

## **PREFACE**

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO **X-Town** 125.

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before any operation is started.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/ adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 5 to 12 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and adjustment of engine parts. Section 13 is the AFI system. Section 14 to 15 is the removal/ installation of chassis. Section 16 to 19 states the testing and measuring methods of electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the motorcycle in case specifications are changed.

KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.
QUALITY TECHNOLOGY DEPT.
EDUCATION SECTION

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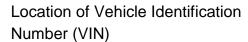
## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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**ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER** 









## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Name		X-Town 125 E4	
Model No.		KS25CA	
Overall length		2200 mm	
Overall width		810 mm	
Overall height		1320 mm	
Wheel base		1500 mm	
Engine type		O.H.C.	
Displacement		125 cc	
Displacement		92# nonleaded	
Fuel Used		gasoline	
	Front wheel	79	
	Rear wheel	100	
weight (kg)	Total	179	
	Front wheel		
Cross waight		122	
Gross weight	Rear wheel	207	
(kg)	Total	329	
RRGround clear	rance (mm)	145	
Braking distance	(m)	4.4m / 30 km/h	
Min. turning rad	ius (mm)	R:2480/L:2535	
Engine	Engine part		
Starting system	Starting system		
Туре		Liquid cooled 4	
Турс		stroke	
Cylinder arrang		Single cylinder	
Combustion cha		Single Sphere	
Valve arrangen		O.H.C. 4V	
Bore x stroke (		54*54.5	
Compression ra		11.7±0.2:1	
Compression p (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> -rpm)	ressure	15	
Max.horsepow	er(kw/rpm)	9.6kw/8750rpm	
Max. torque (N		11Nm/8000rpm	
	Open	8°BTDC	
Intake(1mm)	Close	31 °BTDC	
	Open	32 °BTDC	
Exhaust(1mm)	Close	6°BTDC	
Valve	Intake	0.1mm	
clearance	Exhaust	0.1mm	
Idle speed (rpm)	1800±100		
Cooling Type	Liquid cooling		
Lubrication typ	Forced pressure & wet sump		
Oil pump type	Inner/outer rotor		
1 71			

Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration	
Oil capacity			1.2L	
Exchangi	ng cap	pacity		1.1L
			Fuel syst	
Air cleane		& N	0	Paper element, wet
Fuel capac	city			10.5 L
Throttle t	ype			Butterfly type
		El	ectrical sy	ystem
Ignition t	ype			ECU
				NGK CR7E
Spark plu	g			/CPR7EA-9
Spark plu	g gap	)		0.6~0.7/0.8~0.9mm
Battery C	apaci	ty		12V 10AH
		Trai	nsmission	
Clutch ty	pe			Dry multi-disc
Transmis	sion (	Gear	tyne.	Non-stage
Tunsiins	31011 \	Jean		Transmission
Transmission Gear operation		Automatic centrifugal		
Reduction	n Gea	r typ	e	Two-stage reduction
Reduction	- - roti	_	1st	0.83~2.2
Keductioi	1 1 atro		2nd	10.41
		N	<b>Joving de</b>	evice
Front	Caste	er ang	le	28°
Axle	Trail	lengt	h	140mm
Turning	nala		Left	40°
Turning a	ingle	Right		40°
Tire press	ure		Front	2.0
(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )			Rear	2.25
Brake system Front		Disk brake		
type	type Rear		Disk brake	
		Da	amping D	evice
Suspensio	n		Front	Telescope
type			Rear	Double Swing
Frame type			Pipe under bone	



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Name	X-Town 125 E5		
Model No.	Model No.		
Overall length	2200 mm		
Overall width		810 mm	
Overall height		1320 mm	
Wheel base		1500 mm	
Engine type		O.H.C.	
Displacement		125 cc	
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded	
ruei Osea		gasoline	
	Front wheel	79	
weight (kg)	Rear wheel	100	
weight (kg)	Total	179	
	Front wheel	122	
Gross weight	Rear wheel	207	
(kg)	Total	329	
RRGround clears	ance (mm)	145	
Braking distance (	m)	4.4m / 30 km/h	
Min. turning radi	ius (mm)	R:2480/L:2535	
Engine	part		
Starting system		Starting motor	
Туре		Liquid cooled 4	
Туре		stroke	
Cylinder arrang		Single cylinder	
Combustion cha		Single Sphere	
Valve arrangem		O.H.C. 4V	
Bore x stroke (r		54*54.5	
Compression ra		11.7±0.2:1	
Compression pr	ressure	15	
(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> -rpm) Max.horsepowe	er(kw/rnm)	9.51/9000rpm	
Max. torque (N		11.06Nm/6500rpm	
	Open	-6 °BTDC	
Intake(1mm)	Close	32 °BTDC	
	Open	32 °BTDC	
Exhaust(1mm)	Close	-6 °BTDC	
Valve	Intake	0.1mm	
clearance			
Idle speed (rpm)	0.1mm 1750±100		
Cooling Type	Liquid cooling		
	Lubrication type		
Oil pump type	wet sump Inner/outer rotor		

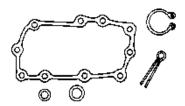
F				
Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration	
Oil capacity			1.2L	
Exchangin	g cap	acity		1.1L
			Fuel syst	
Air cleaner		& N	0	Paper element, wet
Fuel capaci				10.5 L
Throttle ty	pe			Butterfly type
		El	ectrical s	ystem
Ignition ty	pe			ECU
Spark plug				NGK CPR7EA-9
Spark plug	g gap	)		0.6~0.7/0.8~0.9mm
Battery Ca	apaci	ty		12V 10AH
		Trai	nsmission	
Clutch typ	e			Dry multi-disc
Transmiss	ion (	Gear	type	Non-stage
Transmiss				Transmission
Transmiss				Automatic centrifugal
Reduction Gear type		Two-stage reduction		
Reduction	ratio	`	1st	0.83~2.2
Reduction	Tair		2nd	10.41
		N	<b>Joving de</b>	evice
Front	Caste	r ang	le	28°
Axle	Trail	lengt	h	140mm
Turning a	nala		Left	40°
Turning an	igic		Right	40°
Tire pressu	ire		Front	2.0
(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )			Rear	2.25
Brake syste	Brake system Front		Disk brake	
type Rear		Disk brake		
		Da	amping D	evice
Suspension	1		Front	Telescope
type			Rear	Double Swing
Frame type		Pipe under bone		

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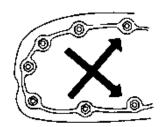
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## **SERVICE PRECAUTIONS**

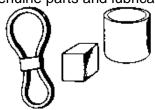
Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



■ When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



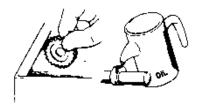
■ Use genuine parts and lubricants.



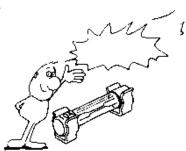
■ When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



■ After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



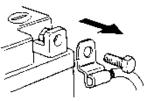
Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



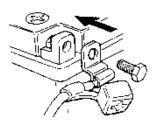
■ When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.



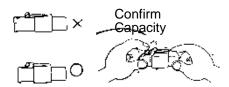
- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.



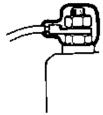
■ If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



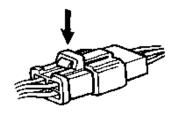
■ After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



■ When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



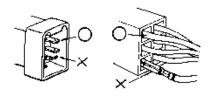
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



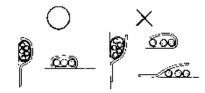
■Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



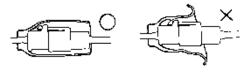
- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



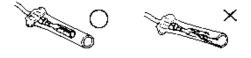
■ Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



■ Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.

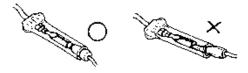


- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

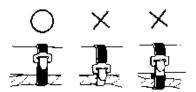


■ Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations.

Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.





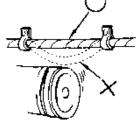
Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



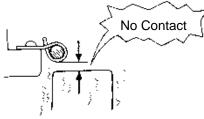
After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



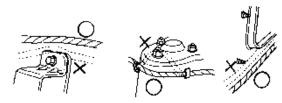
■ When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts that will generate high heat.



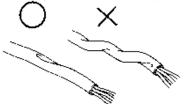
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



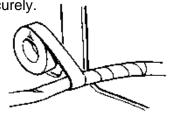
■ Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



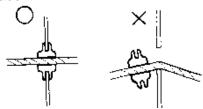
■ Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



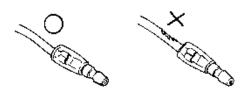
■ When rubber protector cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- ■If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.



■ When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.

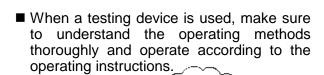


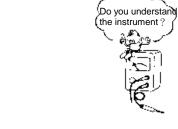
■ After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.





■ Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.





■ Be careful not to drop any parts.



■ When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.



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## ■ Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning



# TORQUE VALUES STANDAR TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque (kgf-m)	Item	Torque (kgf-m)
5mm bolt, nut	0.45~0.6	5mm screw	0.45~0.6
6mm bolt, nut	0.8~1.2	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.7~1.1
8mm bolt, nut	1.8~2.5	6mm flange bolt, nut	1.0~1.4
10mm bolt, nut	3.0~4.0	8mm flange bolt, nut	2.4~3.0
12mm bolt, nut	5.0~6.0	10mm flange bolt, nut	3.0~4.5

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

## **ENGINE**

Item	Qty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (kgf-m)	Remarks
Cylinder head bolt A		6	0.7~1.1	
Cylinder head bolt B		6	0.7~1.1	
Oil filter screen cap		30	2.0~3.0	
O2 sensor		12	0.7~1.1	
Cylinder head cover		6	0.8~0.9	
Tappet adjusting hole cap		30	1.0~2.0	
Cam chain set plate		6	1.0~1.4	
Engine oil drain bolt		12	2.0~3.0	
Clutch outer nut		12	5.0~6.0	
Clutch drive plate nut		28	5.0~6.0	
Starter motor mounting bolt		6	0.8~1.2	
Oil pump bolt		6	0.7~1.1	
Drive face nut		12	5.5~6.5	
Spark plug		10	1.0~1.4	
A.C. Generator flywheel		12	5.0~6.0	
Cam chain tensioner pivot		6	0.8~1.2	

## **FRAME**

Item	Qty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (kgf-m)	Remarks
Steering stem lock nut		Bc1	6.0~6.5	U - nut
Front axle		14 16	1.5~2.5 11~13	U - nut
Rear axle nut		10	3.5~4.5	
Rear shock absorber upper bolt		10 8	3.5~4.5 1.8~2.0	
Rear shock absorber lower bolt			=	
Muffler exh. Pipe				





## **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Tool Name	Tool No.	Illustration (Note: the special tools may differ slightly from those shown in the figure of this manual.)
Flywheel puller (Refer to the "STARTER CLUTCH" section in the chapter10.)	A120E00003	
Oil seal and bearing installer	A120E00014	
Universal holder (Refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELTAND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter8.)	A120E00017	FOIT
Flywheel holder (Refer to the "STARTER CLUTCH" section in the chapter 10.)	A120E00021	
Clutch spring compressor (Refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELTAND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter8.)	A120E00034	E Bo
Valve adjuster (Refer to the "VALVE CLEARANCE" section in the chapter 3.)	A120E00036	



# **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Tool Name	Tool No.	Illustration (Note: the special tools may differ slightly from those shown in the figure of this manual.)
Bearing puller	A120E00037	HH = LIM
Valve spring compressor (Refer to the "CYLINDER HEAD" section in the chapter 6.)	A120E00040	[2221]
Lock nut wrench (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.)	A120F00023	E023/
Lock nut wrench (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.)	A120F00002	Fooz
Bottom Ball Race Remove special tool/ Top Ball Cone Race Remove special tool (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.)	A120F00009	
Bottom Ball Race Install special tool Top Ball Cone Race Install special tool (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.)	A120F00019	-



## **LUBRICATION POINTS**

## **ENGINE**

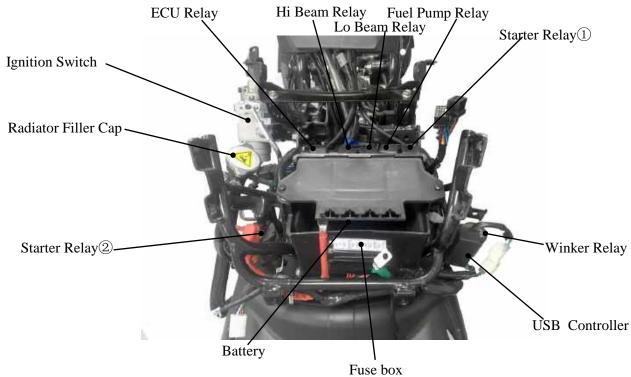
Lubrication Points	Lubricant
Valve guide/valve stem movable part	·GenuineKYMCOEngineOil(SAE5W-50)
Cam lobes	·API , SL Engine Oil
Valve rocker arm friction surface	
Cam chain	
Cylinder lock bolt and nut	
Piston surroundings and piston ring grooves	
Piston pin surroundings	
Cylinder inside wall	
Connecting rod/piston pin hole	
Connecting rod big end	
Crankshaft R/L side oil seal	
Starter reduction gear engaging part	
Countershaft gear engaging part	
Final gear engaging part	
Bearing movable part	
O-ring face	
Oil seal lip	
Starter idle gear	High-temperature resistant grease
Friction spring movable part/shaft movable	
part	
Shaft movable grooved part	
A.C. generator connector	Adhesive
Transmission case breather tube	

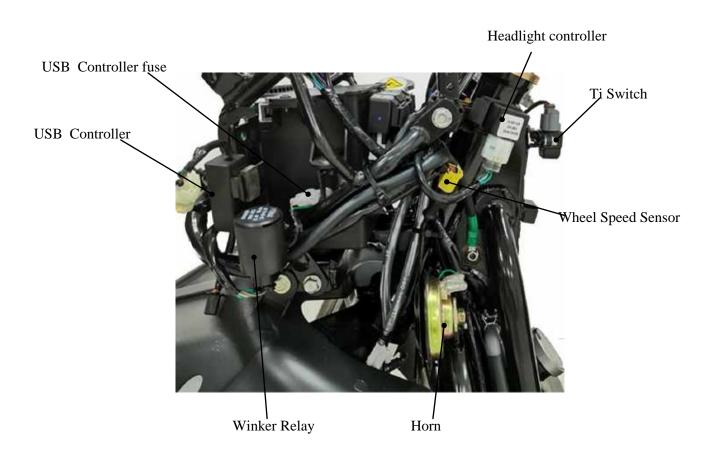
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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## **CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING**

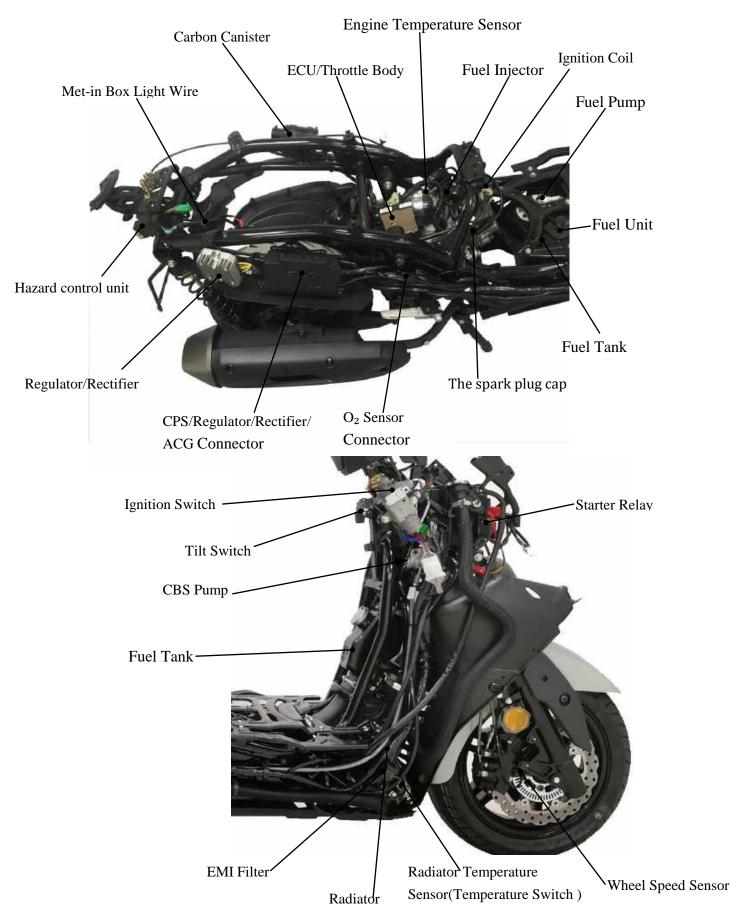




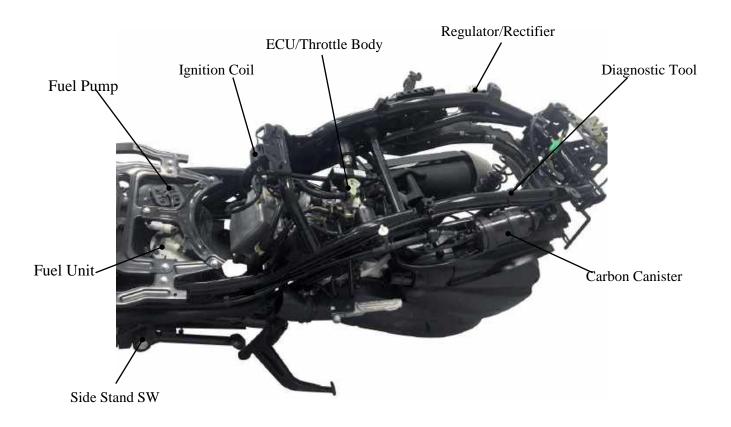
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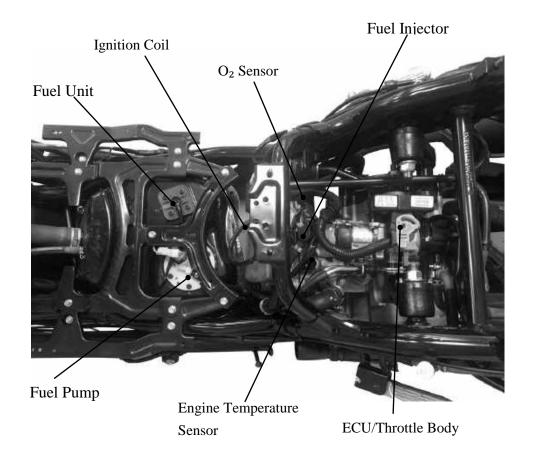


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION







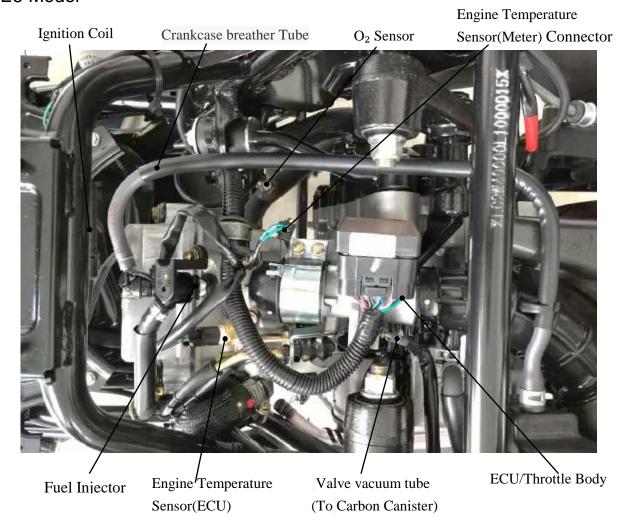


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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# E5 Model





# Troubleshooting Vehicle can not be started

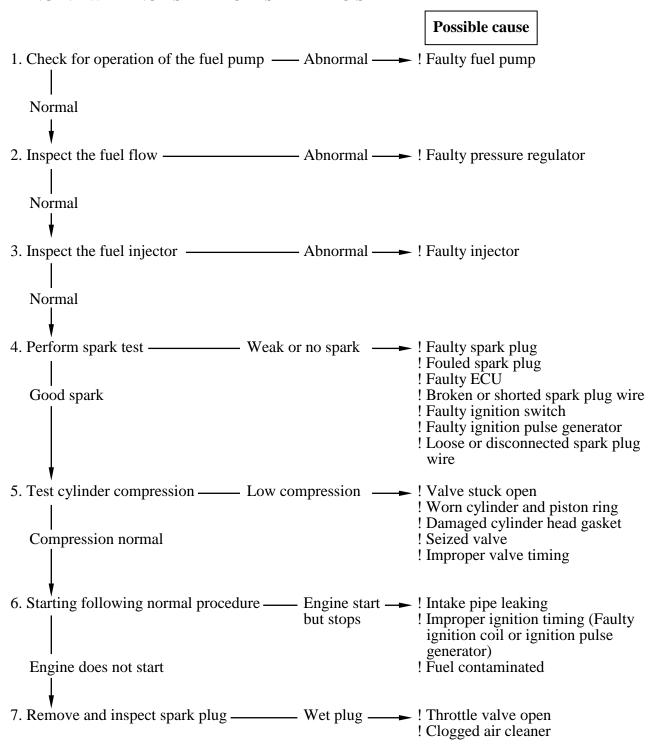
Preliminary 6 Step Inspection

- 1. Is the battery fully charged (12 V or higher). See the Battery topic for more information.
- 2. Key-On and listen for any action with Fuel Pump / Fuel Pump Relay (It will turn off automatically in 5-10 seconds)
- 3. Key-On to check for any failure lamp light up on dashboard. See the Self-Diagnosis topic for more information.
- 4. Is the Idle screw of Throttle Valve being changed or loose?
- 5. Has the vehicle under regular service? Is the gas station a good one?
- 6. Is the spark plug the correct model of specified by the vehicle builder?



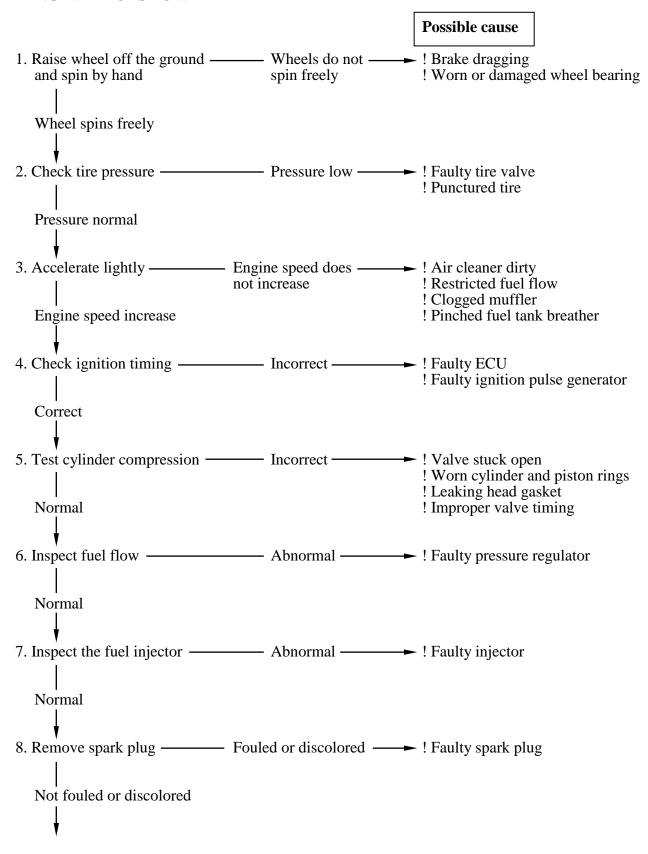
## **General Troubleshooting**

## ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START

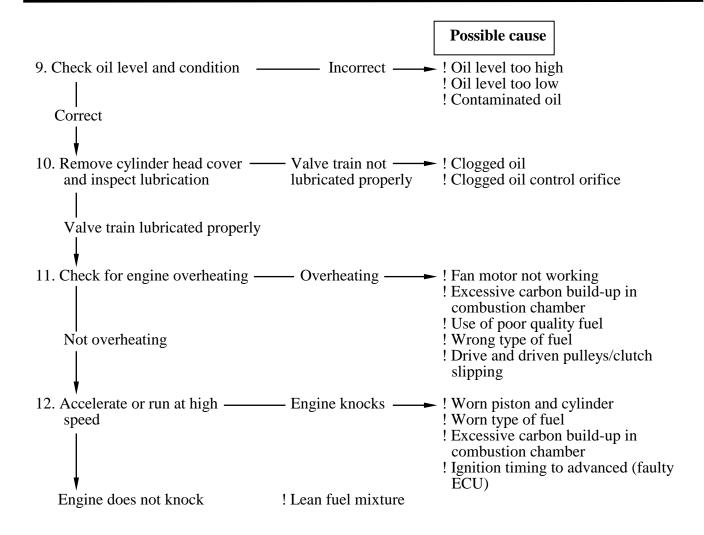




## **ENGINE LACKS POWER**

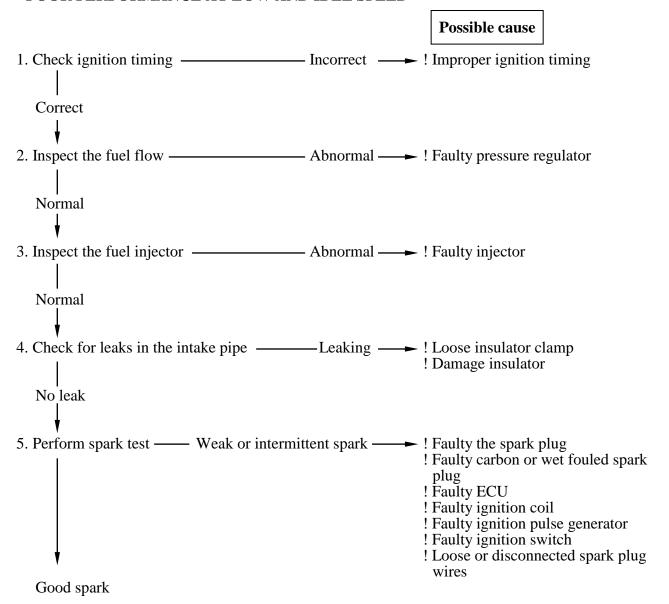






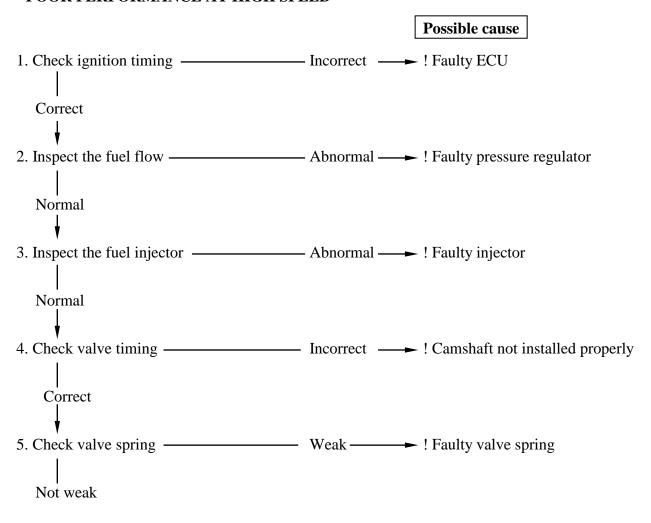


## POOR PERFORMANCE AT LOW AND IDLE SPEED





## POOR PERFORMANCE AT HIGH SPEED



## POOR HANDLING

# Possible cause ! Steering stem adjusting nut too tight! Damaged steering head bearings ! Excessive wheel bearing play! Bent rim! Improper installed wheel hub! Swing arm pivot bearing excessively worn! Bent frame 3. If the motorcycle pulled to one side ! Faulty the shock absorber! Front and rear wheel not aligned! Bent fork! Bent swing arm! Bent axle

2

# **EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS**

SERVICE INFORMATION	2- 1
TROUBLESHOOTING	2- 1
FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION	2- 2
FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION	2- 3
FXHAUST MUFFLER	2_14







## **SERVICE INFORMATION**

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- When removing frame covers, use care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

## **TORQUE VALUES**

Exhaust muffler pipe nuts	1.8~2.2 kgf-m
Exhaust muffler brake /RR Frok	3.2~3.8 kgf-m
RR fork/Engine case	3.0~4.0 kgf-m

## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

## Noisy exhaust muffler

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

## Lack of power

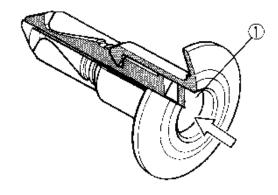
- Caved exhaust muffler
- Clogged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks



# FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

## **REMOVAL**

Depress the head of fastener center piece  $\leftarrow$ . Pull out the fastener.



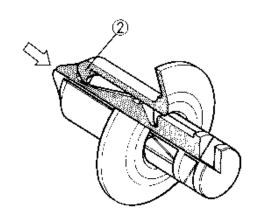
## **INSTALLATION**

Let the center piece stick out toward the head so that the pawls  $\uparrow$  close.

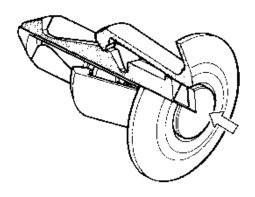
Insert the fastener into the installation hole.



To prevent the pawl ↑ from damage, insert the fastener all the way into the installation hole



Push in the head of center piece until it becomes flush with the fastener outside face.





## FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/ **INSTALLATION**

## **SEAT**

Unlock the seat with the ignition key.

Open the seat. Remove the two nuts and seat damper unit. Remove the two nuts and the seat.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

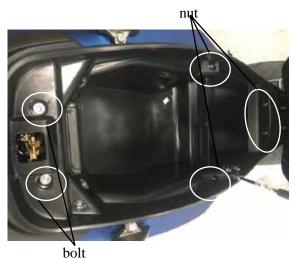


Damper unit

## **LUGGAGE BOX**

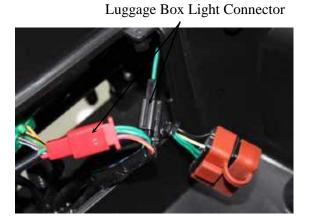
Unlock the seat with the ignition key. Open the seat.

Remove two bolts, and two nuts then lift luggage box.



Disconnect the luggage box light connector, then remove the luggage box.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





**X-Town CT 125** 

Fasteners



Remove the luggage box.

Remove two fasteners and the center cover.

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



**Fasteners** 



Fuel tank cover

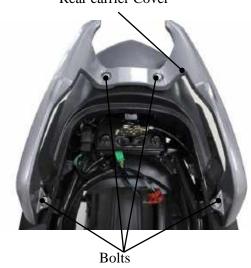
Remove two fasteners and the fuel tank cover

## REAR CARRIER.

Remove four bolts and then remove the rear carrier.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.







X-Town CT 125

## **BODY COVER**

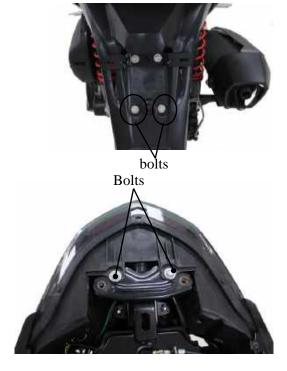
Remove the seat and luggage box(2-3) Remove the rear carrier(2-4).

Remove two fasteners and then remove the rear center cover

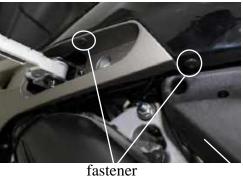


Rear Center Cover

Remove two bolts



Remove the four fasteners attaching to the right and left the body .





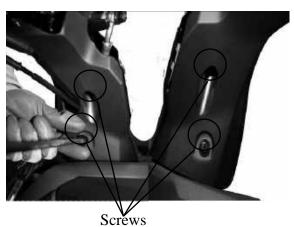
Disconnect the taillight connector. , then remove the body cover.

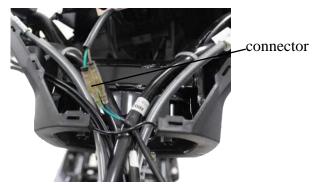
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

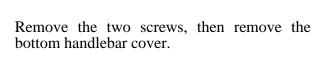


## UPPER/LOWER HANDLEBAR COVER

Remove the four screws . Disconnect the usb power connector. Remove upper handlebar cover.

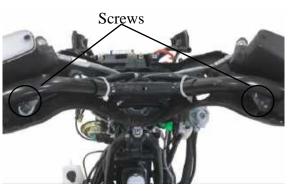






Disconnect the throttle cable refer to the "THROTTLE BODY /TPS" section, then pull the throttle cable out from the lower cover. Remove the lower cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





X-Town CT 125

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## WINDSHIELD/WINDSHIELD GARNISH

Remove five bolts and windshield garnish.



screws

## FRONT CENTER COVER

Remove the windshield Remove two screws and fastener then remove the front center cover. Remove the front center cover. Installation is in the reverse order of removal



the rubber foot mat

## RIGHT/LEFT FOOT SKIRT

Remove the 1 screw and the 1 bolt attaching to the right or left skirt.

Remove the 1 fastener attaching under cover and the right or left skirt.

screw

Foot skirt

bolt

Fastener(attaching under cover)

Remove the foot skirt

\*

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.



X-Town CT 125

## FRONT COVER

Remove two bolts.



Remove 8 screws from the inner cover.





Remove 8 fastener from the cowl under.





Disconnect the headlight/position light connector and right/left turn signal light connectors.





Remove the front cover

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



## FRONT FENDER

Remove four screws attaching to the front fender.

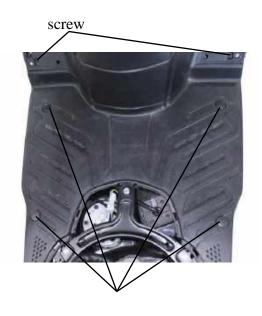
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



## **FLOORBOARD**

Remove the body cover (2-5).
Remove the front cover (2-8)
Remove two screws.
Remove four the rubber cap and bolts.
remove right/left floorboard.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





**X-Town CT 125** 

## **METER PANEL**

Remove the front cover.

Remove the two fasteners and the two screws.

Disconnect the meter connector.

Remove meter panel.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## **INNER COVER**

Remove the front cover.

Remove floorboard.

Remove one screws

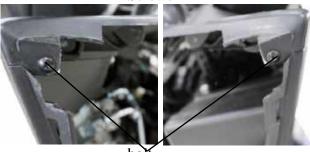
Remove the ignition key garnish.

\*

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.



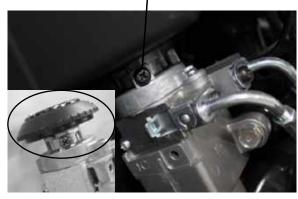




boľi



Screws



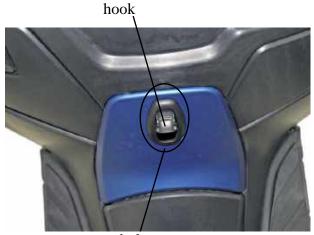
Remove two bolts attaching to the inner cover.



2-10



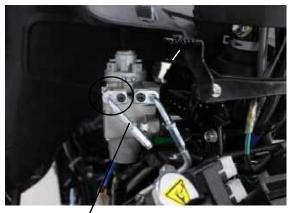
Remove the one bolts attaching to hook.



bolt

Remove one screws.

Disconnect the line of the fuel tank cover.



the line

Open the fuel tank cover.

Remove the fuel tank cap and collection of fuel spill tank .



Remove the inner cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



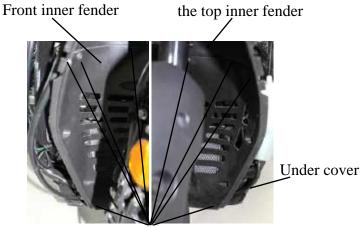
**X-Town CT 125** 

#### FRONT INNER FENDER

Remove the six fasteners, connect front inner fender and the top inner fender
Remove the two fasteners,, connect front inner fender and the under cover.

Remove front inner fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



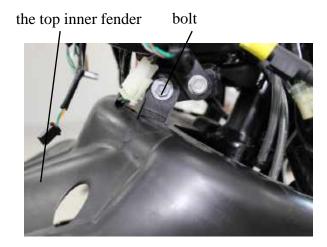
fasteners

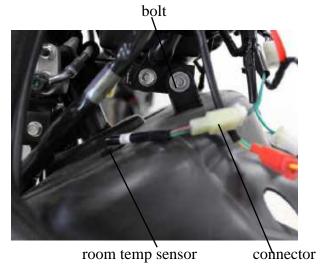
TOP INNER FENDER

Remove the two bolts.

Disconnect the connector of room temp sensor.

Remove the top inner fender







#### **UNDER COVER**

Remove four bolts attaching to under cover. Remove the under cover.

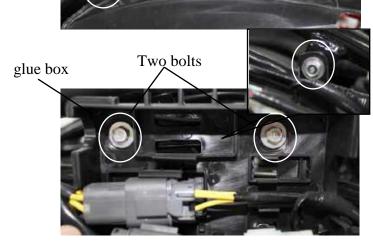
#### TIRE FENDER

Remove the body cover.

Remove four bolts attaching to the tire fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# bolts





#### FENDER, REAR INNER

Remove the two bolts and the glue box of ACG connector.

Remove five bolts.

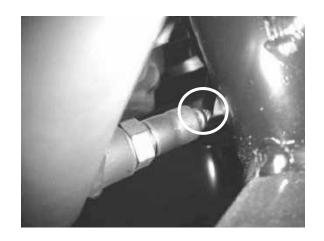
Remove fender rear inner



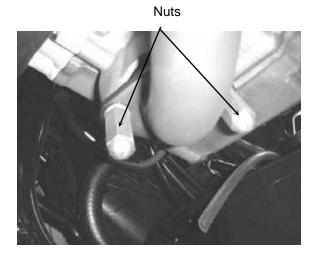
#### EXHAUST MUFF' ER

#### **REMOVAL**

Disconnect the connector with O2 heater/O2 sensor.



Remove the two exhaust pipe joint nuts



Remove three muffler mount bolts and muffler and gasket.





#### **INSTALLATION**

Replace the gasket with a new one. Install the exhaust muffler and three mounting bolt.

Install and tighten the two exhaust pipe joint nuts to the specified torque

**Torque:** 20 N•m (2 kgf•m,)

Tighten the three mounting bolts

**Torque:** 35 N•m (3.5 kgf•m,)



Gasket





3

#### **INSPECTION / ADJUSTMENT**

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MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE	3-	2
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THROTTLE OPERATION	3-	3
ENGINE OIL	3-	4
TRANSMISSION OIL	3-	8
AIR CLEANER	3-	9
SPARK PLUG	3-1	10
VALVE CLEARANCE	3-1	11
IDLE SPEED	3-1	12
CYLINDER COMPRESSION	3-1	13
DRIVE BELT	3-1	13
CLUTCH SHOE WEAR	3-1	14
HEADLIGHT AIM	3-1	14
COOLANT	3-1	15
BRAKE FLUID	3-1	16
BRAKE PAD WEAR	3-1	16
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#### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL**

## **!** WARNING

- Before running the engine, make sure that the working area is well ventilated. Never run the
  engine in a closed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, which may
  cause death to people.
- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area must be well ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or fuel storage area.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **ENGINE**

Throttle grip free play :  $2\sim6$  mm

Spark plug : NGK CR7E/ CPR7EA-9 Spark plug gap : 0.6~0.7mm/0.8 ~ 0.9 mm

Valve clearance : IN: 0.10 mm EX: 0.10 mm

Idle speed : 1750 rpm Cylinder compression :15kg/cm²

Engine oil capacity:

At disassembly : 1.2L At change : 1.0L

Gear oil capacity:

At disassembly : 0.13L At change : 0.12L

Coolant type : Water Cooling

Reserve tank capacity :0.49L Radiator capacity :0.87L

Ignition timing : ECU control

#### **TIRE**

	1 Rider(75kg)	2 Riders(150kg)
Front	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Rear	2.25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2.25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>

#### TIRE SPECIFICATION

Front: 120/80-14 Rear: 150/70-13

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Front axle: 2.0 kgf-m Rear axle nut: 12 kgf-m



#### **Maintenance schedule**

Perform the pre-ride inspection at each scheduled maintenance period. This interval should be judged by odometer reading or months, whichever comes first.

#### Maintenance schedule legend

I: INSPECT AND CLEAN, ADJUST, LUBRICATE OR REPLACE IF NECESSARY C: CLEAN R: REPLACE A: ADJUST L: LUBRICATE D: DIAGNOSE T:TIGHTENING

The maintenance schedule on the flowing two pages specifies the  $\, \, \Box \,$  aintenance required to keep your X-Town scooter in peak operating condition. Maintenance work should be performed in accordance with KVMCO standards and specifications by properly trained and equipped technicians. Your KYMCO dealer meets all of these requirements.

- \* Should be serviced by your KYMCO dealer, unless you have the proper tools, service data and are technically qualified.
- \*\* In the interest of safety, we recommend these items be serviced only by your KVMCO dealer. KYMCO recommends that your KYMCO dealer road test your scooter after each periodic maintenance service is completed.

	FREQUENCY	WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	ODO	OME	TER	REAI	DING	6 (	NOT	≣1)
		X 1000 km	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	REFER
IT	ITEM	X 1000 mi	0.6	3	6	9	12	15	18	TO
''		MONTH	1	6	12	18	24	30	36	PAGE
*	AIR CLEANER	NOTE 2		R	R	R	R	R	R	41
	SPARK PLUG	NOTE 4		I	R	ı	R	I	R	42
*	THROTTLE OPERATION			ı		ı	I	I	l	41
*	VALVE CLEARANCE				Α	I	Α	I	Α	
*	FUEL LINE				I		I		I	
	CRANKCASE BREATHER	NOTE 3	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	52
	ENGINE OIL		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	35
*	ENGINE OIL SCREEN			O	R	С	R	C	R	
*	ENGINE OIL FILTER		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
*	ENGINE IDLE SPEED						I			
*	TRANSMISSION OIL	NOTE 5	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	39
*	DRIVE BELT				1	R	I	1	R	
**	RADIATOR COOLANT		I	I	R	I	R	I	R	50
	ENGINE LIMIT LEVER RUBBER GASKET		Inspect at every 10000km Replace at every 30000km							



FREQUENCY		WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	ODOMETER READING (NOTE1)							
		X 1000km	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	REFER
ITE	-M	X 1000 mi	0.6	3	6	9	12	15	18	TO PAGE
	141	MONTH	1	6	12	18	24	30	36	
**	CLUTCH SHOE WEAR				I		ı		I	
	BRAKE FLUID	NOTE 6		1	R	I	R	I	R	43
	BRAKE PAD WEAR			ı	I	I	I	I	I	44
	BRAKE SYSTEM			I	I	I	I	I	I	
*	BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH			I	I			I	I	
**	STEERING BEARINGS			Ι	I		ı	I	I	
*	HEADLIGHT AIM			I	ı	I	-	I	I	
*	NUTS,BOLTS,FASTENERS			Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	
**	WHEEL/TIRES			I	I	I	I	I	I	49
*	CVT FILTER			С	С	C	С	С	С	
**	INJECTOR			D	С	D	С	D	С	



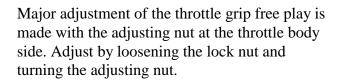
#### **FUEL LINE**

Check the fuel lines and replace any parts which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.



Check the throttle grip for smooth movement. Measure the throttle grip free play.

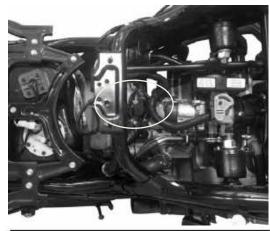
Free Play: 2∼6 mm

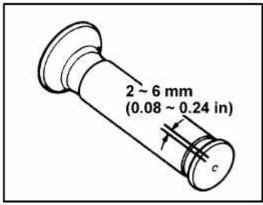


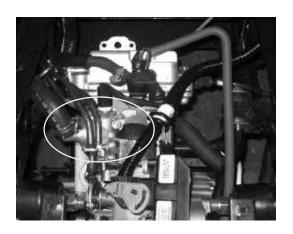
Minor adjustment is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle grip side.

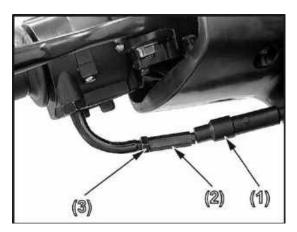
Slide the rubber cover (1) out and adjust by loosening the lock nut (3) and turning the

adjusting nut (2).











#### **ENGINE OIL**

#### **Engine oil recommendation**

Use a premium quality 4-stroke motor oil to ensure longer service life of your scooter. Use only oils which are rated, SJ under the API service classification. The recommended viscosity is SAE 5W-50. If a SAE 5W-50 motor oil is not available, select an alternative according to the chart.

#### **Engine oil capacity:**

At disassembly: 1.2 L

At change: 1.0 L

#### Engine oil level check

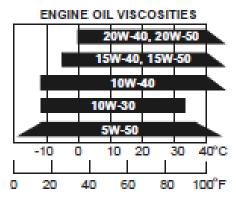
Check the engine oil level each day before riding the scooter.

The level must be maintained between the upper and lower level marks on the oil filler cap/dipstick.

- 1. Start the engine and let it idle for a few minutes.
- 2. Stop the engine and put the scooter on its center stand on level ground.
- 3. After a few minutes, remove the oil filler cap/dipstick, wipe it clean, and reinsert the oil filler cap/dipstick without screwing it in. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick. The oil level should be between the upper and lower marks on the oil filler cap/dipstick.
- 4. If required, add the specified oil up to the upper level mark. Do not overfill.
- 5. Reinstall the oil filler cap/dipstick. Check for oil leaks.

\*

Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.





#### **Engine oil replacement**

specified in the maintenance schedule. When running in very dusty conditions, oil changes should be performed more frequently than specified in the maintenance schedule. Please dispose of used engine oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash or pour it on the ground or down a drain. Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it

Engine oil quality is the chief factor affecting

engine service life. Change the engine oil as

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

hands with soap and water as soon as possible

is still advisable to thoroughly wash your

after handling used oil.



# KYMCO

## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick(1) from the right crankcase cover.
- 2. Place a container under the left crankcase.
- 3. Remove the oil drain plug (2) to drain the oil.
- 4. Reinstall the drain plug and tighten the drain plug to specification.

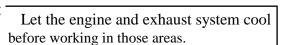


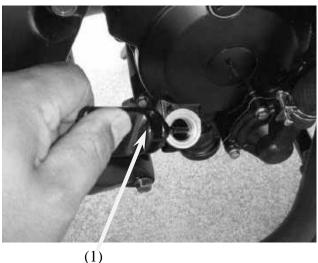
25 N-m (2.5 kgf-m,)

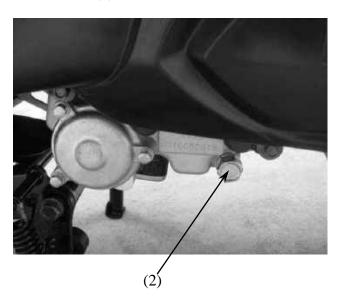
5. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil filler cap. Oil capacity (after draining):

1.0 L(0.95 US qt, 0.8 lmp qt)

- 6. Start the engine and let it idle for  $2\square 3$ minutes.
- 7. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.









#### Oil filter replacement

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

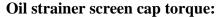
\*

Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.

- 1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick (1) from the right crankcase cover.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the crankcase and remove the oil strainer screen cap (2). The spring (3) and oil strainer screen (4) will come out when the drain plug is removed.

Let the engine oil drain out.

- 3. Clean the oil strainer screen.
- 4. Check that the oil strainer screen, sealing rubber and drain plug O-ring are in good condition.
- 5. Install the oil strainer screen, spring and oil strainer screen cap.



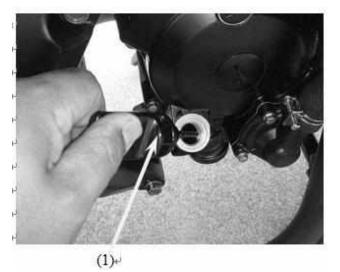
15N-m (1.5 kgf-m)

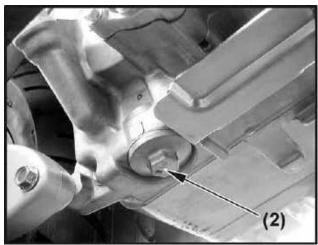
6. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil strainer screen cap.

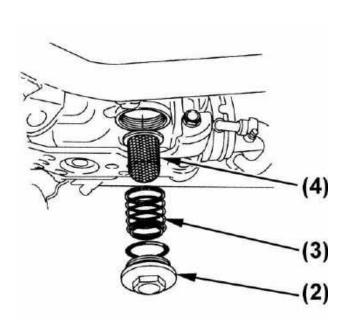
#### Oil capacity (after draining):

1 O I

- 7. Start the engine and let it idle for  $2\sim3$  minutes.
- 8. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.











#### Oil filter replacement

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

\*

Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.

- 1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick (1) from the right crankcase cover.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the crankcase. Remove three bolts and then remove the oil filter cap (2) and O-ring (3).

The spring (4) will come out when the filter cap is removed.

Let the engine oil drain out.

3. Remove and discard the oil filter (5)

\*

Do not remain the rubber seal on the oil filter in the oil filter housing.

- 4. Check that the O-ring is in good condition.
- 5. Install the new oil filter.

\*

Make sure the rubber seal on the oil filter facing the left crankcase.

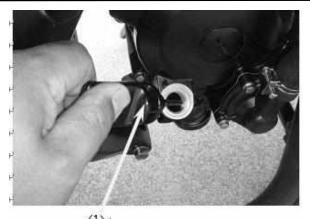
6. Install the spring, O-ring and cap.

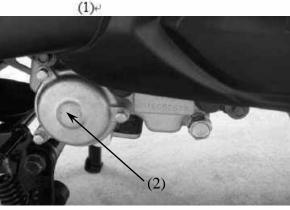
**Torque:** 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m)

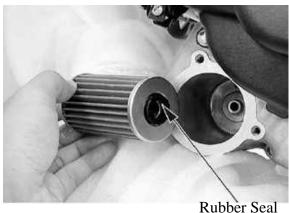
7. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil filler cap.

Oil capacity (after draining): 1.0 L

- 8. Start the engine and let it idle for 2~3 minutes.
- 9. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.

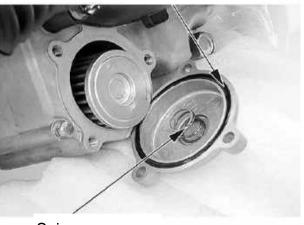






Kubbei

O-ring



Sping

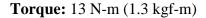


#### TRANSMISSION OIL

#### Oil change

- 1. Place the scooter in its center stand.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the drain bolt (1).
- 3. Remove the transmission oil drain bolt.
- 4. Remove the transmission oil filler bolt (2), slowly turn the rear wheel and drain the oil.

After draining the oil completely, install the oil drain bolt with a new sealing washer and tighten it.



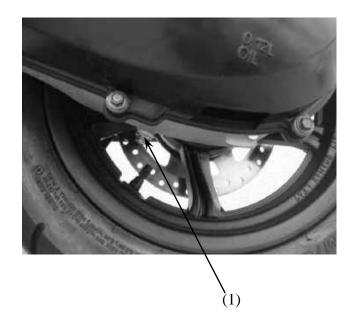
5. Fill the transmission case with recommended oil.

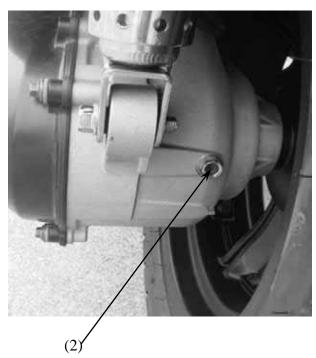
**Recommended transmission oil:** SAE 90

Oil capacity (at draining): 0.12 L

6. Install the transmission oil filler bolt with a new sealing washer and tighten it.

**Torque:** 13 N-m (1.3 kgf-m)







X-Town CT 125

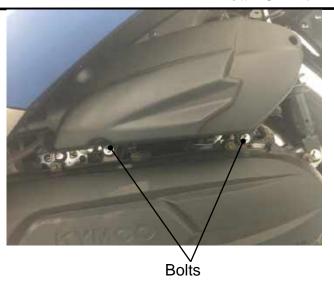
#### **AIR CLEANER**

The air cleaner should be serviced at regular intervals. Service more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.

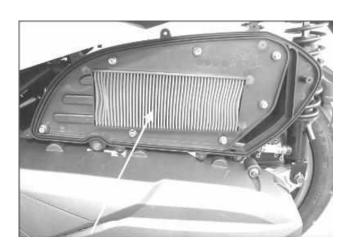
#### Air cleaner element replacement

- 1. Remove the bolts from the air cleaner
- , Rotate the air filter assembly in the direction of the arrow to remove the air filter cover.
- 2. Remove the 8 screws from the air cleaner cover, then remove air cleaner cover.
- 3. Remove screws from the air cleaner element, then remove and discard this air cleaner element.
- 4. The new air cleaner element installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Use the KYMCO genuine air cleaner element or an equivalent air cleaner element specified for your model. Using the wrong KYMCO air cleaner element or a non-KYMCO air cleaner element which is not of equivalent quality may cause premature engine wear or performance problems.









#### **SPARK PLUG**

Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits.

Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

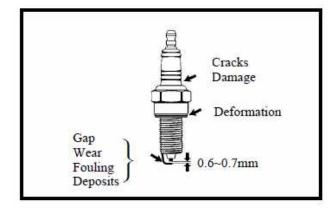
#### **Specified Spark Plug:**

NGK CR7E / CPR7EA-9

Measure the spark plug gap.

**Spark Plug Gap**: 0.6~0.7mm/0.8~0.9 mm





When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.

# **€** KYMCO

# 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### **VALVE CLEARANCE**

Remove the four bolts , then remove cylinder head cover.



Timing hole cap



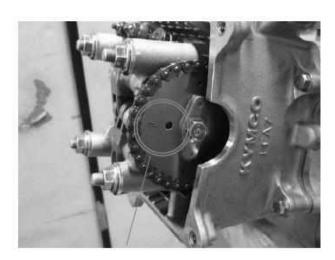
Crankshaft hole cap

Remove the timing hole cap and O-ring Remove the crankshaft hole cap and O-ring .

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel to the top dead center (TDC) on the compression stroke so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

The punch mark on the camshaft should face upward as shown.

If the punch mark on the camshaft are facing downward, turn the crankshaft one full turn (180°) and the punch mark are facing upward.



Punch mark



Adjust by loosening the valve adjusting screw lock-nut and turning the adjusting screw until there is a slight drag on the thickness gauge.

Valve Clearance: IN: 0.10 mm

EX:0.10 mm

Apply oil to the valve adjusting screw locknut threads and seating surface.

Hold the adjusting screw and tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 0.9 kgf-m (9 N-m)



Valve adjuster A120E00036

After tightening the lock-nut, recheck the valve clearance.

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.

#### **IDLE SPEED**

★ It is not necessary to adjust idle speed or X -TOWN125i. The throttle body is factory preset originally, do not loosen or tighten the painted bolts and screws of throttle body. Loosening or tightening them can cause throttle a idle and valve with failure.









#### **CYLINDER COMPRESSION**

Warm up the engine before compression test. Remove the center cover and spark plug cap. Remove the spark plug. Insert a compression gauge. Open the throttle valve fully and push the

Compression:15 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

If the compression is low, check for the following:

starter button to test the compression.

- Leaky valves
- · Valve clearance too small
- · Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn pistons
- Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.

#### **DRIVE BELT**

Remove the left crankcase cover. Inspect the drive belt for cracks or excessive wear. Replace the drive belt with a new one if necessary and in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.







#### **CLUTCH SHOE WEAR**

Start the engine and check the clutch operation by increasing the engine speed gradually.

If the scooter tends to creep, or the engine stalls, check the clutch shoes for wear and replace if necessary (refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELT AND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter 8).



#### **HEADLIGHT AIM**

Remove the front cover

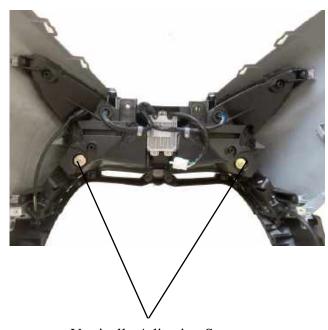
Place the scooter on a level surface

Adjust the headlight beam adjuster.

A clockwise rotation moves the beam up and counterclockwise rotation moves the beam down.

Adjust the headlight beam horizontally by turning the horizontal beam adjuster.

A clockwise rotation moves the beam toward the right side of the rider.



Vertically Adjusting Screw





# RESERVE TANK COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

The coolant reservoir In the front in the box. Check the coolant lever through the inspection window at the left side skirt white the engine is at the normal operating temperature, with the scooter in an upright position..

If the level is below the "LOW" level line ①, remove

the left foot mat, remove the lid screw③, the reservoir lid , and the reservoir tank cap④to add coolant

until it reaches the "FULL" level line 2

Add coolant to the reserve tank only. Do not attempt to add coolant by removing the radiator cap. Coolant in the radiator is under pressure and is very hot and can cause serious burns.





X-Town CT 125

#### **Combination Braking System (CBS)**

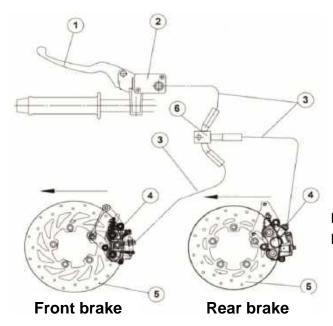
Combination Braking System, the rider's action of depressing the rear brake lever applies both front and rear brakes, The amount of each brake applied is determined by CBS pump.

Depressing the front brake lever only applies the front brake.

- (1) Rear brake lever
- 2 the master cylinder
- **3** the brake tubing
- **4** the brake caliper
- **5** the brake disc
- **CBS Pump**



**CBS** Diagraph



**CBS PUMP** 

Brake Tubing

Rear brake tubing

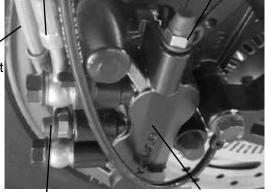
Master Front **Brake Tubing** 

**Undistributed Rear Brake Tube** 

Secondary Front

Master front brake tube bleed valve

Secondary Front **Brake Tubing** 



Secondary front brake tube bleed valve

the front caliper



# **KYMCO**

## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### **BRAKE FLUID**

#### **Brake fluid level**

With the scooter in an upright position, check the front and rear fluid level. It should be above the lower level mark. If the level is at or below the lower level mark "L", check the brake pads for wear.

Worn pads should be replaced. If the pads are not worn, have your brake system inspected for leaks.

The recommended brake fluid is **DOT 4** brake fluid from a sealed container, or an equivalent.

#### Other checks

Make sure there are no fluid leaks. Check for deterioration or cracks in the hoses and fittings.

#### **BRAKE PAD WEAR**

Brake pad wear depends upon the severity of usage, the type of riding, and road conditions. (Generally, the pads will wear faster on wet and dirty roads.) Inspect the pads at each regular maintenance interval.

#### Front brake /Rear brake

Check the cutout in each pad.

If either pad is worn to the cutout, replace both pads as a set. See your KYMCO dealer for this service.



Front brake (CBS)



Rear brake





#### **NUTS/BOLTS/FASTENERS**

Check all important chassis nuts and bolts for looseness.

Tighten them to their specified torque values if any looseness is found.



#### Tire pressure

Insufficient air pressure in the tires not only hastens tire wear but also seriously affects the stability of the scooter. Under inflated tires make smooth cornering difficult and overinflated tires decrease the amount of tire in contact with the ground which can lead to skids and loss of control. Be sure that the tire pressure is within the specified limits at all times. Tire pressure should only be adjusted when the tires are cold.



	1 Rider(75kg)	2 Riders (150kg)
Front	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2.25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Rear	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2.25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>







# 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### **SUSPENSION**

Check the action of the front/rear shock absorbers by compressing them several times. Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks, looseness or damage.

Jack the rear wheel off the ground and move the rear wheel sideways with force to see if the engine hanger bushings are worn.

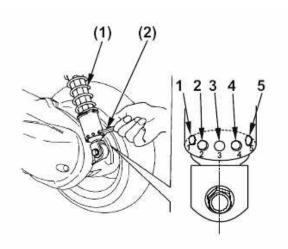
Replace the engine hanger bushings if there is any looseness.



#### Rear suspension adjustment

Each shock absorber (1) has 5 adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

Use a pin spanner (2) to adjust the rear shocks. Always adjust the shock absorber position in sequence (1-2-3-4-5 or 5-4-3-2-1). Attempting to adjust directly from 1 to 5 or 5 to 1 may damage the shock absorber. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Positions 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension, and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded. Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same position.





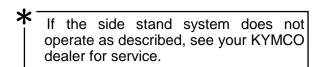
#### SIDE STAND

Your scooter's side stand is not only necessary when you park, but it contains an important safety feature. This feature cuts-off the ignition if you try to ride the scooter when the side stand is down. Perform the following side stand inspection.

#### INTERLOCK FUNCTION CHECK

Check the side stand ignition cut-off system,

- 1. Place the scooter on its center stand.
- 2. Put the side stand up and start the engine.
- 3. Lower the side stand. The engine should stop as you put the side stand down.



#### Engine limit lever rubber gasket

Engine limit lever rubber gasket is made of rubber, Deterioration and friction is normal, so it needs inspection and replacement: inspect every 10000km and replace every 30000km.

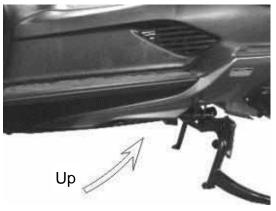
#### Removal

- 1. Remove the engine hanger fixing nut, and remove the engine hanger bolt.
- 2. Remove the engine limit lever nut and remove the rubber gasket ①.
- 3. Remove the limit lever and remove the gasket ②.

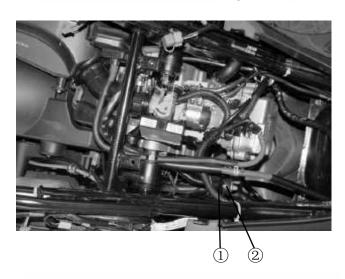
Install the new gaskets in reverse order.

#### Torque:

Engine hanger nut torque:60-70 NM Engine limit lever nut torque:40-50 NM











**X-Town CT 125** 

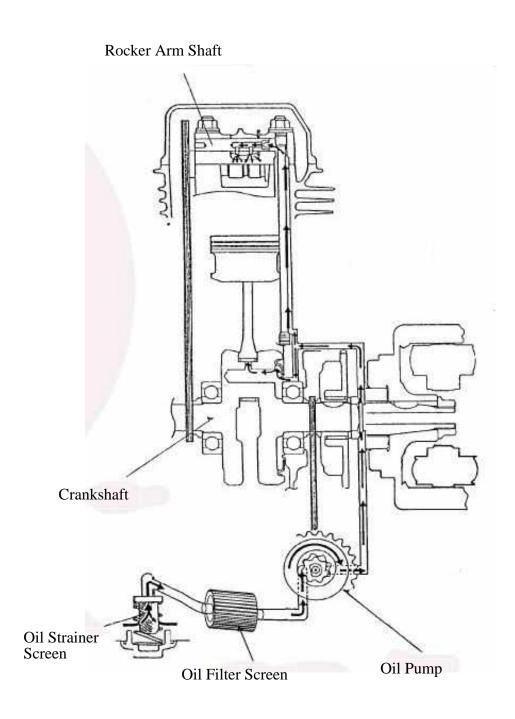
4

# **LUBRICATION SYSTEM**

LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM	4- 1
SERVICE INFORMATION	4- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING	4- 2
OIL PUMP	4- 3



#### **LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM**





## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- The oil pump service may be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- When removing and installing the oil pump use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- After the engine has been installed check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pressure is correct.
- For oil pressure indicator inspection, refer to section 20 of this manual.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	Standard
Inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance	0.15
Outer rotor-to-pump body clearance	0.15~0.2
Rotor end-to-pump body clearance	0.04~0.09

Unit: mm (in)

#### **ENGINE OIL**

Engine Oil Capacity	At disassembly:	1.2 liter		
	At change:	1.0 liter		
Recommended Oil		SAE5W-50		

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### Oil level too low

- Natural oil consumption
- Oil leaks
- Worn piston rings
- Worn valve guide
- Worn valve guide seal

#### Oil contamination

- Oil not changed often enough
- Faulty cylinder head gasket
- Loose cylinder head bolts

#### Poor lubrication pressure

- Oil level too low
- Clogged oil filter or oil passage
- Faulty oil pump

# 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

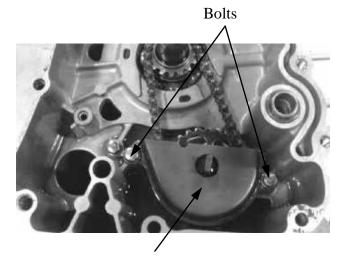


#### OIL PUMP REMOVAL

Remove the flywheel and driven gear (refer to the "STARTER CLUTCH" section in the chapter 10).

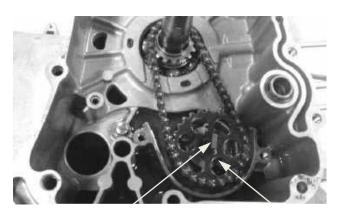
Remove the bolt and then oil separator cover.

When removing and installing the oil pump, be careful not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.



Oil Separator Cover

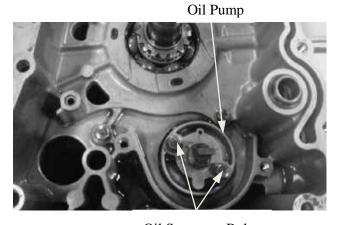
Pry the snap ring off and remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain.



**Snap Ring** 

Oil Pump Driven Gear

Remove the two oil separator bolts to remove the oil pump.



Oil Separator Bolt

# 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

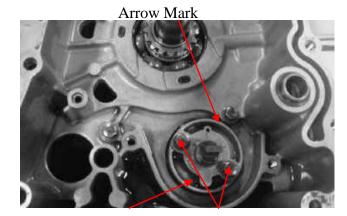


#### **INSTALLATION**

Install the oil pump and oil separator and tighten the two bolts.

The arrow mark must be keep upward.

Make sure the pump shaft rotates freely and arrow on the oil pump is upside.



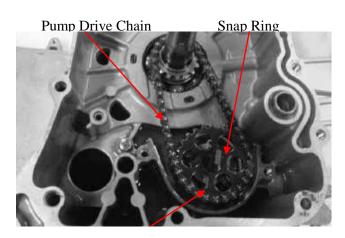
Oil Separator

**Bolts** 

Install the pump drive chain and driven gear, then set the snap ring securely on the pump shaft.



Snap ring

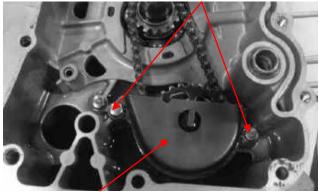


Pump Driven Gear

Install the oil separator cover properly.

Fit the tab of the separator cover into the slit in the separator.



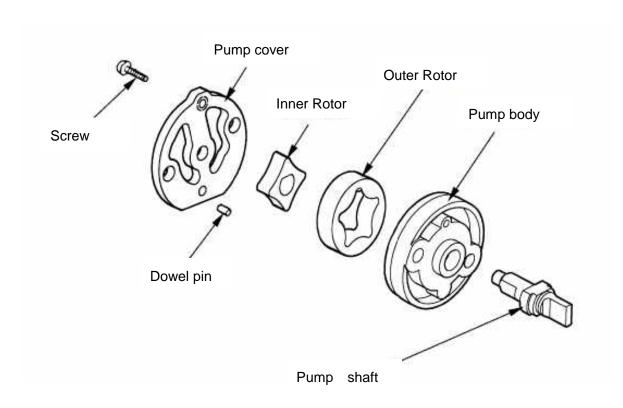


Oil Separator Cover



#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove the screw and disassemble the oil pump as shown.



#### **ASSEMBLY**

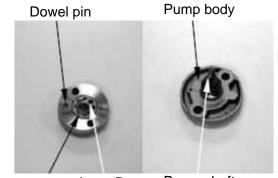
Install the outer rotor, inner rotor and pump shaft into the pump body.



Insert the pump shaft by aligning the flat on the shaft with the flat in the inner rotor. Install the dowel pin.

There is one punch mark on the surface of the inner rotor and outer rotor.

The mark is upside.





# **ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

SERVICE INFORMATION	5-1
ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION	5-2
ENGINE HANGER	5-8



#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine. Be careful not to damage the scooter body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the scooter body during engine removal.
- Drain the coolant before removing the engine.
- After the engine is installed, fill the cooling system with coolant and be sure to bleed air from the water jacket. Start the engine to check for coolant leaks.
- Before removing the engine, the rear brake caliper must be removed first. Be careful not to bend or twist the brake fluid tube.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

**Engine oil capacity:** At disassembly: 1.2 L (1.27USqt)

At change : 1.0L (1.06 USqt)

#### **Coolant capacity:**

Radiator capacity : 0.87 liter Reserve tank capacity : 0.49 liter

#### TORQUE VALUES

Engine hanger (Engine side) 5.0 kgf-m (50 N-m) Engine hanger (Frame side) 6.5 kgf-m (65 N-m)



**X-Town CT 125** 

# ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

#### **REMOVAL**

\* Remove the air cleaner

Disconnect the ECU connector Disconnect the O2 heater/O2 sensor connector

Disconnect the throttle cable

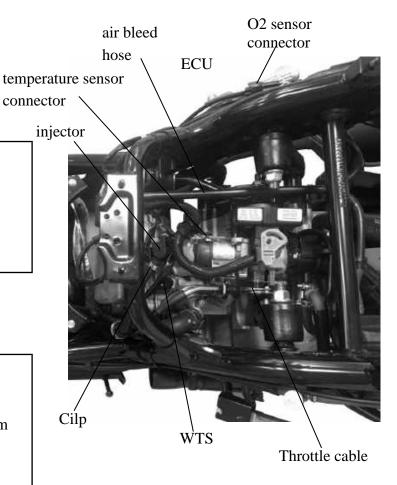


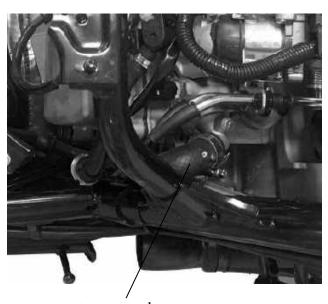
Remove a cilp from fuel hose guide. Disconnect the fuel hose from fuel injector.

Disconnect the WTS connector from WTS.

Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector from coolant temperature sensor.

Disconnect the fuel injector connector Disconnect the output water hose Disconnect the air bleed hose





output water hose



**X-Town CT 125** 

Remove the muffler.

Loosen the rear axle nut.

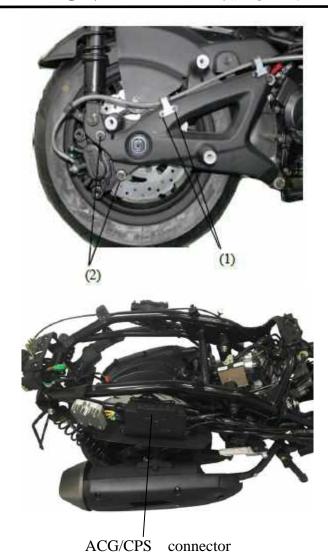
Support the scooter securely on its main stand.

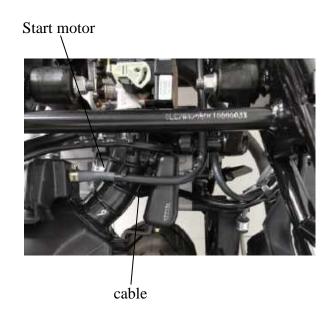
Remove two bolts (1) attaching to rear brake hose clamps.

Remove the two bolts (2), then remove the rear brake caliper.

Disconnect the alternator connector . Disconnect the ignition pulse generator connector .

Release the rubber cap and remove the terminal screw to disconnect the start motor cable from the start motor.





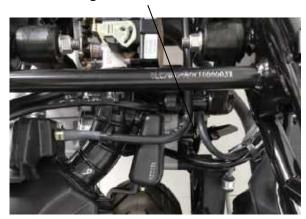


X-Town CT 125

Remove the bolts and engine ground cable.



ground cable



Remove the spark plug cap.



the spark plug cap.



X-Town CT 125

Disconnect the lower radiator hose from lower radiator pipe.



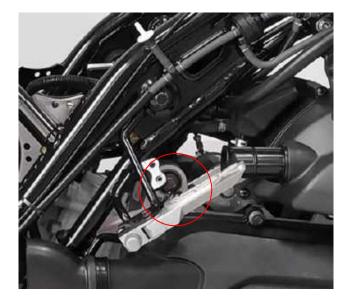
Remove the right and left rear shock absorber lower mount bolts .





**X-Town CT 125** 

Remove the engine mount nut Pull out the engine mount bolt.



Remove the engine from the frame.

At removing the engine, be careful not to catch your hand or finger between the engine hanger and crankcase.





X-Town CT 125

#### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the engine mounting bolt/nut to the specified torque.

**Torque**: 5 kgf-m (50 N-m)

Tighten the right and left rear shock absorber lower mount bolts to the specified torque.

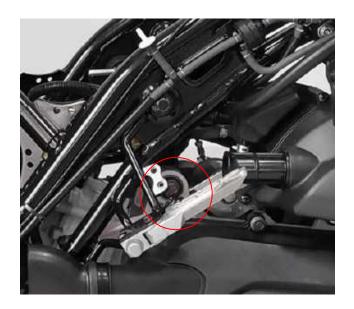
**Torque**: 4.0kgf-m (40N-m)

Install the rear brake caliper and tighten the mount bolts to the specified torque.

**Torque**: 3.2 kgf-m (32 N-m, 23 lbf-ft)

After installation, inspect and adjust the following:

- Throttle grip free play
- Fill the cooling system with coolant and start the engine to bleed air from the system.





#### **ENGINE HANGER**

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the engine mount nut and pull it out.

\*

Be careful to put the engine down.

Remove the left/right engine hanger mount bolt

Remove the engine from frame.



Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the engine hanger mount bolts to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 5 kgf-m (50 N-m)

Tighten the engine mount bolt/nut to the specified torque. (frame side)

**Torque:** 5 kgf-m (50 N-m, 36 lbf-ft)









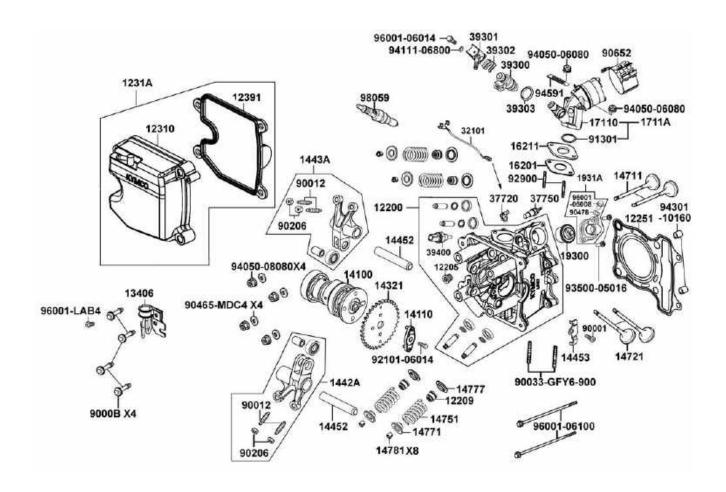
6

#### **CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES**

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TROUBLESHOOTING	6-	3
CYLINDER HEAD COVER	6-	4
CAMSHAFT HOLDER	6-	5
CAMSHAFT	6-	7
CYLINDER HEAD	6-	12



#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**





#### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame. Coolant in the radiator and water hoses must be drained.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts and valve arm sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The valve rocker arms are lubricated by engine oil through the engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

SPECIFICATIONS Unit: mm

DI ECHI ICHIIIO				
Item		Standard		
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.1 mm		
varve clearance (colu)	EX	0.1 mm		
Cylinder head compression pressure		15 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> (213 psi, 1500 kPa)		
Cylinder head warpage		_		
Camshaft cam height	IN	25.965		
Camshart cam neight	EX	25.810		
Valve rocker arm I.D.	IN	$10 \sim 10.015$		
vaive focker aim i.b.	EX	$10 \sim 10.015$		
Valve rocker arm shaft	IN	9.972~9.987		
O.D.	EX	9.972~9.987		
Valve stem O.D.	IN	4.975~4.97		
varve stem O.D.	EX	4.975~4.97		
Valve guide I.D.	IN	5.0~5.012		
varve guide i.D.	EX	5.0~5.012		
Valve stem-to-guide	IN	0.010~0.037		
clearance	EX	0.030~0.057		

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Cylinder head cover bolt	0.8~0.9 kgf-m
Tensioner mounting bolt	0.9 kgf-m
Tensioner sealing bolt	0.9 kgf-m

Cylinder head cap nut 2 kgf-m

Apply engine oil to threads

Cylinder head bolt 0.7~1.1 kgf-m



#### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Valve spring compressor

A120E00040

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

 The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

#### Poor performance at idle speed

• Compression too low

#### Compression too low

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bend valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- · Warped or cracked cylinder head
- · Poorly installed spark plug

#### Compression too high

Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

#### White smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem oil seal

#### **Abnormal noise**

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain tensioner
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm



#### **CYLINDER HEAD COVER**

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove four bolts then remove the cylinder head cover

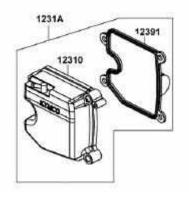


#### **INSTALLATION**

Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover.



Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.



Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern.

**Torque**: 0.8~0.9kgf-m





#### **CAMSHAFT HOLDER**

#### **REMOVAL**

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the T mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.

Remove two bolts attaching cam chain tensioner.

Remove four nuts of camshaft holder and remove the sprocket fixed nut then remove the sprocket.

Remove the camshaft gear bolt.



Install the camshaft gear bolt and holder washers and nuts.

Tighten four cylinder head nuts to the specified torque.

#### **Torque:**

0.7~1.1 kgf-m (Holder nuts)

1.0~1.4 kgf-m (Cam shaft set plate)

1.8~2.2 kgf-m (Cylinder head M8X1.25)



- Install the camshaft holder with the "EX" mark face exhaust valve side.
- Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head cap nuts.
- Diagonally tighten the cylinder head nuts in 2~3 times.









#### DISASSEMBLY

Take out the valve rocker arm shafts Remove the valve rocker arms.



Rocker Arm Shafts

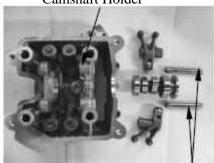
#### **INSPECTION**

Inspect the camshaft holder, valve rocker arms and rocker arm shafts for wear or damage.



If the valve rocker arm contact surface is worn, check each cam lobe for wear or damage.

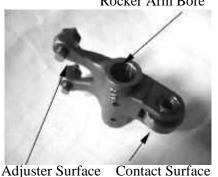




Rocker Arm Shafts

Inspect the rocker arm bore, cam lobe contact surface and adjuster surface for wear/pitting/scratches/blue discoloration. If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.





#### **ASSEMBLY**

Apply engine oil to the rocker arms and rocker arm shafts.

Install the rocker arms and shafts into the camshaft holder.



- Install the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft on the "EX" side of the camshaft holder
- Clean the intake valve rocker arm shaft off any grease before installation.



Rocker Arm Shafts



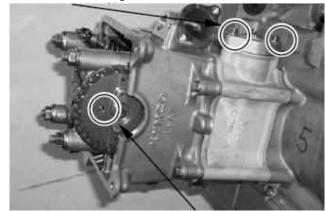
#### **CAMSHAFT**

#### **REMOVAL**

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and the location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.

Remove the tensioner sealing bolt and spring. Remove the two bolts from cam chain tensioner and then remove the tensioner and gasket. **Tensioner Sealing Bolt** 

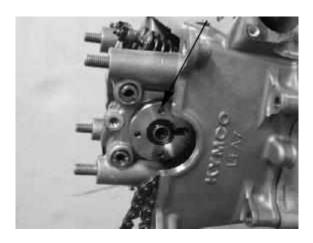


Round Hole

Camshaft

Remove the camshaft gear and bolt.

Remove the camshaft from the cylinder head







#### **INSPECTION**

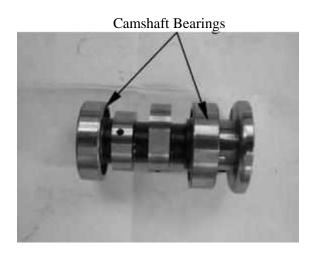
#### Camshaft

Inspect camshaft lobes for pitting/scratches/blue discoloration.



If any defects are found, replace the camshaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.

Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.



## **KYMCO**

## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

#### **INSTALLATION**

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the cam chain onto the camshaft gear.

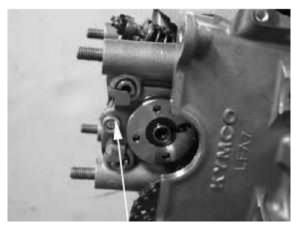
**Punch Marks** 



Round Hole

Cam shaft

Install the rocker arms shafts fixed bolt.



Bolt

Install the camshaft gear







#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats, oil seals and valves using a valve spring compressor.

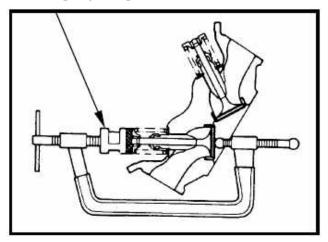
#### \*

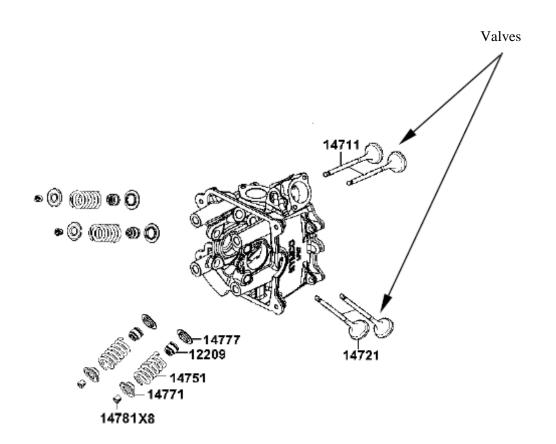
- Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
- Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly

#### **Special tool:**

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040

#### Valve Spring Compressor



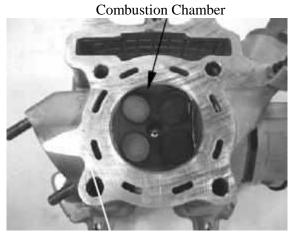




#### **INSPECTION**

Remove carbon deposits from the exhaust port and combustion chamber.

Be careful not to damage the cylinder head mating surface.



**Exhaust Port** 

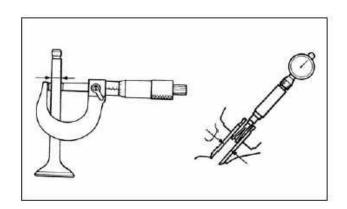
#### Valve /Valve guide

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear.

If any defects are found, replace the valve with a new one.

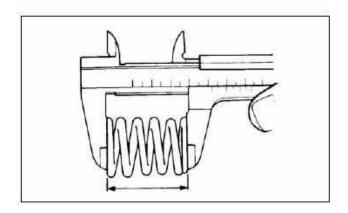
\*

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, replace the cylinder head is necessary.



#### Valve spring

Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.

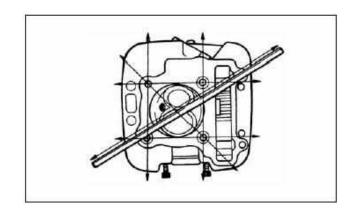




#### Cylinder head

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.



#### **ASSEMBLY**

Install the valve spring seats and oil seal.

Be sure to install the new oil seals.

Lubricate each valve with engine oil and insert the valves into the valve guides. Install the valve springs and retainers. Compress the valve springs using the valve spring compressor, then install the valve cotters.

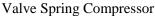
• When assembling, a valve spring compressor must be used.

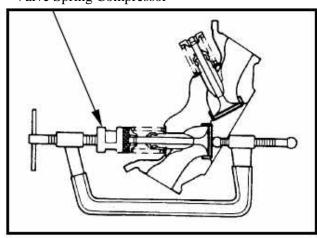
#### **Special tool:**

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040

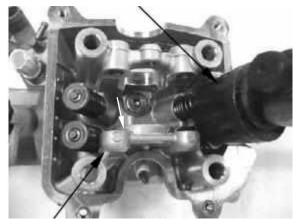
Tap the valve stems gently with a plastic hammer for  $2 \sim 3$  times to firmly seat the cotters.

Be careful not to damage the valves.





Plastic Hammer



Cylinder Head



X-Town CT 125

## **€** KYMCO

## 7. CYLINDER/PISTON

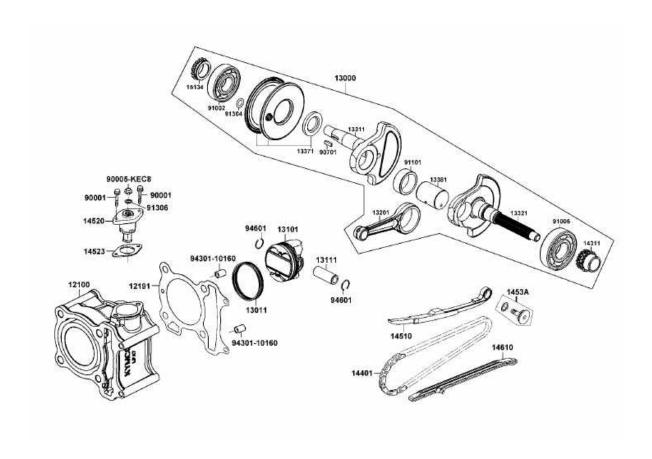
CYLINDER/PISTON

SCHEMATIC DRAWING	7-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	7-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	7-2
CYLINDER AND PISTON	7-3





#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**







#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- When installing the cylinder, use a new cylinder gasket and make sure that the dowel pins are correctly installed.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)

Item			Standard		
	I.D.	52.4~52.41			
Cylinder	Warpage				
Cymidei	Cylindricity				
	True roundness				
	Ring-to-groove	top	0.015~0.055		
	clearance	Second	0.015~0.055		
	Ring end gap	top	0.10~0.25		
Piston,		Second	0.10~0.25		
piston ring		Oil side rail	0.2~0.7		
	Piston O.D.		52.37~52.39		
	Piston O.D. measuring position		9 mm from bottom of skirt		
	Piston-to-cylinder	clearance	0.01~0.04		
	Piston pin hole I.D.		15.002~15.008		
Piston pin O.D			14.994~15		
Piston-to-piston pin clearance			0.002~0.014		
Connecting rod small end I.D. bore			15.016~15.034		

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

• When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

## Compression too low or uneven compression

- · Worn or damaged cylinder and piston rings
- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings

#### Compression too high

 Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

#### Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

#### Abnormal noisy piston

- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin
- Incorrectly installed piston



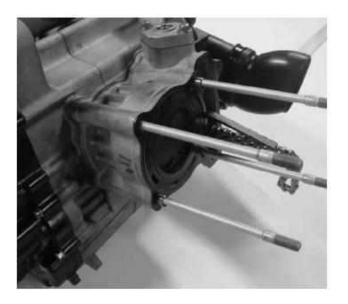
#### **CYLINDER AND PISTON**

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the cylinder head (refer to "CYLINDER HEAD" section in the chapter 6).

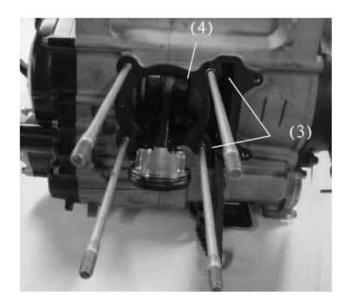
Remove the water hose attached the cylinder.

Remove the cylinder



Remove the cylinder gasket (4) and dowel pins (3).

Clean any gasket material onto the cylinder surface.

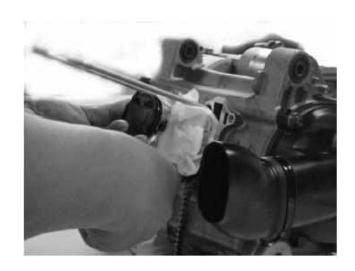


Remove the piston pin clip.

\*

Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.

Press the piston pin out of the piston and remove the piston.



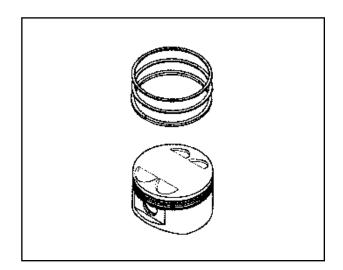


Spread each piston ring and remove it by lifting up at a point opposite the gap

\*

Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.

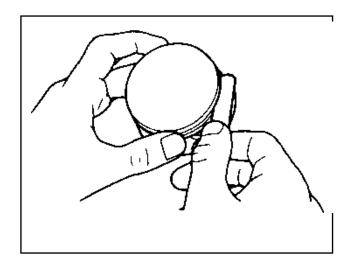


#### **INSPECTION**

#### **Piston ring**

Inspect the piston rings for movement by rotating the rings. The rings should be able to move in their grooves without catching.

Push the ring until the outer surface of the piston ring is nearly flush with the piston and measure the ring-to-groove clearance.

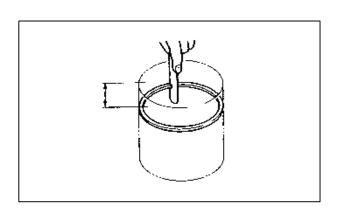


Insert each piston ring into the bottom of the cylinder squarely.



Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap.

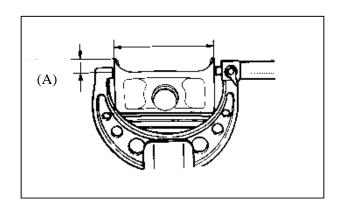


### 7. CYLINDER/PISTON

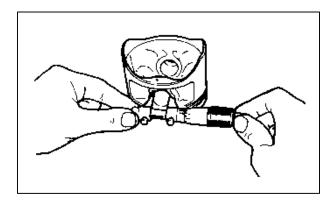


**Piston/Piston pin** Measure the piston O.D. at the point (A) from the bottom and 90 °to the piston pin hole.

Calculate the cylinder-to-piston clearance

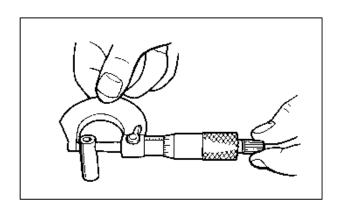


Measure the piston pin hole. Take the maximum reading to determine the I.D..



Measure the piston pin O.D. at piston and connecting rod sliding areas.

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.



## 7. CYLINDER/PISTON



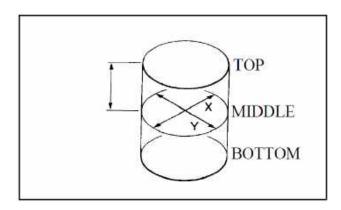
#### Cylinder

Check the cylinder for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge in the directions shown.



Check the cylinder wall for wear or damage.

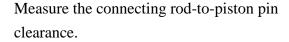
Measure and record the cylinder I.D. at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine the cylinder wear.



Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance. Take a maximum reading to determine the clearance.

Measure the taper and out-of-round at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine them.

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

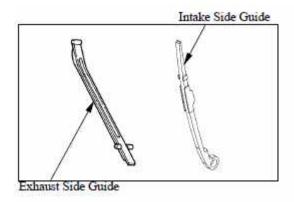






Inspect the exhaust side and intake side chain guides.

Wear/Damage  $\rightarrow$  Replace.



#### **INSTALLATION**

#### **Piston ring**

Carefully install the piston rings into the piston ring grooves with the markings facing up.

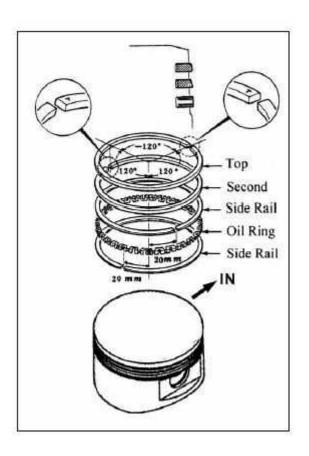


\* Be careful not to damage the piston and rings.

- Do not confuse the top and second rings.
- To install the oil ring, install the oil ring, then install the side rails.

Stagger the piston ring end gaps 120 °degrees apart from each other.

Stagger the side rail end gaps as shown.





#### CYLINDER/PISTON

Clean any gasket material attached the cylinder mating surfaces of the crankcase and oil passage.

Apply engine oil to the piston pin.

Apply engine oil to the connecting rod small end and piston pin hole.

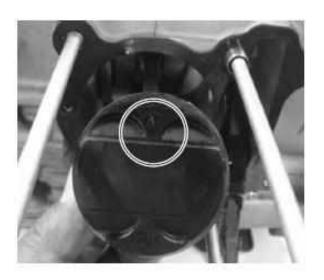
Install the piston with the "IN" mark face intake side and piston pin.

Place a clean shop towel over the crankcase prevent the clip from falling into the crankcase.

Install the new pin clip.

- \* \_\_\_\_\_\_Make sure
  - ☐ Make sure that the piston pin clips are seated securely.
  - ☐ Do not align the piston pin clip end gap with the piston cut-out

Install the dowel pins and gasket.





Gaske



Dowel pins

## 7. CYLINDER/PISTON



Apply engine oil to the cylinder wall, piston and piston ring outer surfaces.

Pass the cam chain through the cylinder and install the cylinder over the piston.

**ϼ**-

Be careful not to damage the piston rings and cylinder walls.

Install the cylinder head and camshaft holder has installed (refer to the "CYLINDER HEAD" section in the chapter 6), Connect the water hose

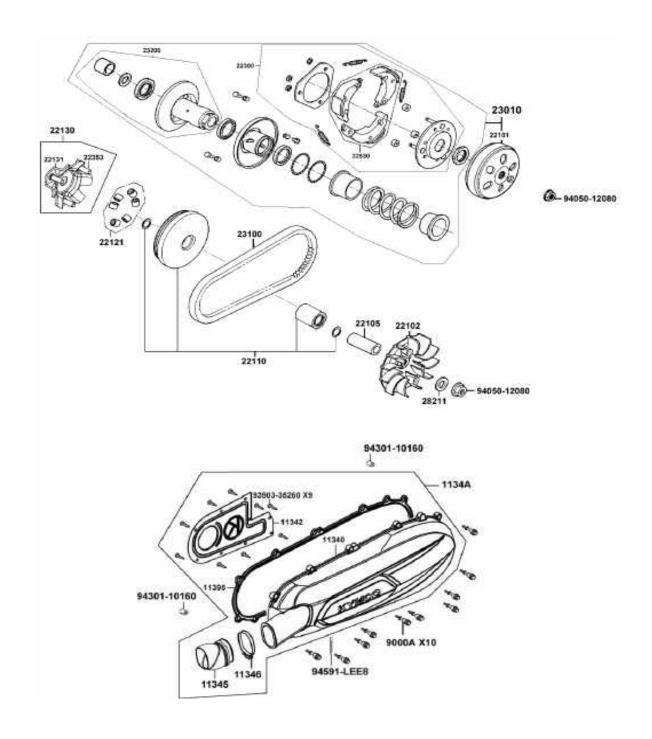




	DRIVE AND	DRIVEN PU	JLLEYS		
				•	
SCHEMATIC DRAW					_



#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**





**X-Town CT 125** 

#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- The drive pulley, clutch and driven pulley can be serviced with the engine installed.
- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces. Remove any oil or grease from them to minimize the slipping of drive belt and drive pulley.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Standard (mm)
Movable drive face bushing I.D.	24.011~24.052
Drive face collar O.D.	23.960~23.974
Clutch outer I.D.	130~130.2
Driven face O.D	33.965~33.985
Movable driven face I.D.	34~34.025
Weight roller O.D.	17.920~18.080

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Drive face nut 9.5 kgf-m (93.1 N-m)
Clutch outer nut 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m)
Clutch drive plate nut 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m)

#### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Universal holder A120E00017 Clutch spring compressor A120E00034

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining
- Broken driven face spring

#### Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

· Broken clutch weight spring

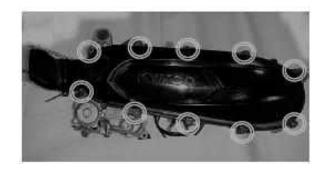
#### Lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face



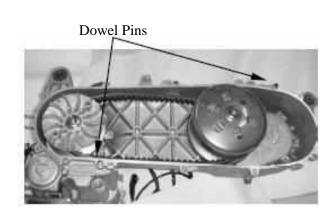
# LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Remove the bolts attaching to the left crankcase cover. Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



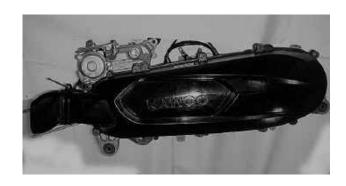
#### **INSTALLATION**

Install the dowel pins and gasket.



Install the left crankcase cover.

Install and tighten ten bolts diagonally to specified torque.





**X-Town CT 125** 

# DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELT AND DRIVEN PULLEY

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the left crankcase cover

.

Use the special tool to hold the drive pulley, then remove the nut and ratchet.

#### **Special tool:**

Universal holder

A120E00017

Remove the drive pulley face and washer.

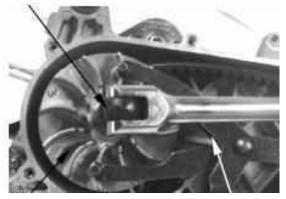
Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut.

#### **Special tool:**

Universal Holder A120E00017

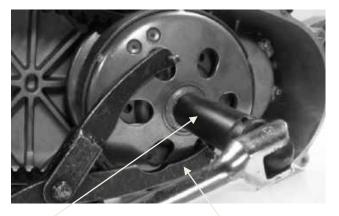
Remove the clutch outer, driven pulley assembly and drive belt together.

Nut/Ratchet



Drive Pulley Face

Universal Holder



Nut

Universal Holder

#### Clutch Outer/Driven Pulley Assembly

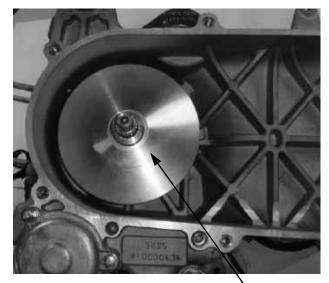


Drive Belt



X-Town CT 125

Remove the movable drive face assembly.

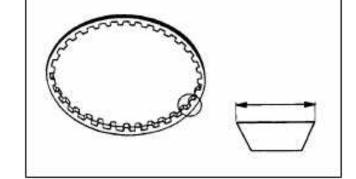


Movable Drive Face Assembly

#### **Drive belt inspection**

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear.

Replace a new belt at every 15000KM

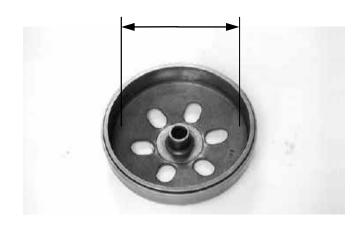




\* Use specified genuine parts for replacement.

#### **Clutch out inspection**

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage. Measure the clutch outer I.D.



**X-Town CT 125** 

#### **INSTALLATION**

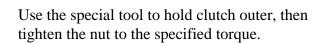
Apply lubricant to the drive face boss inner surface, then install the movable drive face assembly.

Install the clutch outer onto the driven pulley assembly.

Compress the driven pulley assembly by hand, then install the drive belt into the driven pulley assembly.

- The drive belt should be installed so that the arrows on the drive belt periphery point in the normal turning direction if the drive belt has arrow mark.
  - The drive belt contact surface of the driven face should be thoroughly cleaned.

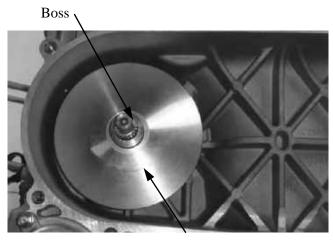
Install the driven pulley assembly/clutch outer and drive belt together.



**Torque:** 5.0~6.0kgf-m (50 ~60N-m)

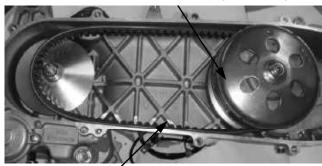
#### **Special tool:**

Universal holder A120E00017

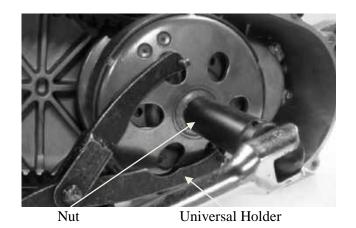


Movable Drive Face Assembly

Clutch Outer/Driven Pulley Assembly



Drive Belt



8-6



X-Town CT 125

Install the drive pulley face and ratchet.
Use the special tool to hold drive pulley face, then tighten the nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 

5.5~6.5 kgf-m (55~65 N-m)

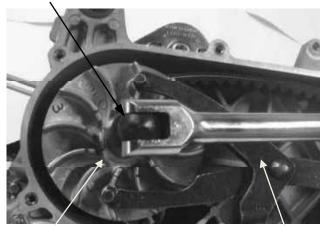
**Special tool:** 

Universal holder A120E00017

Noted:

There is a washer between the drive pulley face and nut, don't forget to mount it when installation.

#### Nut/Ratchet



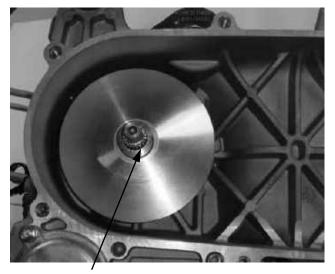
Drive Pulley Face

Universal Holder

X-Town CT 125

### DRIVE PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Remove the drive face boss.



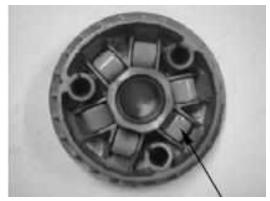
Boss

Remove the ramp plate

Ramp Plate



Take out six weight rollers.



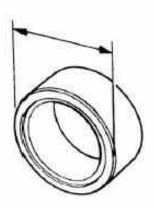
Weight Roller



#### **DRIVE PULLEY INSPECTION**

### Weight rollers

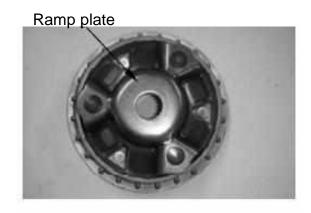
Check each roller for wear or damage. Measure outside diameter.



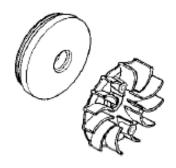
# Movable drive face/Slide pieces/Drive pulley face

Check the movable drive face splines for wear, cracks or damage.

Check the ramp plate for cracks or damage.



Check the movable drive face and drive pulley face cracks or damage.



**X-Town CT 125** 

#### **DRIVE PULLEY ASSEMBLY**

Clean the movable drive face, drive pulley face, weight rollers, slide pieces, ramp plate and drive face boss.



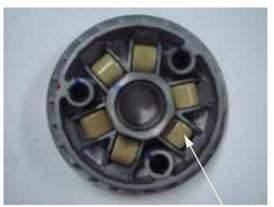
Remove any excess grease.



### Install the weight rollers.



The direction of all weight rollers is the same. The thin side is towards to clockwise.

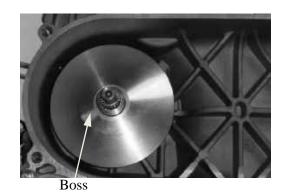


Weight Roller

Install the slide pieces and ramp plate.



Install the drive face boss.



8-10



#### DRIVEN PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Hold the clutch/driven pulley assembly with the clutch spring compressor.

\*

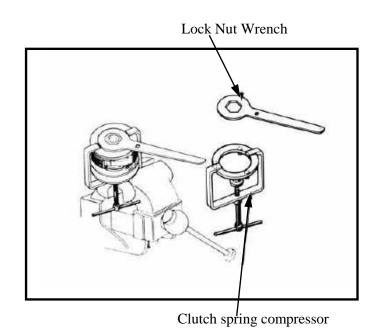
Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

### **Special tool:**

**Clutch Spring Compressor** 

A120E00034

Set the tool in a vise and remove the clutch drive plate nut.



Remove the clutch weight.





X-Town CT 125

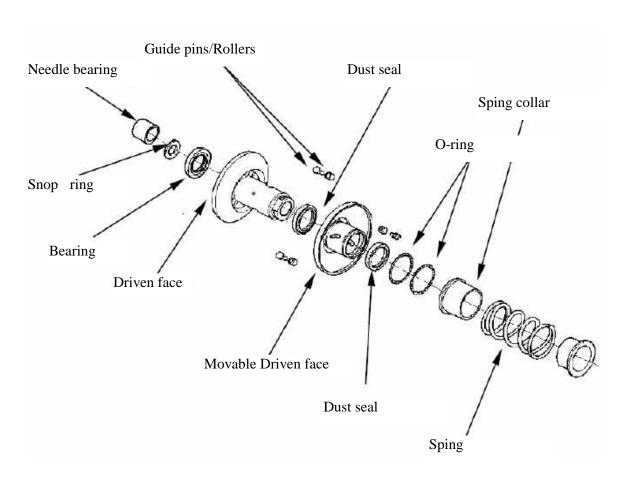
Remove the spring.

Remove the spring collar on the movable driven face.

Remove the three guide pins/rollers, then remove the movable driven face.

Remove the needle bearing from driven face.

Remove the snap ring, then remove the bearing from driven face.





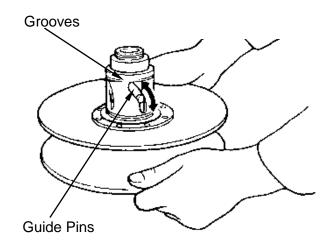
#### **DRIVEN PULLEY INSPECTION**

Check the driven pulley for smooth operation.

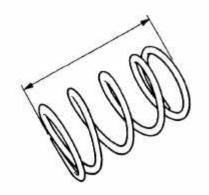
If any scratches or damage is found then replace as a set.

Check guide pins and rollers for wear or damage.

If any scratches or damage is found then replace as a set.



Check the spring for damage. Measure the spring free length.



Check the clutch shoe for heat damage. Measure the clutch shoe thickness.



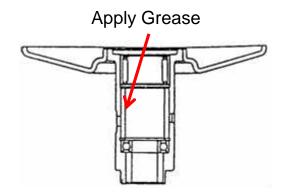


**X-Town CT 125** 

#### **DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY**

Clean any oil from the drive belt sliding surfaces on the driven face.

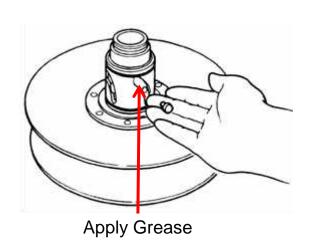
Filling 12 g of grease to driven face inner side.



Apply grease to lips of the new dust seals and install into the movable driven face.

Coat new O-rings with grease and install them into the movable driven face grooves. Install the movable driven face onto the driven face.

Install the guide rollers and guide roller pins. Filling 5 g of grease to each guide groove. Install the guide pins/rollers.



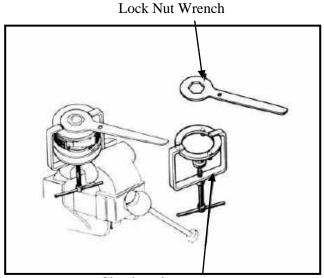
Install spring collar.

Use the special tool to install spring and clutch, then install and tighten the nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 5.5 ~6.5m (55~65N-m)

#### **Special tool:**

Clutch Spring Compressor A120E00034



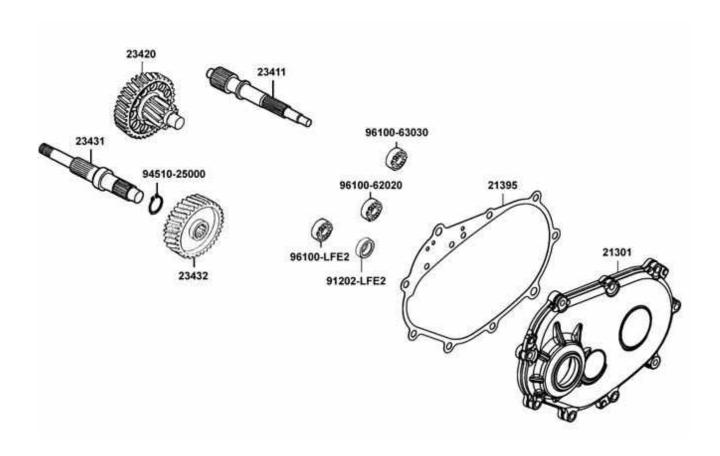
Clutch spring compressor



9.FINAL REDUCTION X-To	wn CT 125
	·
FINAL REDUCTION	
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TROUBLESHOOTING	9-2
FINAL REDUCTION	9-3
BEARING REPLACEMENT	9-7



### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**







### 9.FINAL REDUCTION

# SERVICE INFORMATION GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The servicing operations of this section can be made with the engine installed.
- When replacing the drive shaft, use a special tool to hold the bearing inner race for this operation.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Specified Oil: SAE 90#

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly : 0.13liter At change : 0.12 liter

### **TORQUE VALUES**

Transmission case cover bolt 1.0~1.4kgf-m

#### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014
Bearing puller A120E00037

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

## Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

#### **Abnormal noise**

- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

#### Oil leaks

- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal



## **Final Reduction**

### Removal

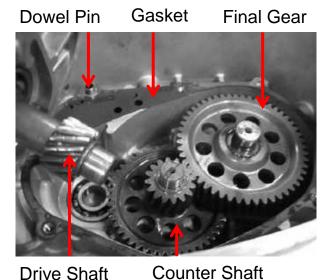
Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container

Remove the driven pulley

Remove the nine bolts from the transmission case cover, and then remove the transmission case cover.

Remove the dowel pins and gasket. Remove the final gear and shaft, then remove the countershaft.





**Drive Shaft** 



## 9.FINAL REDUCTION

X-Town CT 125

## Inspection

Inspect the countershaft and gear for wear or damage.

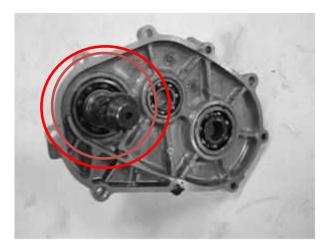


Inspect the final gear and final gear shaft for wear, damage or seizure.



Check the driveshaft for wear or damage.

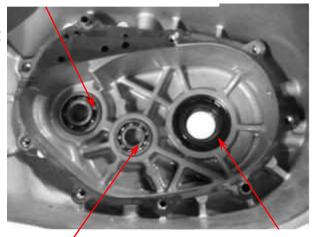
Check the left crankcase bearings for excessive play and inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.





Check the transmission case cover bearings for excessive play and inspect the final shaft bearing oil seal for wear or damage.

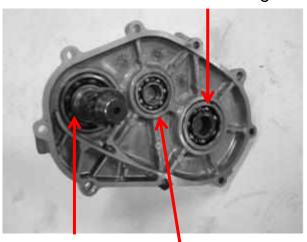
## **Drive Shaft Bearing**



Drive Shaft Bearing

Final Shaft Bearing

## Final Gear Shaft Bearing



**Drive Shaft Bearing** 

Counter Shaft Bearing



### 9.FINAL REDUCTION

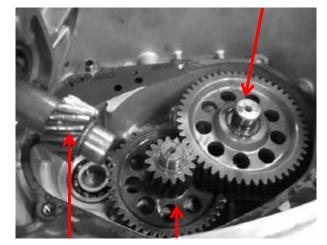
X-Town CT 125

#### **Installation**

Install the final gear and final gear shaft.

Install the Countershaft Install the driveshaft.

Final Gear Shaft/ Final Gear

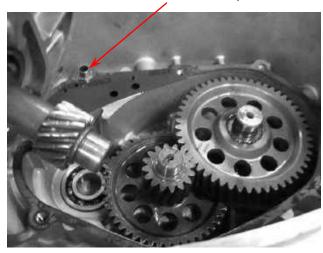


**Drive Shaft** 

Counter Shaft

Dowel pins

Install new gasket.
Install the two dowel pins.



Install the transmission case cover. Install and tighten the nine bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Torque: 1.0~1.4kgf-m

Fill the transmission case with the specified oil





## **Bearing Replacement**

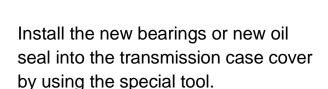
### **Transmission Case Cover**

Remove the transmission case cover

Remove the transmission case cover bearings by using the special tool.

### Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037





Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014



Remove the all transmission gears Remove the transmission case bearings by using the special tool.

### Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Install the new bearings or new oil seal into the transmission case by using the special tool.

## Special tool:

Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014







### 9.FINAL REDUCTION

**X-Town CT 125** 

After installation, fill the transmission case with the specified oil.

Specified gear oil: SAE90#

Oil capacity:

At disassembly: 0.13 liter
At change : 0.12 liter

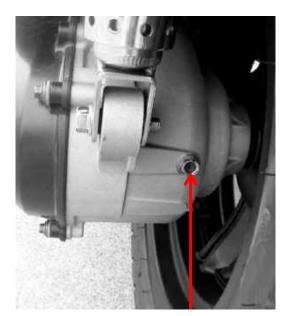


Drain Bolt

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

**Torque : 0,8~1,2kgf-m** 

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.



Oil Check Bolt



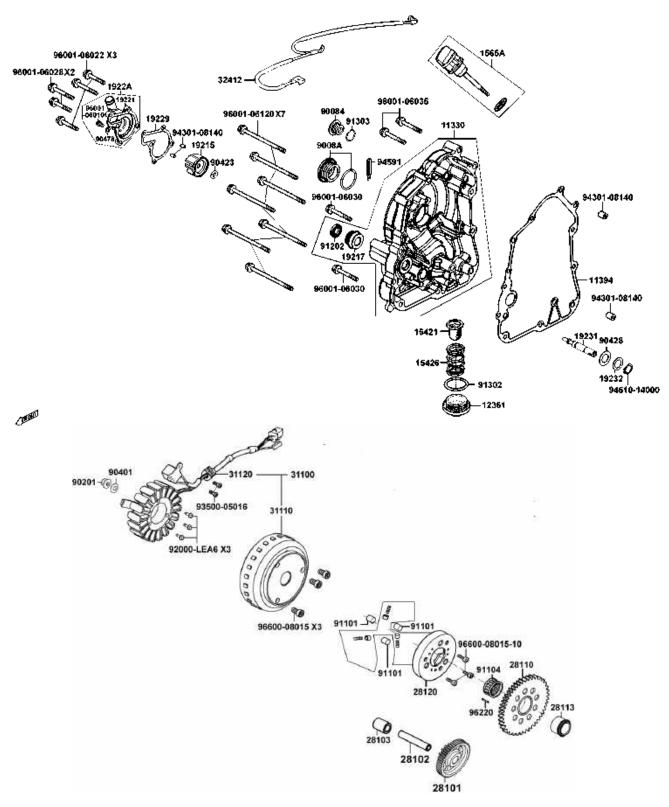
#### A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

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STARTER CLUTCH	10-6

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#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**





X-Town CT 125

#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- All operations and inspections in this section can be made with the engine installed.
- Should drain the coolant before removing the right crankcase cover.
- Be careful not to drain the coolant when the engine temperature is high. (Perform this operation when the engine is cold.)
- Drain the coolant into a clean container.
- Drain the engine oil into a clean container before removing the right crankcase cover.
- When the right crankcase cover is installed, fill with the recommended engine oil and coolant. Remember to bleed air from the water hose.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Engine oil: SAE 5W/50#

**API-SJ** 

Oil capacity at change: 1.0 Liter

Coolant capacity: 0.87L

Coolant: distilled water + coolant concentrate

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel puller A120E00003 Flywheel holder A120E00021

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Flywheel nut: 5.0~6.0 kgf-m (58.8 N-m)

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Refer to chapter 1 for A.C. generator troubleshooting.

#### Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter clutch
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery



X-Town CT 125

### **A.C.GENERATOR**

Removal

Drain the engine oil.

Disconnect the alternator stator connectors.

Remove the 10 bolts from the right crankcase cover and then remove the cover.



Remove the two dowel pins and gasket.



Remove the two pulse coil mount screws. Remove the three stator mount bolts, grommet and the stator from the right crankcase cover.

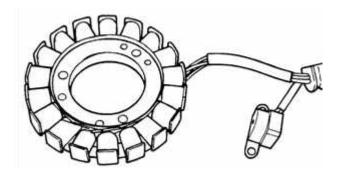




X-Town CT 125

#### **INSPECTION**

Check the stator and pulse coil for damage.



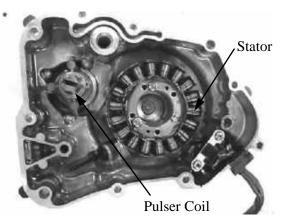
#### **INSTALLATION**

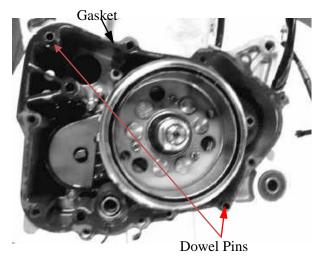
Install the stator and tighten the stator mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 1 kgf-m

Apply sealant to the grommet seating surface and install it to the cover groove properly. Install the pulse coil and tighten mount screws securely.

Clean the mating surfaces of the right crankcase and cover.





Install the dowel pins and gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.



**X-Town CT 125** 

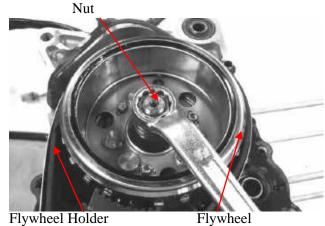
### STARTER CLUTCH **REMVOAL**

Remove the right crankcase cover

Hold the flywheel with a special tool and remove the flywheel nut.

**Special tool:** 

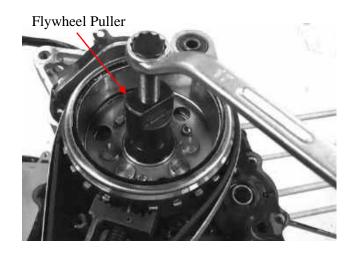
Flywheel holder A120E00021



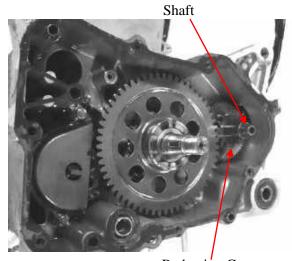
Flywheel Holder

Remove the flywheel by using the special tool. **Special tool:** 

Flywheel puller A120E00003



Remove the reduction gear shaft and reduction gear.





X-Town CT 125

Remove the starter driven gear.



#### **INSPECTION**

Install the driven gear into the flywheel.

Check the operation of the sprag clutch by turning the driven gear.

You should be able to turn the driven gear clockwise smoothly, but the gear should not turn counterclockwise.

Remove the starter driven gear by turning the driven gear.

Check the starter driven gear teeth for wear or damage.



Starter Driven Gear

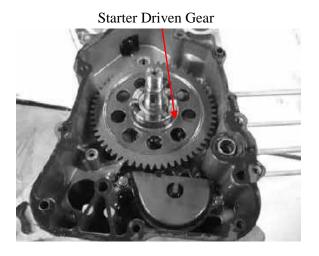
Check the starter reduction gear teeth and shaft for wear or damage.



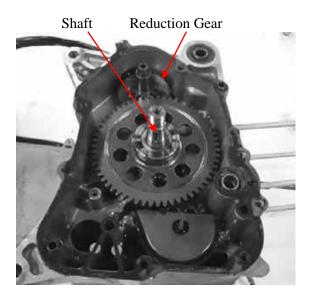


#### **INSTALLATION**

Install the starter driven gear onto the crankshaft.



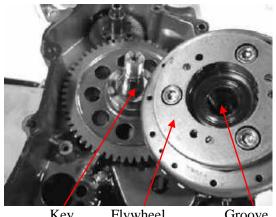
Apply oil to the starter reduction gear shaft. Install the starter reduction gear and shaft to the right crankcase.



Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft by aligning the key on the crankshaft with the groove in the flywheel.



Before installation, check and make sure that the inside the flywheel is not contaminated.



Key

Flywheel

Groove



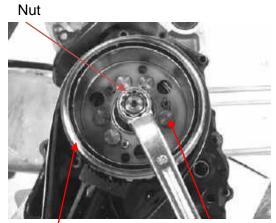
X-Town CT 125

Hold the flywheel with the special tool and tighten the flywheel nut.

**Torque**: 5.0~6.0 kgf-m

**Special tool:** 

Flywheel holder A120E00021



Flywheel

Flywheel Holder

Install the dowel pins and gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3steps.





## 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

X-Town CT 125

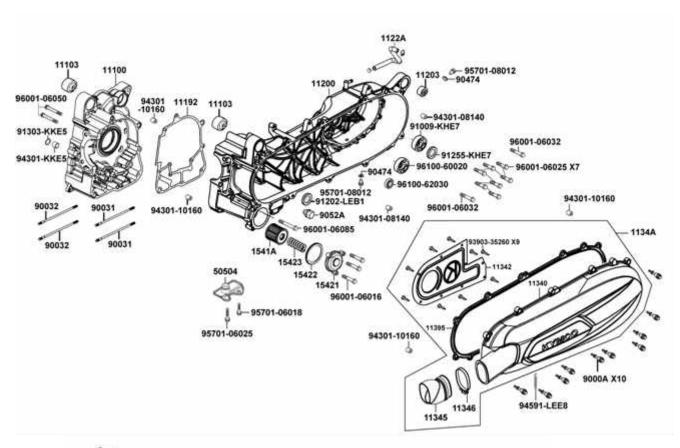
#### CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

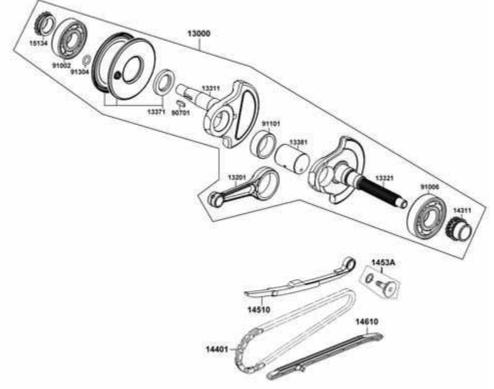
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CRANKCASE SEPARATION	11-3
CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY	11-4

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#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**







## 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft. The engine must be removed for this operation.
- When separating the crankcase, never use a driver to knock the crankcase forcedly to prevent damaging the mating surfaces.
- When installing the crankcase, do not use an iron hammer to tap it.
- When installing the crankcase or crankshaft, must be replaced in pair.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.

Cylinder head

Cylinder/piston

Right crankcase cover/drive and driven pulley

A.C. generator/starter clutch

Rear wheel/rear shock absorber

Starter motor

Oil pump

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	Item	Standard (mm)
Crankshaft	Connecting rod big end side clearance	0.15~0.35
	Connecting rod big end radial clearance	0~0.008

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Crankcase bolt 1.0 kgf-m
Cam chain tensioner slipper bolt 1.0 kgf-m

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### **Excessive engine noise**

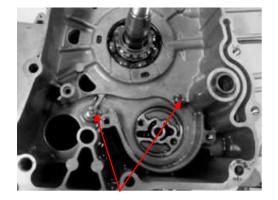
- Excessive bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Worn piston pin and piston pin hole

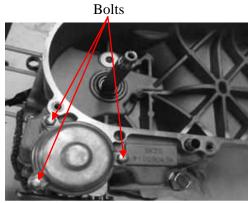


### **CRANKCASE SEPARATION**

Remove the left crankcase bolts.

Remove the two right crankcase attaching bolts.

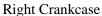


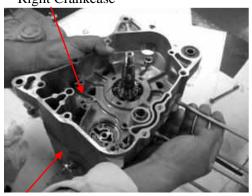


Place the crankcase with the left crankcase down and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.

• Never use a driver to pry the crankcase mating surfaces apart.

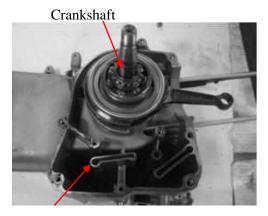
Remove the gasket and dowel pins.





Left Crankcase

Remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.



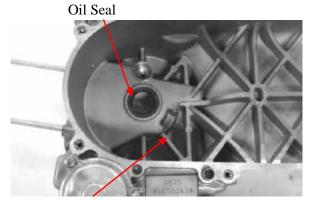
Left Crankcase





Remove the oil seal from the left crankcase.

11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT



Left Crankcase

### **CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY**

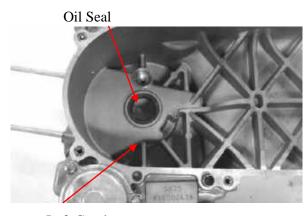
Clean off all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces.



Avoid damaging the crankcase mating surfaces.



Install a new oil seal into the left crankcase.



Left Crankcase





Place the left crankcase down and install the Crankshaft into the left crankcase.



- Avoid damaging the oil seal.
- Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal.

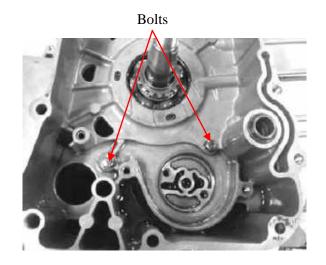


Change a new gasket.

Place into the crankshaft and onto the left crankcase.

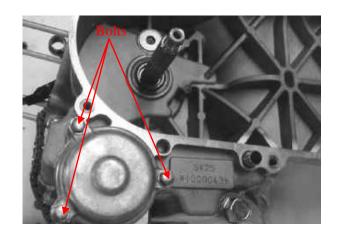
\*

Install the right crankcase squarely and do not tap it with an iron or plastic hammer.



Install and tighten the right and left crankcase attaching bolts.

Torque: 1 kgf-m





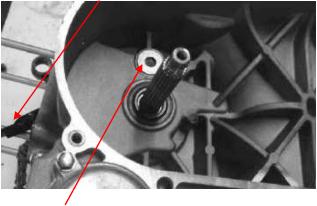
## 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

X-Town CT 125

Install the cam chain.
Install the cam chain tensioner slipper.
Install and tighten the cam chain tensioner slipper bolt.

**Torque**: 1.0kgf-m

Cam Chain Tensioner Slipper



Bolt



X-Town CT 125

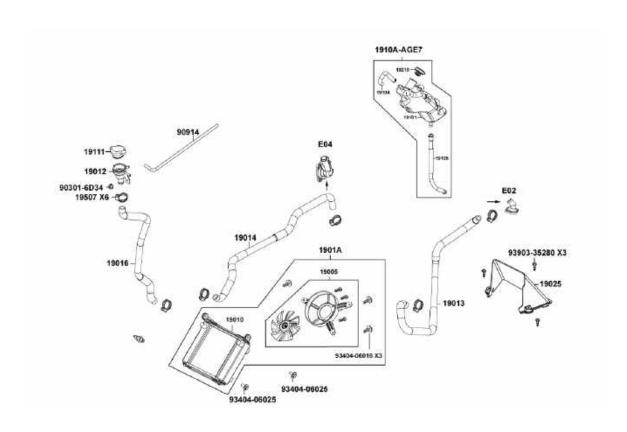
#### **COOLING SYSTEM**

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WATER PUMP	1212
THERMOSENSOR	1212
WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR	1217
THERMOSTAT	1218

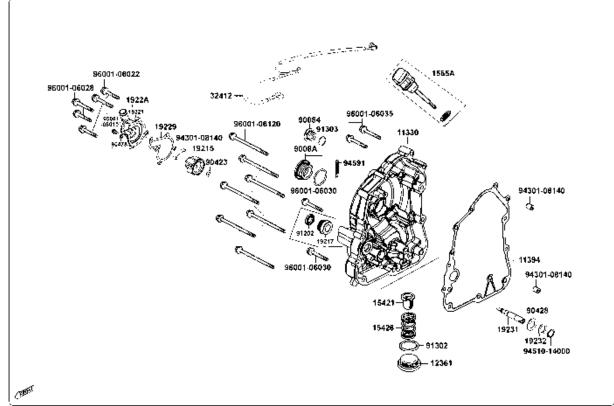
**12** 



#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**











#### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- The water pump must be serviced after removing the engine. Other cooling system service can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- The engine must be cool before servicing the cooling system.
   When the coolant temperature is over 100°C, never remove the radiator cap to release the pressure because the boiling coolant may cause danger.
- Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces because the coolant will corrode the painted surfaces. Wash off any spilled coolant with fresh water as soon as possible.
- After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.

#### **SPECIAL TOOL**

Mechanical seal driver

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Water pump impeller 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m) Water pump cover bolt 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m)

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### Engine temperature too high

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty radiator cap
- Faulty thermostat
- Insufficient coolant
- Passages blocked in hoses or water jacket
- Clogged radiator fins
- · Passages blocked in radiator
- Faulty water pump

#### **Coolant leaks**

- Faulty pump mechanical (water) seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Damaged or deteriorated water hoses

#### Temperature gauge shows the wrong temperature

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty thermostat



## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Radiator cap relief pressure		90Kpa(0.9± kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )			
	Begins to open	8082°C			
Thermostat temperature	Full-open	90℃			
	Valve lift	3.5 mm			
Coolant capacity		Radiator and engine	0.87 liter		
		Reserve tank	0.49 liter		
Standard coolant concentration			1:1 mixture with soft water		

#### **COOLANT GRAVITY CHART**

Temp. °C Coolant concentration	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
5%	1.009	1.009	1.008	1.008	1.007	1.006	1.005	1.003	1.001	0.009	0.997
10%	1.018	1.107	1.017	1.016	1.015	1.014	0.013	1.011	1.009	1.007	1.005
15%	1.028	1.027	1.026	1.025	1.024	1.022	1.020	1.018	1.016	1.014	1.012
20%	1.036	1.035	1.034	1.033	1.031	1.029	1.027	1.025	1.023	1.021	1.019
25%	1.045	1.044	1.043	1.042	1.040	1.038	1.036	1.034	1.031	1.028	1.025
30%	1.053	1.051	1.051	1.049	1.047	1.045	1.043	1.041	1.038	1.035	1.032
35%	1.063	1.062	1.060	1.058	1.056	1.054	1.052	1.049	1.046	1.043	1.040
40%	1.072	1.070	1.068	1.066	1.064	1.062	1.059	1.056	1.053	1.050	1.047
45%	1.080	1.078	1.076	1.074	1.072	1.069	1.056	1.063	1.062	1.057	1.054
50%	1.086	1.084	1.082	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071	1.068	1.065	1.062	1.059
55%	1.095	1.093	1.091	1.088	1.085	1.082	1.079	1.076	1.073	1.070	1.067
60%	1.100	1.098	1.095	1.092	1.089	1.086	1.083	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071

#### COOLANT MIXTURE (WITH ANTI-RUST AND ANTI-FREEZING EFFECTS)

Freezing Point	Mixing Rate	KYMCO SIGMA Coolant Concentrate	Distilled Water
-9℃	20 %		
-15°C	30 %		
-25°C	40 %		
-37°C	50 %		
-44.5°C	55 %		

#### \*

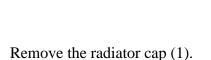
- Use coolant of specified mixing rate. (The mixing rate of 860cc KYMCO SIGMA coolant concentrate + 859cc distilled water is 50%.)
- Do not mix coolant concentrate of different brands.
- Do not drink the coolant, which is poisonous.
- ullet The freezing point of coolant mixture shall be 5°C lower than the freezing point of the riding area.



# COOLING SYSTEM TESTING RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

Removing the radiator cap while the engine is hot can cause the coolant to spray out, seriously scalding you.

Always let the engine and radiator cool down before removing the radiator cap.



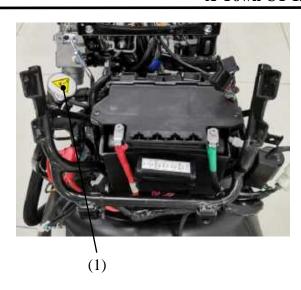
Pressure test should be served on the radiator cap.

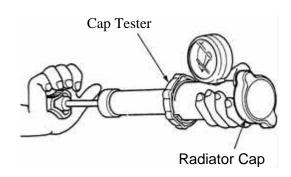
Replace the radiator cap if it does not hold pressure, or if relief pressure is too high or too low.

It must hold the specified pressure for at least six seconds.

\*

Before installing the cap in the tester, wet the sealing surface.





#### **Radiator Cap Relief Pressure:**

90 kPa (0.9 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 12.8 psi)

Pressurize the radiator, engine and hoses, and check for leaks.

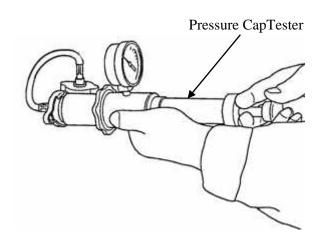


Excessive pressure can damage the cooling system components.

Do not exceed 105 kPa (1.05 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>,

Do not exceed 105 kPa (1.05 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> 14.9 psi).

Repair or replace components if the system will not hold the specified pressure for at least six seconds.





# COOLANT REPLACEMENT PREPARATION

- The effectiveness of coolant decreases with the accumulation of rest or if there is a change in the mixing proportion during usage. Therefore, for best performance change the coolant regularly as specified in he maintenance schedule.
- Mix only distilled, low mineral water with the antifreeze.

#### **Recommended mixture:**

1:1 (Distilled water and antifreeze)



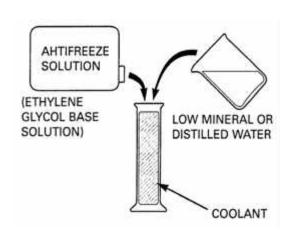
Remove the front cover (refer to the "FRAME COVERS
REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

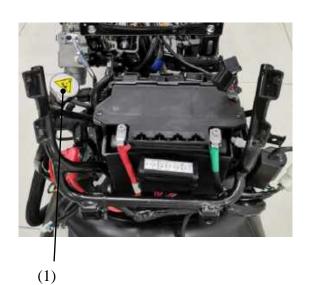
\*

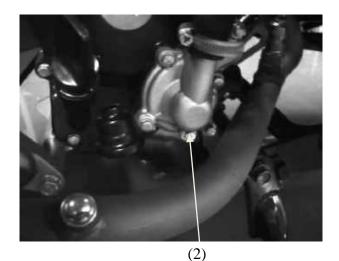
When filling the system or reserve tank with coolant (checking the coolant level), place the scooter in a vertical position on a flat, level surface.

Remove the radiator cap (1).

Remove the drain bolt (2) and drain the coolant from the system.



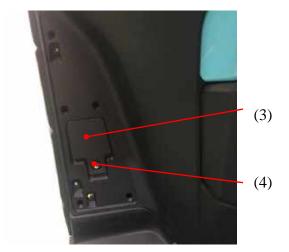








Remove the screw (4) and reserve tank lid (3).



Remove the reserve tank cap and drain the coolant from the reserve tank. Reinstall and tighten the drain bolt securely.



Fill the reserve tank to the upper level line.





## 12. COOLING SYSTEM



Fill the system with the recommended coolant through the filler opening up to the filler neck (1).

Bleed air from the system as follow:

- 1. Start the engine and let it idle for 2-3 minutes.
- 2. Snap the throttle three to four times to bleed air from the system.
- 3. Stop the engine and add coolant to the proper level if necessary. Reinstall the radiator cap.
- 4. Check the level of coolant in the reserve tank and fill to the upper level if it is low.



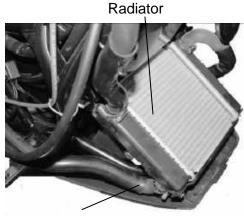




**X-Town CT 125** 

Inspect the radiator soldered joints and seams for leaks.

Blow dirt out from between core fins with compressed air. If insects are clogging the radiator, wash them off. Carefully straighten any bent fins.



Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank

#### **RADIATOR REMOVAL**

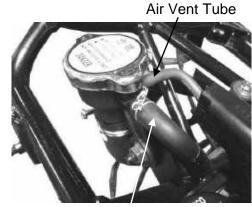
Drain the coolant.

Disconnect the outlet tube of the reserve tank.

Remove the overflow tube clamp and disconnect the overflow tube.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the radiator filler.

Disconnect the fan motor wire coupler.

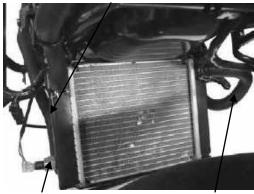


Overflow Tube

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the upper hose and lower hose from the radiator.

Disconnect the thermostatic switch wire coupler.





Thermostatic Switch

Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank



## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

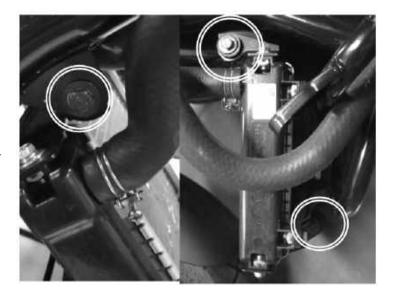
X-Town CT 125

Remove three nuts (10) and then remove the radiator from frame.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refill the coolant

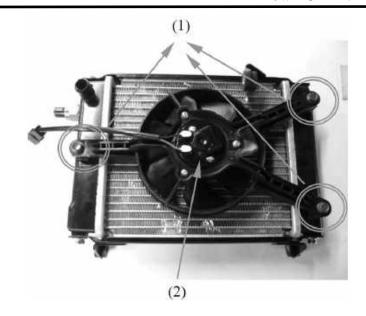






# FAN MOTOR REMOVAL

Remove the radiator Remove the three mounting bolts (1) and then remove the fan motor (2)



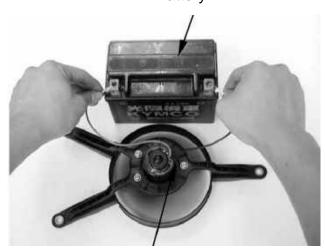
#### **INSPECTION**

Check the fan motor to operate using an available battery.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reveres order of removal.





Fan motor



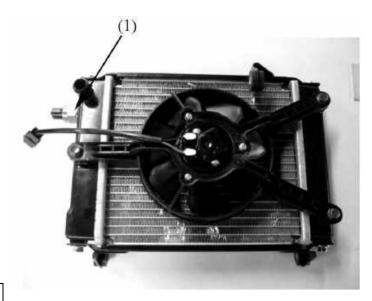
# FAN MOTOR SWITCH REMOVAL

Disconnect the fan motor switch connectors Remove the thermostat(1).

#### INSPECTION

Place the thermal switch in the stove with water as shown and raise the water temperature gradually to check for the temperature at which the starts to operate. If the thermal switch operating temperature is not within the specified range, replace the thermal switch with a new one.

OFF→ON	Over 88- 92° C
ON→OFF	Lower 88- 92° C





Handle the cooling fan motor switch carefully as it is vulnerable to impact.

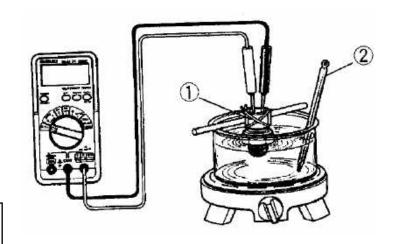
#### **INSTALLATION**

Change a new O-ring. Tighten the cooling fan motor switch to specified torque.

**Torque:** 1.8 kgf-m (18 N-m, 13 lbf-ft)



- Replace the O-ring a new one.
- Do not use grease to the O-ring.





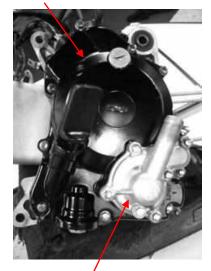
#### **WATER PUMP**

## MECHANICAL SEAL (WATER SEAL) INSPECTION

Inspect the telltale hole for signs of mechanical seal coolant leakage.

If the mechanical seal is leaking, remove the right crankcase cover and replace the mechanical seal.

#### Right Crankcase Cover



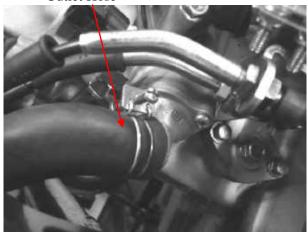
Water Pump

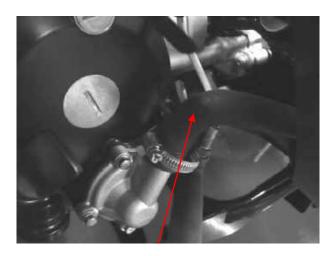
# WATER PUMP/IMPELLER REMOVAL

Drain the coolant.

Remove the coolant inlet hose and outlet hose.

#### **Outlet Hose**

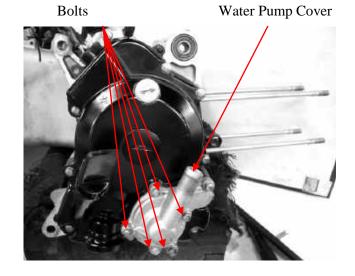




Inlet Hose



Remove five bolts and the water pump cover, gasket and two dowel pins.

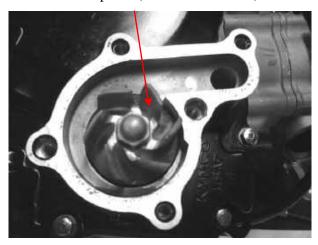


Impeller (Left Hand Threads)

Remove the water pump impeller.

\*

The impeller has left hand threads.



Inspect the mechanical (water) seal and seal washer if wear or damage.



The mechanical seal and seal washer must be replace as a set.



Mechanical Seal

Seal Washer (Porcelain)





#### WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL

Disconnect the water hose from the right crankcase cover.

Remove five bolts attaching the water pump assembly.

Remove the water pump assembly, gasket and dowel pins.



Remove the water pump shaft clip and water pump shaft



Water pump shaft

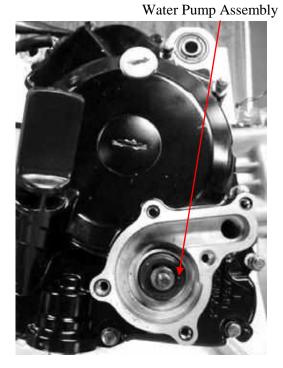


Install the dowel pins and a new gasket and then install the water pump assembly to the right crankcase cover.

Tighten five bolts to secure the water pump assembly.

\*

When installing the water pump assembly, aligning the groove on the water pump shaft with the tab on the oil pump shaft.

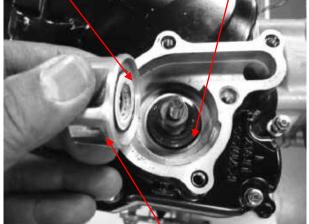


# WATER PUMP/IMPELLER INSTALLATION

When the mechanical seal is replaced, a new seal washer must be installed to the impeller.

Seal Washer (Porcelain)

Mechanical Seal



Impeller



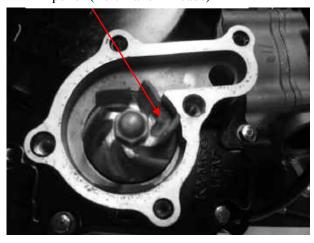
Install the impeller onto the water pump shaft.

**Torque**: 1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)

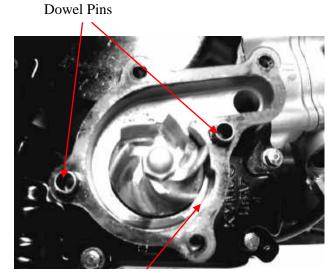
\*

The impeller has left hand threads.

Impeller (Left Hand Threads)



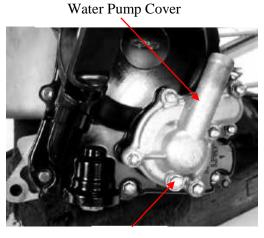
Install two dowel pins and a new gasket.



Gasket

Install the water pump cover and tighten the bolts.

**Torque**: 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7 lbf-ft)



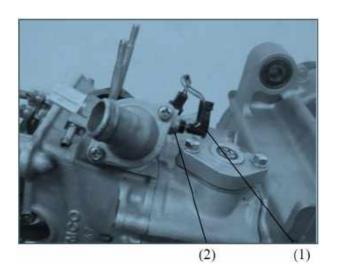
Bolt



# WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR

#### REMOVAL

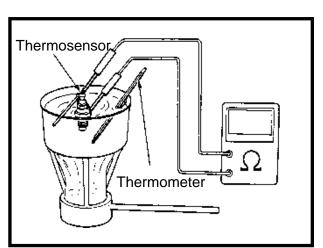
Remove the luggage box Drain the coolant Disconnect the water temperature sensor connectors (1). Remove the water temperature sensor (2) from thermostat.



#### **INSPECTION**

Connect the water temperature sensor to the ohmmeter and dip it in water contained in a pan which is placed on an electric heater. Gradually raise oil temperature while reading the thermometer in the pan and the ohmmeter connected. If the resistance measured is out of specification, replace the temperature gauge with a new one.

Temperature	Standard resistance
50° C	133.9178.9 Ω
100° C	2629.3 Ω



- **★** Handle the water temperature sensor carefully as it is vulnerable to impact.
  - Do not allow the water temperature sensor and the thermometer to come in contact with the bottom of the pan.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Tighten the water temperature sensor. **Torque:** 0.8 kgf-m (8 N-m, 5.8 lbf-ft)

Connect the sensor connectors.

After the water temperature sensor has been installed, fill coolant and perform air bleeding .

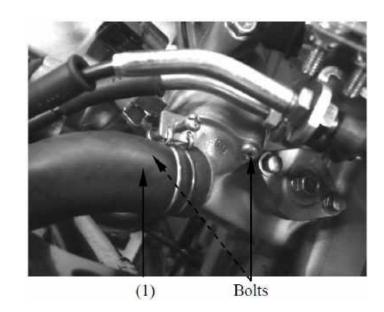


## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

### THERMOSTAT THERMOSTAT REMOVAL

#### **REMOVAL**

Drain the coolant Remove the luggage box



Disconnect the water hose (1) from the thermostat housing.

Remove the mounting bolt (2) and the thermostat housing attaching the cylinder head.

#### **INSTALLATION**

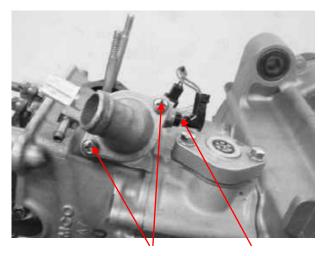
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

After the water thermostat has been installed, fill coolant and perform air bleeding .



#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove two screws and separate the thermostat housing halves.



Screws

Thermosta

Remove the thermostat from the thermostat housing.

#### Thermosta





#### **INSPECTION**

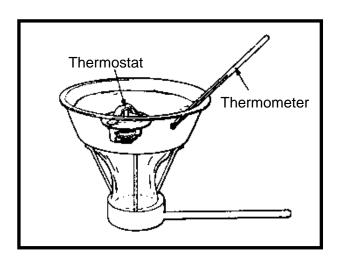
Suspend the thermostat in a pan of water over a burner and gradually raise the water temperature to check its operation.

#### **Technical Data**

Begins to open	71± 1.5° C
Full-open	80℃
Valve lift	3.5mm

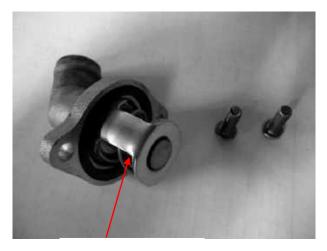


- Do not make the thermostat touch the pan as it will give a false reading.
- Replace the thermostat if the valve stays open at room temperature.
- Test the thermostat after it is opened for about 5 minutes and holds the temperature at 70 $^{\circ}$ C.



#### **ASSEMBLY**

Thermostat assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.



Thermostat Housing

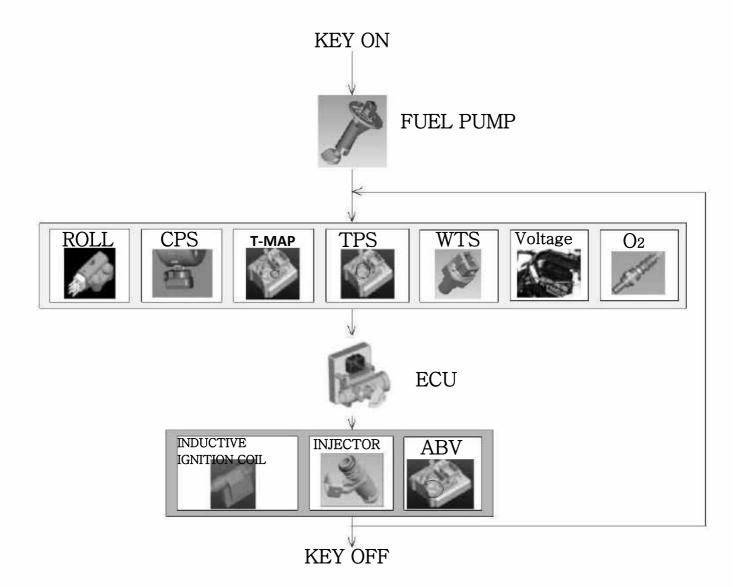


## FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

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SERVICE INFORMATION	13-3
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MAINTAINING BY CHECKING COMPONENT 1	13-11
MAINTAINING SPECIAL NOTICE 1	13-16
MAINTAINING RESET 1	13-17
DIAGNOSTIC RECORD SHEET	13-18

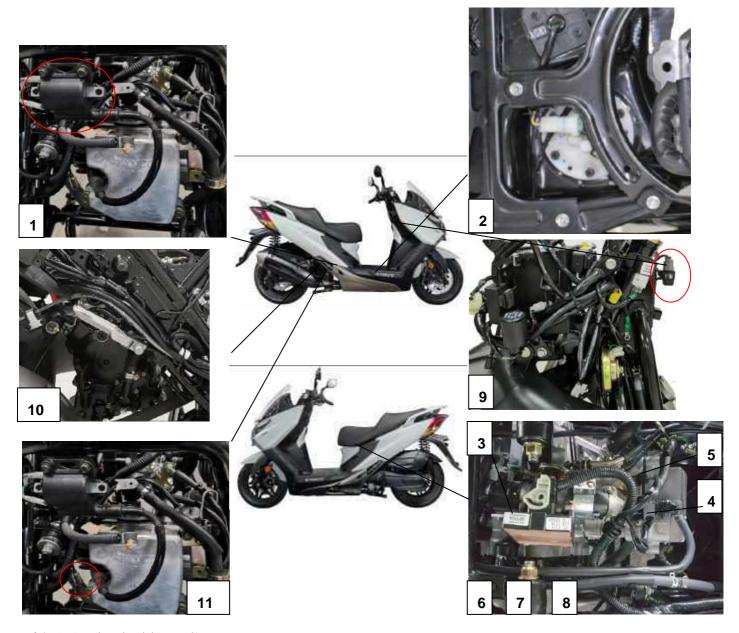


### SYSTEM DIAGRAM



**€** KYMCO

### SYSTEM LOCATION



- 01: Inductive ignition coil
- 02: Fuel pump 03: ECU
- 04: Fuel injector
- 05: WTS sensor 06: T-MAP sensor 07: ABV
- 08: TPS
- 09: Roll sensor(Angle detect sensor)
- 10: CPS
- 11: O2/O2 HT sensor



#### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.
  Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.
  - \*Disconnect the cables of the battery when the engine is running, which could lead to ECU damage.
  - \*Connect the harness positive (+) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal or connect the Harness negative (-) to the battery positive (+) terminal, which could lead to ECU damage.
  - \*Always keep fuel over 750 cc in fuel tank.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item		em	Standard		
Charging vo	ltage of b	pattery	13.5~14.5V		
Voltage from the ECU to sensor			5±0.1V		
Fuel injecto	r resistan	ce (20°C/68°F)	10.6~15.9Ω		
Water temperature sensor resistance		ensor resistance	2.075±10 KΩ (20~30°C)		
Throttle position sensor voltage			Idle (0°)=0.23±0.05V Throttle fully (90° /3.27V over)		
Fuel pump resistance (20°C/68°F)		e (20°C/68°F)	F: about 1100Ω E: about 100Ω		
	O2 sensor heater resistance		6.7~9.5Ω		
O2 sensor	Voltage	Air/Fuel<14.7 (Rich)	>0.7V		
	voitage	Air/Fuel>14.7 (Lean)	<0.18V		

Item	Standard
Crank position sensor (Pulser) resistance (20°C/68°F)	95~144Ω
Inductive ignition coil resistance (20°C/68°	Secondary: 10.42~14.49K Ω
Roll sensor voltage (diagnostics)	Normal: 0.3~1.4V Over 65° fall down: 3.5~4.7V
Idle speed	1800±100 rpm

KYMCO

## FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Backfiring or misfiring during acceleration Engine won't start

Ignition system malfunction Battery voltage too

lowFuel level too low

Pinched or clogged fuel hose Poor performance (drive ability) and poor

Faulty fuel pump operating system fuel economy

Clogged fuel filter (fuel pump) Pinched or clogged fuel hose

Clogged fuel injector Faulty fuel injector

Faulty spark plug or wrong type

Cut by ECU due to angle detect sensor or incorrect function

Engine stall, hard to start, rough idling Intake air leak Fuel contaminated/deteriorated Pinched or clogged fuel hose

Idle speed misadjusted



### CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP)

#### (APPLY to Euro3 model)

\*When turning on the switch, the lamp will be lighted for 2 seconds then off. Let user to know the lamp is available and connect to ECU.

\*But after then or during riding, if the CELP start to blink or keep lighting, it means something wrong with this vehicle, you better do the further check to find out the failure code to know which part get trouble

CELP (Check Engine Lamp)

\*There are 3 kinds of priority grade let user to know what kind of trouble was happened.

\*Priority grade 1: CELP blinks continuously. This is the most emergent situation like engine over heat. User better slow down the riding and go to dealer for checking.

\*Priority grade 2: ČELP lights all the time. It means components get trouble or circuit something wrong. Do the further check to find out the failure code to know which part get trouble.

\*Priority grade 3: CELP just blinks once suddenly and then disappear. It sometimes just warning like the RPM was too high in a short term.

PRIORITY	LAMP ACTION
1	ON 05F 03 60C
2	ON OFF
3	ON OFF

#### **Euro 4 Model**

- Turn key to On position.
- The CELP will be lighting all along ,the CELP will be off after starting the engine.
- If the engine has any problem, the CELP will blink to show the failure codes.

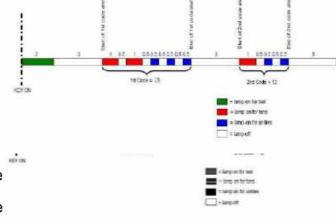
### 13. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

X-Town CT 125

#### How To Show Failure Code

#### (APPLY to Euro3 model)

- \*You can read the failure code by as below:
- \*Turn switch on. The CELP will be lighted for 2 seconds then off. The CELP start to blink to show the failure codes (The number of blinks from 1 to 25).
- \*If vehicle got more than one failure code, the CELP will be shown from lower number failure code and then show the other higher number one after four seconds. All the failure codes would be shown repeatedly.



#### How To Reset Failure Code

#### (APPLY to Euro3 model)

- \*After repairing the trouble, you should clear the failure code or it will still exist in the ECU memory. When you maintain this vehicle next time, it will show again and you get confuse.
- \*Turn switch on. The CELP will be lighted for two seconds then off.
- \*The CELP begins to blink to show the failure codes.
- \*The self-diagnosis memory data will be erased when all the failure codes has showed for 4 cycles.



CELP Failure Code Chart(1) (APPLY to Euro3 model)

Blink	Failure Codes	Fault description	Priority	Fault management
1	P0217	Engine temperature overheat	1	1.Slow down the vehicle and go to workshop for checking immediately.     2.Confirm if the engine temperature sensor or electriccircuit is abnormality.
2	P0335	Crankshaft position sensor or circuit malfunction	2	Check if the connector of crankshaft position Sensor Is loosen.     Check if the Rotor is align with Crankshaft positionsensor during the crankshaft running.
3	P1120	Throttle position sensor setting value problem	2	Make sure if the connector of Throttle position     Sensor is connected correctly.     Check if the Throttle position sensor is adjusted.
4	P1121	Throttle position sensor output range problem	2	Make sure if the connector of Throttle position sensoris connected correctly.     Check if the Throttle position sensor is adjusted.



# CELP Failure Code Chart(2) (APPLY to Euro3 model)

Blink	Failure Codes	Fault description	Priority	Fault management
5	P1122	Throttle position sensor movement speed problem	2	Make sure if the connector of Throttle position sensor is connected correctly.     Check if theThrottle position sensor is adjusted.
6	P0560	Battery voltage malfunction	1	Check if the battery voltage is lower or higher.      Check if the charge system is malfunction.
7	P0110	Inlet air temperature sensor or electric circuit malfunction	2	Check if the connector of Inlet air     Temperature sensor loosen.     Check if the resistance of sensor is normal.
8	P0410	Idle air valve or electric circuit malfunction	2	Check if the connector of Idle air valve loosen.      Check if the resistance ofvalve is normal.
9	P0505	Idle speed volume control range	2	1.Check if the opening angle is over 180 for Idle air valve.     2.Check if the opening angle is malfunction.
10	P0251	Injector or electric circuit	2	1.Check if the connector of Injector is loosen.     2.Check if the ECU send signal to Injector.     3.Check if the power source and resistance of Injector are malfunction.



CELP Failure Code Chart(3) (APPLY to Euro3 model)

Blink	Failure Codes	Fault description	Priority	Fault management
11	P0350	Ignition coil or electric circuit malfunction	2	Check if the connector of ignition coil is loosen.     Check if the ECU send signal to Ignition coil.     Check if the power source and resistance is malfunction.
12	P0230	Fuel pump relay or electric circuit malfunction	2	Check if the connector of relay is loosen.     Check if the ECU send signal to relay.     Check the fuel pump relay resistance
13	P0219	Engine speed is over than top speed	2	Check if the belt of CVT is broken.
14	P1560	Sensor don't receive power source from ECU	2	Check if ECU output DC5V to sensor.     Check if the power source of all sensor is DC5V.     Replace a new ECU if the CELP still blinks even the output power source of ECU is normal.
15	P0700	Engine starting speed exceed CVT speed limited	2	Check if the throttle wire locked.     Check if the position of throttle screw is correct.     Check if the belt of CVT is broken.
16	P0115	Engine temperature sensor of electric circuit malfunction	r 2	Check if the connector of sensor is loosen.     Check if ECU pin is broken.     Check if the resistance of sensor is malfunction.
17	P1561	Temperature gauge electric circuit malfunction	2	Don't use it at present.

CELP Failure Code Chart(4) (APPLY to Euro3 model)

				2
Blink	Failure Codes	Fault description	Priority	Fault management
18	P0650	CELP electric circuit malfunction	3	Check if the lamp of CELP is broken.     Check if wires of CELP is broken.
21	P0105	Atmospheric Pressure Sensor or electric Circuit Malfunction	2	Check if the connector of sensor is loosen.     Check if ECU pin is broken.     Check if voltage of sensor is fit in specification
22	P1110	Roll sensor or electric circuit malfunction	2	Check if the sensor installation direction is correct     Check if voltage of sensor is fit in specification.     Check if ECU pin is broken.
23	P0136	O2 sensor malfunction	1	Check if the connector of sensor is loosen.     Check if ECU pin is broken.
24	P0141	O2 sensor heater malfunction	1	Check if the connector of sensor is loosen.     Check if ECU pin is broken.     Check if the resistance of sensor is malfunction.
25	P0171	O2 sensor electric circuit malfunction	1	Check if the connector of sensor is loosen.     Check if O2 sensor is blocked.     Don't follow a routine maintenance.



Maintaining By Checking Component

ECU(Engine Control Unit)

Outlook checking





Voltage inspection

Connect the meter (+) probe to the F4(R/W)wire and the

meter (-) probe to the H4(G/B) wire to measure the voltage.



MAP content (edition issue no.)

Model name:	AGE8
Calib- rate: Soft- ware:	E4AGE8E4AA QK0A50



#### **FUEL PUMP**

Connect the meter (+) probe to the red/black wire and the meter (-) probe to the green wire to measure the voltage from the ECU input to fuel pump unit.

Standard: 8~16 V (Battery volt)

Measure the resistance of the fuel pump to see if

it is short circuit or not.



Measure the resistance between the Red/Black and Green terminals of the fuel pump side connector.

Standard (at 20°C/68°F): 1.9±0.3 Ω



#### Fuel level sensor inspection

Measure the resistance between the Yellow/White and Blue/white terminals of the fuel pump side connector.

### Standard (at 20°C/68°F):

Float at full position			1100±33 Ω
Float position	at	empty	100±3 Ω





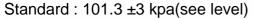
T-MAP(Manifold Air Temperature Pressure) Sensor

Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

Check if the manifold pressure datais malfunction.

(Key switch ON but engine is not start ) If data was incorrect.

It is possible T-map sensor is not normal.



The ambient pressure drop about 12Kpa at the

altitude every raised.





TPS(Throttle Position Sensor)

Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

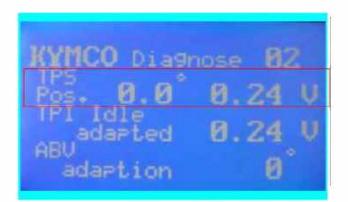
Check if the TPS position data is malfunction. (Key switch ON but engine is not start )

If data was incorrect.(Idle and throttle fully)

It is possible TPS is not normal.



Standard :Idle ~0 ° voltage~0.23V ±0.05 Throttle fully~90°over voltage~3.27V over



**KYMCO** 

WTS (Water Temperature Sensor)

Connect the meter (+) probe to the V/G wire and the meter (-) probe to the G/L wire to measure the voltage

Standard: 5±0.25 V

Measure the resistance of the WTS

Standard (20°C/68°F): 2.075±10%kΩ





**INJECTOR** Measure the resistance of the Injector Standard (20°C/68°F): 10.6~15.9Ω







#### **O2 SENSOR**

Measure the resistance of the O2 sensor heater. (2 white wire pin)

Standard (20°C/68°F):  $6.7 \sim 9.5\Omega$ 



Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

Check Page 05

(Key switch ON then start engine until O2 heater activation is ON)

If data was incorrect.

It is possible O2 sensor is not normal

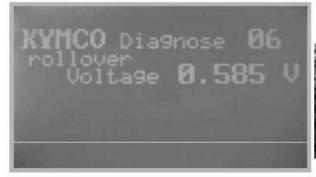




The engine should be stall when the vehicle incline over 65° for safety. When you place the vehicle back to normal situation, you have to key-off and key-on the switch, then it can be restarted.

Standard: Normal: 0.4~1.4V

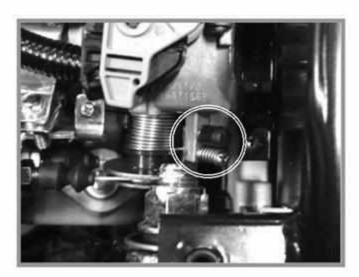
OVER 65°: 3.7~4.4 V





### Maintaining Special Notice

Never adjust those two TP screws, those were adjusted to be the best condition by KYMCO, if change this condition it may cause instable riding.



TP screws



### 13. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

X-Town CT 125

Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

Check if the ignition advance data is malfunction.

(Key switch is ON then start engine until 80  $^{\circ}$  C) If data was  $\,$  over 20  $^{\circ}$ 

you can adjustment the air bypass adjustment screw 1~1.5 circle.(counterclockwise)

Don't adjust the air bypass adjustment screw over 1.5 circle.







## CELP Failure Code Chart(4)(APPLY to Euro4 model OBD)

NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
1	P0603	Control module (ECU / PCU) internal error	Control module error	CPU error or Sub CPU communication error. Reading value and writing value in data are different.
2	P0335	Crankshaft position sensor	Crank sensor signals	A period of no signal from the sensor is = or > Counter to judge CRK sensor open circuit malfunction
3	P0117	Engine coolant temperature sensor	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or < TW sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TW sensor malfunction (low voltage).
4	P0115		Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > TW sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TW sensor malfunction (high voltage).
5	P0107	Manifold absolute pressure sensor	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or < PM sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm PM1 sensor malfunction (low voltage).
6	P0105		Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > PM sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm PM sensor malfunction (high voltage).
7	P0130	O2 sensor (binary / linear) signals	Too high input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or > HEGO sensor voltage to judge the open circuit and a period is = or > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (high voltage).





NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
8	P0131	O2 sensor (binary / linear) signals	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is = or > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (low voltage).
9	P0120	Throttle	Too low input voltage or Open	The sensor input is = or < TH sensor voltage to judge the short to ground and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TH sensor malfunction(low voltage)
10	P0123	position sensor	Too high input voltage	The sensor input is = or > TH sensor voltage to judge the short to 5V and a period is = or > Timer to confirm TH sensor malfunction(high voltage)
11	P0500	Vehicle speed sensor	Vehicle speed sensor signals	A period of no signal from the sensor is = or > Timer to confirm VSP malfunction when the NE is= or > Lower NE to judge VSP malfunction
12	P0201	Fuel injector	The injector circuit malfuncti on	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm INJ1 malfunction.
13	P0351	Ignition coil primary control circuits	The ignition coil circuit malfuncti on	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm IG1 malfunction.
14	P0511 Idle air control system		The ISC circuit	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm ISC motor malfunction
15			malfuncti on	A period of the circuit malfunction is = or > Timer to confirm ISC circuit malfunction(high or low voltage)



## 13. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

NO.	Failure code	Component	Trouble	Description
16	P0030	O2 sensor	Control module error	A period of the circuit malfunction is > Timer to confirm HG heater for #1 malfunction (low voltage)
17	P0032	heater	Crank sensor signals	A period of the circuit malfunction is > Timer to confirm HG sensor malfunction (high voltage).
18	P0230	Fuel pump relay	The fuel pump relay circuit malfuncti on	A period of the circuit malfunction is $\geq$ Timer to confirm fuel pump relay valve malfunction
19	P0480	Cooling fan relay	The cooling fan relay circuit malfuncti	A period of the circuit malfunction is $\geq$ Timer to confirm cooling fan relay valve malfunction
20	P1205 Manifold pressure sensor passage open		Manifold pressure sensor passage open	A period of the circuit malfunction is $\geq$ Timer to confirm MPS valve malfunction
	P1630	Rollover	Too low input voltage	The sensor input is $\leq$ ROL and a period is $\geq$ ROLL
21	11030	sensor	Too high input voltage	The sensor input is $\geq$ ROL and a period is $\geq$ ROLL



## Fi Diagnostic Tool Operation Instructions

Part No. 3620A-LEB2-E00



#### **KEY FUNCTION**

- (1) Model No.
- (2) Down Button
- (3) DTC indicator (Failure codes)
- (4)Enter or Exit
- **5** Power indicator

Note: For EURO models

6 UP Button

7 Adjust (TPI and ABV reset function)

- (8) DATA Analyze
- 9 DTC Inspect
- 10 ECU Version

13

Use the Sub cord, OBD diagnostics connecter (part number:36205-LFA7-E00) to connect between vehicle and diagnostic tool.



To: Vehicle

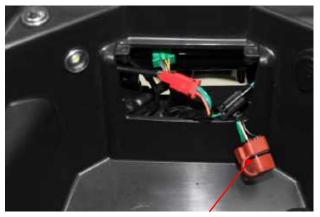
To Diagnostic tool





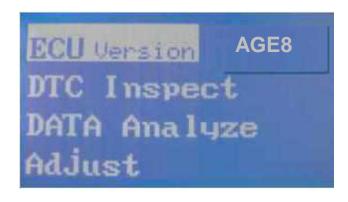
#### DTC INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness wire located beside the Battery.



Diagnostic Tool

Press the "Enter" button

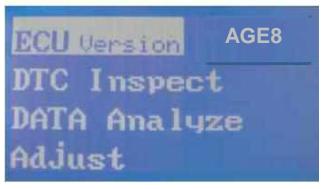


Check the software version

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.



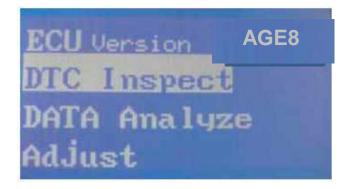
Press the "Down" button to enter the DTCInspect.



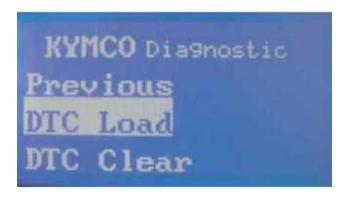


X-Town CT 125

Press the "Enter" button to check theDTCnumber



Press the "Enter" button



Press the "Enter" button



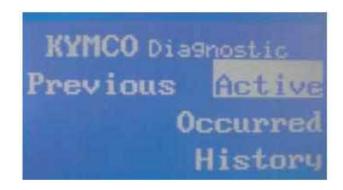
Display what's DTC number on this DTC-List. Refer toDTCsummary list.

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page

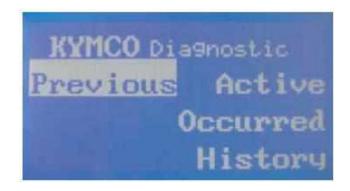




Press the "UP" button



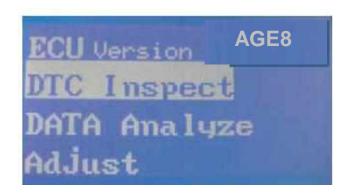
Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page.



Press the "UP" button



Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.

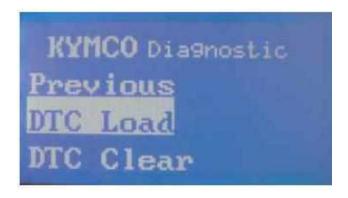


X-Town CT 125

#### DTC CLEAR PROCEDURE

Choose "Load DTC"

Press the "Down" button



Press the "Enter" button



TheDTCindicator is lighting at that time.



ClearingDTCcompleted until theDTC indicator is off.

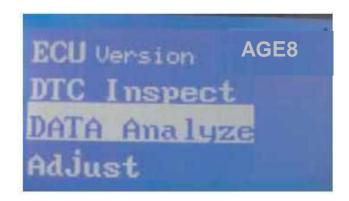




#### DATA ANALYSIS

Choose " Data Analyze "

Press the "Enter" button to enter page 01.



The figure includes engine speed, idle speed setpoint and battery voltage.

Refer to standard specifications.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 02.



The figure includes TPS position, TPI idle adapted voltage and TPIWOTadapted (Throttle grip fully opened).

Refer to standard specifications.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 03.



The figure includes engine working temperature, atmosphere pressure and Manifold pressure.

Refer to standard specifications on page 18-9.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 04.





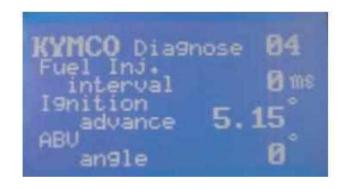
## 13. Fi DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION

**X-Town CT 125** 

The figure includes fuel injector interval, ignition advance angle and ABV angle.

Refer to standard specifications.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 05.



The figure includes O2sensor voltage,O2 heater working condition and O2 correction.

Refer to standard specifications.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 06.



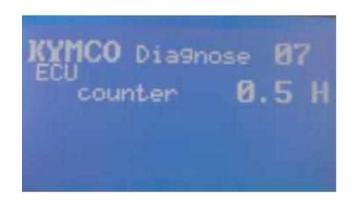
The figure includes rollover voltage.

Refer to standard specifications.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 07.



The figure includes ECU counter hours. Press the "UP" button to the first page.





#### **ADJUST**

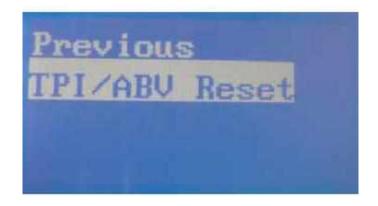
Need to make TPI/ABV reset to operate after changing new ECU and clean THROTTLE BODY and changing the engine department product, let ECU set up and set up initially

Choose "Adjust "

Press the "Enter" button to TPI/ABVReset



Press the "Enter" button



Please key switch off then key switch on Completed the TPI /ABVreset operate.





## 13. Fi DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION

X-Town CT 125

	X-Town CT 125 E4 Diagnostic report					
SF:		Customer:		Eng. No:		
Production Date :		Service Date :		Mileage:		
Reasor	Reason of repair: □Maintenance □Breakdown					
	<u> Item</u>	Data	Reference	Memo		
ECU Version	ECU No			AGE8		
JV	Hardware Ver					
ersi	Software Ver		QK0A50			
on	Calibration Ver		E4A GE8EUA A			
DTC	Active	1				
rc	Occurred History	+				
	Air Temp.(°C)		Environ temp ±2 ℃			
	Engine Temp.(Cooling)		Environ temp ±2 °C			
C			•	The ambient pressure drop about 12kpa at the		
001	Atom. Pressure (kpa.)		101.3 ±3 kpa	altitude every 1000m raised		
En	Throttle Position (%)		<2.5 °/ <98 °	IDLE/Throttle fully		
gine	Throttle Position (V)		$0.23V \pm 0.05 / > 3.27V$	IDLE/Throttle fully		
(Cool Engine) Engine Stop	TPI Idle Mean (V)		0.23±0.05			
ngi	Battery Volt (V)		>12 V			
ne S	Idle Speed Set point (RPM)					
top	ISCAdapMean ( °)					
	Roll Sensor Volt (V)		0.4 ~ 1.44 V	3.7 ~ 4.7 V(Over 65 °)		
	Accumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr)					
	Engine Speed IDLE(rpm)		1750 ± 100 rpm			
	MAPSample (kPa)		47~ 60 kpa			
æ	Injection duration (ms)		1.3 ~ 2.5 ms			
(Hot Engine) Before Rep	Ign. Advance (°)	1	2~13BTDC			
Eng	Air Temp.(℃)		environ.temp ±2 °C			
gine	Engine Temp. (°C)	1	>80 ℃			
) Ве	O <sup>2</sup> sensor voltage (V)	-	0 ~ 1 V			
for	O <sup>2</sup> sensor heater (Yes/no)		YES			
e R	O <sup>2</sup> sensor correct		±15%	100 110 07		
epair	IDLE CO(%)		0.3 ~1.5 %	Engine warm up to 100~110 °C		
ir	Ign.Dwell duration (ms)		1.9 ~ 2.6 ms	Battery Volt (V) 14V-2.5~2.6ms, 12V-2.9~3.1ms >140 °The scooter with exchang engine oil and		
	ABVAngDurMech ( °)		<140 °	clean throttly body		
	AbvAligDuliviech ()		< 140	>180 °The scooter must clean throttly body		
	EngineSpeed IDLE(rpm)		1750 ± 100 rpm			
	MAPSample (kPa)		47~ 60 kpa			
	Injection duration (ms)		1.3 ~ 2.5 ms			
Œ	Ign. Advance (°)		2~13BTDC			
[ot]	Air Temp.(°C)		environ.temp ±2 °C			
Eng	Engine Temp. (°C)		>80 ℃			
ine	O <sup>2</sup> sensor voltage (V)		0 ~ 1 V			
Af	O <sup>2</sup> sensor heater (Yes/no)		YES			
(Hot Engine) After Repair	O <sup>2</sup> sensor correct	1	±15%			
Rep	IDLE CO(%)	<del> </del>	0.3 ~1.5 %	Engine warm up to 100~110 ℃		
air	Ign.Dwell duration (ms)	1	1.9 ~ 2.6 ms	Battery Volt (V) 14V-2.5~2.6ms, 12V-2.9~3.1ms		
	ign.Dwen dulation (iis)	+	1.9 ~ 2.0 HIS	>140 °The scooter with exchang engine oil and		
	ABVAngDurMech (°)	BVAngDurMech ( °)		clean throttly body		
	()		<140 °	>180 °The scooter must clean throttly body		
10	20	· ·				

## 13. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

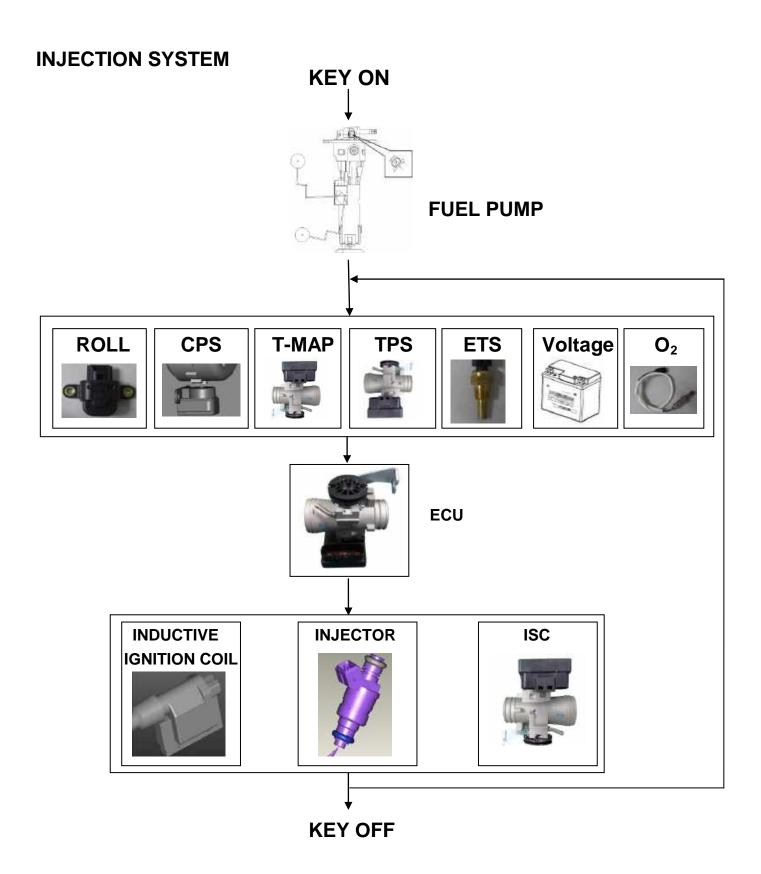


## FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM(E5)

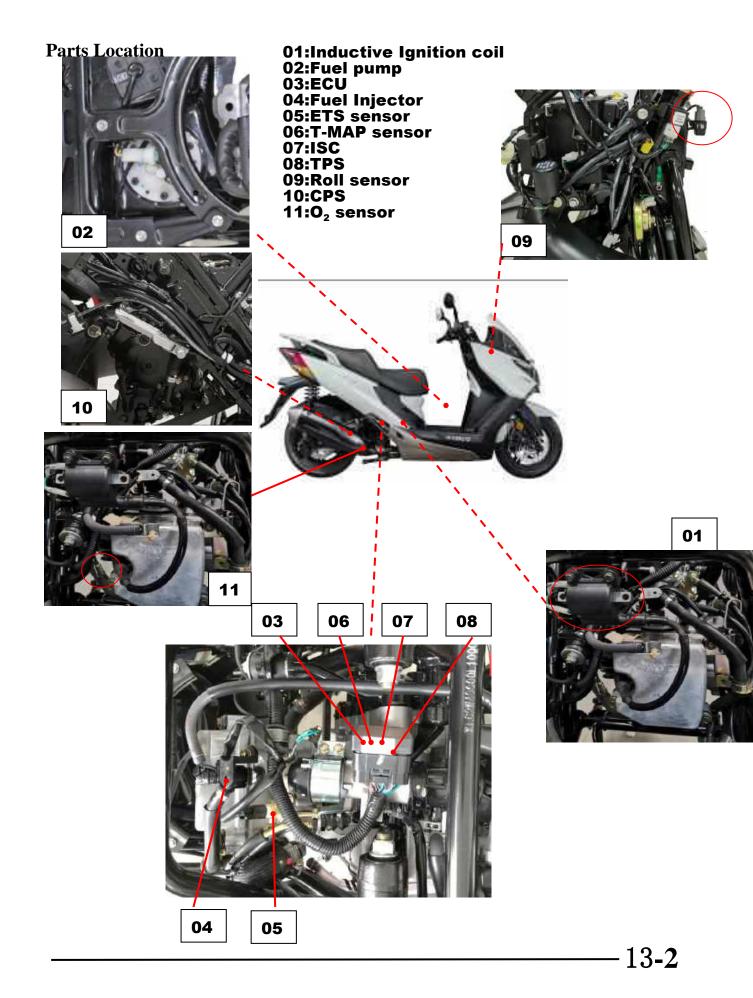
SYSTEM DIAGRAM	13 - 1
SYSTEM LOCATION	13 - 2
SERVICE INFORMATION	13 - 3
TROUBLESHOOTING	13 - 4
CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP)	13 - 5
HOW TO SHOW THE FAILURE CODE	13- <i>e</i>
FAILURE CODES CHART	13 - 7
ECU	13-11
FUEL PUMP	13-12
T-MAP & TPS	13-13
WTS	13-14
INJECTOR	13-14
O <sup>2</sup> SENSOR	13-15
ROLL SENSOR	13_16

13











#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

\*

Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.

- Disconnect the cables of the battery when the engine is running, which could lead to ECU damage.
- Connect the harness positive (+) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal or connect the harness negative (-) to the battery positive (+) terminal, which could lead to ECU damage.
- Always keep fuel over 750 cc in fuel tank.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	Ite	em	Standard
Charging vol	ltage of bat	tery	13.5 ~ 14.5V
Voltage fron	n the ECU	to sensor	5±0.1V
Fuel injector	resistance	(20 ℃/68 ℉)	$10.6 \sim 15.9\Omega$
Engine temp	erature sen	sor resistance	2.075±10 KΩ (20~30°C)
Throttle posi	tion sensor	r voltage	Idle $(0^\circ) = 0.51 \pm 0.05V$ Throttle fully $(90^\circ/4.0V \text{ over})$
Fuel pump re	esistance (2	20 ℃/68 F)	F: about $1100\Omega$ E: about $100\Omega$
	O2 sensor	heater resistance	6.7 ~ 9.5Ω
O2 sensor	X 7 1.	Air/Fuel<14.7 (Rich)	>0.7V
	Voltage	Air/Fuel>14.7 (Lean)	<0.18V
Crank position	on sensor (	Pulser) resistance	96 ~ 144Ω
Inductive igr	nition coil 1	resistance (20 °C/68 °F)	Primary: $3.57 \sim 4.83 \Omega$ Secondary: $10.42 \sim 14.49 \text{K} \Omega$
Idle speed			1750 rpm



#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### Engine won't start

- Battery voltage too low
- Fuel level too low
- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Faulty fuel pump operating system
- Clogged fuel filter (fuel pump)
- Clogged fuel injector
- Faulty spark plug or wrong type
- Cut by ECU due to angle detect sensor or incorrect function

#### Backfiring or misfiring during acceleration

• Ignition system malfunction

## Poor performance (drive ability) and poor fuel economy

- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Faulty fuel injector

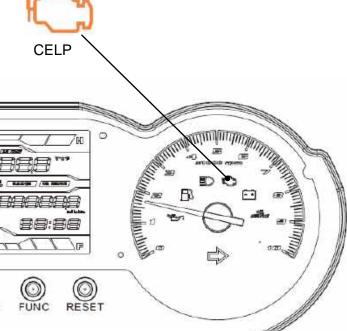
#### Engine stall, hard to start, rough idling

- Intake air leak
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Pinched or clogged fuel hose
- Idle speed misadjusted



#### CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP)

 Open the Ignition switch, the CLEP indicator will illuminate always. After starting it will crush out. If there is any malfunction, the CLEP indicator will still illuminate, please take your scooter to a KYMCO dealer for service as soon as possible.





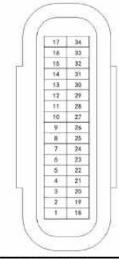
## **Failure Code Chart**

NO	Failure	Fault description	Remark
	Code		
1	P0562	Battery voltage low	
2	P0335	Crankshaft position sensor circuit malfunction	
3	P0563	Battery voltage high	
4	P0031	O2 sensor heater Voltage Low	
5	P0032	Lambda sensor heater Voltage High	
6	P0107	MAP sensor Voltage Low	
7	P0108	MAP sensor Voltage High	
8	P0112	Intake air temperature sensor Voltage Low	
9	P0117	Engine Temperature Sensor Voltage Low	
10	P0118	Engine Temperature Sensor Voltage High	
11	P0121	Throttle Position Sensor Malfunction or Voltage Lo	
12	P0122	Throttle Position Sensor Voltage Low	
13	P0123	Throttle Position Sensor Voltage High	
14	P0134	O2 sensor signal Malfunction	
15	P0131	O2 sensor signal Voltage Low	
16	P0132	O2 sensor signal Voltage High	
17	P0231	Fuel pump Voltage Low	
18	P0232	Fuel pump Voltage High	
19	P0261	Injection valve Voltage Low	
20	P0262	Injection valve Voltage High	
21	P0508	ISAV idle speed actuator valve Voltage Low	
22	P0509	ISAV idle speed actuator valve Voltage High	
23	P2300	Ignition Malfunction or Voltage Low	
24	P2301	Ignition Malfunction or Voltage High	
25	P0113	Intake air temperature sensor Voltage High	
26	C0064	Roll Over sensor (Open Circuit, Voltage High,	
		Voltage Low)	

**ECU** 

There are 34 pins attaching the ECU.

#### **ECU PIN FUNCTION**





01	PGNDI	13	FUEL PUMP RELAY	25	CPS(-)
02		14		26	SGND
03	HEGO HEAT_UP	15	TACHO	27	HEGO SENSOR
04		16		28	S&SLED/HL RELAY
05	INJ	17		29	CAN_L
06		18	PGND2	30	VBD
07		19	HIL	31	TILT
80	CPS(+)	20	IGNITION COIL	32	VSENS
09		21		33	
10		22		34	VEHICLE SPEED
11	VBK	23	ENGINE TEMPERATURE		
12	CAN_H	24			V
PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION

MAP content (edition issue no.)

Model AGE8

Soft- KYAB110100
Calib-E5AGE8EUAA

Prohibited to adjust and remove the throttle body idle screw



## 13. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM



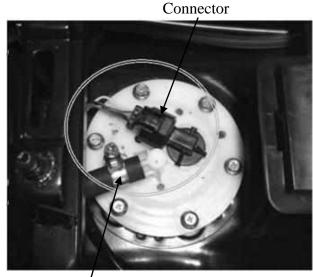
#### **FUEL PUMP**

Connect the meter (+) probe to the red/black wire and the meter (-) probe to the green wire to measure the voltage from the ECU input to fuel pump unit.

Standard: 8~16 V (Battery volt)

Fuel Pump Standard Pressure: 2.5 Kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (bar)

To measure the resistance of the fuel pump to see if it is short circuit or not.



Fuel Hose

Fuel Pump Inspection:

1. Fuel Pump Resistance:

>>>About :  $2\Omega$ 

2.If there is no continuity replace it



#### **INJECTOR**

Measure the resistance of the Injector Standard (20°C/68°F):  $10.6\sim15.9\Omega$ 





## T-MAP(Manifold Air Temperature Pressure) Sensor

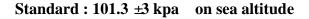
Connect the Fi diagnostic tool.

Enter the Data Analyze

Check if the manifold pressure data is malfunction.

Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position.

If data is incorrect, and the T-map sensor is problem.



The ambient pressure drop is about **12Kpa** according to the altitude raises.





#### **TPS (Throttle Position Sensor)**

Enter the Data Analyze Check if the TPS position data is malfunction. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position. If data is incorrect even the Idle and throttle fully, the TPS is problem. ECU Version AGE8
DTC Inspect
DATA Analyze
Adjust

#### Standard:

Idle ~0 ° 0.5V  $\pm 0.05$ Throttle fully ~90 ° > 4.0V



#### **ETS** (Water Temperature Sensor)

Connect the meter (+) probe to the V/G wire and the meter (-) probe to the G/L wire to measure the voltage

Standard: 5±0.25 V

Measure the resistance of the WTS

Standard  $2.075\pm10\%$ k $\Omega$ 



#### **CPS**

Measure the resistance of the Injector Measure the resistance between the blue/white and green/white wire terminals.

Standard:  $96 \sim 144\Omega$ 





#### **O2 SENSOR**

Measure the resistance of the O2 sensor heater. (2 white wire pin)

Standard (20°C/68°F):  $6.7 \sim 9.5\Omega$ 



Connect the KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool.
Enter the Data Analyze
Check Page 07
Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position.
Starting engine till the O2 heater activation is ON.
If data is incorrect, the O2 sensor is problem.







#### **ROLL SENSOR**

The engine should be stop when the vehicle incline over 65° for safety. When you place the vehicle back to normal position, you have to key-off and key-on the switch again, then it can be restarted.

Roll sensor





# Fi Diagnostic Tool Operation Instructions

Part No. 3620A-LEB2-E00

10
9
8
7
DATA Analyze
Adjust

6
5
4
3
2



**Diagnostic version** 

- 1 Model No.
- 2 Down Button
- 3 DTC indicator (Failure codes)
- 4 Enter or Exit
- 5 Power indicator

- 6 UP Button
- 7 Adjust(TIP and ABV reset
- function)
- 8 DATA Analyze
- 9 DTC Inspect

10 ECU Version

#### Note: For EURO 5 models

Use the Sub cord, OBD diagnostics, CAN LINKER(3620A-LGC7-E00), connecter (part number:36205-LFA7- E00) to connect between vehicle and diagnostic tool.

#### **Diagnostic tool**



To: Vehicle



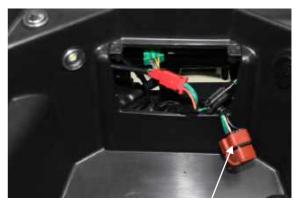
#### **DTC INSPECTION**

Connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness wire in the luggage box.

•Fi diagnostic tool is electrically After connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness,
•The data can only be read after the main

switch is turned on

Press the "Enter" button



Connector (OBD)



Check the software version

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.

Model name: AGE8

Press the "Down" button to enter the DTC Inspect.



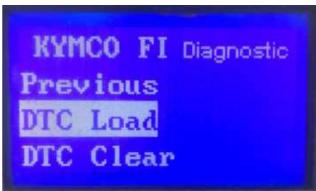
## 13. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM



Press the "Enter" button to check the DTC number



Press the "Enter" button



Press the "Enter" button



Display the DTC number of the DTC-List. Refer to DTC summary list.

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the previous page



## 13. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM



Press the "UP" button



Press the "Enter" button and then turn to thee previous page.



Press the "UP" button

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.





#### **DTC CLEAR PROCEDURE**

Choose " DTC Inspect"

Press the "Enter" button

Choose "DTC Clear" Press the "Enter" button



KYMCO FI Diagnostic
Previous
DTC Load
DTC Clear

The DTC indicator is lighting at that time.



Clearing DTC until the DTC indicator is off.





#### **DATA ANALYSIS**

Choose "Data Analyze"

Press the "Enter" button to enter page 01.



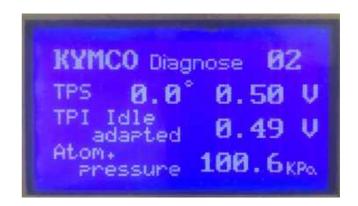
The figure includes the engine speed, idle speed and the battery voltage.

Refer to standard specification.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 02.

The figure includes TPS position, TPI idle adapted voltage and TPI WOT adapted (Throttle grip fully opened). atmosphere pressure Refer to standard specification.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 03.



The figure includes engine working temperature, Airtemperature and Intake pressure.

Refer to standard specifications

Press the "Down" button to enter page 04.



#### 13. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM



The figure includes ISC and ISC learn step. Refer to standard specification. Press the "Down" button to enter page 05.



The figure includes Ignition Dwell duration, fuel Injection duration and Ignition advance.

Refer to standard specification.

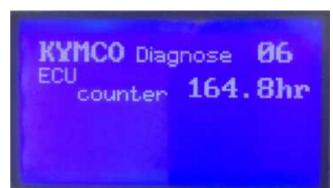
Press the "Down" button to enter page 06.



The figure includes ECU counter hours.

Refer to standard specification.

Press the "Down" button to enter page 07.



The figure includes O2 sensor heater and O2 sensor correction.

Press the "UP" button to the first page.







		X-Town CT	125 E5 Diagnostic	report	
SF:		Customer:		Eng. No:	
Production Date :		Service Date :		Mileage:	
Reason	n of repair: □Maintenance □Breakdov	vn			
	Item	Data	Reference	Memo	
EC	ECU No			AGE8	
V D	Hardware Ver				
/er:	Software Ver		KYAB110100		
ECU Version	Calibration Ver		E5AGE8EUAA		
	Active				
DTC	Occurred				
( 2	History				
<u>G</u>	Air Temp.(°C)		Environ temp ±2 °C		
001	Engine Temp.(Cooling)		Environ temp ±2 °C		
(Cool Engine) Engine Stop	Atom. Pressure (kpa.)		101.3 ±3 kpa	The ambient pressure drop about 12kpa at the altitude every 1000m raised	
ne)	Throttle Position (%)		0°/>90°	IDLE/Throttle fully	
En	Throttle Position (V)		$0.51V \pm 0.05 / > 4.0V$	IDLE/Throttle fully	
gin	TPI Idle Mean (V)		0.51±0.1		
e S1	Battery Volt (V)		>12 V		
qo	Accumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr)				
	Engine Speed IDLE(rpm)		$1750 \pm 100  \text{rpm}$		
	Battery Volt (V)		>13 V		
	MAPSample (kPa)		42~ 58 kpa		
(Hot Engine) Before Re	Injection duration (ms)		1.6 ~ 2.8 ms		
Œ.	Ign. Advance ( °)		0~16 BTDC		
gin	Air Temp.(°C)		environ.temp ±2 ℃		
ē) I	Engine Temp. (°C)		>85 °C		
3efc	O <sup>2</sup> sensor heater (Yes/no)		OFF		
re	O <sup>2</sup> sensor correct		±15%		
Rep	IDLE CO(%)		0.2 ~1.2 %	Engine warm up to 110~120 ℃	
pair	Ign.Dwell duration (ms)		1.9 ~ 2.8 ms	Battery Volt (V) 14V-1.9~2.1ms, 12V-2.3~2.5ms	
	ISCAdapMean (ISC)		15% <isc<45%< td=""><td>&gt;48% The scooter with exchang engine oil and clean throttly body</td></isc<45%<>	>48% The scooter with exchang engine oil and clean throttly body	
				>53% The scooter must clean throttly body	
	Engine Speed IDLE(rpm)		1750 ± 100 rpm		
	Battery Volt (V)		>13 V		
	MAPSample (kPa)		42~ 58 kpa		
Œ	Injection duration (ms)		1.6 ~ 2.8 ms		
t E	Ign. Advance (°)		0~16 BTDC		
ngi	Air Temp.(°C)		environ.temp ±2 ℃		
(Hot Engine) After Repair	Engine Temp. (°C)		>85 ℃		
Aft	O <sup>2</sup> sensor heater (Yes/no)		OFF		
er I	O <sup>2</sup> sensor correct		±15%		
<b>₹ep</b>	IDLE CO(%)		0.2 ~1.2 %	Engine warm up to 110~120 ℃	
air	Ign.Dwell duration (ms)		1.9 ~ 2.8 ms	Battery Volt (V) 14V-1.9~2.1ms, 12V-2.3~2.5ms	
-				>48% The scooter with exchang engine oil and clean throttly body	
	ISCAdapMean (ISC)		15% <isc<45%< td=""><td>&gt;53% The scooter must clean throttly body</td></isc<45%<>	>53% The scooter must clean throttly body	

14

## HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/ FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/STEERING STEM

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#### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

\* Remove the motorcycle frame covers before removing the front wheel, steering handlebar, front shock absorber and front fork. Jack the motorcycle front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the motorcycle from falling down.

Unit: mm

\* During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Standard
Brake disk thickness	3.9~4.1 (0.156~0.164)
Brake disk runout	
Brake master cylinder I.D.	12.7~12.74 (0.508~0.5096)
Brake master cylinder piston O.D.	12.65~12.68 (0.506~0.5072)
Brake caliper piston O.D.	26.93~26.96 (1.077~1.0784)
Brake caliper cylinder I.D.	27~27.05 (1.08~1.082)

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Handlebar lock nut 45 N•M (4.5 kgf•m, ) 63 N•M (6.3 kgf•m,) Steering stem lock nut Steering stem pinch bolt 27 N•M (2.7 kgf•m) Front axle 20 N•M (2.0 kgf•m,) Master cylinder reservoir cover screw1.6N•M (0.16 kgf•m) Master cylinder holder bolt 12 N•M (1.2 kgf•m) Brake lever pivot bolt 2 N•M (0.2 kgf•m) Brake lever pivot nut 10 N•M (1 kgf•m,) Brake light switch screw 1 N•M (0.1 kgf•m,) Brake caliper mounting bolt 35 N•M (3.5 kgf•m,) ALOC bolt: replace with a new one.

5.5N•M (0.55 kgf•m) Brake caliper bleed screw

Brake hose oil bolt 35 N•M (3.5 kgf•m)

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Lock nut wrench	A120F00002
Oil seal and bearing installer	A120E00014
Bearing piller	A120E00037
Lock nut wrench	A120F00023
Ball Cone Remover	A120F00009
Ball Cone Installer	A120F00009



**X-Town CT 125** 

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering (heavy)

Excessively tightened steering stem top

cone race

Broken steering balls

Insufficient tire pressure

Steers to one side or does not track straight Improperly tightened axle nut

Uneven front shock absorbers

Bent front fork

Bent front axle or uneven tire

Poor brake performance

Worn brake pads

Contaminated brake pad surface

Deformed brake disk Air in brake system

Deteriorated brake fluid

Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal

Clogged brake fluid line

Unevenly worn brake caliper

Front wheel wobbling

Bent rim

Loose front axle Bent spoke plate

Faulty tire

Soft front shock absorber

Weak shock springs Insufficient damper oil

Front shock absorber noise

Slider bending

Loose fork fasteners Lack of lubrication

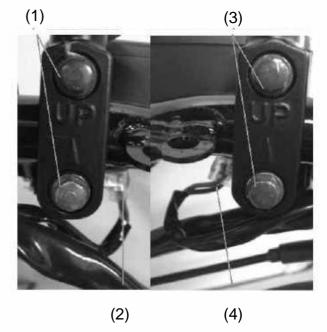
**HANDLEBAR** 

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the lower handlebar cover and front cover (refer to the "FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

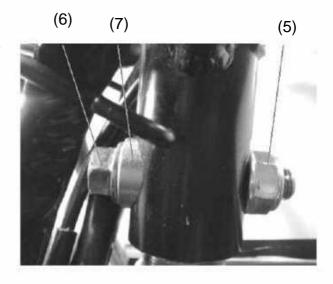
Remove the two bolts (1) and disconnect the brake light switch wire (2), then remove the rear brake master cylinder.

Remove the two bolts (3) and disconnect the brake light switch wire (4), then remove the front brake master cylinder.



Remove the handlebar lock nut (5) and take out the bolt (6).

Remove the handlebar and collar (7).



#### **INSTALLATION**

Install the handlebar onto the steering stem and install the handlebar collar, lock nut and

Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)



Install the front and rear master cylinders and connect the brake light switch wires



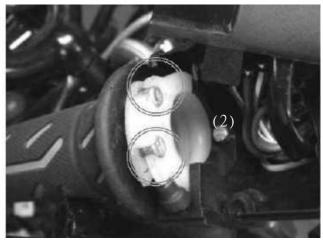
#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove two screws (1) attaching right handlebar switch.



Disconnect the throttle cable (2) attaching the throttle grip.

Remove the right headlight switch.



Remove two screws (3) and then remove the turn light switch.



#### **ASSEMBLY**

Install the turn light switch.

\* Align the pin on the turn light switch with the hole on the handlebar.

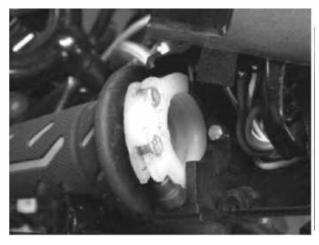
Install the headlight switch.

\* Align the pin on the headlight switch with the hole on the handlebar.



Lubricate the throttle grip front end with grease and then connect the throttle cable to the throttle grip.

Install and tighten the two screws.



#### **FRONT WHEEL**

#### **REMOVAL**

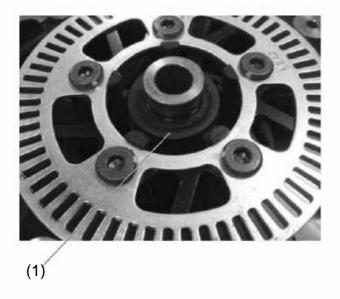
Jack the scooter front wheel off the ground. Remove the bolt , then pull out the axle . Remove the front wheel and collar.



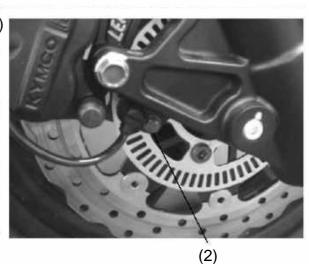


#### **INSTALLATION**

Apply grease to the collar (1), then install the collar onto the wheel.

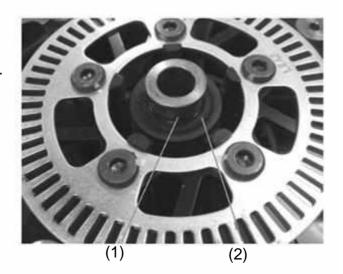


Install the speedometer speed wheel sensor(2)



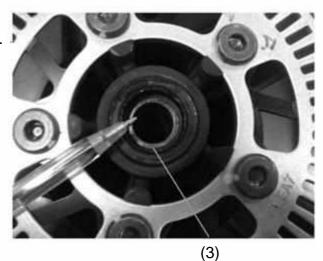
#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove the side collar (1) and dust seal (2).



Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.



Remove the front wheel bearing (3) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Remove the distance collar from wheel.

**X-Town CT 125** 

Remove the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

#### **ASSEMBLY**

Install the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

#### Special tool:

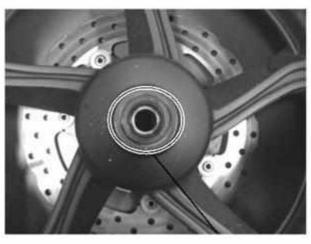
Bearing installer A120E00014

Install the distance collar.

Install the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

#### Special tool:

Bearing installer A120E00014



(5)



Apply grease to the collar, then install the collar onto the wheel.





#### FRONT BRAKE FLUID

#### FLUID REPLACEMENT/AIR **BLEEDING**

- $\star$  A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
  - Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
  - Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.

Once the hydraulic system has been opened, or if the brake feels spongy, the system must bled. When using a commercially available brake bleeder, follow the manufacturer's operating instructions.

#### **Brake fluid draining**

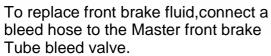
Make sure that the master cylinder parallel to the ground, before removing the reservoir cover.

Remove the two screws (1).

Remove the reservoir cover, diaphragm plate and diaphragm.



Connect a bleed hose to the bleed valve.



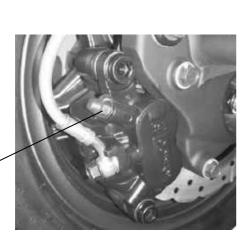
To replace rear brake fluid, connect a bleed hose to the Secondary front brake tube bleed valve, after it bleeds out, connect a bleed hose to the rear brake bleed valve, and drain the brake fluid out.

Rear brake

Bleed valve



Master front brake tube bleed valve





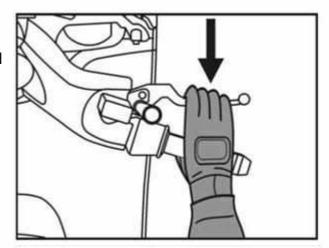
Secondary front brake

tube bleed valve



Loosen the bleed valve and pump the brake lever.

Stop operating the brake when no more fluid flows out of the bleed valve.



#### Brake fluid filling/Air bleeding

★ Do not mix different types of fluid since they are not compatible.

Fill the master cylinder with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level.

Connect a commercially available brake bleeder to the front caliper bleed valve.

Check the fluid level while bleeding the brake to prevent air from being pumped into the system.

When using a brake bleeding tool, follow the manufacture's operating instructions.

Pump the brake bleeder and loosen the front caliper bleed valve. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.

Repeat the above procedures until no air bubbles appear in the brake hose.

Close the front caliper bleed valve and operate the front brake lever. If it still spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake bleeder is not available, perform the following procedure.

Pump up the system pressure with the brake lever until these are not air bubbles in the fluid flowing out of the reservoir small hole and lever resistance is felt.

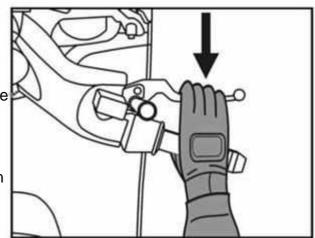
- 1. Pump the brake lever several times, then squeeze the brake lever all the way and loosen the bleed valve 1/4 turn. Wait several seconds and close the bleed valve.
  - \* Do not release the brake lever until the bleed valve has been closed.
- 2. Release the brake lever slowly until the bleed valve has been closed. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.
  - 3. Repeat the steps 1 2 until there are no air bubbles in the bleed hose.

After bleeding air completely, tighten the bleed valve to the specified torque.

Torque: 6 N•m (0.6 kgf•m, 4.3 lbf•ft) Fill the reservoir to the casting ledge with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level.

Install the diaphragm, set plate and reservoir cover and tighten the screws to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 2 N•m (0.2 kgf•m, 1.1 lbf•ft)

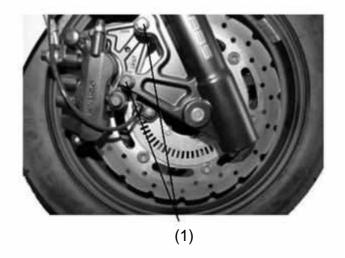




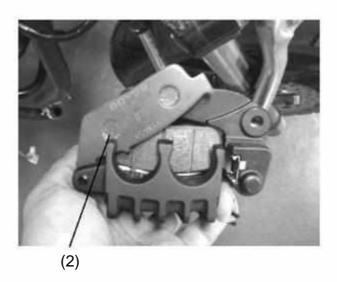
#### FRONT BRAKE PAD

#### **BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT**

Remove two caliper mounting bolts (1), then remove the caliper.



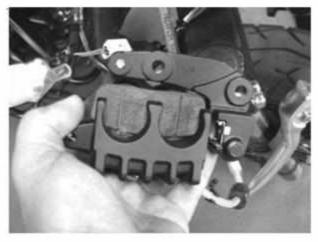
Remove the brake pads(2).



\* Always replace the brake pads in pairs to ensure even disc pressure.



Install new pads so that their ends rest on the pad retainer on the brake properly.





Install the pad pin by pushing the pads against the pad spring to align the pad pin holes in the pads and caliper.

Install the front caliper onto the fork leg and then install and tighten the new two caliper. mounting bolts to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

Tighten the pad pins to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m, 13 lbf-ft)





### **BRAKE DISC INSPECTION**

Visually inspect the brake disc for damage or cracks.

Measure the brake disc thickness.

Service limits: 3 mm (0.12 in)



#### FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the front cover and front fender. the "FRAME **CVOERS** to REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

Remove the front brake caliper



Remove the speed wheel sensor bolt (1) and then remove the brake hose guide from right front shock absorber.



(1)

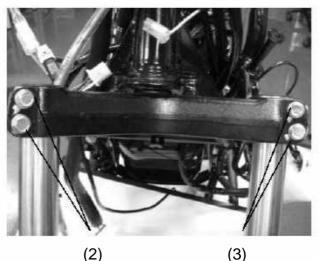
Remove two mounting bolts (2) and then remove the right front shock absorber. Remove two mounting bolts (3) and then remove the left front shock absorber.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the shock absorber mounting bolt to the specified torque.

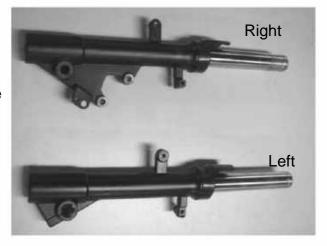
Torque: 2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 19 lbf-ft)



#### INSPECTION

Inspect the following items and replace if necessary.

- □Front shock absorber tube bending, damage or wear
- □Weak front shock absorber spring
- □Damper and damper rod bending
- □Oil seal damage or wear



#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the steering handlebar Remove the front shock absorber

Remove the front brake hose and speed wheel Sensor connector





Lock Nut Wrench

Hold the steering stem top cone race and remove the steering stem lock nut by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench

A120F00002



Remove the top cone race and washer remove the steering stem.



#### Special tool:

Lock nut wrench A120F00023



X-Town CT 125

Inspect the ball races, cone races and steel balls for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

Remove the top balls.

Remove the upper ball race by using a chisel if necessary.

Ball



Top Ball Cone Race

Remove the bottom balls.

Remove the bottom ball race by using a pipe if necessary.

**Bottom Ball Race** 

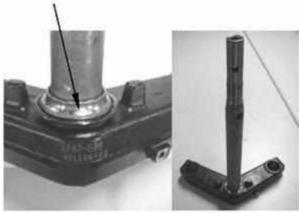


**Bottom Balls** 

Remove the bottom cone race by using a chisel if necessary.

Be careful not to damage the steering stem.

**Bottom Cone Race** 



#### INSTALLATION

Install the new bottom cone race onto the steering stem.

Install the new upper and bottom ball races into the frame.

Apply grease to the top and bottom ball races and install new steel balls on the top ball race and new steel balls on the bottom ball race. Install the steering stem.



Apply grease to the top cone race and install

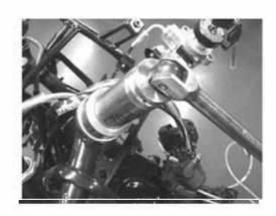
Tighten the top cone race and then turn the steering stem right and left several times to make steel balls contact each other closely.



Check that the steering stem rotates freely without vertical play.

#### Special tool:

Lock nut wrench A120F00023



Install the steering stem lock nut and tighten it to the specified torque by using the special tool while holding the top cone race.

Torque: 7 kgf-m (70 N-m)

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench A120F00002



Top Ball Cone Race Remove special tool

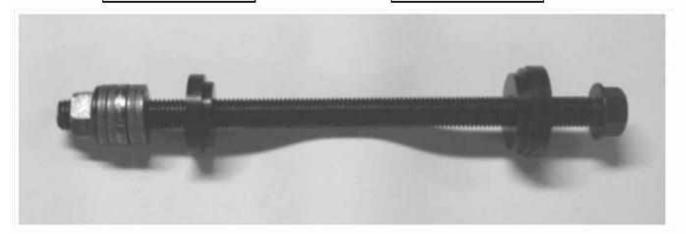
Bottom Ball Race Remove special tool





# A120 F00009

Bottom Ball Race Install special tool Top Ball Cone Race Install special tool



A120 F00019



## **Rear Assembly**

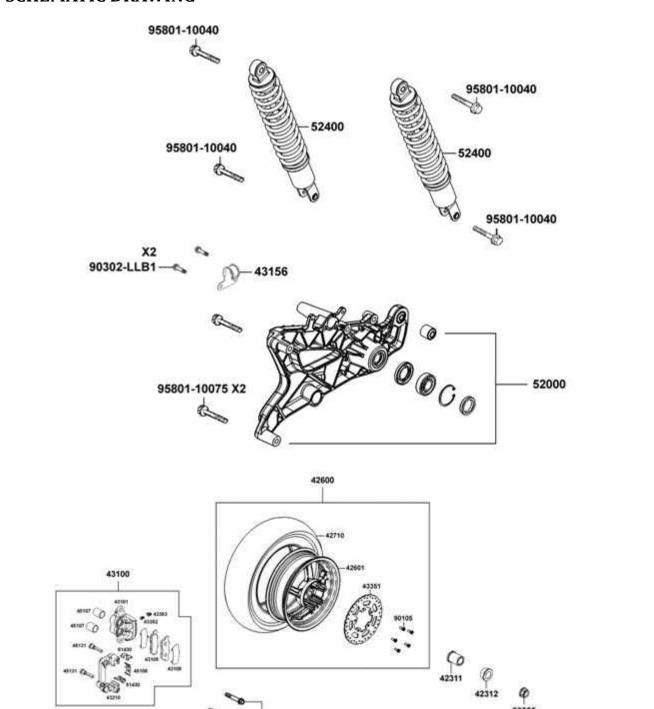
### REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/

### REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

SCHEMATIC DRAWING 1:	5-1
SERVICE INFORMATION 1:	5-2
TROUBLESHOOTING 1:	5-2
REAR BRAKE 15	5-3
REAR FORK 1	5-6
REAR WHEEL 1:	5-7
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER 15-7	



#### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**



## SERVICE INFORMATION GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When performing the services stated in this section, the engine and exhaust muffler must be cold to avoid scalding.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

90122-LEA7

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Standard (mm)
Rear wheel rim runout	
Rear brake disk thickness	4.0
Rear brake disk runout	
Rear brake master cylinder I.D.	27.00
Rear brake master cylinder piston O.D.	26.95

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Exhaust Muffler Lock Bolt	35 N-m /4 kgf•m
Exhaust Muffler Pipe Nut	20 N-m/2 kgf•m
Rear Axle Nut	120 N-m/12 kgf•m
Rear Shock Absorber Lower Mount Bolt	40N-m/4 kgf•m
Rear Shock Absorber Upper Mount Bolt	40N-m/4 kgf•m
Rear Brake Caliper Holder Bolt	27 N-m/2.7 kgf•m

## TROUBLESHOOTING Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

#### Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Damper oil leaks

#### Rear wheel noise

- Worn rear wheel axle bearings
- Worn rear fork bearings
- Deformed rear fork

### Poor brake performance

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Worn brake pads
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unequal worn brake caliper



### 1. Rear Brake

### 1.1. Rear Brake Caliper Removal

First remove the exhaust muffler.
Remove the rear brake fluid tube bolt and disconnect the brake fluid tube.
Remove two bolts attaching the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

\* When removing the brake fluid tube, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage.

### 1.2. Inspection

Inspect the brake pads and brake disk.

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Visually check the brake pad thickness







### 1.3. Disassembly

Remove two brake pads dowel pins and three bolts from the brake caliper. Remove the brake pads.

Remove the piston from the brake caliper.

If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.

Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.

Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it.

Clean the oil seal groove with brake fluid.

\* Be careful not to damage the piston surface.

Check the piston for scratches or wear. Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer gauge.

Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or wear and measure the cylinder bore.



Compressed Air









### 1.4. Assembly

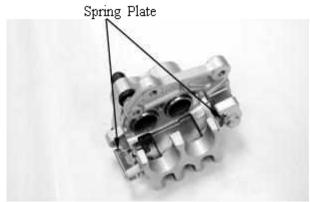
Clean all removed parts.

Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seal. Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid. Install the brake caliper piston with grooved side facing out.

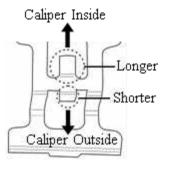
Install the piston with its outer
 end protruding 3 ~ 5mm beyond
 the brake caliper.

Install the two spring plates onto the groove of the caliper.





\* Make sure the spring plate next to the brake pad dowel pin orientation.





Install two brake pads and brake pad dowel pin.



X-Town CT 125

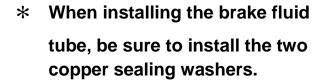
#### 1.5. Installation

Install the brake caliper to the rear fork and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 27 N-m

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and install fluid tube bolt, copper washers and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system.







### 2. Rear Fork

#### 2.1. Removal

Remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the rear brake cal7iper.

Remove the right rear shock absorber lower mount bolt.

Remove the rear axle nut and remove the collar.

Remove the rear fork.

#### 2.2. Installation

The installation sequence is the reverse order of removal.

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly.

Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.







### 3. Rear Wheel

#### 3.1. Removal

Remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear fork.

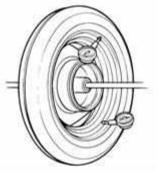
Remove the rear axle collar.

Remove the rear wheel.



### 3.2. Inspection

Measure the rear wheel rim runout.



### 3.3. Installation

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

**Torque:** 

Rear shock absorber lower mount

bolt: 35~45N-m

Rear axle nut: 120 N-m



### 4. Rear Shock Absorber

#### 4.1. Removal

Remove the met-in box and carrier.
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together.
Remove the right/left rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts.
Remove the right and left rear shock absorbers.

#### 4.2. Installation

Install the rear shock absorbers in the reverse order of removal.

#### **Torque:**

Upper Mount Bolt: 40 N-m Lower Mount Bolt: 40 N-m

### 4.3. Adjustment

Each shock absorber on your scooter has 5 spring preload adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

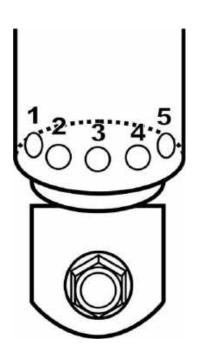
Use a pin spanner to adjust the rear shock spring preload. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Position 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded.

Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same spring preload positions.

### \* Always adjust the shock

absorber pre-load position in sequence (1-2-3-4-5 or 5-4-3-2-1). Attempting to adjust directly from 1 to 5 or 5 to 1 may damage the shock absorber.







16

## **BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM**

CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT	16-1
CHARGING CIRCUIT	16-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	16-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	16-3
BATTERY CHARGING	16-4
CHARGING SYSTEM	16-6
REGULATOR/RECTIFIER	16-6



### **CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT**



#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**



The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for  $2\sim3$  years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with an electric tester.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item		Standard	
Capacity		12V10AH	
Battery	Voltage	Fully charged	13.2V
	(20°€)	Insufficient charged	< 12.3V
	Charging cu	rrent	1.2A* 5~10H

### 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

#### Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

#### **Intermittent power**

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system

#### Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator



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#### **BATTERY**

#### **REMOVAL**

The battery is in the battery box in the front cover.

- 1.Remove windshield garnish and the front cover.
- 2. Remove the met-in box
- 3. Remove the battery retainer.



- 4. Pull battery out to expose the terminal leads
- 5. Disconnect the negative (-) terminal lead from the battery first, then disconnect the positive (+) terminal lead.
- 6. Remove the battery from the battery box.

#### **BATTERY INSTALLATION**

Install in the reverse order of the removal.

\*

When install the battery, first connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.

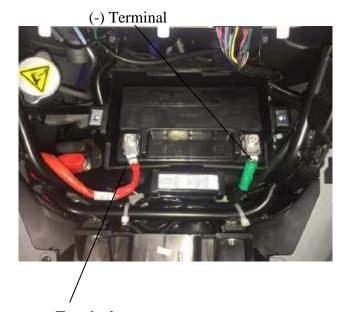
#### **VOLTAGE INSPECTION**

Remove the battery cover.

Measure the battery voltage by using a commercially available digital multimeter.

**Voltage (20 °C/68 °F):** 

Fully charged: 13.0 ~ 13.2 V Insufficient charged: < 12.3 V



(+) Terminal



#### **BATTERY CHARGING**

Remove the battery

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

\*

Turn the power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals.



Standard: 1.2A / 5~10 Hours

For battery charging, do not exceed the charging current and time specified on the battery. Using excessive current or extending the charging time may damage the battery.

#### CHARGING VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Be sure that the battery is in good condition before performing this test.



Do not disconnect the battery or any cable in the charging system without first switching off the ignition switch. Failure to follow this precaution can damage the tester or electrical

Start the engine and warm it up to the operating temperature; stop the engine.

Connect the multimeter between the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals of the battery.

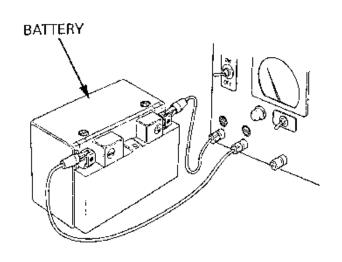
To prevent short, make absolutely certain which are the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals or cable.

With the headlight on and turned to the high beam position, restart the engine.

Measure the voltage on the multimeter when the engine runs at 5000 rpm.

#### Standard:

Battery charging voltage 13.5~ 14.5V





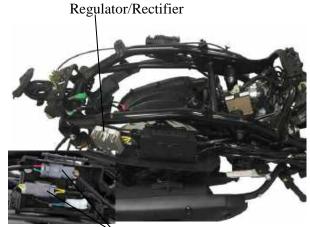


X-Town CT 125

#### REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

#### WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box and the body cover Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors. Check the connectors for loose contacts of corroded terminals.

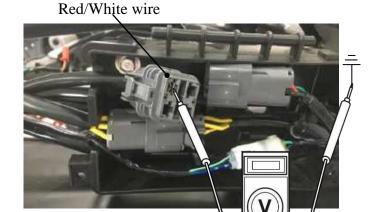


Regulator/Rectifier connectors

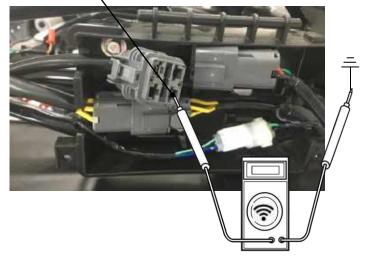
#### **BATTERY WIRE**

Measure the voltage between the Red/White wire terminal and ground.

There should be battery voltage at all times.



Green wire



#### **GROUND WIRE**

Check the continuity between the Green wire terminal and ground.

There should be continuity at all times.



# 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

X-Town CT 125

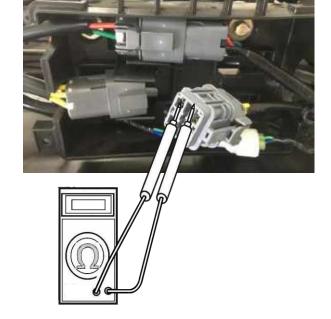
### **CHARGING COIL WIRE**

Measure the resistance between each Yellow wire terminals.

**Standard:**  $0.4 \sim 0.6 \Omega (20 \text{ C}/68 \text{ F})$ 

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector. Check for continuity between each Yellow wire terminal regulator/rectifier side and ground.

There should be no continuity.



Regulator/Rectifier

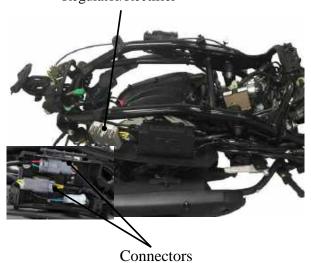
### **REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

Remove the side body cover.

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors.

Remove the two bolts, regulator/rectifier.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM



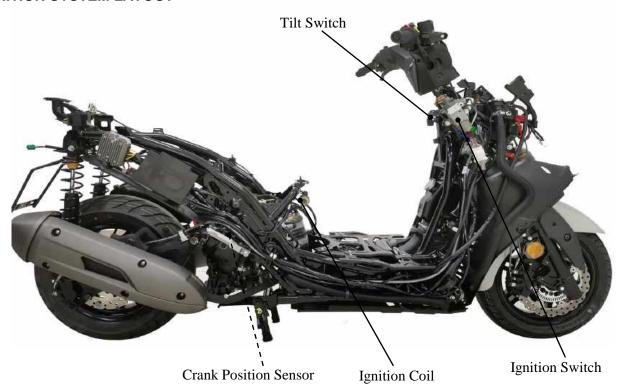
17

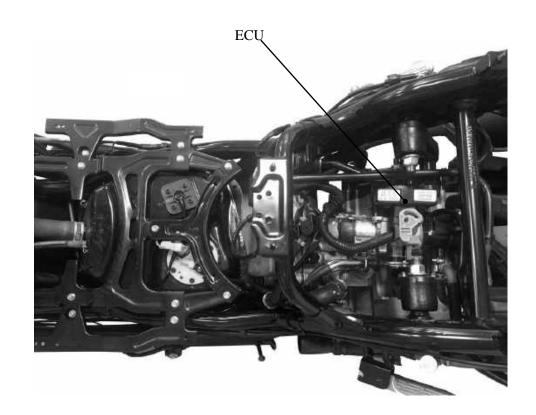
### **IGNITION SYSTEM**

IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT	17-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	17-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	17-2
SPARK PLUG	17-3
IGNITION COIL INSPECTION	17-3
A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION	17-4
TILT SWITCH INSPECTION	17-4



### **IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT**





### 17. IGNITION SYSTEM



### SERVICE INFORMATION

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the ignition switch is "ON" and current is present.
- When servicing the ignition system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting on page 17-2.
- The ignition timing cannot be adjusted since the ignition control module is already adjusted in factory.
- The ignition control module or ECU maybe damaged if dropped or the connector is disconnected when the key is "ON", the excessive voltage may damage the ignition control module or ECU. Always turn off the ignition switch before servicing.
- A faulty ignition system is often related to poor connections. Check those connections before proceeding.
- Make sure the battery is adequately charged. Using the starter motor with weak battery results in a slower engine cranking speed as well as no spark at the spark plug.
- Use a spark plug of the correct heat range. Using spark plug with an incorrect heat range can damage the engine.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	Item	Standard
Spark plug	Standard type	NGK CR7E
	Otandard type	/CPR7EA-9
Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7/0.8 ~ 0.9 mm
	Primary coil	2.2±10% (23°C)Ω
Inductive Ignition Coil	Spark plug cap	5±1.25ΩKΩ
Crank Position Sensor	·	96~144Ω
Tilt Switch		0.4V~1.4V(normal)
THE SWITCH		3.7V~4.4V (fall down)

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

### No peak voltage

- Short circuit in engine stop switch or ignition switch wire.
- Faulty engine stop switch or ignition switch.
- Loose or poorly connected ignition control module connectors.
- Open circuit or poor connection in ground wire of the ignition control module.
- Faulty crank position sensor.
- Faulty ignition control module.

### Peak voltage is normal, but no spark jumps at the plug

- Faulty spark plug or leaking ignition coil secondary current.
- Faulty ignition coil.

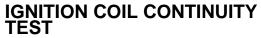


### SPARK PLUG

For spark plug inspection and adjustment, refer to page 3-5.

### **IGNITION COIL INSPECTION**

Remove the seat and met-in box. (⇒2-6) Remove the ignition coil.



Inspect the continuity of the ignition coil, primary coil and secondary coil.

This is a general test. Accurate ignition coil test must be performed with an ignition unit tester.

Measure the ignition coil resistances at 20°℃.

Primary coil	<b>2.2</b> ±10% (23°ℂ)Ω
plug cap	5±1.25ΩKΩ

**Ignition Coil** 



**Primary Coil** 



plug cap





# A .C. GENERATOR INSPECTION CRANK POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION

\*

This test is performed with the stator installed in the engine.

Remove the seat and met-in box.

Disconnect the Crank Position Sensor Wire Coupler.

Measure the resistance between the blue/white and green/white wire terminals.

Blue/Yellow~Green/White	96~144Ω
-------------------------	---------



### **INSPECTION**

Support the scooter level surface.

Put the side stand up and engine stop switch is at "RUN".

Turn the ignition switch to "OFF".

Remove the screws, washers and tilt switch.



Do not disconnect the tilt switch connector during inspection.

The capacity of battery must be fully charged.

Place the tilt switch vertical as shown at the ignition switch "ON". Measure the voltage as below.

Terminal	Standard
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	0.4~1.4 V less

Incline the tilt switch 65±10 degrees to the left or right at the ignition switch "ON". Measure the voltage as below.

Terminal	Standard
Violet/Red (+) – Green/Pink (-)	5 V (ECU voltage)
Black/Blue (+) – Green/Pink (-)	3.7~4.4 V

If repeat this test, first turn the ignition switch to "OFF", then turn the ignition switch to "ON".



Crank Position Sensor Wire Coupler



Tilt Switch





X-Town CT 125

### **REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

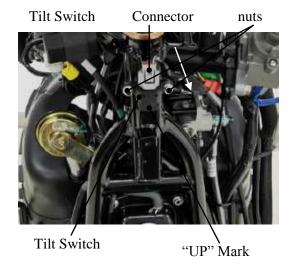
Disconnect the connector and remove two nuts, then remove tilt switch.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

\*

Install the tilt switch with its "up" mark facing up.

Tighten the mounting screws securely.



# **18. STARTING SYSTEM**

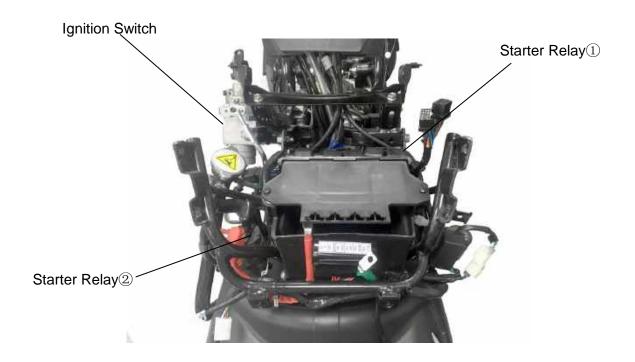


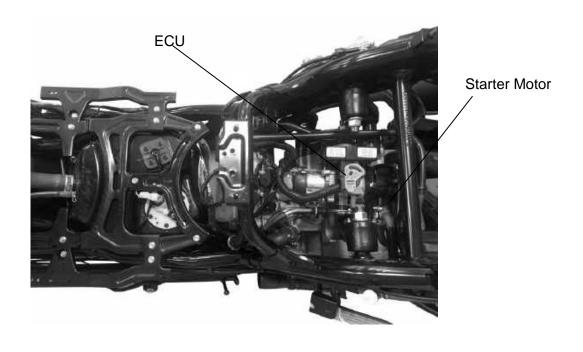
18

### **STARTING SYSTEM**

STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT	18-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	18-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	18-2
STARTER MOTOR	18-3
STARTER RELAY INSPECTION	18-4

### **STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT**







### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.
- After the starter clutch is installed, be sure to add the engine oil and coolant and then bleed air from the cooling system.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Starter motor brush length	12.5mm	8.5mm

### **TORQUE VALUES**

Starter motor mounting bolt  $6.7 \sim 10.8 \text{ N-m}$ Starter motor case screw  $2.9 \sim 4.9 \text{ N-m}$ Starter clutch bolt  $9.8 \sim 13.7 \text{ N-m}$ 

### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Flywheel holder E021 Flywheel puller E003

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

### Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

### Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loosed wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

# Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery



# STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

\*

Before removing the starter motor, turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the battery ground. Then, turn on the ignition switch and push the starter button to make sure the starter motor can't operate securely.

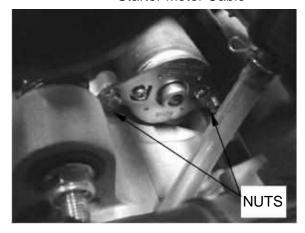
Remove the seat, met-in box and carrier. Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together.

Remove the nut goes to the starter relay and relax cable band to disconnect the starter motor cable.

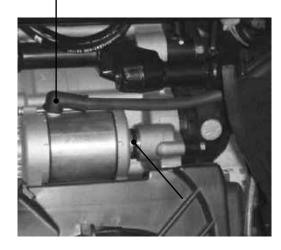
Remove two start motor mounting bolts and the motor.



Starter Motor Cable



Starter Motor Cable



### **INSTALLATION**

Connect the starter motor cable.

Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Apply grease to the O-ring and install it to the starter motor.

Tighten the two mounting bolts.

# 18. STARTING SYSTEM

### X-Town250/300 ABS

### STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

The vehicle is equipped with two start relays. Remove the front center cover and the front Cover.

### Starter Relay(1)

Disconnect the starter relay wire connector.

Measure the resistance between 2 pins of the fuel injector connector.

Standard:  $110\pm10\% \Omega$  (at  $20^{\circ}$ C/68°F)

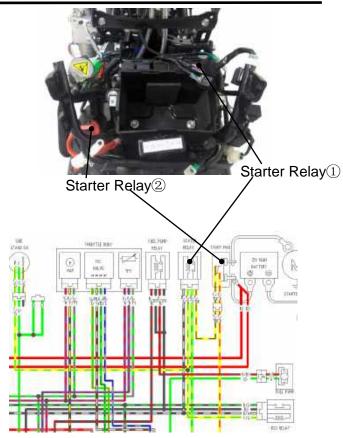
### Starter Relay<sup>2</sup>

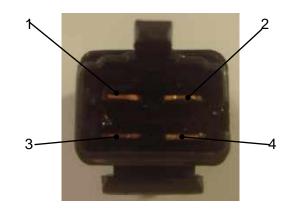
Disconnect the starter relay wire connector.

Check for continuity between the yellow/red wire and green/yellow wire.

There should be continuity when the starter button is depressed.

If there is no continuity, check the starter button for continuity and inspect the wire.



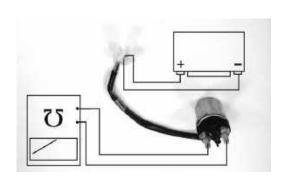


### **OPERATION TEST**

Connect the electric meter to the starter relay terminals that connect to the battery positive cable and the starter motor cable.

Connect a fully charged battery across the starter relay yellow/red and green/yellow wire terminals.

Check for continuity between the starter relay large terminals. The relay is normal if there is continuity and hear sounds.



Starter Relay test chart

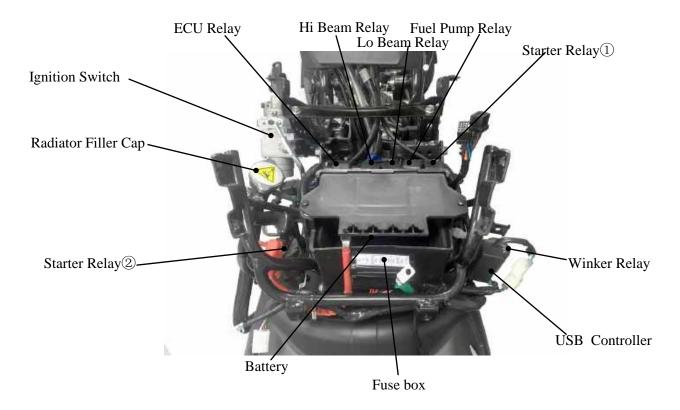


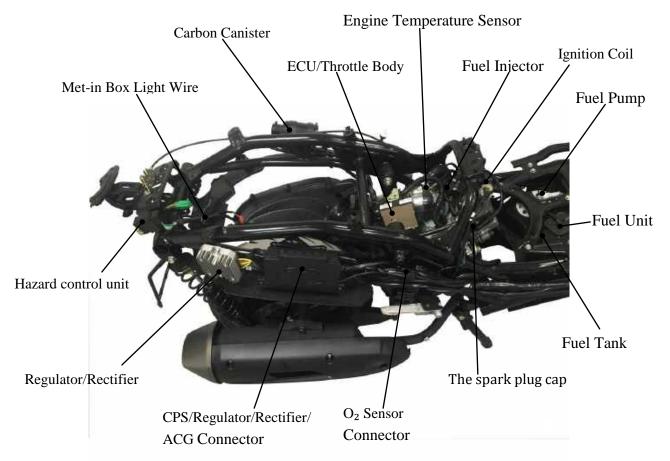

# LIGHTS/METERS/SWITCHES

SERVICE INFORMATION	19- 1
BULB REPLACEMENT	19- 2
BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH	19- 6
IGNITION SWITCH	19- 6
HANDLEBAR SWITCH	19- 7
LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH	19-9
FUEL PUMP	19-10
SIDE STAND SWITCH	19-13
HORN	19-14



### **ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT**





X-Town CT 125

### SERVICE INFORMATION

### **GENERAL**

\*

A halogen head light bulb becomes very hot while the head light is on, and remains for a while after it is turned off. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

- Note the following when replacing the halogen headlight bulb
  - ™ Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot spots on the bulb and cause it to fail.
  - ™ If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
  - ™ Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.
- Check the battery condition before performing any inspection that requires proper battery voltage.
- A continuity test can be made with the switches installed on the scooter.
- Route the wires and cables properly after servicing each component.

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

# Lights do not come on when ignition switch is "ON"

- Burned bulb
- Faulty switch
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire

# Temperature gauge does not register correctly

- Faulty temperature gauge
- Faulty thermosensor
- Broken or shorted wire between the temperature gauge and thermosensor

# Fuel gauge does not work or wrong show figures

- Faulty fuel gauge
- · Faulty fuel unit
- Poorly connected wire between fuel gauge and fuel unit
- Fuse burned out

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Fuse 10A,15A,30A,25A

Headlight bulb 12V 12W(low beam)/24W(High beam)

Turn signal light bulb 12V 2.2W(Front) / 3.2W(Rear)

Stoplight/taillight 12V 12W/5W



X-Town CT 125

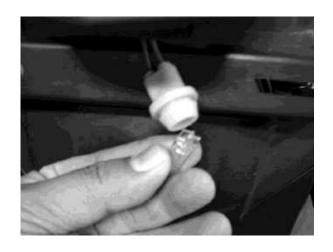
### **BULB REPLACEMENT**

### LICENECE LIGHT

Remove the seat assembly and luggage box. Remove the body covers. Disconnect the license bulb socket. Remove the bulb and replace with a new one.







### **HEADLIGHT**

Headlight set need to be replaced as a set.

### **REMOVAL**

Remove the front cover Disconnect the Headlight Connector and the front turn signal light Connector Remove the 12 screws and the Headlight set.

### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

### **HEADLIGHT CONTROLLER**

The Headlight is come on when the engine starts.

### **INSPECTION**

Turn the ignition switch to "ON"
Connect the multimeter (+) probe to the
Brown/Blue terminal and the multi-meter (-)
probe to the Green terminal.

The voltage is the battery voltage.

### Starts the engine.

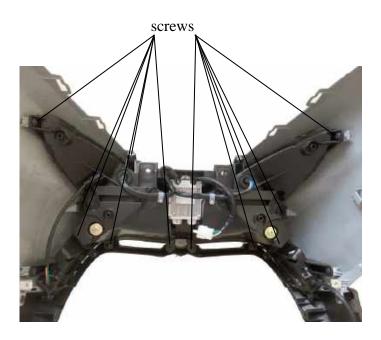
Connect the multimeter (+) probe to the white/Blue terminal and the multi-meter (-) probe to the Green terminal.

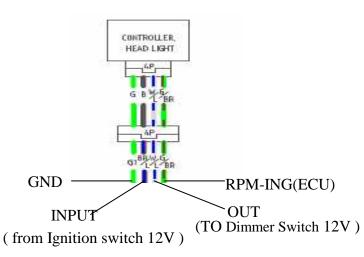
The voltage is the battery voltage.



**Headlight Connector** 

front turn signal light Connector









### FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Replace the front turn signal light set if needed.

Remove the front cover.

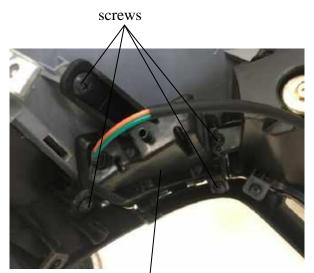
Remove the 4 screws and the right front turn signal light set.

Remove the 4 screws and the left front turn signal light set.

right front turn signal light

screws

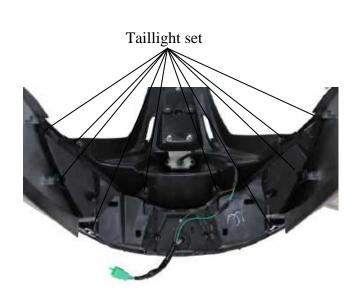
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



left front turn signal light

# TAILLIGHT/BRAKE LIGHT/REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the seat and met-in, Remove the 10 screws and the taillight set.





### **BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH**

Remove the upper handlebar cover.

Disconnect front or rear brake light switch connectors and check for continuity between the switch terminals.

There should be continuity with the front or rear brake lever squeezed, and there should be no continuity with the front or rear brake lever is released.



Front Brake Light Switch



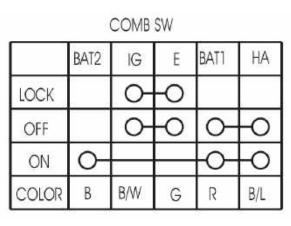
Rear Brake Light Switch

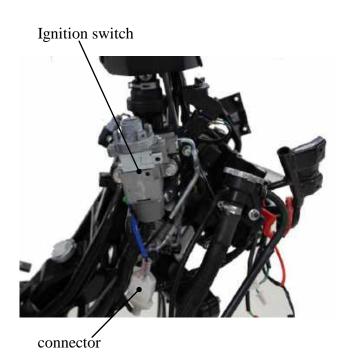
# IGNITION SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the front cover.

Disconnect the ignition switch connector and check the ignition switch for continuity at the switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:







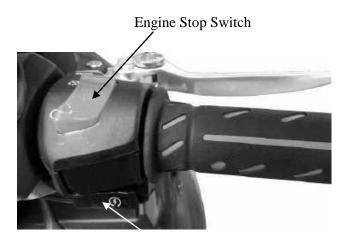
### RIGHT HANDLEBAR SWITCH

### **INSPECTION**

Remove the front cover

Disconnect the right handlebar switch connector and check for continuity at switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:



Starter Switch

# STARTER SW

	Е	ST
FREE		
PUSH	0	0
COLOR	G	Y/R

**ENGINE STOP SW** 

	IG	BAT3
OFF		
RUN	0	0
COLOR	B/W	B/G



X-Town CT 125

### LEFT HANDLEBAR SWITCH

### **INSPECTION**

Disconnect the left handlebar switch connector and check for continuity at switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:

14/	N.I	1/5	-	CIA
W	IN	ΚE	1	SW

	WR	R	L
R	0	0	
N			
L	0	2 1	9
COLOR	GR	SB	0

HORN SW

	BAT4	Ю
FREE	1.	
PUSH	9	9
COLOR	BR/L	LG

PASSING SW

	HL	HI	LO
LO	0		0
(N)	0	0	0
Н	0	0	
COLOR	W/L	L	W

DIMMER SW

	BAT4	Н
FREE		
PUSH	d	-
COLOR	BR/L	L

# Dimmer Switch

Horn Switch

Turn Signal light Switch

### Passing Switch



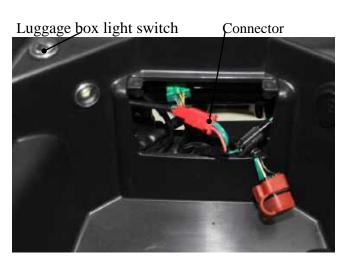
### LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH

### **INSPECTION**

Remove the luggage box

Disconnect the luggage box light switch connector and check the luggage box light switch for continuity between the switch terminals.

There should be no continuity with the luggage box light switch pushed, and there should be continuity with the luggage box light switch is released.





X-Town CT 125

### FUEL PUMP FUEL UNIT

### **REMOVAL**

Remove the seat and met-in
Remove the center cover
Remove the Fuel Pump cover
Remove the stay of the Fuel Pump cover
Remove the fuel pump connector
Be sure to relieve the fuel pressure before
removing fuel pump or fuel hose.
Remove the six bolts and fuel pump
connectors then remove the fuel hose.
Remove the fuel pump

Check the fuel pump O-ring. If was damage, replace a new one.

Remove the four bolts and fuel unit connectors .

Remove the fuel unit.

### **INSPECTION**

Connect the fuel Pump wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".

\*

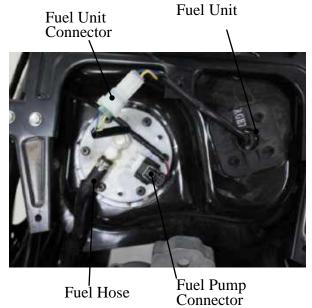
Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.

Measure the resistance between the Red/Black and Green wire of the fuel Pump connector.

**Standard**:  $1.9\pm0.3~\Omega$ 





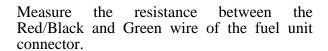


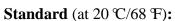


Connect the fuel unit wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".



Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.





Float at full position	About 1100 Ω
Float at empty position	About 100 Ω





X-Town CT 125

### **SIDE STAND SWITCH**

### **INSPECTION**

Remove the luggage box.

Side stand switch is located on side stand.

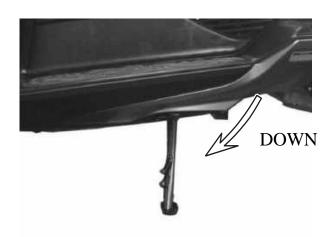
Disconnect the side stand switch connector.

There should be continuity between the Yellow/Green and Green with the side stand is up.

There should be continuity between the Yellow/Black and Green with the side stand is down.









X-Town CT 125

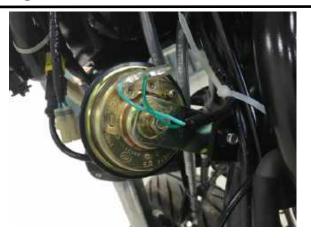
### **HORN**

### **INSPECTION**

Remove the front cover.

Disconnect the horn connectors from the horn.

Connect a 12 V battery to the horn terminals. The horn is normal if it sounds when the 12 V battery is connected across the horn terminals.





EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYST	EM
SCHEMATIC DRAWING	20-1
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM FUNCTION	20-2

TROUBLESHOOTING------20-2

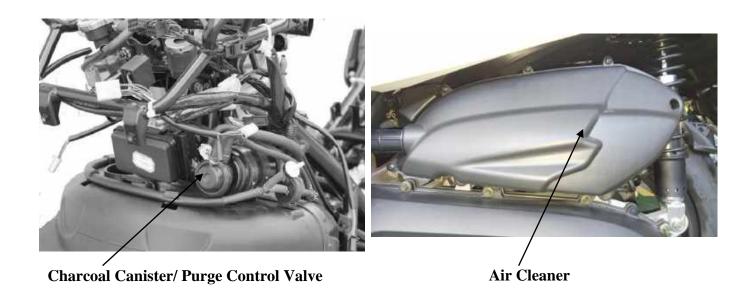
SERVICE INFORMATION ------20-3

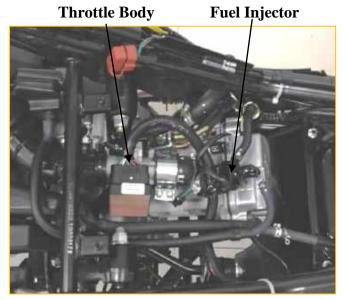
PERGE CONTROL VALVE ------20-4

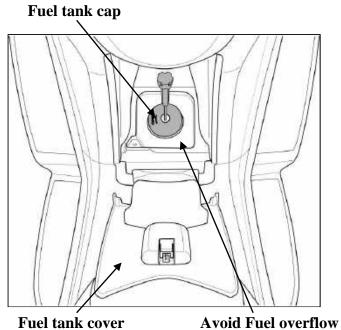
CHARCOAL CANISTER------20-6



### **SCHEMATIC DRAWING**









### **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM FUNCTION**

### **FOREWORD:**

The Evaporative Emission Control System is abbreviated to E.E.C. System. This device collects the fuel vapor from the fuel tank and then the fuel vapor is drawn into the engine for re-burning to avoid air pollution caused by the fuel vapor diffused into the air.

### **FUNCTION**

Item	Purpose	Function
Purge Control Valve		The charcoal canister absorbs vaporized HC from the fuel tank. When the engine is running and the purge control valve is open, the fuel vapor in the charcoal canister is drawn into the engine for re-burning.
Charcoal Canister		The vaporized HC is absorbed in the charcoal canister and the specified volume of HC in the emission should not exceed 2g.
P.C.V. System	Completely recover the HC from blow-by gas in the crankcase for re-burning.	Through the P.C.V. system, the blow-by gas from the crankcase is separated into fuel vapor and fuel and then drawn into the cylinder for re-burning.

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

### Engine loses power or runs erratic at idle speed

- 1. Clogged P.C.V. system
- 2. Clogged air cleaner
- 3. Faulty purge control valve
- 4. Loose or broken E.E.C. system tubes

### Engine idles or accelerates roughly

- 1. Faulty fuel cut-off valve
- 2. Faulty purge control valve
- 3. Clogged or faulty charcoal canister



### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area.
- Note the locations of tubes for proper installation.
- Replace any damaged tube with a new one.
- Make sure to tighten the connector of each tube securely.

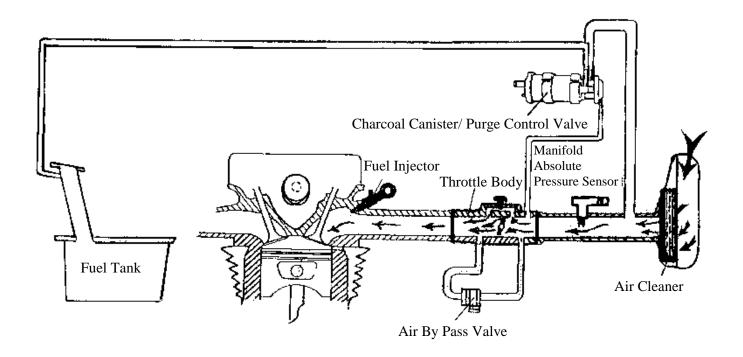
### **TOOLS**

- Vacuum pump—A937X—014—XXXX
- Pressure pump —

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Purge control valve vacuum pressure 45mm/Hg Charcoal canister capacity 90cc

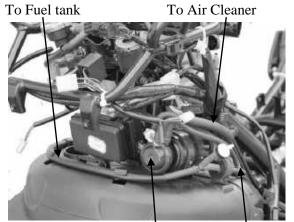
### A. LEAKAGE TEST PIPING DIAGRAM





# PURGE CONTROL VALVE REMOVAL

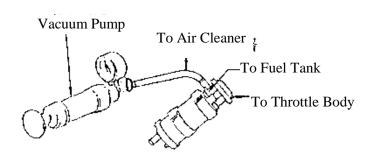
- 1. Remove the front cover.
- 2. Disconnect the purge control valve vacuum tube that goes to the throttle body and the tubes that go to the air cleaner and charcoal canister. Remove the charcoal canister/purge control valve.



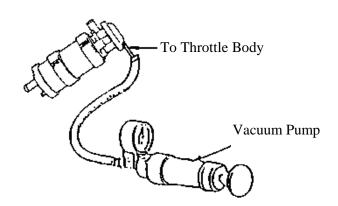
Purge Control Valve To Throttle Body

### **INSPECTION**

Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve tube that goes to the air cleaner and apply vacuum pressure of 250mm/Hg. The specified vacuum must be maintained for one minute. Replace the purge control valve with a new one if vacuum is not maintained.



Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve tube that goes to the carburetor vacuum tube and apply vacuum pressure of 45mm/Hg. The specified vacuum must be maintained for one minute. Replace the purge control valve with a new one if vacuum is not maintained.



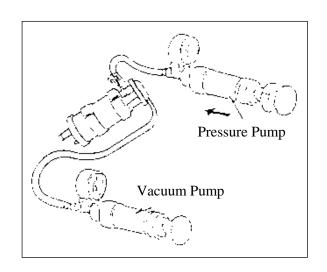


# PURGE CONTROL VALVE FLOW INSPECTION

- 1. Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve vacuum tube and apply vacuum pressure of 45mm/Hg.
- 2. Connect a pressure pump to the tube that goes to the charcoal canister and apply pressure. The flow must be over 9.4 liters per minute and replace the purge control valve with a new one if the specified flow is not reached.



To prevent damage to the purge control valve, do not use high air pressure sources. Use a hand operated pressure pump only.



### **INSTALLATION**

- 1. Install the purge control valve in the reverse order of removal.
- 2. Route and reconnect the purge control valve tubes properly and securely.



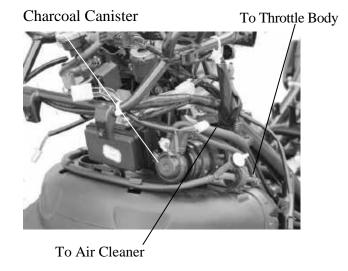
Be careful not to bend, twist or kink the tubes during installation.



### **CHARCOAL CANISTER**

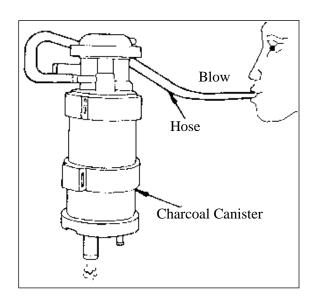
### **REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove the front cover.
- 2. Disconnect the charcoal canister tubes that go to the fuel tank and purge control valve.
- 3. Remove the charcoal canister.



### **INSPECTION**

- 1. Plug the tube that goes to the fuel tank and plug the blow-by tube. Then connect a hose to the canister. Blow the hose with mouth. The charcoal canister is normal if air can be blown into it. If clogged, replace it with a new one.
- 2. Check the charcoal for cracks and replace if necessary.



### **INSTALLATION**

Install the charcoal canister in the reverse order of removal.



- The charcoal canister must be installed to its original position to avoid affecting its performance.
- Do not bend, twist or kink the tubes during installation.