash relay.
- 5. Keeping the fuel Injector operation.
- 6. Waiting for 20~30 minutes.
- 7. Cleaning the carbons completely.



O-ring Dowel Pin



Flash Relay

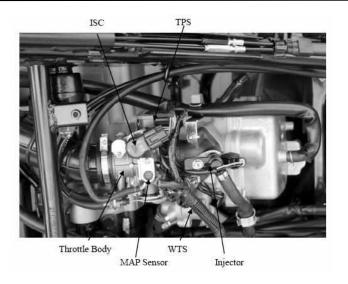


WTS SENSOR (Water Temperature Sensor)

REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

Drain the coolant from the cooling system. Disconnect the WTS sensor connector from the sensor.

Remove the WTS sensor and O-ring.



Install a new O-ring and WTS sensor.



Always replace an O-ring with a new one.

Tighten the WTS sensor to the specified torque.

Torque: 1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 8.6 lbf-ft)

Connect the WTS sensor connector.

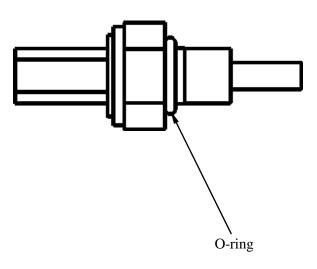
Fill the cooling system with the recommended coolant.

INSPECTION

Measure the resistance at the WTS sensor terminals.

STANDARD

\mathbf{C}	-20	40	100
ΚΩ	18.8	1.136	0.1553





O² SENSOR

The O^2 sensor issues signal to ECU when the temperature is over 350 °C during the engine is working.

The temperature is up to 350 °C earlier than the muffler for O² heater sensor. So the O² sensor begins performance.

sensor begins performance. The function of O^2 sensor only controls the fuel injector operation.



INSPECTION

Disconnect the O² sensor connector.

Measure the resistance between each White wire terminals of the O² sensor side connector.

Standard: 7.7 \pm 1.2 Ω (at 20 $\mathbb{C}/68 \,\mathbb{F}$)

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Disconnect the O^2 sensor connector and then remove it from exhaust muffler.

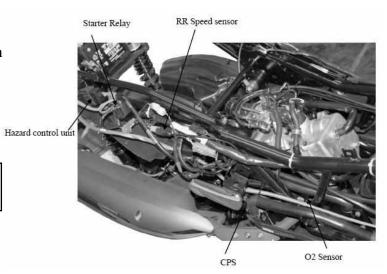
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Apply anti-seize compound on the surface of thread area before O^2 sensor

Tighten the O^2 sensor to specified torque.

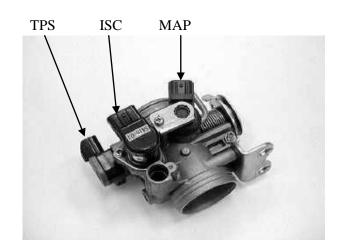
Torque: 2.5 kgf-m (25 N-m, 18 lbf-ft)





THROTTLE BODY/MAP/ISC/TPS

- Turn off the ignition switch while replacement.
- Check and confirm if the voltage is over 12V by a voltmeter after replacement.
- Check and confirm if the other connectors are installed correctly after replacement.
- Do not damage the throttle body, it may cause the throttle and idle valve isn't synchronization.
- The throttle body is preset in KYMCO factory, do not disassemble it by a wrong way.
- Do not loosen or tighten the painted bolts and screws for the throttle body. Loosen or tighten them can cause the throttle and idle valve to synchronization failure.
- TPS and ISC have to be reset after the throttle body MAP, TPS, ISC or ECU has been reinstalled.



MAP INSPECTION

Support the scooter on a level surface.

Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

Turn the ignition switch to "ON" position.

Measure if the ECU voltage outputs to the MAP between the following terminals of the MAP connector.

Terminal	Normal
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V



TPS INSPECTION

Support the scooter on a level surface.

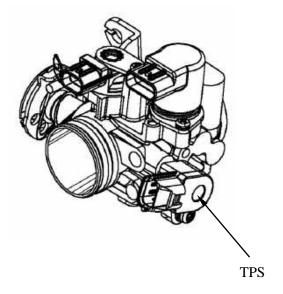
Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

Turn the ignition switch to "ON".

Measure if the ECU voltage outputs to TPS between the following terminals of the TPS connector.

Terminal	Normal
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V

Throttle position sensor (TPS) resistance (at 20 °C/68 °F) 3500~6500 Ω

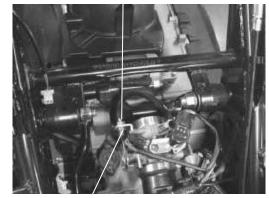


REMOVAL

Loosen the throttle cables with the adjusting nuts.

Disconnect the throttle cable ends from throttle seat.

Cable Ends



Adjusting Nuts

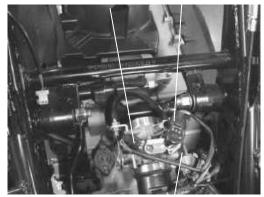
Disconnect the TPS, ISC and MAP sensor connectors.

Loosen the air cleaner connecting hose band screw

Loosen the intake manifold band screw.

Remove the throttle body, MAP sensor, TPS sensor and ISC sensor as a set.

ISC Sensor MAP Sensor



TPS Sensor

DISASSEMBLY

*

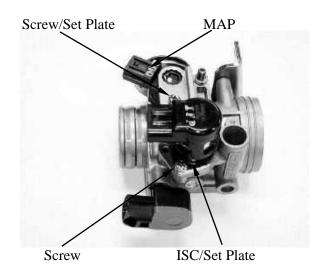
The throttle position sensor (TPS) and idle air bypass valve (ISC) have to be reset when the throttle body MAP, TPS, ISC or ECU has been reinstalled.

Remove the screw and then remove the ISC and set plate.

Remove the screw and set plate.

Remove the MAP

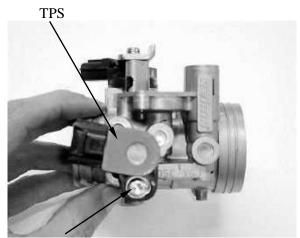
Remove the screw AND then remove the TPS.



ASSEMBLY



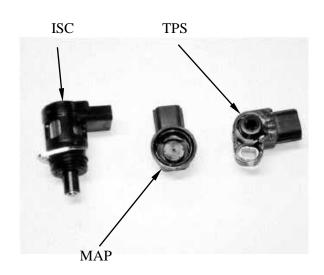
The throttle position sensor (TPS) and idle air bypass valve (ISC) have to reset when the throttle body MAP, TPS, ISC or ECU has been reinstalled.



Screw

Apply oil onto a new O-ring.

When install the TPS onto the throttle body, being careful not to damage the O-ring. Install and tighten the screw securely.





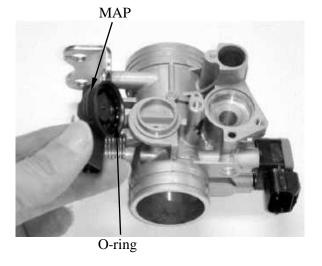
Apply oil onto a new O-ring.

When install the MAP onto the throttle body, being careful not to damage the O-ring.

*

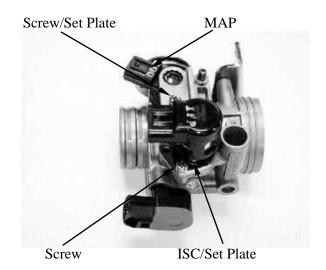
Always replace an O-ring with a new one.

Install the set plate and tighten the screw securely.



Apply oil onto a new O-ring.

When install the ISC and set plate onto the throttle body, being careful not to damage the O-ring.





T-MAP Inspection (E5 MODEL)

Unplug the T-MAP sensor connector.

Support the scooter on a level surface.

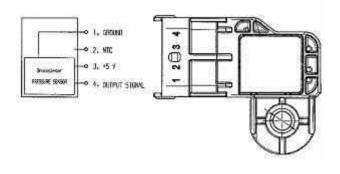
Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

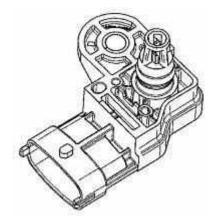
Turn the ignition switch to "ON" position.



Measure if the ECU voltage outputs to the T-MAP between the following terminals of the T-MAP connector.

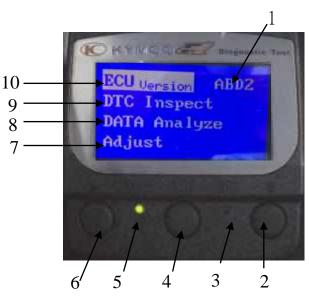
Terminal	Normal
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V







FI DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS 3620A-LEB2-E00



KYMCO FI Diagnostic English Version: V1.0.A4⁰² KYMCO R&D EMS

- 1 Model No.
- 2 Down Button
- 3 DTC indicator (Failure codes)
- 4 Enter or Exit
- 5 Power indicator

- 6 UP Button
- 7 Adjust(TIP and ABV re function)
- 8 DATA Analyze
- 9 DTC Inspect
- 10 ECU Version

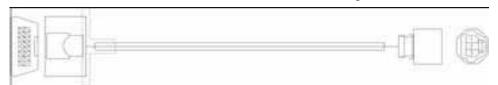
Note: For EURO 4 models

Use the Sub cord, OBD diagnostics connecter (part number:36205-LGC6-E00) to connect between vehicle and diagnostic tool.



To: Vehicle

To Diagnostic tool





Note: For EURO 5 models

Use the Sub cord, OBD diagnostics, CAN LINKER(3620A-LGC7-E00), connecter (part number:36205-LFA7-E00) to connect between vehicle and diagnostic tool.

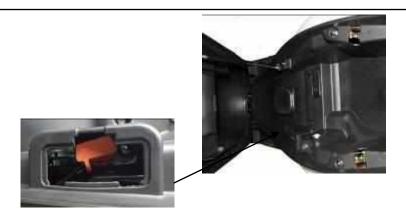


FI DIAGNOSTIC TOOL

- This tool is developed by KYMCO and for KYMCO vehicle only.
- Please refer to the specification when serving this vehicle.
- This tool is without battery inside. The power is provided from vehicle.
- This software can be updated with computer for new model through the USB cable. The power required of tool is connected with 12V battery.
- For connection, please connect this tool with the connector of ECU. It's available when turning on the ignition switch.
- The side stand must be upward when serving the diagnostic procedure.
- The function includes ECU version, model name, data analysis and reset.
 - ECU version: includes model name, ECU number, identifications number and software version.
 - Failure codes: DTC reading, DTC clearing and troubleshooting.
 - Data analysis: For ECU's software inspection.
 - Reset: For the setting function adjustment.

Connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness wire in the luggage box.

- *Fi diagnostic tool is electrically After Connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness,
 - •The data can only be read after the main switch is turned on



DTC INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Showing four functions on the screen when switching on power.



A). ECU version: Including of model name, ECU number, identifications number and software version.

Press the "Enter" button





B). Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.

Then Press the "Down" button.



C). Press the "Enter" button to check the DTC failure code



D). Press the "Down "button





E). Press the "Enter" button



F). Press the "Down" button



F). Display what's DTC number on this DTC-List.





G) Press the "Down" button



H)Press the "Enter" button



I)Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page.





J)Press the "UP" button



K)Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page



L)Press the " UP " button





M)Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page



N)Press the "UP" button and the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.



DTC CLEAR PROCEDURE

A). Check the DTC



B). Press the "Enter" button



C). Press the "Down " button Choose "DTC Clear"



D). Press the "Enter" button, Clearing DTC completed if the indicator is off.



The indicator



DATA ANALYSIS PROCEDURE

A). Press the "Down "twice, Choose "Data Analyze" Press the "Enter "button to enter page 01



B).Down-page 01

The measure figures including of Engine speed, Battery voltage and DTC number.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 02.



c). Down-page 02

The measure figures including of TPS and Intake.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 03.







D). Down-page 03

The measure figures including of Atom pressure, Injection duration and Ign. Advance.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 04.



E). Down-page 04

The measure figures including of Engine temp and O2 sensor. Press the "Down" button to enter page 05.



F). Down-page 05

The measure figures including of ISC target, ISC step and ISC learn step. Press the "Down" button to enter page 06.





G). Down-page 06

The measure figures including of ISC motor state. Press the "Down" button to enter page 07.



I). Down-page 07

The measure figures including of rollover sensor.



J). Press the "UP" to the previous page.





ADJUST (CO SET)

A) Press the "Down "thrice, Choose "Adjust"



B) Press the "Enter" button to enter page "CO Adjust"



C) Press the " Down " button and " Enter " button . Then you can adjust co set. (Suggestion Value:- $5\sim5$)





Vehicle can not be started – Handling method (Steps)

Preliminary Checking: 6 basic inspection

- 1. Is the battery with voltage (12 V or higher)
- 2. Key-On and listen for any action with Fuel Pump / Fuel Pump Relay (It will turn off automatically in 5-10 seconds)
- 3. Key-On to check for any failure lamp light up on dashboard.
- 4. Is the Idle screw of Throttle Valve being changed or loose?
- 5. Has the vehicle under regular service? Is the gas station a good one?
- 6. Is the spark plug the correct model of specified by the vehicle builder?

Vehicle can not be started?

Check for any Failure code. (Failure Lamp on / How to tell the Failure code? Turn on power to see if the engine inspection / failure lamp off? If it flashes continuously or light up for long time, the vehicle is at failure → read the Failure Code?



Manual Trouble Shooting Procedure(E3 MODEL)

How to read DTC from speedometer?

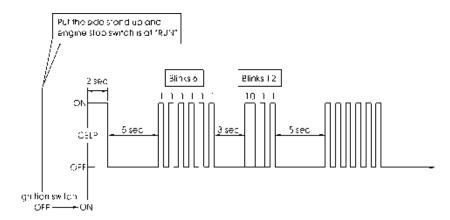
New Phase 5 Fuel Injection Engine Vehicle DTC Reading:

Automatic indication – ECU upgrade version (with Oxygen sensor): Reading DTC from speedometer directly.

Key On→ light off in 2 seconds. When the engine inspection lamp is light up again, it starts to deliver failure code. If no show, there is without any failure.

Note:

- 1. The "CELP" denotes the failure codes. When the indicator lights for 1 second it is equivalent 10 blinks. For example, a 1 second illumination and two blinks (0.5 second x 2) of the indicator equals 12 blinks. Refer to DTC 12.
- 2. If more than one failure occurs, the "CELP" shows the blinks in the occurred order. For example, if the indicator blinks 6 times, then shows one second illumination and two blinks, two failures have occurred. Refer to DTC 6 and DTC 12.



After excluding trouble, how the DTC can be cleared? Confirm the failure is excluded.

- Turn on power but maintain not stated and keep the engine inspection lamp light up for 4 cycles. If it is off automatically, it means the historical DTC is cleared automatically.
- Use diagnosis tool: clear Historical Failure code
- Check again to confirm DTC is excluded.
 Turn on power again. When there is no residual historical failure cod. Start the engine and if





			300 E4 Diagnostic	Eng. No:	T
SF : Production Date :		Custome	Customer:		
		Service 1	Date :	Mileage:	
Reas	on of repair: maintenar	nce 🗌 bre	eakdown		
	Item	Date	Reference		Memo
_	ECU No		ABD2		
ECU Version	Hardware Ver				
	Software Ver		KYSGD321		
	Calibration Ver		ABD2-BABB		
	Active				
DTC	Occurred				
()	History				
	DTC Number				
	Throttle Position(%)		< 1.00%	Full Throttle: >93	3%
Co	Throttle Position Voltage (V)		0.60±0.1 V	Full Throttle Vol	tage: >3.78V
01 H	Engine Temp.(°C)		Environ.temp ±1.6 ℃		
(Cool Engine) EngineStop	Atom. Pressure(Kpa)		101.3 ±3 kPa		nt goes up at an elevation of 1000 sphere pressure goes down 12kpa.
Eng	Battery Voltage(V)		>12 V		
jine	O2 Sensor Voltage(V)		5±0.1 V		
Sto	Roll Sensor State		ON(stand)		
ď	Spark plug Type		DPR6EA-9		
	CO Set		0	Original Setting:	0
	Engine speed (rpm)		1700 ±100 rpm		Engine Temp. > 80 °C
(Hot Engine)	Intake Pressure(Kpa)		34.0~40.0 kpa		
Er	Engine Temp.(°C)		${\mathcal C}$		
ıgir	Fuel Inject Interval(ms)		1.5~2.75ms		
ıe)	Ignition Timing (°)		8 ~ 15 BTDC		
Ве	Battery Voltage(V)		>13 V		
for	O2 Sensor Voltage(V)		0.05~0.90 V		
Before Repair	O2 Correction		0.85~1.2		
eps	ISC Step (step)		95±20		
ir	IDLE CO(%)		0.3~1.5%	Before muffler	
	CO Set		0	Suggestion Value	e:-5~5
	Engine speed (rpm)		$1700 \pm 100 \text{rpm}$	Following data E	Engine Temp. $> 80 \mathrm{C}$
(Hc	Intake Pressure(Kpa)		34.0~40.0 kpa		
(Hot Engine) After Repair	Engine Temp.(°C)		\mathbb{C}		
	Fuel Inject Interval(ms)		1.5~2.75ms		
	Ignition Timing (9)		8 ~ 15 BTDC		
	Battery Voltage(V)		>13 V		
	O2 Sensor Voltage(V)		0.05~0.90 V		
	O2 Correction		0.85~1.2		
epa	ISC Step (step)		95±20		
air	IDLE CO(%)		0.3~1.5%	Before muffler	
	CO Set		0	Suggestion Value	e:-5~5



X-Town250/300 ABS

SF:		Custome	r:	Eng. No:	
	uction Date :	Service I		Mileage:	
Reason of repair: maintenan			<u> </u>		
icas	Item	Date	Reference		Memo
	ECU No	Date	ABD2		Memo
∠ ⊢	Hardware Ver		ADD2		
ECU Version	Software Ver		KYA01TW211100502		
	Calibration Ver		E5ABD2EUAA		
	Active		ESABDZEUAA		
Ų	Occurred			1	
DTC				1	
	History			1	
	Idle Speed Set point (RPM)		. 1.000/	E 11 751	207 (2.7. 437)
	Throttle Position(%) Throttle Position Voltage (V)		< 1.00% 0.60±0.1 V	Full Throttle: >93	3%(3.7~4V)
	ISCAdapMean (°)		0.00±0.1 V	+	
	Engine Temp.(°C)		Environ.temp ±2 °C	1	
	Air Temp.(℃)		Environ.temp ±5 °C	When the heigh	t goes up at an elevation of 1
	Atom. Pressure(Kpa)		101.3 ±3 kPa		sphere pressure goes down 12kp
	Battery Voltage(V)		>11.5 V	meters, the terms	sphere pressure goes down 12kp
	Roll Sensor State		OFF	ON(Over 65 °)	
	Roll Sensor Signal		0.8±0.3V		
	Spark plug Type		DPR6EA-9		
	Engine speed (rpm)		1700 ±100 rpm	Following data E	Engine Temp. > 80 ℃
Ŧ	Intake Pressure(Kpa)		34.0~40.0 kpa		
(Hot Engine)	Engine Temp.(°C)		C ,		
En	Air Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)		Environ.temp		
gin	Fuel Inject Interval(ms)		2~3ms		
	Ignition Timing (°)		8 ~ 15 BTDC		
Before Repair	Battery Voltage(V)		>13 V		
ore	O2 Sensor Voltage(V)		1.5~2.5 V		
R	O2 sensor heater (Yes/no)		YES		
pa	O2 Correction		0.85~1.2		l l
₽.	ISC Step (step)		95±20		
	IDLE CO(%)		0.3~1.5%	Before muffler	
	Engine speed (rpm)		1700 ±100 rpm	Following data E	Engine Temp. > 80 °C
<u> </u>	Intake Pressure(Kpa)		34.0~40.0 kpa		
ot	Engine Temp.(°C)		C		
En	Air Temp.(℃)		Environ.temp		
(Hot Engine) After Repair	Fuel Inject Interval(ms)		2~3ms		
	Ignition Timing (9		8 ~ 15 BTDC		
	Battery Voltage(V)		>13 V		
	O2 Sensor Voltage(V)		1.5~2.5 V		
Rej	O2 sensor heater (Yes/no)		YES		
pai	O2 Correction		0.85~1.2		
7	ISC Step (step)		95±20		
	IDLE CO(%)		0.3~1.5%	Before muffler	



14

HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/ FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/STEERING STEM

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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Remove the motorcycle frame covers before removing the front wheel, steering handlebar, front shock absorber and front fork. Jack the motorcycle front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the motorcycle from falling down.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Axle shaft runout		0.2 mm (0.008 in)
Brake disk thickness	$3.8 \sim 4.2 (0.15 \sim 0.165)$	0.3 mm (0.012 in)
Brake disk runout		_
Brake master cylinder I.D.	$12.7 \sim 12.74 (0.508 \sim 0.5096)$	
Brake master cylinder piston O.D.	$12.65 \sim 12.68 (0.506 \sim 0.5072)$	_
Brake caliper piston O.D.	$26.93 \sim 26.96 (1.0602 \sim 1.0614)$	_
Brake caliper cylinder I.D.	$27 \sim 27.05 (1.063 \sim 1.065)$	

TORQUE VALUES

Handlebar lock nut	45 N-m	(4.5 kgf-m)
Steering stem lock nut	70 N-m	(7.0 kgf-m)
Steering stem pinch bolt	27 N-m	(2.7 kgf-m)
Front axle	20 N-m	(2.0 kgf-m,)
Master cylinder reservoir cover screw	1.6N-m	(0.16 kgf-m)
Master cylinder holder bolt	12 N-m	(1.2 kgf-m)
Brake lever pivot bolt	2.0 N-m	(0.2 kgf-m)
Brake lever pivot nut	10.0 N-m	(1.0 kgf-m)
Brake light switch screw	1.0 N-m	(0.1 kgf-m)
Brake caliper mounting bolt	35 N-m	(3.5 kgf-m)

ALOC bolt: replace with a new one.

Brake caliper bleed screw 5.5N-m (0.55 kgf-m)

Brake hose oil bolt 35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

SPECIAL TOOLS

Lock nut wrench	F00002
Oil seal and bearing installer	E00014
Bearing puller	E00037
Lock nut wrench	F00023
Ball cone remover	F00009
Ball cone installer	F00019



TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering (heavy)

- Excessively tightened steering stem top cone race
- Broken steering balls
- Insufficient tire pressure

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Uneven front shock absorbers
- Bent front fork
- Bent front axle or uneven tire

Poor brake performance

- Worn brake pads
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Deformed brake disk
- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Loose front axle
- Bent spoke plate
- Faulty tire
- Improperly tightened axle nut

Soft front shock absorber

- Weak shock springs
- Insufficient damper oil

Front shock absorber noise

- Slider bending
- Loose fork fasteners
- Lack of lubrication

HANDLEBAR

REMOVAL

Remove the lower handlebar cover and front cover.

Remove two bolts and disconnect the brake light switch wire, then remove the rear brake master cylinder.

Remove the two bolts and disconnect the brake light switch wire, then remove the front brake master cylinder.

Remove the inner cover.

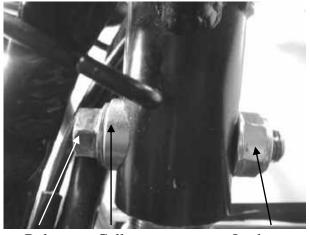


Brake Light Switch Wire

Front Light Switch Wire

Remove the handlebar lock nut and take out the bolt.

Remove the handlebar and collar.



Bolt Collar Lock nut

INSTALLATION

Install the handlebar onto the steering stem and install the handlebar collar, lock nut and bolt.

Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)



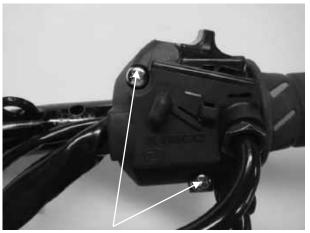


Install the front and rear master cylinders and connect the brake light switch wires.



DISASSEMBLY

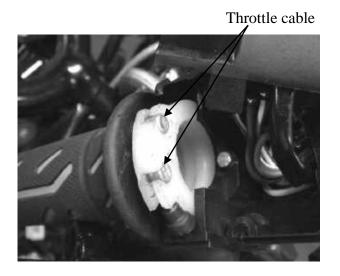
Remove two screws attaching to the right handlebar switch.



Screws

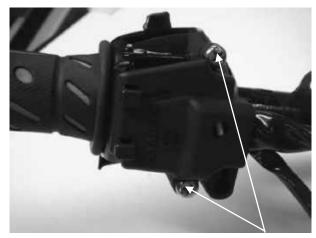
Disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle grip.

Remove the right handlebar switch.





Remove two screws and then remove the left handlebar switch.



Screws

ASSEMBLY

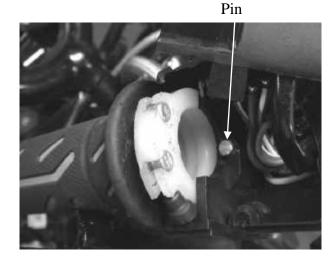
Install the left handlebar switch.

Align the pin on the left handlebar switch with the hole on the handlebar.

Install and tighten the two screws securely.

Install the right handlebar switch.

Align the pin on the right handlebar switch with the hole on the handlebar.



Lubricate the throttle grip front end with grease and then connect the throttle cable to the throttle grip.

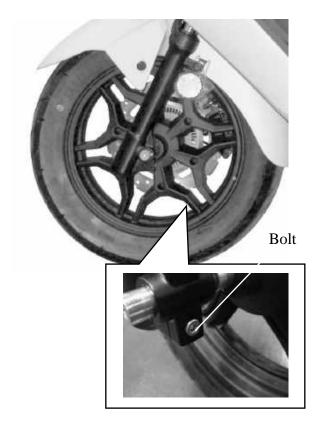
Install and tighten the two screws.



FRONT WHEEL

REMOVAL

The scooter front wheel off the ground. Remove the bolt and then pull out the axle. Remove the front wheel and collar.

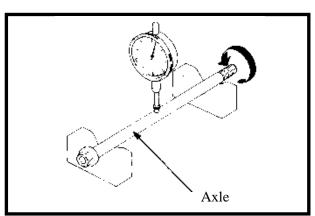


AXLE RUNOUT INSPECTION

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout using a dial gauge.

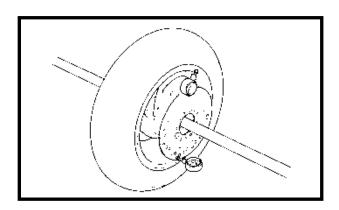
The actual runout is 1/2 of the total indicator reading.

Service Limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)



WHEEL RIM INSPECTION

Check the wheel rim runout.



INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the collar, then install the collar onto the wheel.



Colla

Dust Seal

Install the speedometer speed wheel sensor.

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the side collar and dust seal.

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.

Remove the front wheel bearing by using the special tool.

Special tool:

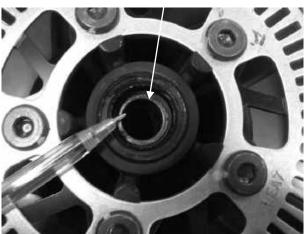
Bearing puller E00037

Remove the distance collar from wheel.



Speed Wheel Sensor

Bearing





Remove the front wheel bearing by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller E00037

ASSEMBLY

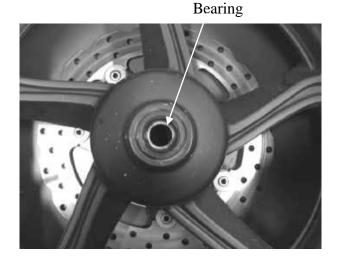
Install the front wheel bearing by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing installer E00014

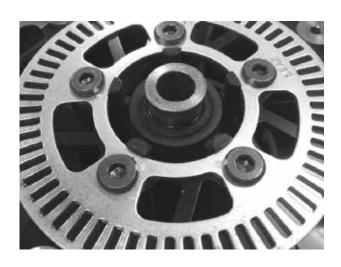
Install the distance collar.

Install the front wheel bearing by using the special tool.





Apply grease to the collar, then install the collar onto the wheel.





FRONT BRAKE FLUID FLUID REPLACEMENT/AIR BLEEDING



- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.



BRAKE FLUID DRAINING

Make sure that the master cylinder parallel to the ground before removing the reservoir cover.

Remove two screws.

Remove the reservoir cover, diaphragm plate and diaphragm.

Connect a bleed hose to the bleed valve.





Loosen the bleed valve and apply the brake lever.

Stop operating the brake when no more fluid flows out of the bleed valve.





Do not mix different types of fluid since they are not compatible.

Fill the master cylinder with DOT 4 to the upper level.

Connect a commercially available brake bleeder to the front caliper bleed valve.

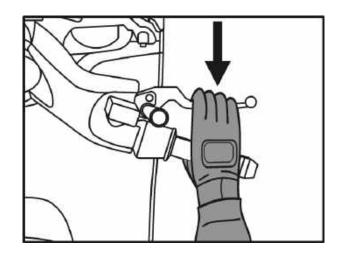
Check the fluid level often while bleeding the brake to prevent air from being pumped into the system.

Pump the brake bleeder and loosen the front caliper bleed valve. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.

Repeat the above procedures until no air bubbles appear in the plastic hose.

Close the front caliper bleeding valve and operate the front brake lever.

If it's still spongy, bleeding the system again.





If the brake bleeder is not available, perform the following procedure.

Pump up the system pressure with the brake lever until these are not air bubbles in the fluid flowing out of the reservoir small hole and lever resistance is felt.

1. Pump the brake lever several times, then squeeze the brake lever all the way and loosen the bleed valve 1/4 turn. Wait several seconds and close the bleed valve.



Do not release the brake lever until the bleed valve has been closed.

- 2. Release the brake lever slowly until the bleed valve has been closed. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.
- 3. Repeat the steps 1 2 until there are no air bubbles in the bleed hose.

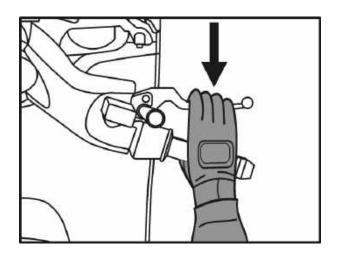
After bleeding air completely, tighten the bleed valve to the specified torque.

Torque: 6 N-m (0.6 kgf-m, 4.3 lbf-ft)

Fill the reservoir to the casting ledge with DOT 4 to the upper level.

Install the diaphragm, set plate and reservoir cover and tighten the screws to the specified torque.

Torque: 2 N-m (0.2 kgf-m, 1.1 lbf-ft)







FRONT BRAKE PAD

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

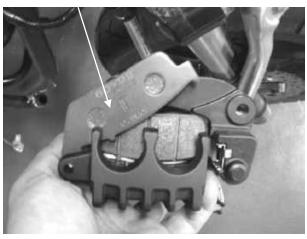
Remove the two caliper mounting bolts, then remove the caliper.



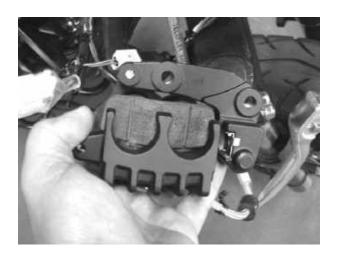
Bolts

Remove the brake pads.





Always replace the brake pads in pairs to ensure even disc pressure.





Install new pads so that their ends rest on the pad retainer on the brake properly.



Install the pad pin by pushing the pads against the pad spring to align the pad pin holes in the pads and caliper.

Install the front caliper onto the fork leg and then install and tighten the new two caliper mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

Tighten the pad pins to the specified torque.

Torque: 18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m, 13 lbf-ft)



BRAKE DISC INSPECTION

Visually inspect the brake disc for damage or cracks.

Measure the brake disc thickness.

Service limits: 3 mm (0.12 in)

Replace the brake disc if the smallest measurement is less than the service limit.

Measure the brake disc warpage.

Service limits: 0.3 mm (0.012 in)





FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

REMOVAL

Remove the front cover and front fender.

Remove the front brake caliper

Remove the front wheel

Remove the speed wheel sensor bolt and then remove the brake hose guide from right front shock absorber.

Remove the speedometer cable guide from left front shock absorber.

Remove two mounting bolts and then remove the right/left front shock absorber.



Speed Wheel Sensor

INSTALLATION

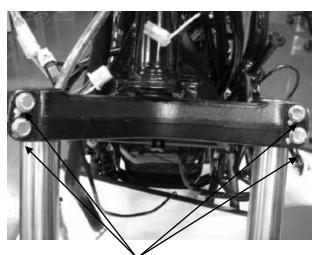
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

*

Tighten the shock absorber mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 19.5 lbf-ft)

Specified Oil: SS#8 Oil Capacity: 185 cc

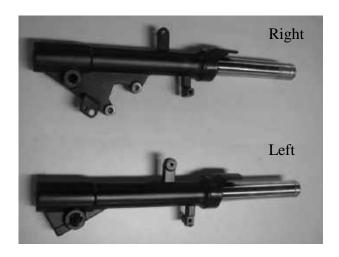


Mounting Bolts

INSPECTION

Inspect the following items and replace if necessary.

- •Front shock absorber tube bending, damage or wear
- •Weak front shock absorber spring
- •Damper and damper rod bending
- •Oil seal damage or wear





STEERING STEM

REMOVAL

Remove the steering handlebar. Remove the front brake hose and speed wheel sensor connector from the guide.

Hold the steering stem top cone race and

remove the steering stem lock nut by using the special tool.



Lock nut wrench F00002





Top Cone Race



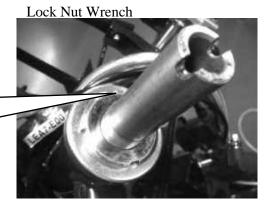
Remove the top cone race and washer. Remove the steering stem.

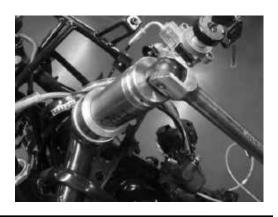
***** -

Be careful not to lose the steel balls (26 on top race and 19 on bottom race).

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench F00023







Inspect the ball races, cone races and steel balls for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

Remove the top balls.

Remove the upper ball race by using a chisel if necessary.

Ball

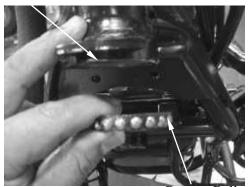


Top Ball Cone Race

Remove the bottom balls.

Remove the bottom ball race by using a pipe if necessary.

Bottom Ball Race



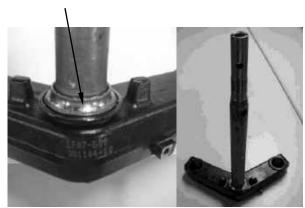
Bottom Balls

Remove the bottom cone race by using a chisel if necessary.

*

Be careful not to damage the steering stem.

Bottom Cone Race





INSTALLATION

Install the new bottom cone race onto the steering stem.

Install the new upper and bottom ball races into the frame.

Apply grease to the top and bottom ball races and install new steel balls on the top ball race and new steel balls on the bottom ball race. Install the steering stem.



Apply grease to the top cone race and install it.

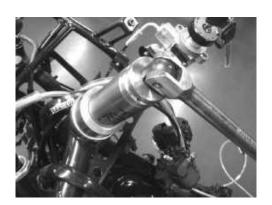
Tighten the top cone race and then turn the steering stem right and left several times to make steel balls contact each other closely.



Check the steering stem rotates freely without vertical play.

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench F00023



Install the steering stem lock nut and tighten it to the specified torque by using the special tool while holding the top cone race.

Torque: 7 kgf-m (70 N-m)

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench F00002



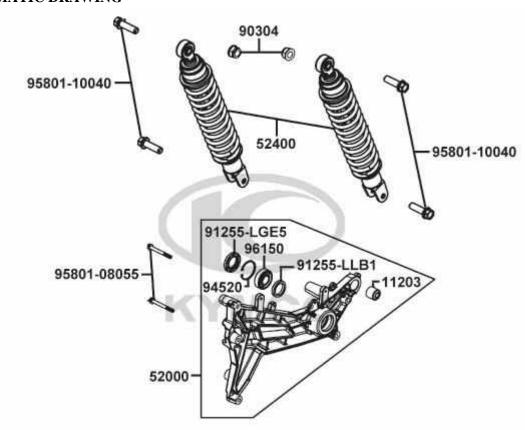


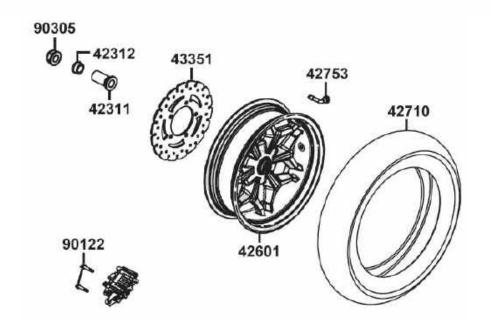
15

REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/ REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

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REAR FORK	15-6
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REAR SHOCK ARSORBER	15_7

SCHEMATIC DRAWING







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When performing the services stated in this section, the engine and exhaust muffler must be cold to avoid scalding.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)
Rear wheel rim runout	_
Rear brake disk thickness	5.0
Rear brake disk runout	_
Rear brake master cylinder I.D.	25.33 ~ 25.36
Rear brake master cylinder piston O.D.	25.40 ~ 25.45

TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust muffler lock bolt

Exhaust muffler pipe nut

Rear axle nut

Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt

Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt

Rear brake caliper holder bolt

35 N-m (4 kgf-m)

40 N-m (4 kgf-m)

40 N-m (4 kgf-m)

35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Damper oil leaks

Rear wheel noise

- Worn rear wheel axle bearings
- Worn rear fork bearings
- Deformed rear fork

Poor brake performance

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Worn brake pads
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unequal worn brake caliper

REAR BRAKE

REAR BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL

First remove the exhaust muffler.

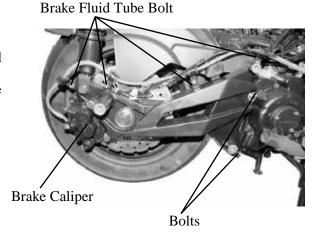
Remove the rear brake fluid tube bolt and disconnect the brake fluid tube.

Remove two bolts attaching the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

*

When removing the brake fluid tube, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage.



INSPECTION

Inspect the brake pads and brake disk.

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Visually check the brake pad thickness.

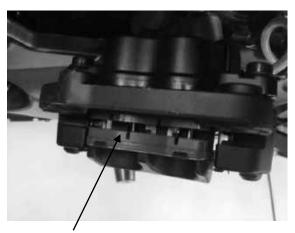


Brake Disk

DISASSEMBLY

Remove two brake pads dowel pins and three bolts from the brake caliper.

Remove the brake pads.

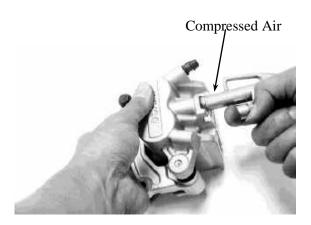


Brake pads



Remove the piston from the brake caliper. If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.

Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.



Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or wear and measure the cylinder bore.



ASSEMBLY

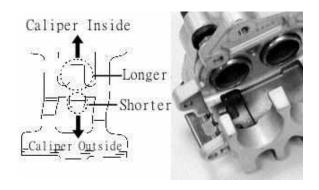
Install the two spring plates onto the groove of the caliper.



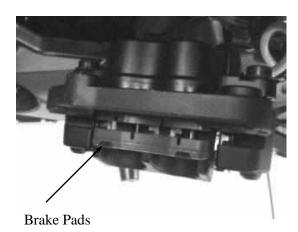


*

Make sure the spring plate next to the brake pad dowel pin orientation.



Install two brake pads.



INSTALLATION

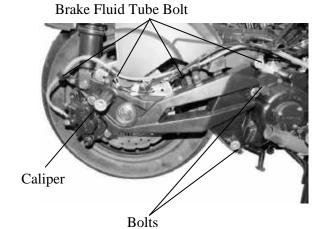
Install the brake caliper to the rear fork and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and install fluid tube bolt, copper washers and tighten the fluid tube bolt. Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system.



When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two copper sealing washers.



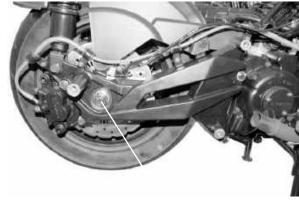


REAR FORK

REMOVAL

Remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the rear brake caliper.



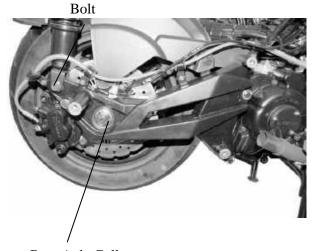
Bear Axle Nut

Remove the right rear shock absorber lower mount bolt.

Remove the rear axle nut and remove the collar.

Remove the rear fork.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



Bear Axle Collar



REAR WHEEL REMOVAL

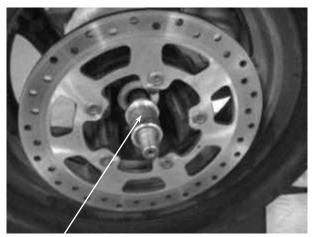
Remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear fork.

Remove the rear axle collar.

Remove the rear wheel.



Bear Axle Collar

INSTALLATION

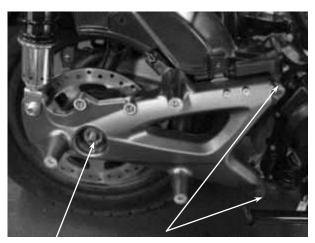
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Torque:

Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt:

40 N-m (4 kgf-m)

Rear axle nut 120 N-m (12 kgf-m)



Bear Axle Collar Bolts

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier.

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together.

Remove the right/left rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts.

Remove the right and left rear shock absorbers.

INSTALLATION

Install the rear suspension in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

Upper Mount Bolt: 40 N-m (4 kgf-m) Lower Mount Bolt: 40 N-m (4 kgf-m)



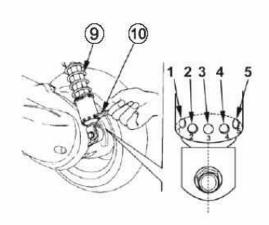
Bolts



Suspension

Each shock absorber (9) on your scooter has 5 spring preload adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

Use a pin spanner 10 to adjust the rear shock spring preload. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Position 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded. Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same spring preload positions.



Standard spring preload position: 3

A CAUTION

Always adjust the shock absorber pre-load position in sequence (1-2-3-4-5 or 5-4-3-2-1). Attempting to adjust directly from 1 to 5 or 5 to 1 may damage the shock absorber.



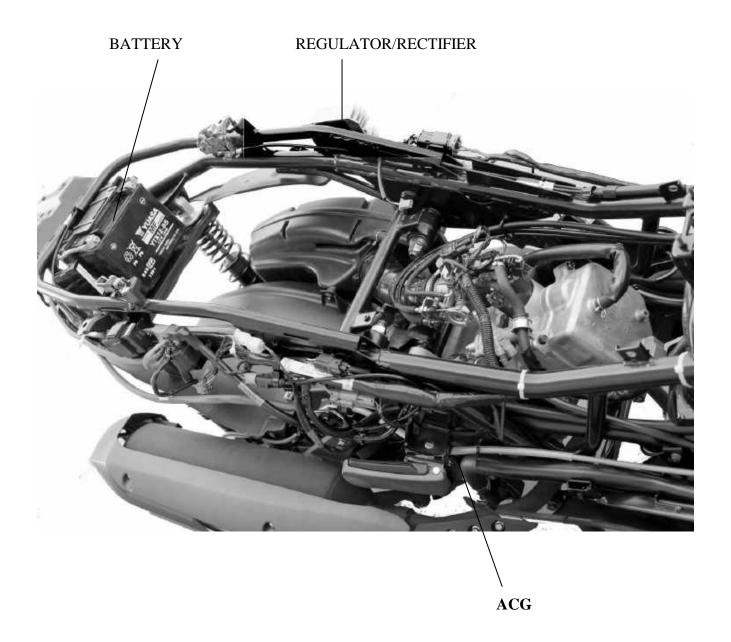
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BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT	16-1
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TROUBLESHOOTING	16-3
BATTERY CHARGING	16-4
CHARGING SYSTEM	16-6
REGULATOR/RECTIFIER	16-6



CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT



16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

*

The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for $2\sim3$ years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with an electric tester.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard	
	Capacity		12V10AH
	Voltage	Fully charged	13.2V
Battery	(20°€)	Insufficient charged	< 12.3V
Charging current		1.2A* 5~10H	

16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



TROUBLESHOOTING

No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system

Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator

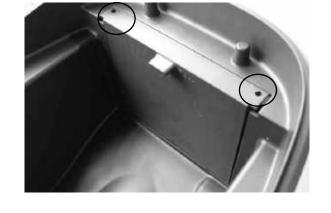


BATTERY

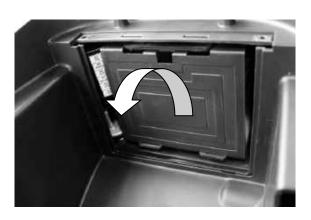
REMOVAL

The battery is in the battery box below seat.

- 1. Remove the seat.
- 2. Remove the met-in box
- 3. Remove the battery retainer.



- 4. Pull battery out to expose the terminal leads
- 5. Disconnect the negative (-) terminal lead from the battery first, then disconnect the positive (+) terminal lead.
- 6. Remove the battery from the battery box.



BATTERY INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of the removal.

When install the battery, first connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.

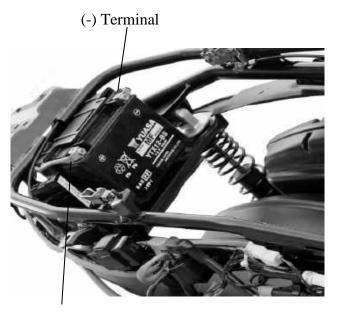
VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Remove the battery cover.

Measure the battery voltage by using a commercially available digital multimeter.

Voltage (20 °C/68 °F):

Fully charged: 13.0 ~ 13.2 V Insufficient charged: < 12.3 V



(+) Terminal



BATTERY CHARGING

Remove the battery

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

*

Turn the power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals.

CHARGING CURRENT:

Standard: 1.2A / 5~10 Hours

For battery charging, do not exceed the charging current and time specified on the battery. Using excessive current or extending the charging time may damage the battery.

CHARGING VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Be sure that the battery is in good condition before performing this test.

*

Do not disconnect the battery or any cable in the charging system without first switching off the ignition switch. Failure to follow this precaution can damage the tester or electrical

Start the engine and warm it up to the operating temperature; stop the engine.

Connect the multimeter between the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals of the battery.

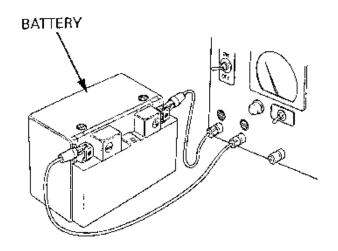
To prevent short, make absolutely certain which are the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals or cable.

With the headlight on and turned to the high beam position, restart the engine.

Measure the voltage on the multimeter when the engine runs at 5000 rpm.

Standard:

Battery charging voltage 13.5~ 14.5V



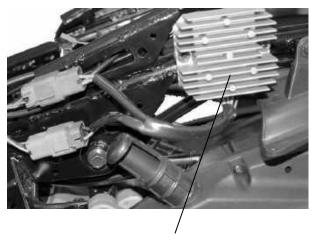




REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box
Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors.
Check the connectors for loose contacts of corroded terminals.



Regulator/Rectifier

BATTERY WIRE

Measure the voltage between the Red/White wire terminal and ground.

There should be battery voltage at all times.



GROUND WIRE

Check the continuity between the Green wire terminal and ground.

There should be continuity at all times.



16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



CHARGING COIL WIRE

Measure the resistance between each Yellow wire terminals.

Standard: $0.4 \sim 0.6 \Omega (20 \text{ C}/68 \text{ F})$

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector. Check for continuity between each Yellow wire terminal regulator/rectifier side and ground.

There should be no continuity.



REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

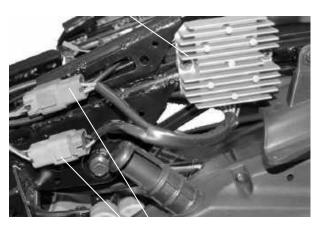
Remove the side body cover.

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors.

Remove the two bolts, regulator/rectifier.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Regulator/Rectifier



Connectors

17. IGNITION SYSTEM



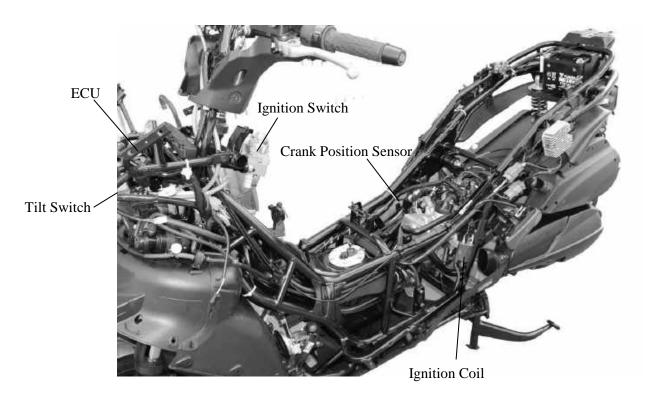
17

IGNITION SYSTEM

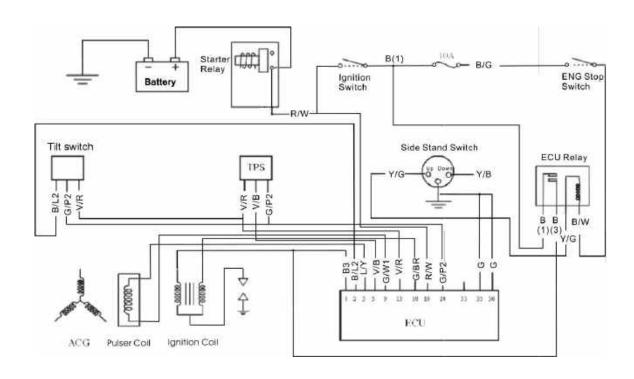
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A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION	17-4
TILT SWITCH INSPECTION	17-4



IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT



IGNITION CIRCUIT



17. IGNITION SYSTEM



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the ignition switch is "ON" and current is present.
- When servicing the ignition system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting on page 17-2.
- The ignition timing cannot be adjusted since the ignition control module is already adjusted in factory.
- The ignition control module or ECU maybe damaged if dropped or the connector is disconnected when the key is "ON", the excessive voltage may damage the ignition control module or ECU. Always turn off the ignition switch before servicing.
- A faulty ignition system is often related to poor connections. Check those connections before proceeding.
- Make sure the battery is adequately charged. Using the starter motor with weak battery results in a slower engine cranking speed as well as no spark at the spark plug.
- Use a spark plug of the correct heat range. Using spark plug with an incorrect heat range can damage the engine.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard
Spark plug	Standard type	NGK DPR6EA-9
Spark plug gap		0.8 ~ 0.9 mm
	Primary coil	3.57~4.83 Ω
Inductive Ignition Coil	Secondary coil with plug cap	10.42~14.49 KΩ
Throttle Position Sensor		3500~6500 Ω
Fuel Pump		1.9 Ω about
Fuel Injector		11.7±0.6Ω
Water Temperature Sensor		2.076KΩ±10% (25℃)
Oxygen Sensor (engine warming condition)		6.7Ω~9.5Ω
Crank Position Sensor		115Ω±15Ω
Tilt Switch		0.4V~1.4V(normal)
THE SWILCH		3.7V~4.4V (fall down)

TROUBLESHOOTING

No peak voltage

- Short circuit in engine stop switch or ignition switch wire.
- Faulty engine stop switch or ignition switch.
- Loose or poorly connected ignition control module connectors.
- Open circuit or poor connection in ground wire of the ignition control module.
- Faulty crank position sensor.
- Faulty ignition control module.

Peak voltage is normal, but no spark jumps at the plug

- Faulty spark plug or leaking ignition coil secondary current.
- Faulty ignition coil.

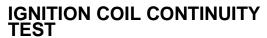


SPARK PLUG

For spark plug inspection and adjustment, refer to page 3-5.

IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

Remove the seat and met-in box. (⇒2-6) Remove the ignition coil.



Inspect the continuity of the ignition coil, primary coil and secondary coil.

This is a general test. Accurate ignition coil test must be performed with an ignition unit tester.

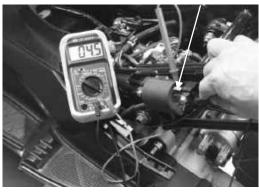
Measure the ignition coil resistances at 20°℃.

Primary coil	3.57~4.83 <i>Ω</i>
Secondary coil with plug cap	10 ~ 14 KΩ
Secondary coil without plug cap	6 ~10 KΩ

Ignition Coil



Primary Coil



Secondary Coil with plug cap



Secondary Coil without plug cap





A .C. GENERATOR INSPECTION CRANK POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION

*

This test is performed with the stator installed in the engine.

Remove the seat and met-in box.

Disconnect the Crank Position Sensor Wire Coupler.

Measure the resistance between the blue/white and green/white wire terminals.

Blue/Yellow \sim Green/White $115\Omega\pm15\Omega$



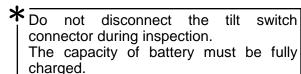
INSPECTION

Support the scooter level surface.

Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

Turn the ignition switch to "OFF".

Remove the screws, washers and tilt switch.



Place the tilt switch vertical as shown at the ignition switch "ON". Measure the voltage as below.

Terminal	Standard
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	0.4~1.4 V less

Incline the tilt switch 65±10 degrees to the left or right at the ignition switch "ON". Measure the voltage as below.

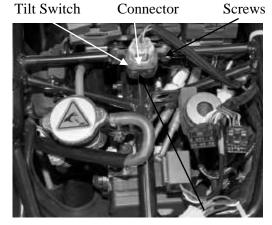
Terminal	Standard
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	3.7~4.4 V

If repeat this test, first turn the ignition switch to "OFF", then turn the ignition switch to "ON".



Crank Position Sensor Wire Coupler





"UP" Mark



REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

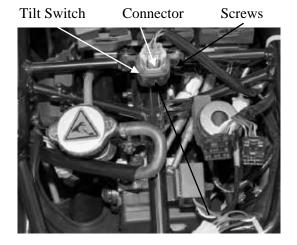
Disconnect the connector and remove two screws, then remove tilt switch.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

*

Install the tilt switch with its "up" mark facing up.

Tighten the mounting screws securely.



18. STARTING SYSTEM



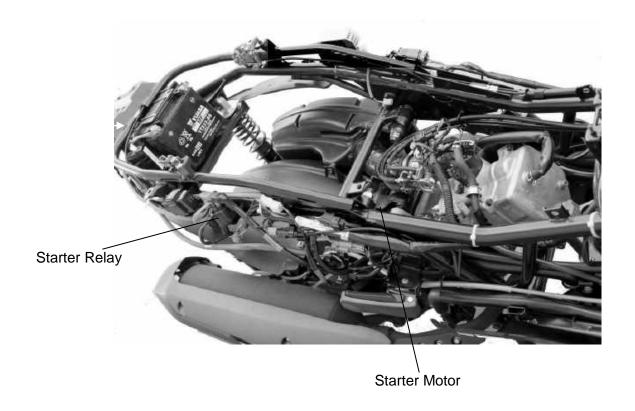
18

STARTING SYSTEM

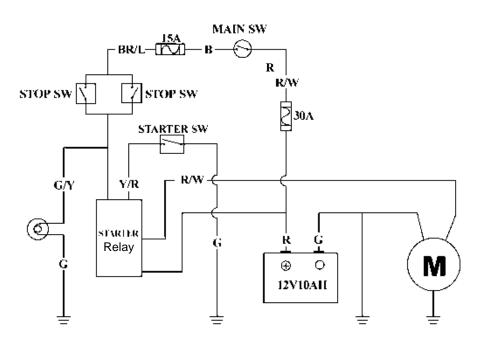
STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT	18-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	18-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	18-2
STARTER MOTOR	18-3
STARTER RELAY INSPECTION	18-4



STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT



STARTING CIRCUIT





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.
- After the starter clutch is installed, be sure to add the engine oil and coolant and then bleed air from the cooling system.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Starter motor brush length	12.5mm	8.5mm

TORQUE VALUES

Starter motor mounting bolt $6.7 \sim 10.8 \text{ N-m}$ Starter motor case screw $2.9 \sim 4.9 \text{ N-m}$ Starter clutch bolt $9.8 \sim 13.7 \text{ N-m}$

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel holder E021 Flywheel puller E003

TROUBLESHOOTING

Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loosed wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- · Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery



STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

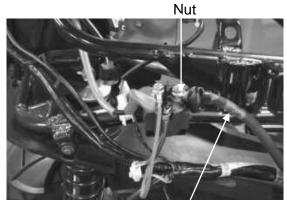
***** –

Before removing the starter motor, turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the battery ground. Then, turn on the ignition switch and push the starter button to make sure the starter motor can't operate securely.

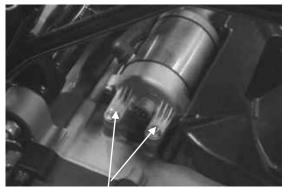
Remove the seat, met-in box and carrier. Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together.

Remove the nut goes to the starter relay and relax cable band to disconnect the starter motor cable.

Remove two start motor mounting bolts and the motor.



Starter Motor Cable



Bolts



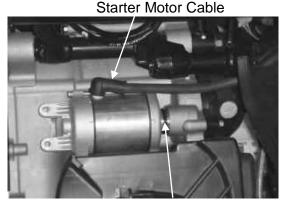
INSTALLATION

Connect the starter motor cable.

Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Apply grease to the O-ring and install it to the starter motor.

Tighten the two mounting bolts.



O-ring

STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

Disconnect the starter relay wire connector.

Check for continuity between the yellow/red wire and green/yellow wire.

There should be continuity when the starter button is depressed.

If there is no continuity, check the starter button for continuity and inspect the wire.



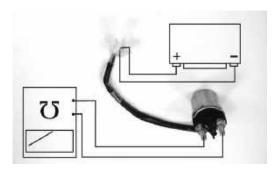
Yellow/Red Wire

OPERATION TEST

Connect the electric meter to the starter relay terminals that connect to the battery positive cable and the starter motor cable.

Connect a fully charged battery across the starter relay yellow/red and green/yellow wire terminals.

Check for continuity between the starter relay large terminals. The relay is normal if there is continuity and hear sounds.



Starter Relay test chart

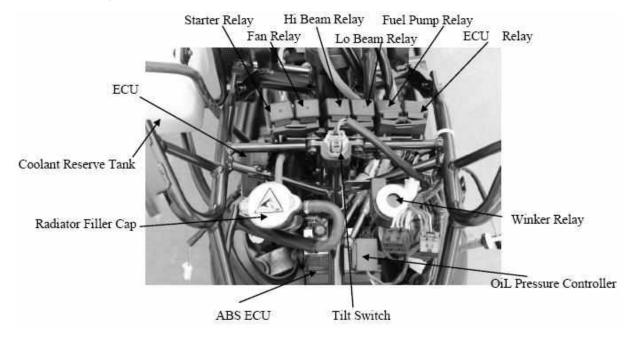


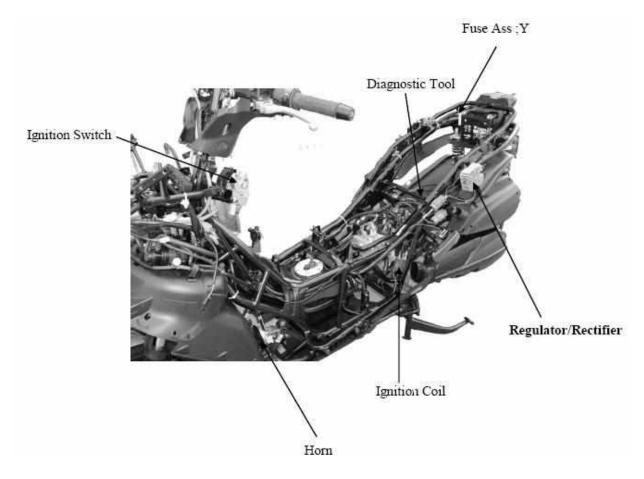
LIGHTS/METERS/SWITCHES

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IGNITION SWITCH	19- 6
HANDLEBAR SWITCH	19- 7
LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH	19- 9
FUEL PUMP	19-10
SIDE STAND SWITCH	19-13
HORN	19-14



ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL



A halogen head light bulb becomes very hot while the head light is on, and remains for a while after it is turned off. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

- Note the following when replacing the halogen headlight bulb
 - ™ Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot spots on the bulb and cause it to fail.
 - ™ If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
 - ™ Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.
- Check the battery condition before performing any inspection that requires proper battery voltage.
- A continuity test can be made with the switches installed on the scooter.
- Route the wires and cables properly after servicing each component.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Lights do not come on when ignition switch is "ON"

- Burned bulb
- Faulty switch
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire

Temperature gauge does not register correctly

- Faulty temperature gauge
- Faulty thermosensor
- Broken or shorted wire between the temperature gauge and thermosensor

Fuel gauge does not work or wrong show figures

- Faulty fuel gauge
- Faulty fuel unit
- Poorly connected wire between fuel gauge and fuel unit
- Fuse burned out

SPECIFICATIONS

Fuse 10A,15A,30A Headlight bulb 12V 35W/35W *2

Turn signal light bulb 12V 21W(Front) / 10W(Rear)

Stoplight/taillight 12V 21/5W

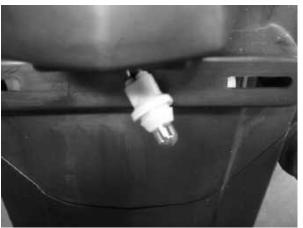


BULB REPLACEMENT

LICENECE LIGHT

Remove the seat assembly and luggage box. Remove the body covers. Disconnect the license bulb socket. Remove the bulb and replace with a new one.







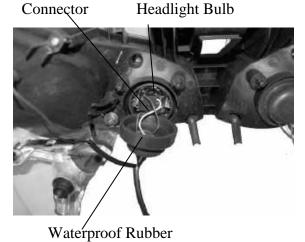
HEADLIGHT

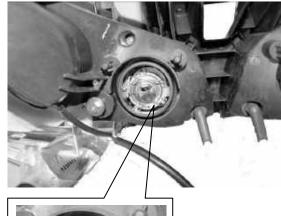
*

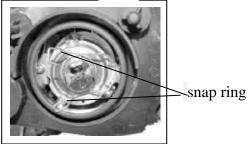
A halogen headlight bulb becomes hot while the headlight is ON and remains for a while after it is turned OFF. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

REMOVAL

Remove the front cover Disconnect the headlight cover Disconnect the headlight connector from the headlight bulb. Remove snap ring on the headlight.







INSTALLATION

Install a new bulb into the headlight case. Install the headlight and snap ring. Install connect the headlight connector





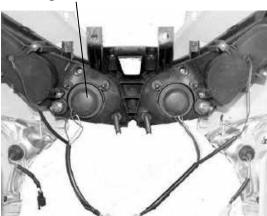
Put the headlight wires into the headlight unit and then cover the waterproof rubber.

Highlight wires

Waterproof Rubber

Press the waterproof rubber around with hand until its seat.

Waterproof Rubber



INSPECTION

Confirm if the waterproof rubber is covered firmly.

*

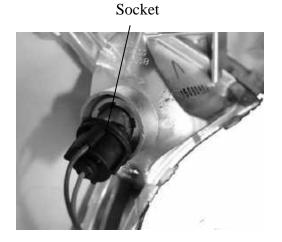
If the waterproof rubber isn't installed firmly, the headlamp is possible to be burned out after water into the headlight unit.





FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the front cover. Turn the bulb socket, then remove the front turn signal light.



Push and turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it, then replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



TAILLIGHT/BRAKE LIGHT/REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the seat and met-in, then remove the taillight bulb socket.





REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove four

Push and turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it, then replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Rear Turn Signal Light





BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

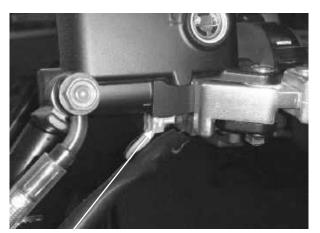
Remove the upper handlebar cover.

Disconnect front or rear brake light switch connectors and check for continuity between the switch terminals.

There should be continuity with the front or rear brake lever squeezed, and there should be no continuity with the front or rear brake lever is released.



Front Brake Light Switch



Rear Brake Light Switch



IGNITION SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the front cover.

Disconnect the ignition switch connector and check the ignition switch for continuity at the switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:

0	AL.	AD	CIL
1 1	JIN.	ΛK	SW

	BAT2	IG	E	BAT1	НА
LOCK		6	9		
OFF		9	9	0	0
ON	6		01	0	Ю
COLOR	В	B/W	G	R	B/L



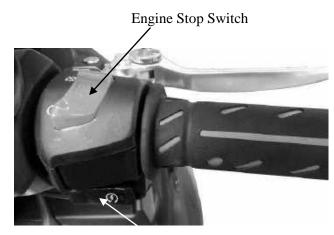
RIGHT HANDLEBAR SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the front cover

Disconnect the right handlebar switch connector and check for continuity at switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:



Starter Switch

STAR	TER SV	/
	Е	ST
FREE		
PUSH	0	9
COLOR	G	Y/R

NGINE	STOP	SW
	IG	BAT3
OFF		
RUN	0	0
COLOR	B/W	B/G



LEFT HANDLEBAR SWITCH INSPECTION

Disconnect the left handlebar switch connector and check for continuity at switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:

WINKER SV	V
-----------	---

	WR	R	L
R	0-	0	
N			
I.	0		9
COLOR	GR	SB	0

HORN SW

	BAT4	НО
FREE		
PUSH	0	9
COLOR	BR/L	LG

DA	COL	100	COL # 1
DA	COL	11 -	~ W
	SSIN	11.7	-1VV

	HL	HI	LO
LO	0		-0
(N)	0	0	9
HI	0	-0	
COLOR	W/L	L	W

DIMMER SW

	BAT4	Н
FREE		
PUSH	b	9
COLOR	BR/L	L

Dimmer Switch

Horn Switch Turn Signal light Switch

Passing Switch



LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box

Disconnect the luggage box light switch connector and check the luggage box light switch for continuity between the switch terminals.

There should be no continuity with the luggage box light switch pushed, and there should be continuity with the luggage box light switch is released.

Luggage box light switch

Connector

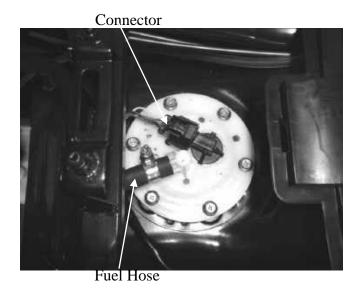




FUEL PUMP

REMOVAL

Remove the seat and met-in
Remove the center cover
Remove the fuel pump connector
Be sure to relieve the fuel pressure before
removing fuel pump or fuel hose.
Remove the six nuts and fuel unit connectors
then remove the fuel hose.



Remove the fuel pump



Check the fuel pump O-ring. If was damage, replace a new one.





INSPECTION

Connect the fuel unit wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".

*

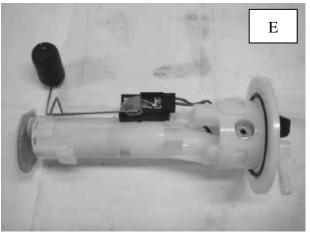
Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.

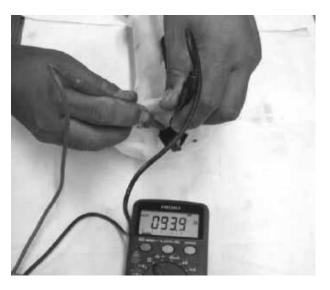
Measure the resistance between the Red/Black and Green wire of the fuel unit connector.

Standard (at 20 C/68 F):

· ·	
Float at full position	About 1100 Ω
Float at empty position	About 100 Ω









SIDE STAND SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box.

Side stand switch is located on side stand.

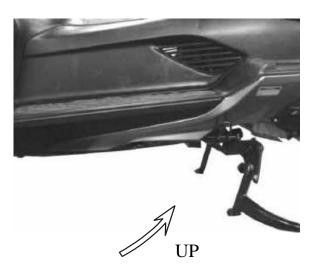
Disconnect the side stand switch connector.

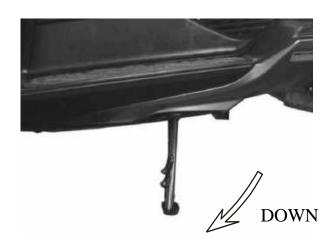
There should be continuity between the Yellow/Green and Green with the side stand is up.

There should be continuity between the Yellow/Black and Green with the side stand is down.











HORN

INSPECTION

Remove the front cover.

Disconnect the horn connectors from the horn.

Connect a 12 V battery to the horn terminals. The horn is normal if it sounds when the 12 V battery is connected across the horn terminals.





20

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

(Apply to models with evaporative emission control system)

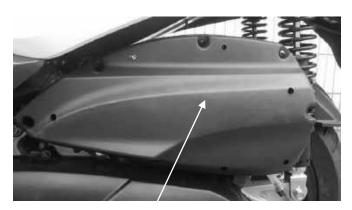
SCHEMATIC DRAWING	20-1
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM FUNCTION	20-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	20-2
SERVICE INFORMATION	20-3
PERGE CONTROL VALVE	20-4
CHARCOAL CANISTER	20-6



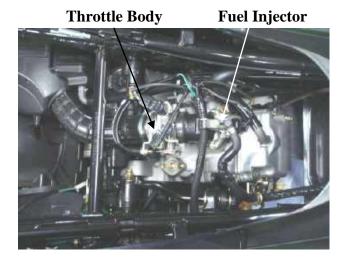
SCHEMATIC DRAWING



Charcoal Canister/ Purge Control Valve



Air Cleaner







EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM FUNCTION

FOREWORD:

The Evaporative Emission Control System is abbreviated to E.E.C. System. This device collects the fuel vapor from the fuel tank and then the fuel vapor is drawn into the engine for re-burning to avoid air pollution caused by the fuel vapor diffused into the air.

FUNCTION

Item	Purpose	Function
Purge Control Valve		The charcoal canister absorbs vaporized HC from the fuel tank. When the engine is running and the purge control valve is open, the fuel vapor in the charcoal canister is drawn into the engine for re-burning.
Charcoal Canister	vaporized HC from the fuel	The vaporized HC is absorbed in the charcoal canister and the specified volume of HC in the emission should not exceed 2g.
P.C.V. System	Completely recover the HC from blow-by gas in the crankcase for re-burning.	Through the P.C.V. system, the blow-by gas from the crankcase is separated into fuel vapor and fuel and then drawn into the cylinder for re-burning.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine loses power or runs erratic at idle speed

- 1. Clogged P.C.V. system
- 2. Clogged air cleaner
- 3. Faulty purge control valve
- 4. Loose or broken E.E.C. system tubes

Engine idles or accelerates roughly

- 1. Faulty fuel cut-off valve
- 2. Faulty purge control valve
- 3. Clogged or faulty charcoal canister



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area.
- Note the locations of tubes for proper installation.
- Replace any damaged tube with a new one.
- Make sure to tighten the connector of each tube securely.

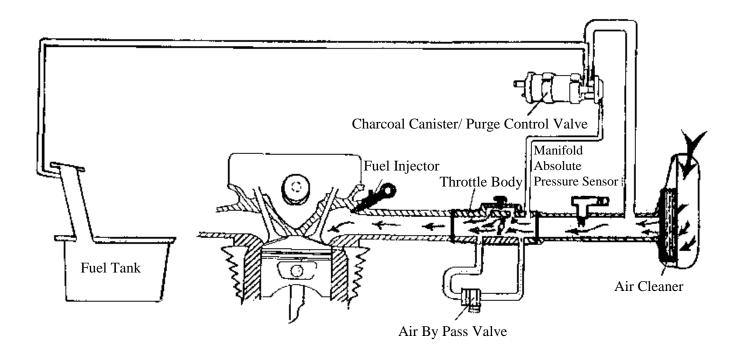
TOOLS

- Vacuum pump—A937X—014—XXXX
- Pressure pump —

SPECIFICATIONS

Purge control valve vacuum pressure 45mm/Hg Charcoal canister capacity 90cc

A. LEAKAGE TEST PIPING DIAGRAM

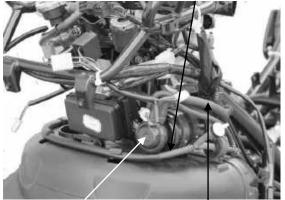




PURGE CONTROL VALVE REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the front cover.
- 2. Disconnect the purge control valve vacuum tube that goes to the throttle body and the tubes that go to the air cleaner and charcoal canister. Remove the charcoal canister/purge control valve.

To Throttle Body

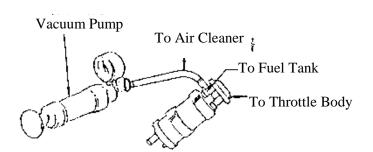


Purge Control Valve

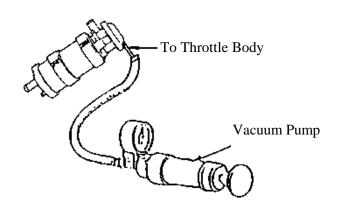
To Air Cleaner

INSPECTION

Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve tube that goes to the air cleaner and apply vacuum pressure of 250mm/Hg. The specified vacuum must be maintained for one minute. Replace the purge control valve with a new one if vacuum is not maintained.



Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve tube that goes to the carburetor vacuum tube and apply vacuum pressure of 45mm/Hg. The specified vacuum must be maintained for one minute. Replace the purge control valve with a new one if vacuum is not maintained.



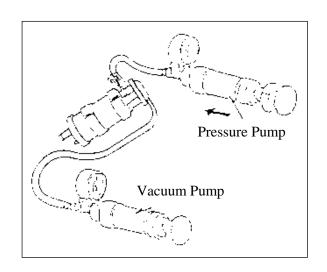


PURGE CONTROL VALVE FLOW INSPECTION

- 1. Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve vacuum tube and apply vacuum pressure of 45mm/Hg.
- 2. Connect a pressure pump to the tube that goes to the charcoal canister and apply pressure. The flow must be over 9.4 liters per minute and replace the purge control valve with a new one if the specified flow is not reached.



To prevent damage to the purge control valve, do not use high air pressure sources. Use a hand operated pressure pump only.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the purge control valve in the reverse order of removal.
- 2. Route and reconnect the purge control valve tubes properly and securely.

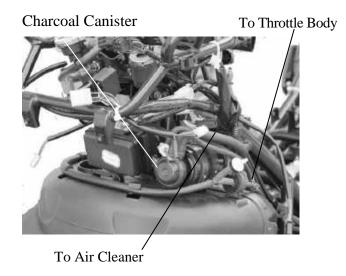


Be careful not to bend, twist or kink the tubes during installation.



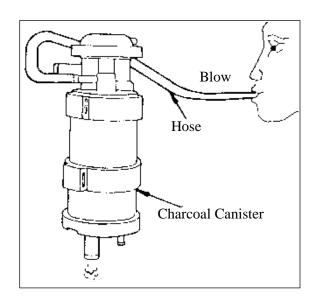
CHARCOAL CANISTER REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the front cover.
- 2. Disconnect the charcoal canister tubes that go to the fuel tank and purge control valve.
- 3. Remove the charcoal canister.



INSPECTION

- 1. Plug the tube that goes to the fuel tank and plug the blow-by tube. Then connect a hose to the canister. Blow the hose with mouth. The charcoal canister is normal if air can be blown into it. If clogged, replace it with a new one.
- 2. Check the charcoal for cracks and replace if necessary.



INSTALLATION

Install the charcoal canister in the reverse order of removal.



- The charcoal canister must be installed to its original position to avoid affecting its performance.
- Do not bend, twist or kink the tubes during installation.



ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS)

21

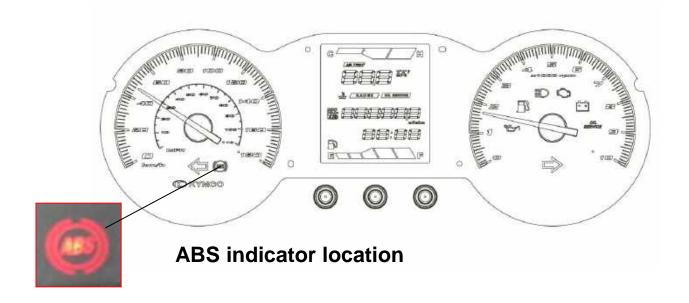
ABS Indicator Light	21 - 01
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ABS Indicator Light

The ABS indicator light in the meter position. This light will comes on when the ignition switch is turned on and goes off shortly after the vehicle starts moving at speed 6km/hr min. It stays off.

If something is wrong with the ABS, the indicator comes on and remains it. When the indicator light is on the ABS doesn't function but if the ABS fails, the conventional brake system will still work normally.





ABS Introduction

ABS is designed to help prevent the wheels from locking up when the brakes are applied hard while running straight. The ABS automatically regulates brake force.

Intermittently gaining gripping force and braking force helps prevent wheel lock-up and allows stable steering control while stopping.

Brake control function is identical to that of conventional vehicle .The brake lever is used for the front brake and rear brake.

Although the ABS provides stability while stopping by preventing wheel lock-up, remember the following characteristics:

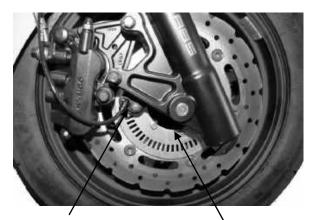
- ABS can not compensate for adverse road conditions, misjudgment or improper application of brakes. You must take the same care as with vehicle not equipped with ABS.
- ABS isn't designed to shorten the braking distance. On loose, uneven or downhill surfaces, the stopping distance of a vehicle with ABS may be longer than that of an equivalent vehicle without ABS. Use special caution in such areas.
- ABS will help prevent wheel lock-up when braking in straight line but it cannot control
 wheel slip, which may be caused by braking during cornering. When turning a corner, it is
 better to limit braking to the light application of both brakes or not to brake at all. Reduce
 your speed before you get into the corner.
- The computer could inter-grade in the ABS compare vehicle speed with wheel speed.
 Since non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed, they may confuse, Which can extend distance.

Use of non-recommended tires may cause malfunctioning of ABS and lead to extended braking distance. The rider could have an accident as a result. Always use standard for this recommended vehicle.

NOTICE:

- When the ABS is functioning, you may feel a pulsing in the brake lever. This is normal.
 You need not suspend applying brakes.
- ABS does not function at speeds of approx. 10 km/h or below.
- ABS does not function if battery is discharged or battery power supply malfunction. (Light will come on)

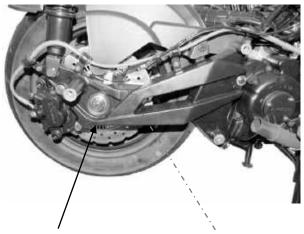
Parts Location



Front Wheel speed Sensor Front Wheel speed Sensor Rotor



Front Wheel speed Sensor's connector



Front Wheel speed Sensor Rotor Rear Wheel speed Sensor



Rear Wheel speed Sensor's connector



ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic Unit



ABS diagnosis tool Connector (Near battery position)



WHEEL SENSOR

REMOVAL & INSPECTION

Remove the front wheel speed sensor.

Install the front wheel speed sensor.

Front Wheel Speed Sensor



Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor

Remove a bolt attaching to the front wheel speed sensor



Front Wheel speed Sensor's connector

Remove the connector of front wheel speed sensor

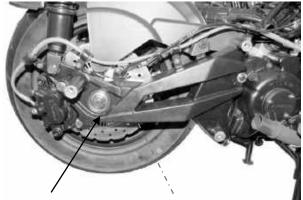


<Front Wheel Speed Sensor>

Standard clearance: Less than 0.8mm between the Front wheel speed sensor and Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor



Remove the rear wheel speed sensor.



Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor Rear Wheel Speed Sensor

Remove the connector of rear wheel speed sensor



<Rear Wheel Speed Sensor>



Rear Wheel speed Sensor's connector

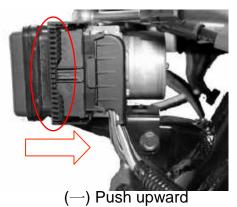
Standard clearance: Less than 0.8mm between the Front wheel speed sensor and
 Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor

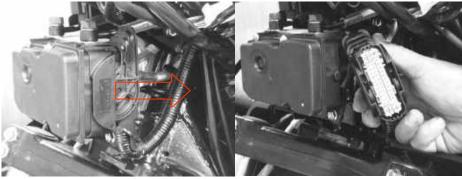


ABS ECU REMOVAL& INSTALLATION

The coupler is used for automobile's waterproof. Please take car of operation.

Please keep a good ventilating about ECU in order to prevent the ABS ECU from high temperature.

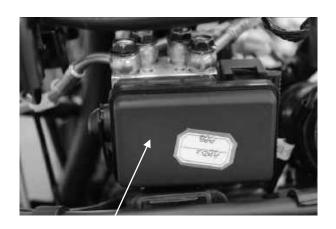




(二) Take right out

(三) Finished

ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic Unit



ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic unit

Remove the screws attaching to the Hydraulic Unit.

To install the sensor is in the reverse order of removal.

(1)Oil boltsX4 Torque: 35N.m(3.5kgf.m)

(2)Nutx2:8N.m (0.8 kgf.m)



When replacing a new Hydraulic Unit, don't need to drain the brake fluid.



DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION



- 1. Connect the KYMCO Fi Diagnostic tool
- 2. Put the side stand upward and ENG. stop switch is at "RUN" position.
- 3. Connect the diagnostic tool connector. (KYMCO Fi Diagnostic tool Power comes from vehicle's Battery)



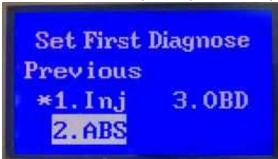


Self-Diagnostic Tool Connector

4. Choose Fi ECU Version and then push down button for three times.



5. Choose No.2 ABS SYS ECU and then push up button to previous.





6. Confirming ECU Version and then enter ABS system.





7. Choose ECU Version and then push "Enter" button.



8. Confirm ABS ECU Version if is LEA7-E00

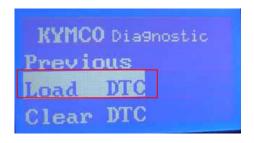


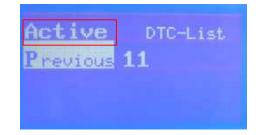
9. Choose DTC Inspect

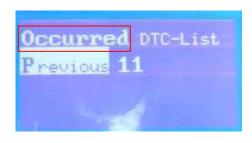


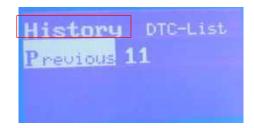


10. Load DTC (Active . Occurred . History)









DTC DISPLAYED

1. Rear wheel speed sensor disconnect



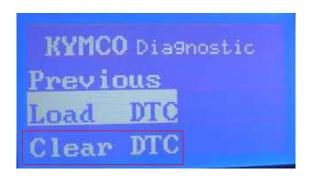
2. Front wheel speed sensor disconnect





DTC CLEARED

1. Choose "Clear DTC" and then push "Enter" button.



2. Clearing DTC completed until the DTC red lamp is off.



DATA ANALYZE

1. Choose "DATA Analyze" and then push "Enter" button





2. Front wheel speed & Rear wheel speed & Battery volt

Battery volt: Standard 9.6~16.7V

KYMCO Diagnosis 01Fr Speed 5 km/hrRe Speed 5 km/hrBattery Volt 12.6V

You can turn the front or rear wheel to check if the wheel speed is figured.





Bosch ABS DTC List

Bosch ABS DTC LIST			
Code NO (Diagnostic Tool) 3620A- LEB2-E00	DTC (PDA)	description	
01	5013	Rear Inlet Valve malfunction(EV)	
02	5014	Rear Outlet Valve malfunction (AV)	
03	5017	Front Inlet Valve malfunction (EV)	
04	5018	Front Outlet Valve malfunction (AV)	
05	5019	Valve Relay malfunction (Failsafe relay)	
06	5025	Deviation between Wheel speeds (WSS_GENERIC)	
07	5035	Pump Motor Malfunction	
08	5042	Front wheel speed sensor malfunction-Plausibility	
09	5043	Front wheel speed sensor Disconnection/gnd Short/Uz Short	
10	5044	Rear wheel speed sensor malfunction - Plausibility	
11	5045	Rear wheel speed sensor Disconnection/gnd Short/Uz Short	
12	5052	Power Supply Malfunction (Under Voltage)	
13	5053	Power Supply Malfunction (Over Voltage)	
14	5055	ECU malfunction	