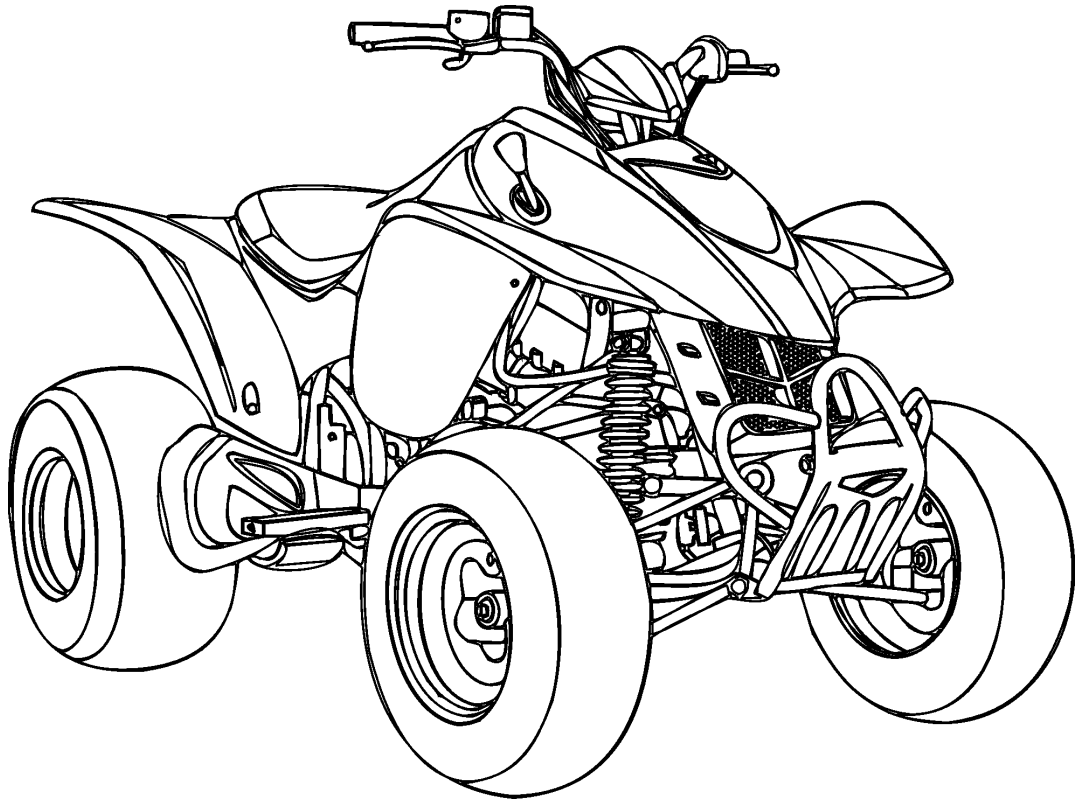


**KYMCO**  
**SERVICE MANUAL**  
**MAXXER 300/250**  
**MONGOOSE 300/250**



Issued: 10.JUN.2005

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First Edition, Jun 2005  
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4122-ATV250-S00**

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# PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO *ATV 300/250*.

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before starting any operation.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to higher removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 4 through 20 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and inspection of engine, chassis frame and electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

<p>The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the ATV in case specifications are changed. KYMCO reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.</p>
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**KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.**  
**OVERSEAS SALES DEPARTMENT**  
**OVERSEAS SERVICE SECTION**

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

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**1**

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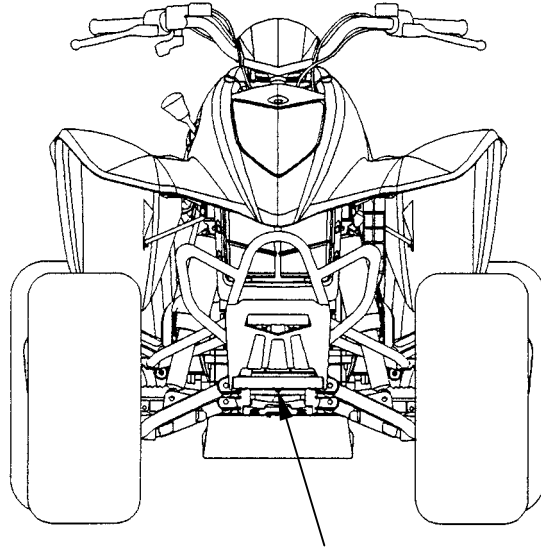
## GENERAL INFORMATION

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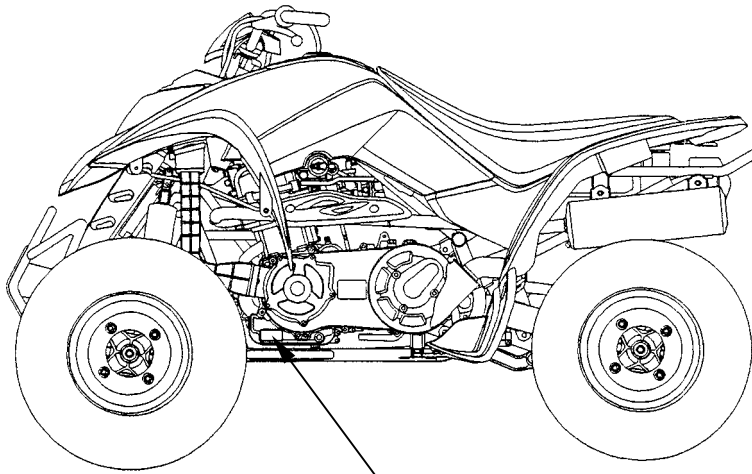
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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## SERIAL NUMBER



Location of Frame Serial Number



Location of Engine Serial Number



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## SPECIFICATIONS (MAXXER 250/MONGOOSE 250)

Model No.		LA50		Fuel System	Air cleaner type & No		Sponge		
ATV Name & Type		MXER 250R MAXXER 250			Fuel capacity		13 L (2.73 Imp gal, 3.38 US gal)		
Overall length		1705 mm (68.2 in)			Carburetor	Type		PTG	
Overall width		1020 mm (40.1 in)				Main jet NO.		98	
Overall height		1110 mm (43.3 in)		Venturi dia.		φ22 mm (φ0.88 in)			
Wheel base		1175 mm (46.2 in)		Throttle type		PISTON			
Engine type		O.H.C.		Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		Full transistor digital ignition	
Displacement		249 cm <sup>3</sup> (15.2 cu-in)				Ignition timing		5°BTDC/1000 rpm	
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded gasoline				Spark plug		DPR7EA-9	
Dry weight		Front wheel	93.1 kg (204.8 lbs)			Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7 mm (0.002~0.003 in)	
		Rear wheel	84.9 kg (186.8 lbs)	Battery		Capacity		12V12AH	
		Total	178 kg (391.6 lbs)	Drive System	Clutch Type		Dry, centrifugal automatic		
Gross weight		Front wheel	100 kg (220 lbs)		Clutch operation system		Automatic (V-belt)		
		Rear wheel	91 kg (200.2 lbs)		Primary reduction system		Helical gear/spur gear		
		Total	191 kg (420.2 lbs)		Secondary reduction system		Chain drive		
Tires		Front wheel	21*7-10		Primary reduction ratio		26.5		
		Rear wheel	20*11-9		Secondary reduction ratio		10.02		
Ground clearance		130 mm (5.1 in)		Reverse ratio		50.9			
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor		Moving Device	FR/RR tire rolling circumference		1675/1596 mm (67/63.8 in)	
	Type		Gasoline, 4-stroke			Tire pressure	Front	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 3.2 psi)	
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder				Turning angle	Left	40°
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere			Brake system type		Rear	Disk brake
	Valve arrangement		O.H.C., chain drive		Front		Disk brake		
	Bore x stroke		72.7 x 60 mm (2.9 x 2.4 in)			Suspension type	Front	Double wishbone	
	Compression ratio		10.3:1		Rear		Link suspension		
	Compression pressure		15 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1500 kPa, 213 psi)				Frame type		Steel tube frame
	Intake valve		Open	8.1° BTDC					
			Close	41° ABDC					
	Exhaust valve		Open	37° BBDC					
			Close	7.9° ATDC					
	Valve clearance (cold)		Intake	0.1 mm (0.004 in)					
			Exhaust	0.1 mm (0.004 in)					
	Idle speed		1500 rpm						
	Lubrication System	Lubrication type		Forced pressure & Wet sump					
		Oil pump type		Inner/outer rotor type					
		Oil filter type		Full-flow filtration					
		Oil capacity		1.6 L (1.4 Imp qt, 1.7 US qt)					
		Oil exchanging capacity		1.4 L (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 US qt)					
Cooling Type		Liquid cooling							

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## SPECIFICATIONS (MAXXER 300/MONGOOSE 300)

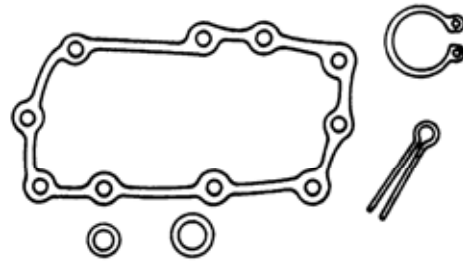
Model No.		LA60		
ATV Name & Type		MAXXER 300		
Overall length		1700 mm (68 in)		
Overall width		1050 mm (42 in)		
Overall height		1150 mm (46 in)		
Wheel base		1170 mm (46.8 in)		
Engine type		O.H.C.		
Displacement		270 cm <sup>3</sup> (16.2 cu-in)		
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded gasoline		
Dry weight	Front wheel	103 kg (226.6 lbs)		
	Rear wheel	102 kg (224.4 lbs)		
	Total	205 kg (451 lbs)		
Gross weight	Front wheel	110 kg (242 lbs)		
	Rear wheel	105 kg (231 lbs)		
	Total	215 kg (473 lbs)		
Tires	Front wheel	21*7-10		
	Rear wheel	20*11-9		
Ground clearance		130 mm (5.1 in)		
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor	
	Type		Gasoline, 4-stroke	
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder	
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere	
	Valve arrangement		O.H.C., chain drive	
	Bore x stroke		72.7 x 65.2 mm (2.9 x 2.608 in)	
	Compression ratio		10.3:1	
	Compression pressure		16 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1600 kPa, 227 psi)	
	Intake valve	Open	5° BTDC	
		Close	41° ABDC	
	Exhaust valve	Open	37° BBDC	
		Close	5° ATDC	
	Valve clearance (cold)	Intake	0.1 mm (0.004 in)	
		Exhaust	0.1 mm (0.004 in)	
	Idle speed		1600 rpm	
	Lubrication System	Lubrication type		Forced pressure & Wet sump
		Oil pump type		Inner/outer rotor type
		Oil filter type		Full-flow filtration
		Oil capacity		1.6 L (1.4 Imp qt, 1.7 US qt)
		Oil exchanging capacity		1.4 L (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 US qt)
Cooling Type		Liquid cooling		

Fuel System	Air cleaner type & No		Sponge	
	Fuel capacity		13 L (2.73 Imp gal, 3.38 US gal)	
	Carburetor	Type		PTG
		Main jet NO.		98
		Venturi dia.		φ22 mm (φ0.88 in)
Throttle type		PISTON		
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		Full transistor digital ignition
		Ignition timing		5° BTDC/1500 rpm
		Spark plug		DPR7EA-9
	Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7 mm (0.002~0.003 in)	
Battery	Capacity		12V12AH	
Drive System	Clutch Type		Dry, centrifugal automatic	
	Clutch operation system		Automatic (V-belt)	
	Primary reduction system		Helical gear/spur gear	
	Secondary reduction system		Chain drive	
	Primary reduction ratio		26.5	
	Secondary reduction ratio		10.02	
Moving Device	Reverse ratio		50.9	
	FR/RR tire rolling circumference		1675/1596 mm 67/63.8 in)	
	Tire pressure	Front	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 3.2 psi)	
		Rear		
	Turning angle	Left	40°	
Right		40°		
Brake system type	Rear	Disk brake		
	Front	Disk brake		
Suspension type	Front	Double wishbone		
	Rear	Link suspension		
Frame type		Steel tube frame		

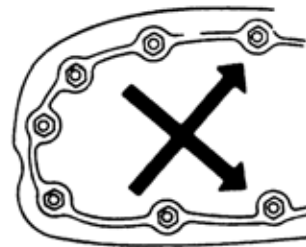
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

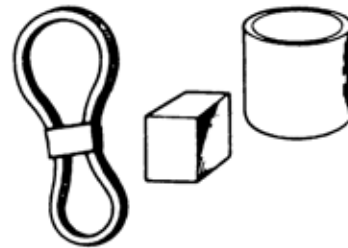
- Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



- When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



- Use genuine parts and lubricants.



- When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



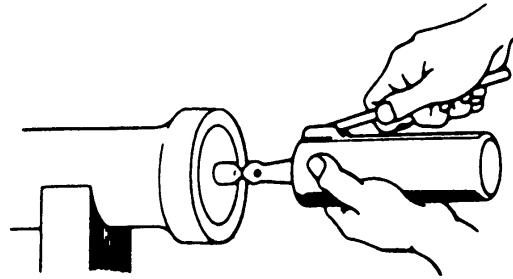
- After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



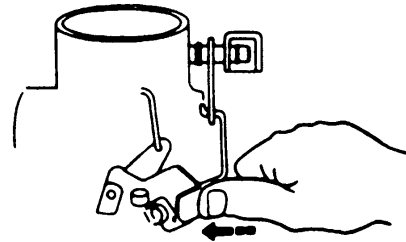


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

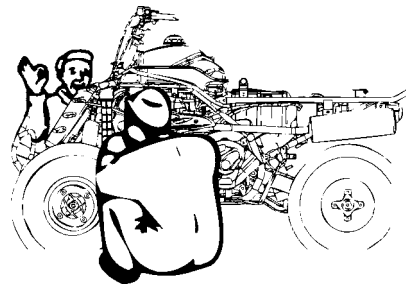
- Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



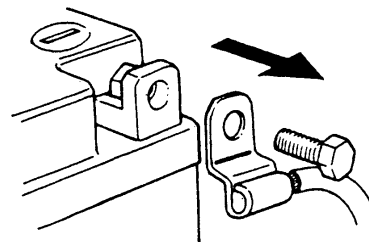
- After reassembly, check all parts for proper tightening and operation.



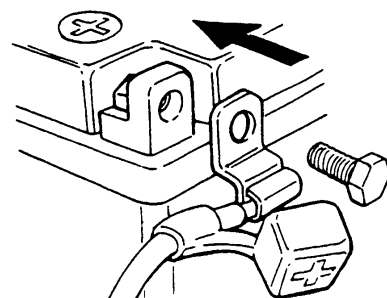
- When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.

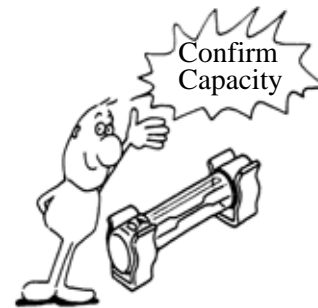


- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

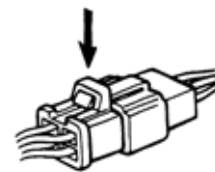
- If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



- After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



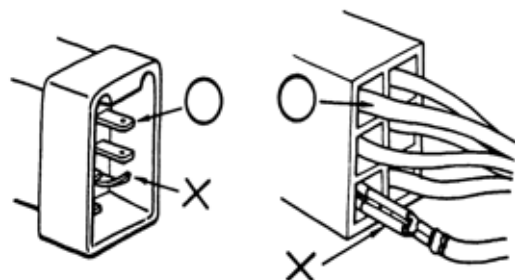
- When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.

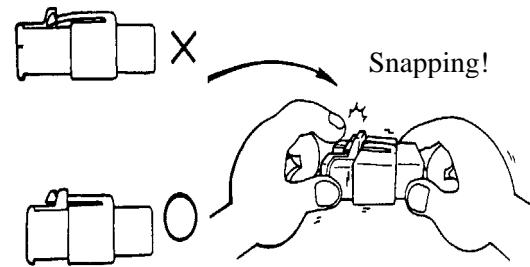


- Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.

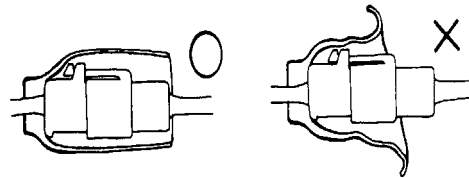


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

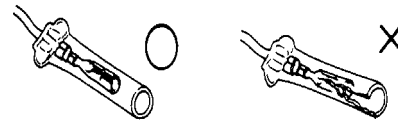
- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



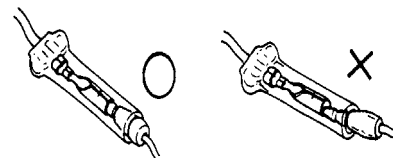
- Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



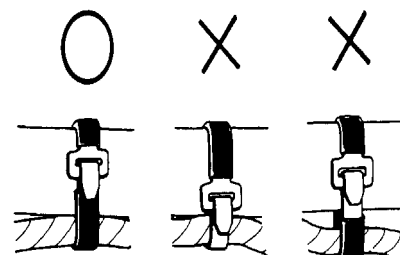
- Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.



- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

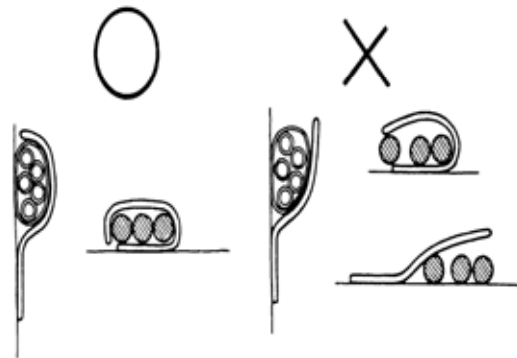


- Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

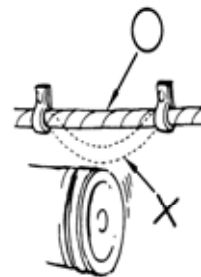
- After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



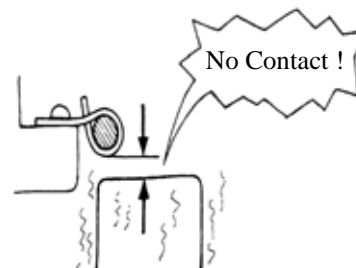
- Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



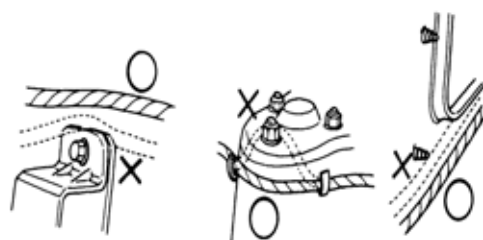
- After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



- When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts which will generate high heat.

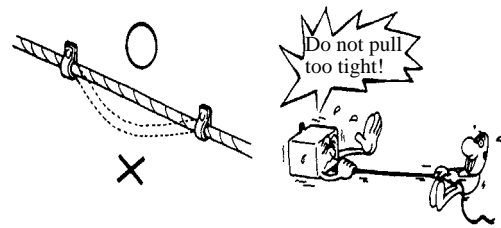


- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.

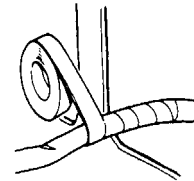


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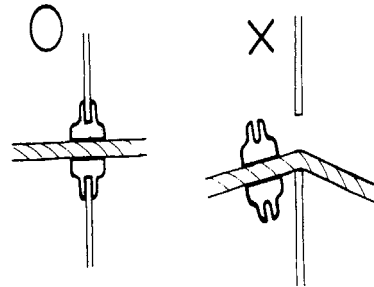
- Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



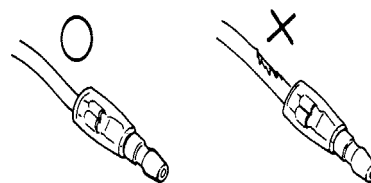
- Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



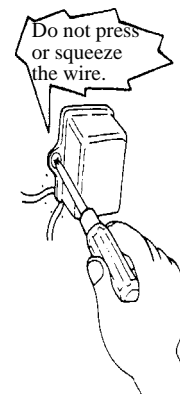
- When rubber protecting cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.

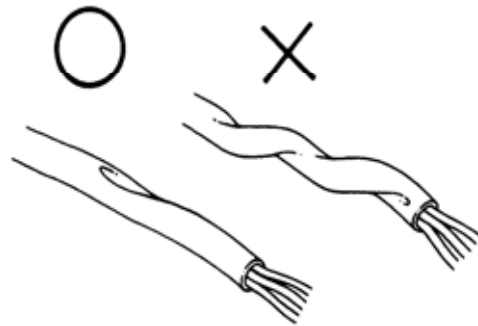


- When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.

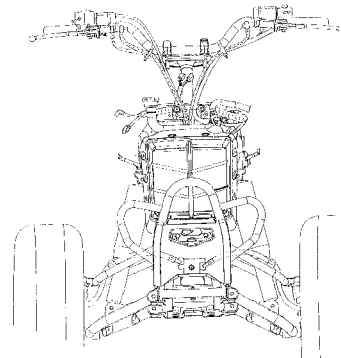


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

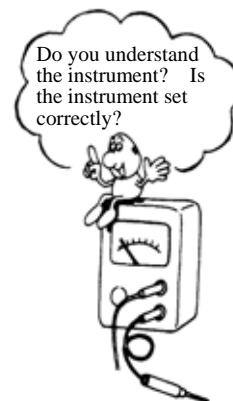
- After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



- Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



- When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions.



- Be careful not to drop any parts.



- When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

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■ Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Note



: Warning

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## TORQUE VALUES

### STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Item	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)
5mm bolt and nut	0.5 (5, 3.6)	4mm screw	0.3 (3, 2.2)
6mm bolt and nut	1 (10, 7.2)	5mm screw	0.4 (4, 2.9)
8mm bolt and nut	2.2 (22, 16)	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.9 (9, 6.5)
10mm bolt and nut	3.5 (35, 25)	6mm flange bolt and nut	1.2 (12, 9)
12mm bolt and nut	5.5 (55, 40)	8mm flange bolt and nut	2.7 (27, 20)
14mm bolt and nut	7 (70, 50)	10mm flange bolt and nut	4 (40, 29)

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

### ENGINE

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Remarks
Stud bolt	4	8	0.9 (9, 6.5)	
Oil filter screen cap	1	30	1.5 (15, 11)	
Seat ball stopper bolt	1	14	4.8 (48, 35)	
L cover bolt	10	6	1.2 (12, 8.6)	
Cam shaft holder nut	4	8	2.5 (25, 18)	Apply oil
Tappet ADJ nut	2	5	0.9 (9, 6.5)	Apply oil
Pivot tensioner bolt	1	8	1 (10, 7.2)	
Lifter tensioner bolt	2	6	1.2 (12, 8.6)	
Lifter tensioner cap	1	6	0.4 (4, 2.9)	
Mission case bolt	9	8	2.7 (27, 20)	
Mission fill and drain bolt	2	12	2 (20, 15)	
Driver face nut	1	14	9.5 (95, 68)	Apply oil
Clutch outer nut	1	12	5.5 (55, 40)	
Drive plate nut	1	28	5.5 (55, 40)	
ACG flywheel nut	1	14	6 (60, 43)	
Spark plug	1	12	1.8 (18, 13)	
Water pump impeller	1	7	1.2 (12, 8.6)	Left thread
Oil drain plug	1	12	2.5 (25, 18)	
Oil pump screw	1	3	0.2 (2, 1.5)	
Head CYL stud bolt (IN pipe)	2	6	0.9 (9, 6.5)	
Head CYL stud bolt (EX pipe)	2	8	0.9 (9, 6.5)	
A.C.G Startor	3	5	0.9 (9, 6.5)	



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## FRAME

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque Kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Remarks
Steering stem nut	1	14	7 (70, 50)	
Front swing arm nut	8	10	4.5 (45, 32)	
Tie-rod end nut	4	12	3 (30, 22)	Castle nut
Tie-rod ball joint nut	4	10	2 (20, 15)	Castle nut
Front wheel nut	8	12	4.5 (45, 32)	
Rear wheel nut	8	12	4.5 (45, 32)	
Front wheel hub nut	2	14	7 (70, 50)	Castle nut
Rear wheel hub nut	2	16	10 (100, 72)	Castle nut
Front shock absorber upper mount bolt	2	10	4 (40, 29)	
Front shock absorber lower mount bolt	2	10	4 (40, 29)	
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Axle hub holding bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Caliper holder bolt	1	6	1 (10, 7.2)	
Rear wheel shaft nut	2	40	12 (120, 86)	
Rear swingarm pivot bolt	1	14	7 (70, 50)	
Rear engine upper mounting bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Rear engine lower mounting bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Front engine mounting bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Exhaust muffler lock bolt (frame)	2	8	3.5 (35, 25)	
Exhaust muffler lock nut (engine)	2	8	3.5 (35, 25)	
Brake caliper mounting bolt	8	8	3.2 (32, 24)	
Brake hose oil bolt	10	10	3.5 (35, 25)	
Master cylinder holder bolt	4	6	1.2 (12, 8.6)	

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

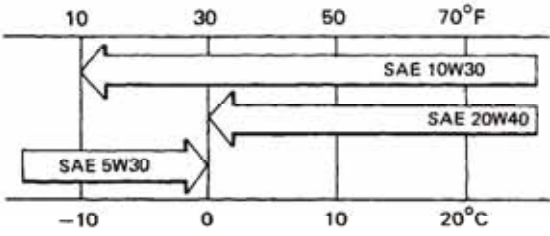
## SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Remarks
Flywheel puller	E003	Flywheel removal
Valve adjuster	E012	Valve clearance adjustment
Valve spring compressor	E040	Cylinder head disassembly/assembly
Oil seal and bearing installer	E014	
Universal holder	E017	Clutch outer nut removal/installation
Flywheel holder	E021	Flywheel nut removal/installation
Clutch spring compressor	E034	Driven pulley clutch nut removal/installation
Bearing puller	E037	
Nut wrench	F010	Rear wheel shaft nut removal/installation
Tie-rod ball joint remover	F011	Knuckle removal
Ball joint remover	F012	Knuckle removal

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## LUBRICATION POINTS

### ENGINE

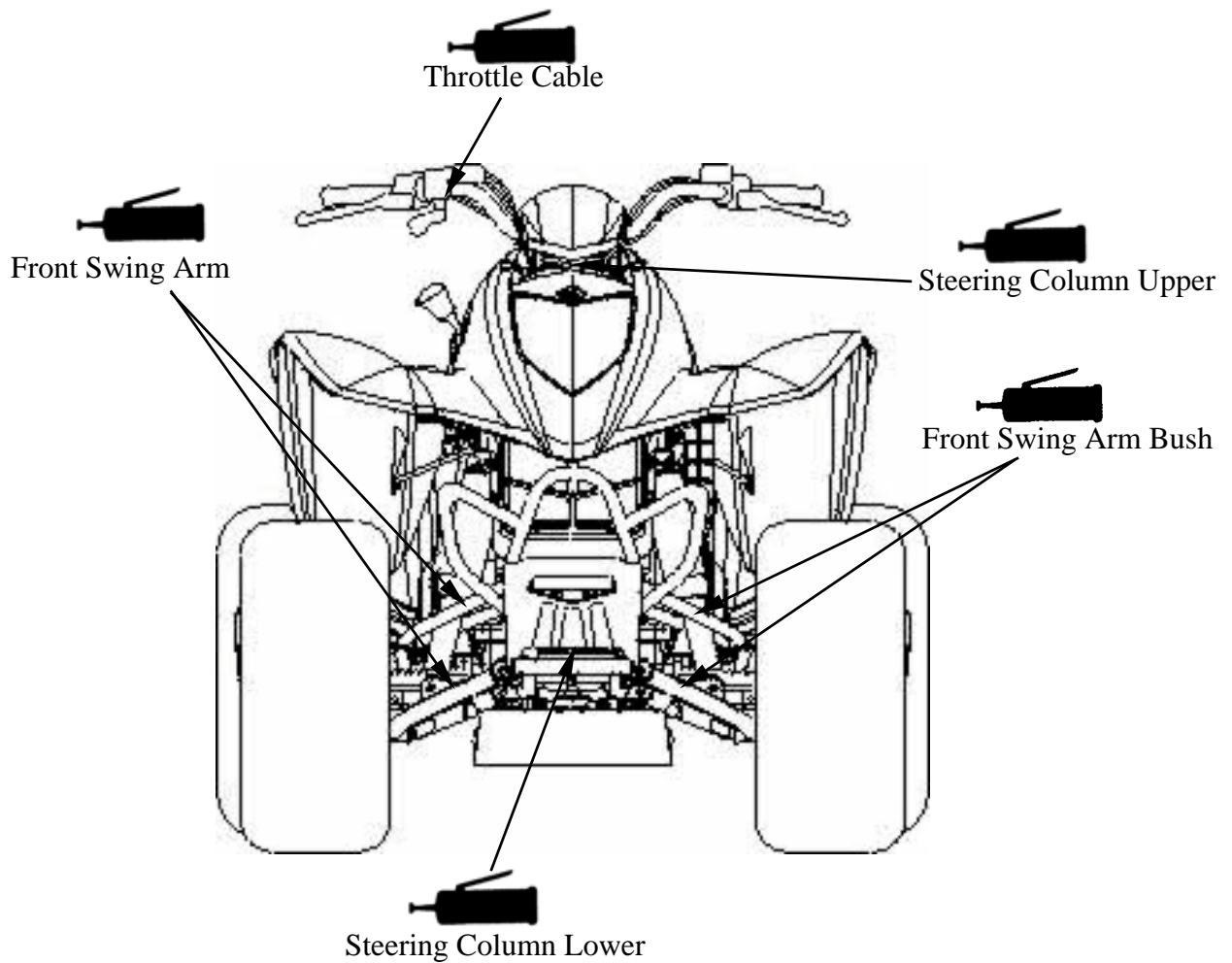
Lubrication Points	Lubricant
Valve guide/valve stem movable part Cam lobes Valve rocker arm friction surface Cam chain Cylinder lock bolt and nut Piston surroundings and piston ring grooves Piston pin surroundings Cylinder inside wall Connecting rod/piston pin hole Connecting rod big end Crankshaft right side oil seal Crankshaft one-way clutch movable part Oil pump drive chain Balance gear A.C. generator Starter one-way clutch Bearing movable part O-ring face Oil seal lip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Genuine KYMCO Engine Oil (SAE15W-40)</li> <li>•API SG Engine Oil</li> </ul> 
Transmission gear and movable parts	Gear oil: SAE90#

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

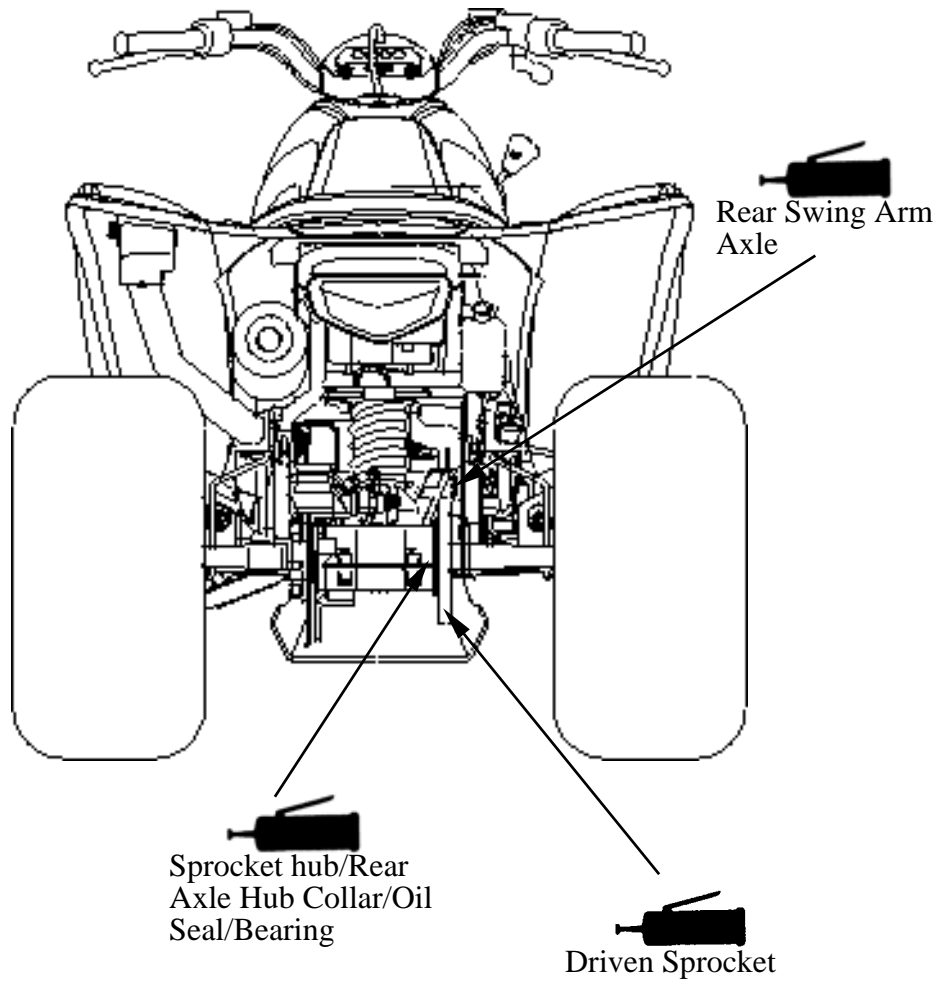
## FRAME

The following is the lubrication points for the frame.  
Use general purpose grease for parts not listed.

Apply clean engine oil or grease to cables and movable parts not specified. This will avoid abnormal noise and rise the durability of the ATV.

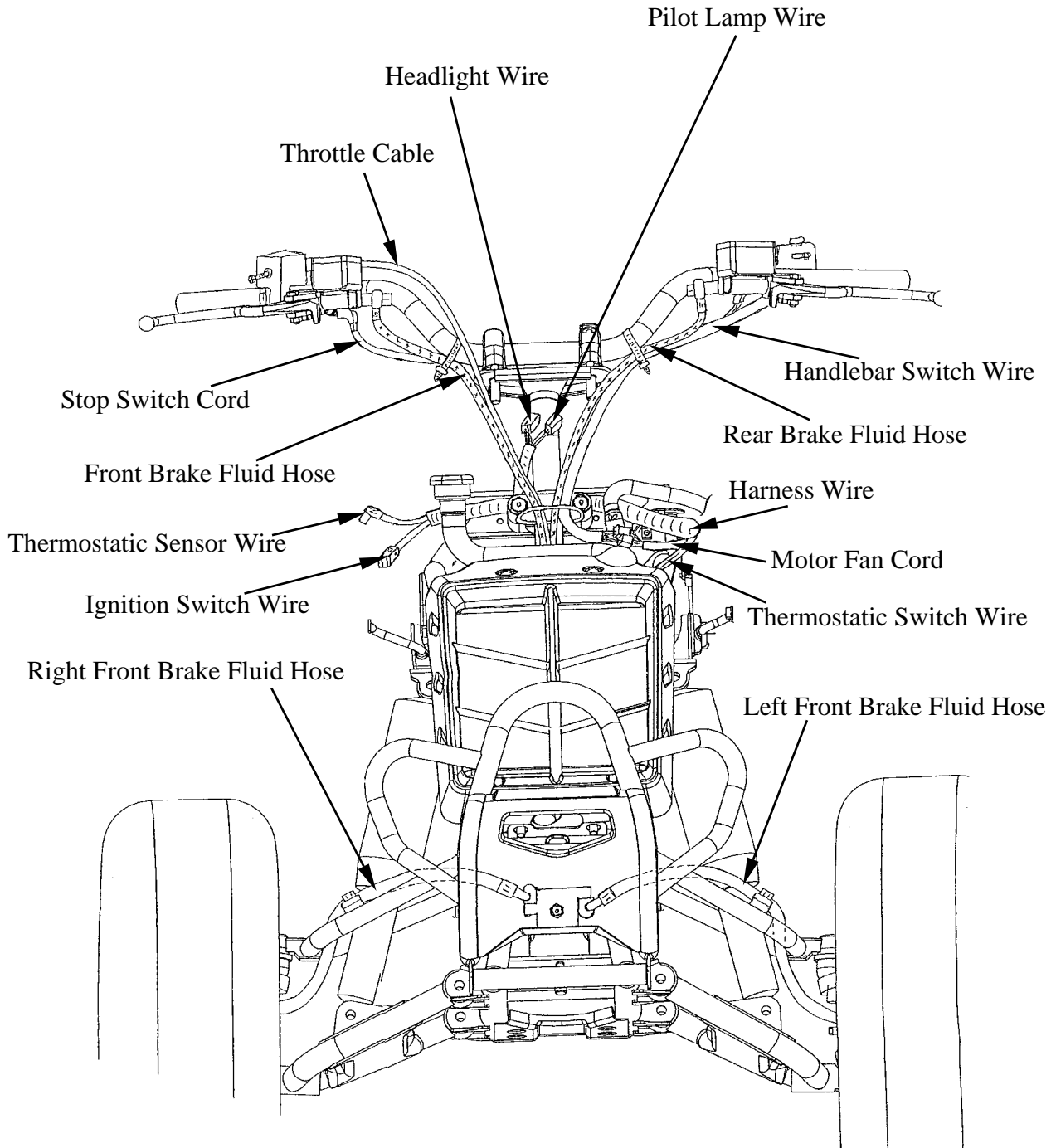


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

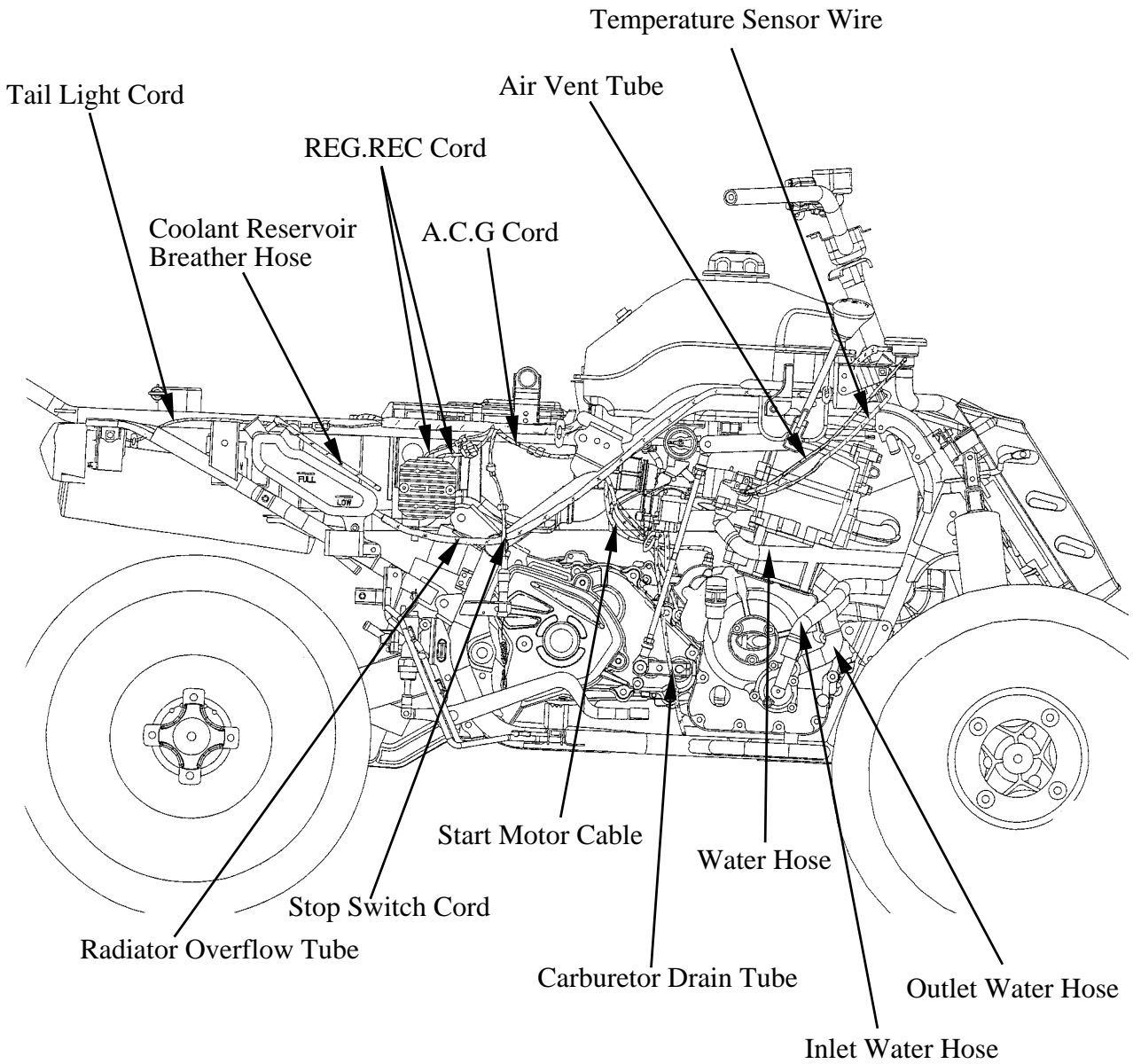


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

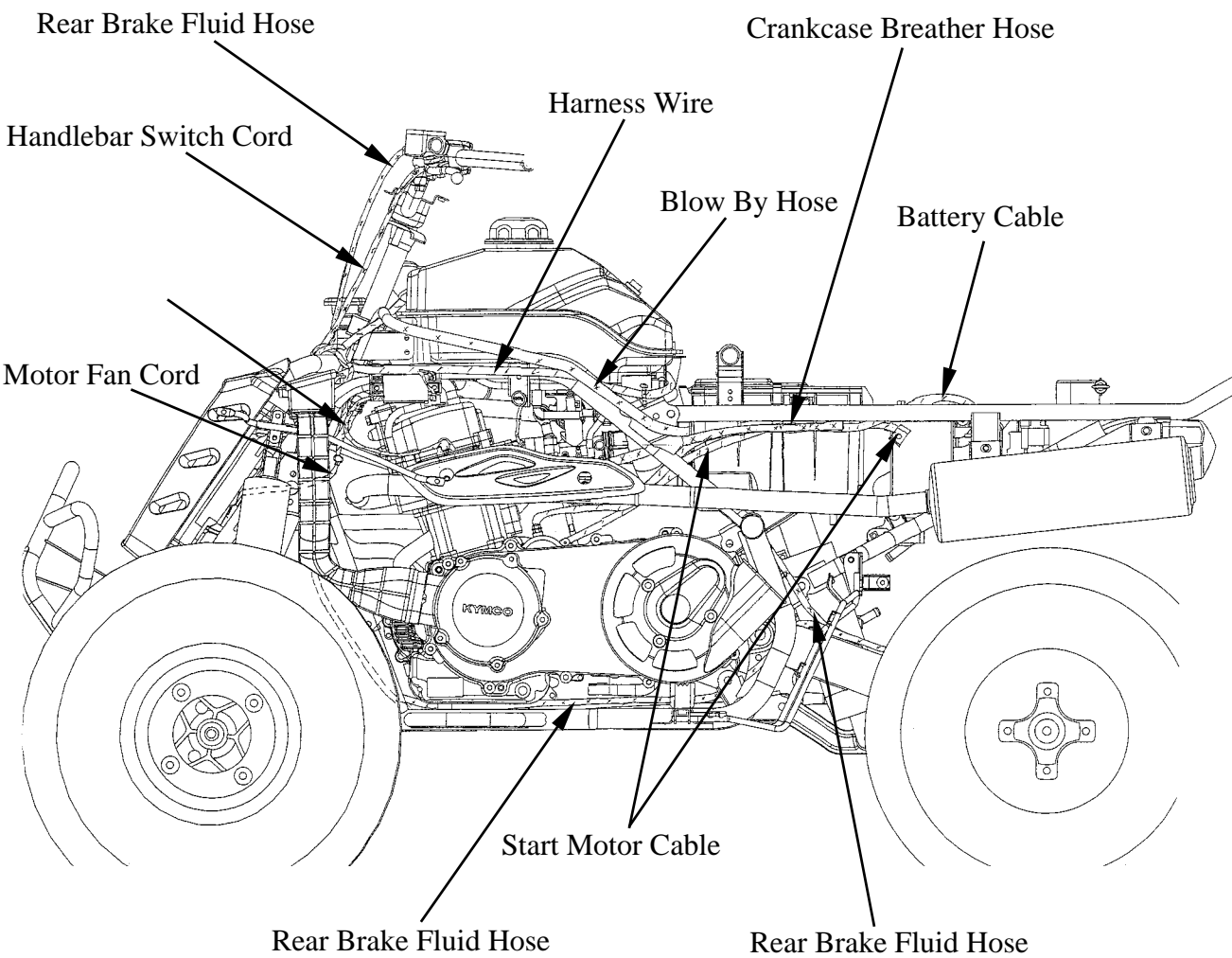
## CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

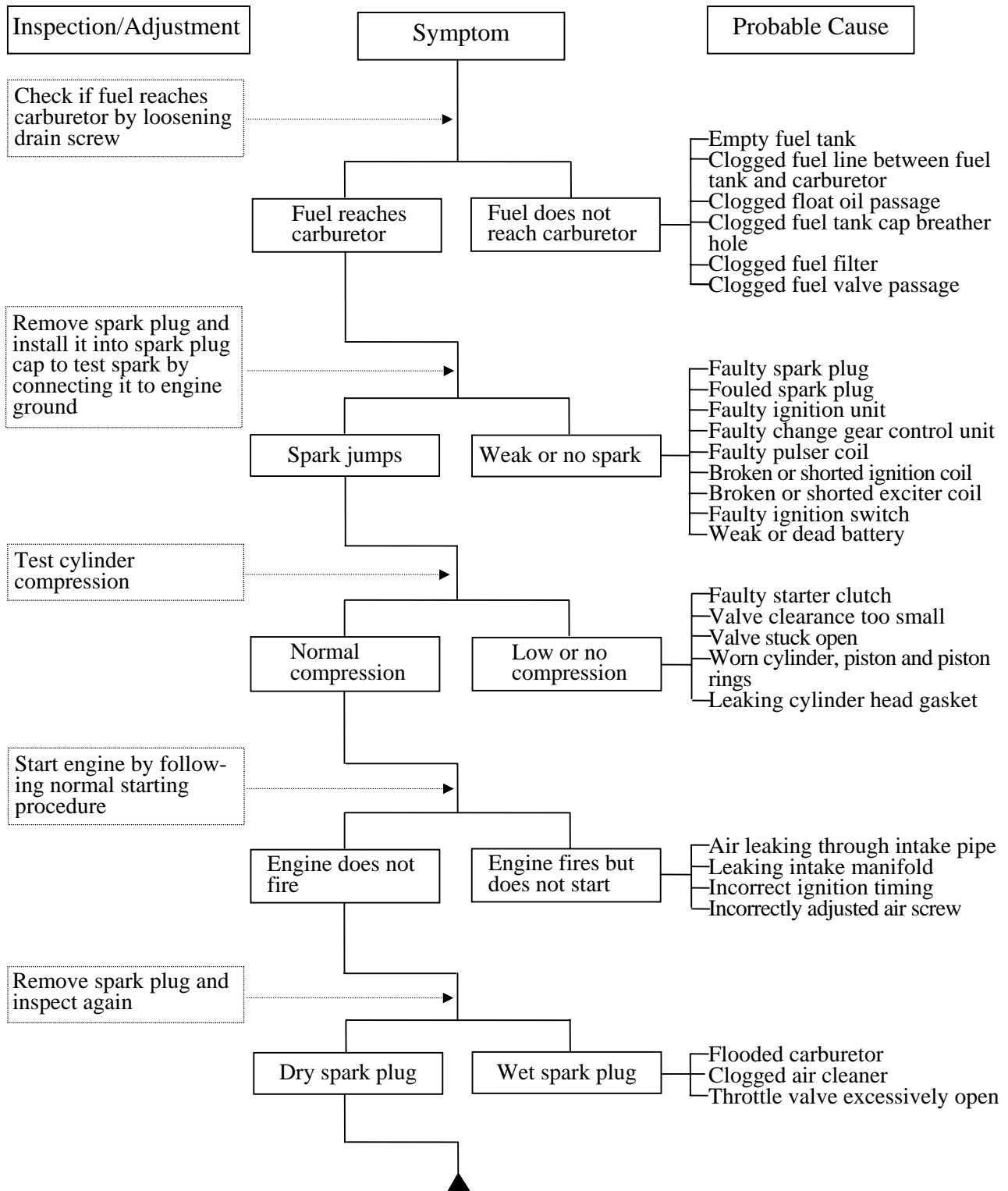




# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

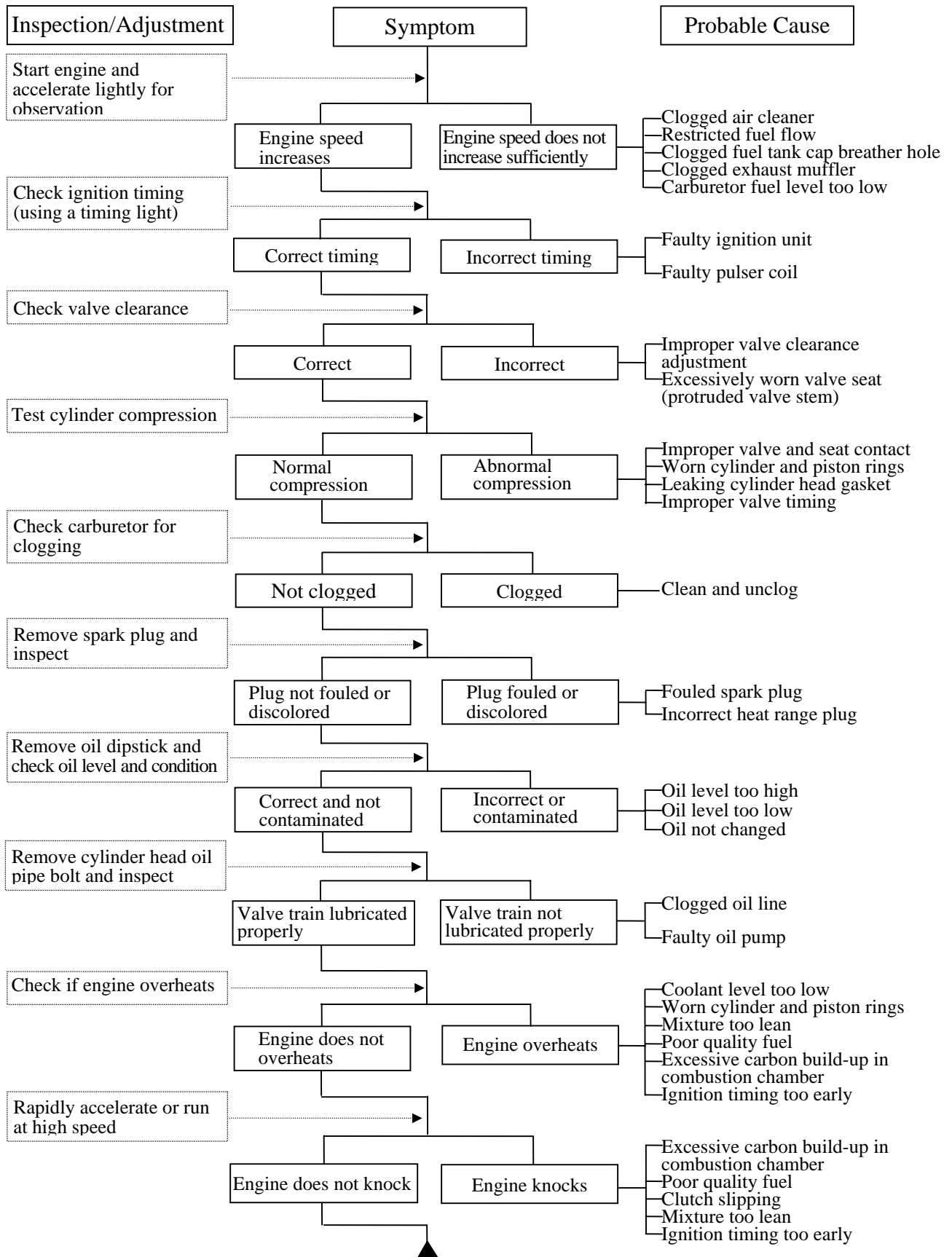
## TROUBLESHOOTING

### ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START



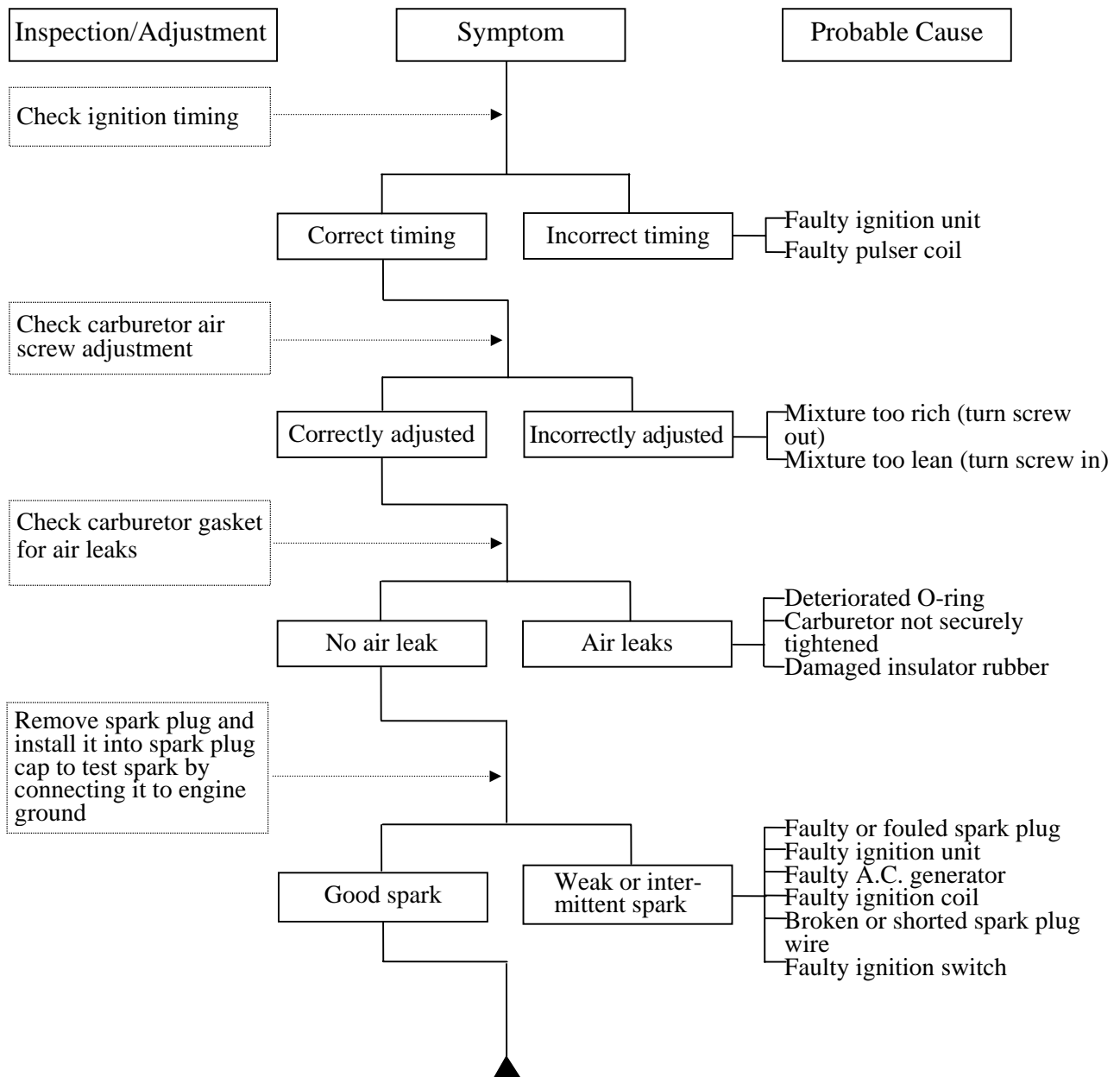
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## ENGINE LACKS POWER



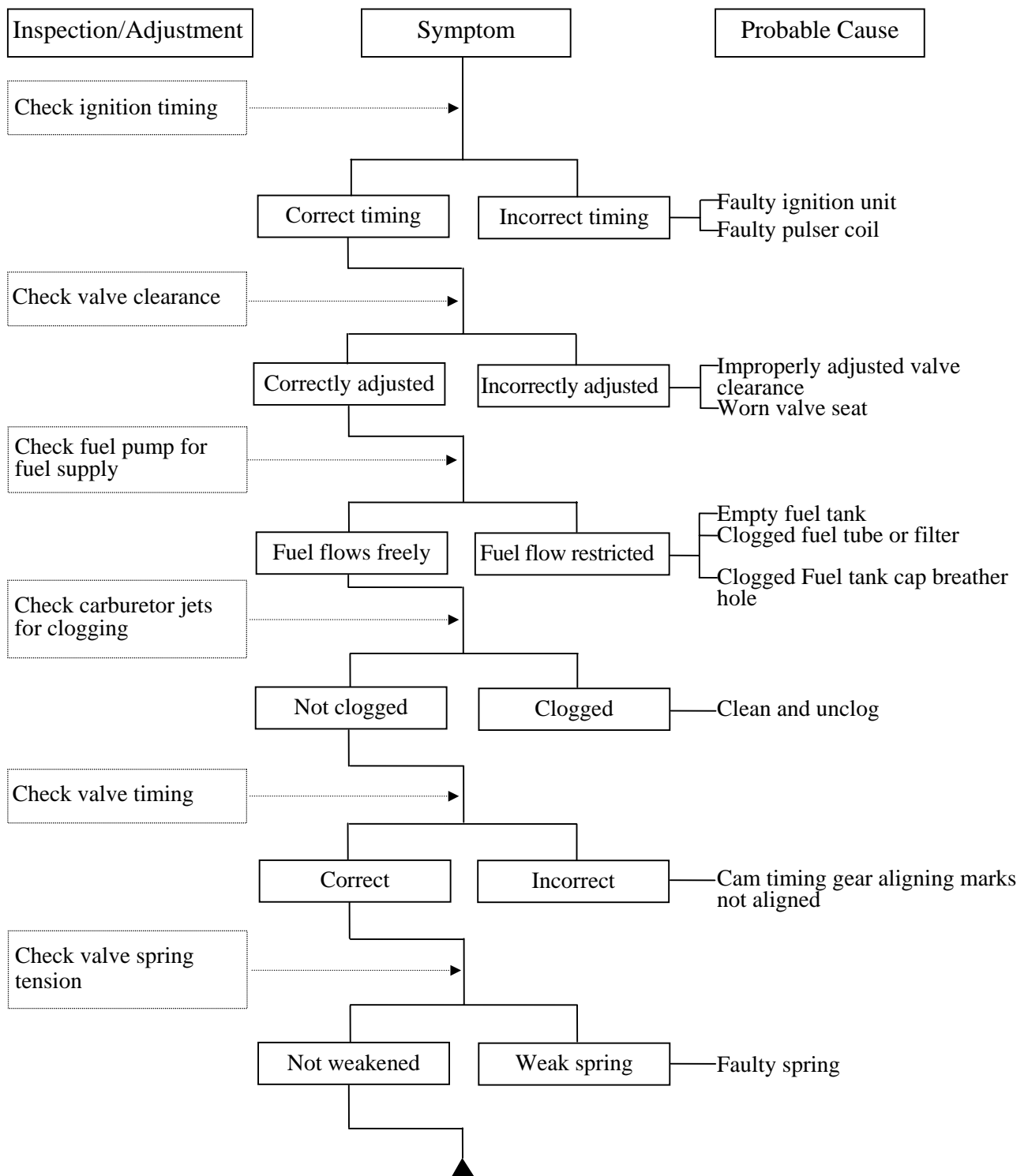
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## POOR PERFORMANCE (ESPECIALLY AT IDLE AND LOW SPEEDS)



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

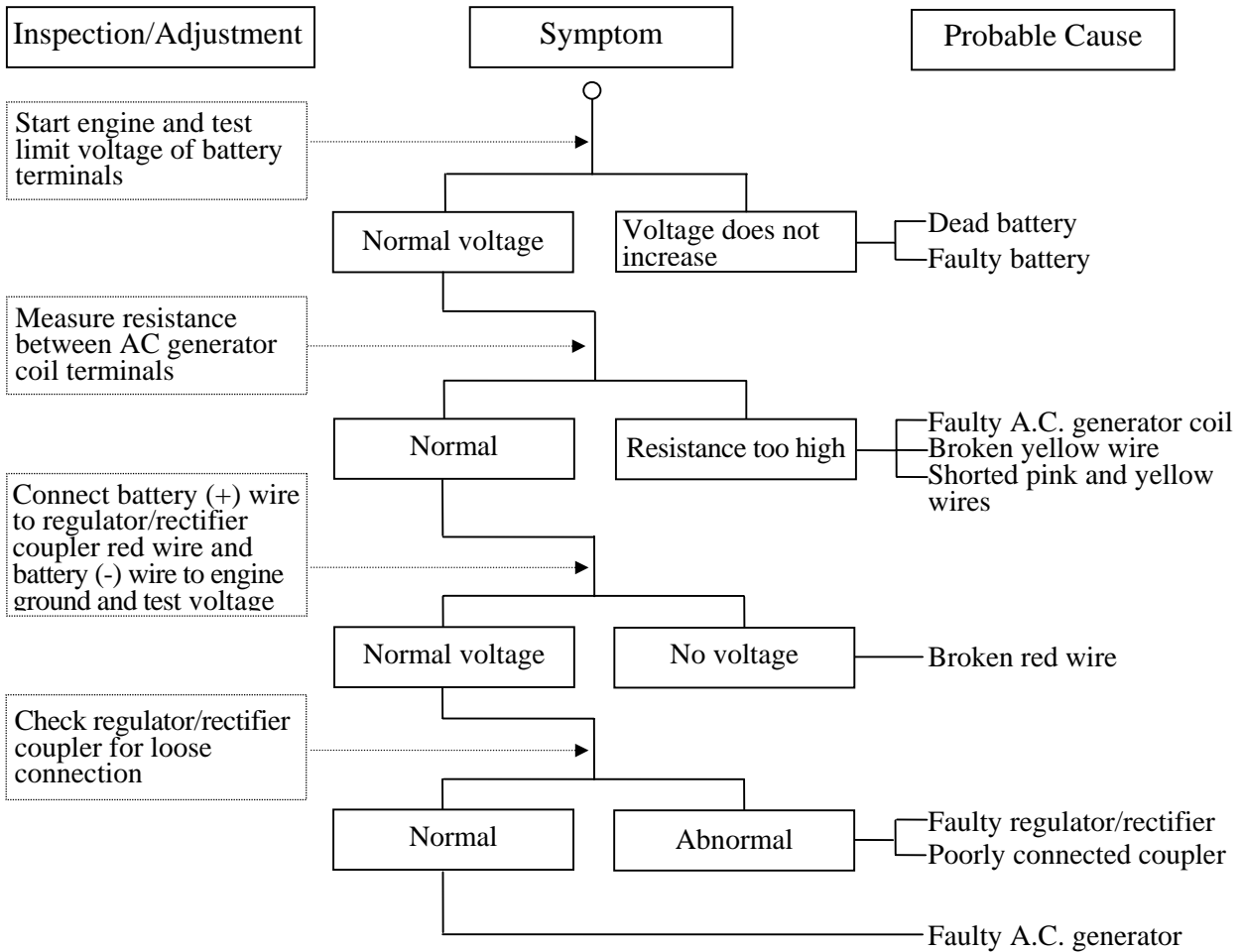
## POOR PERFORMANCE (AT HIGH SPEED)



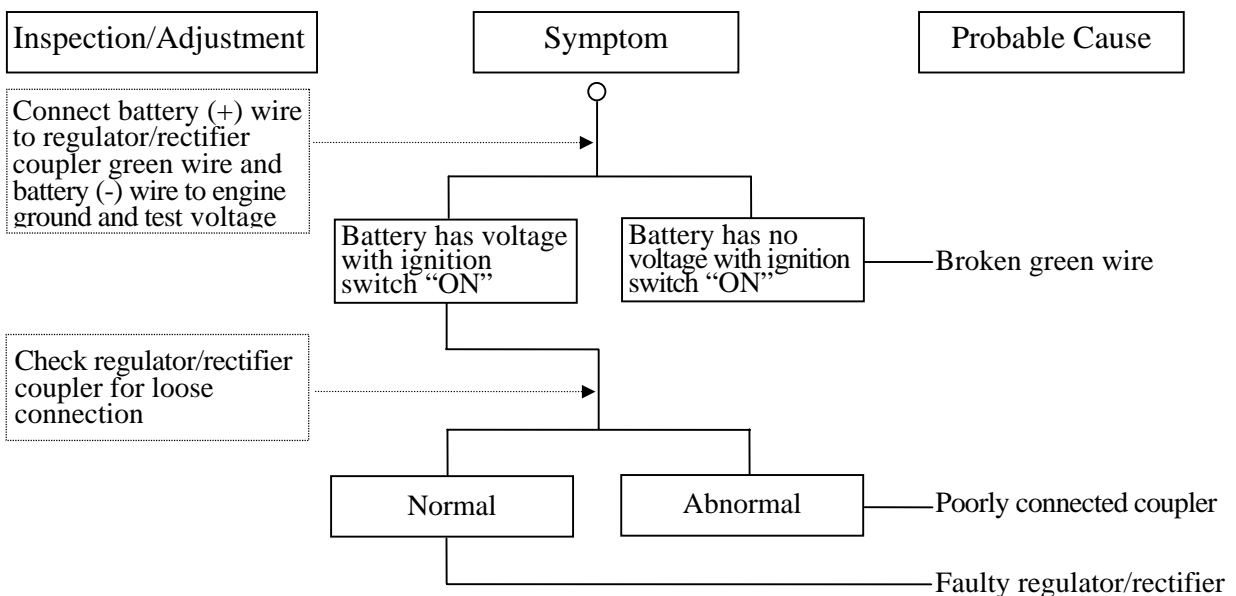
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## POOR CHARGING (BATTERY OVER DISCHARGING OR OVERCHARGING)

### Undercharging

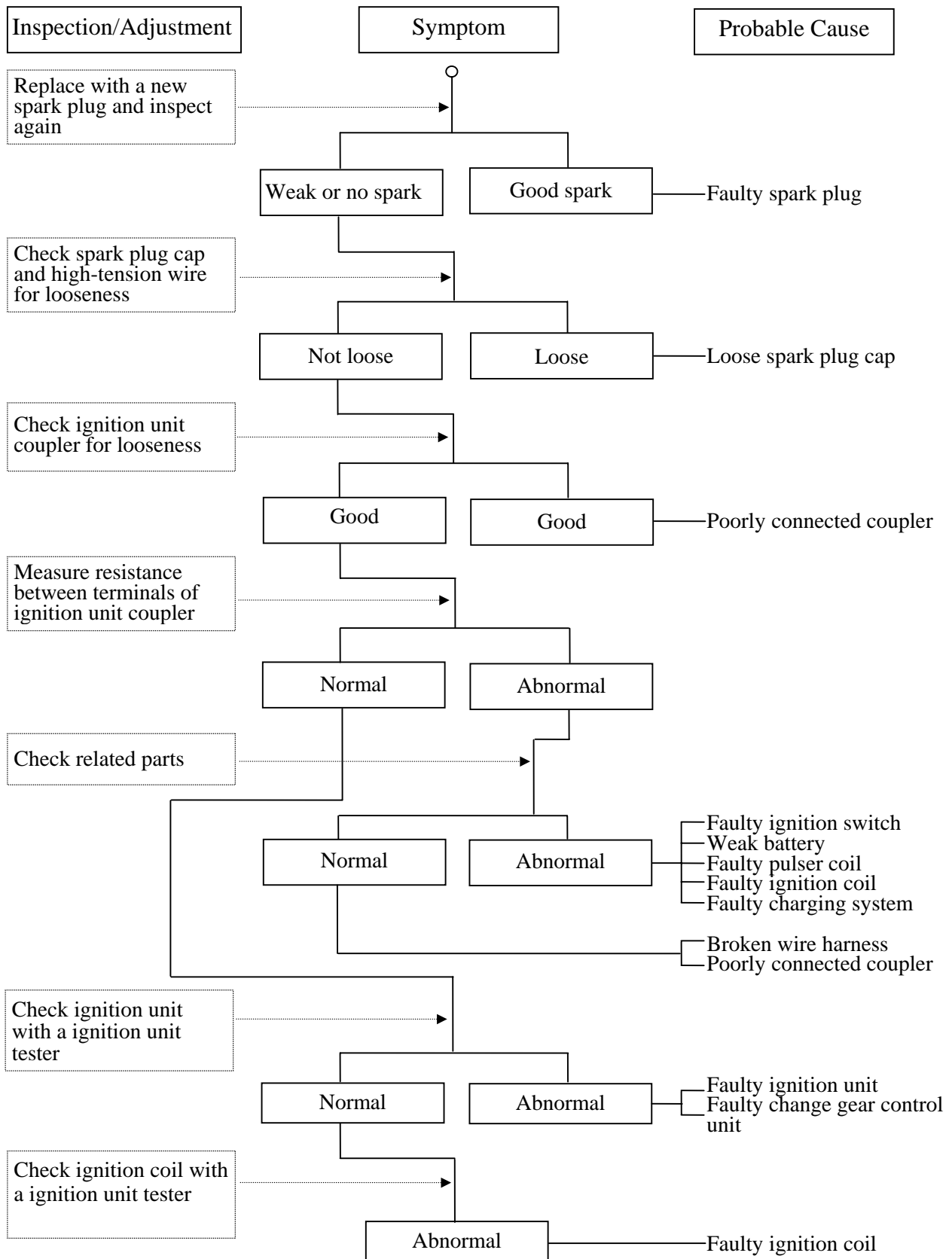


### Overcharging



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## NO SPARK AT SPARK PLUG



## **2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER**

---

**2**

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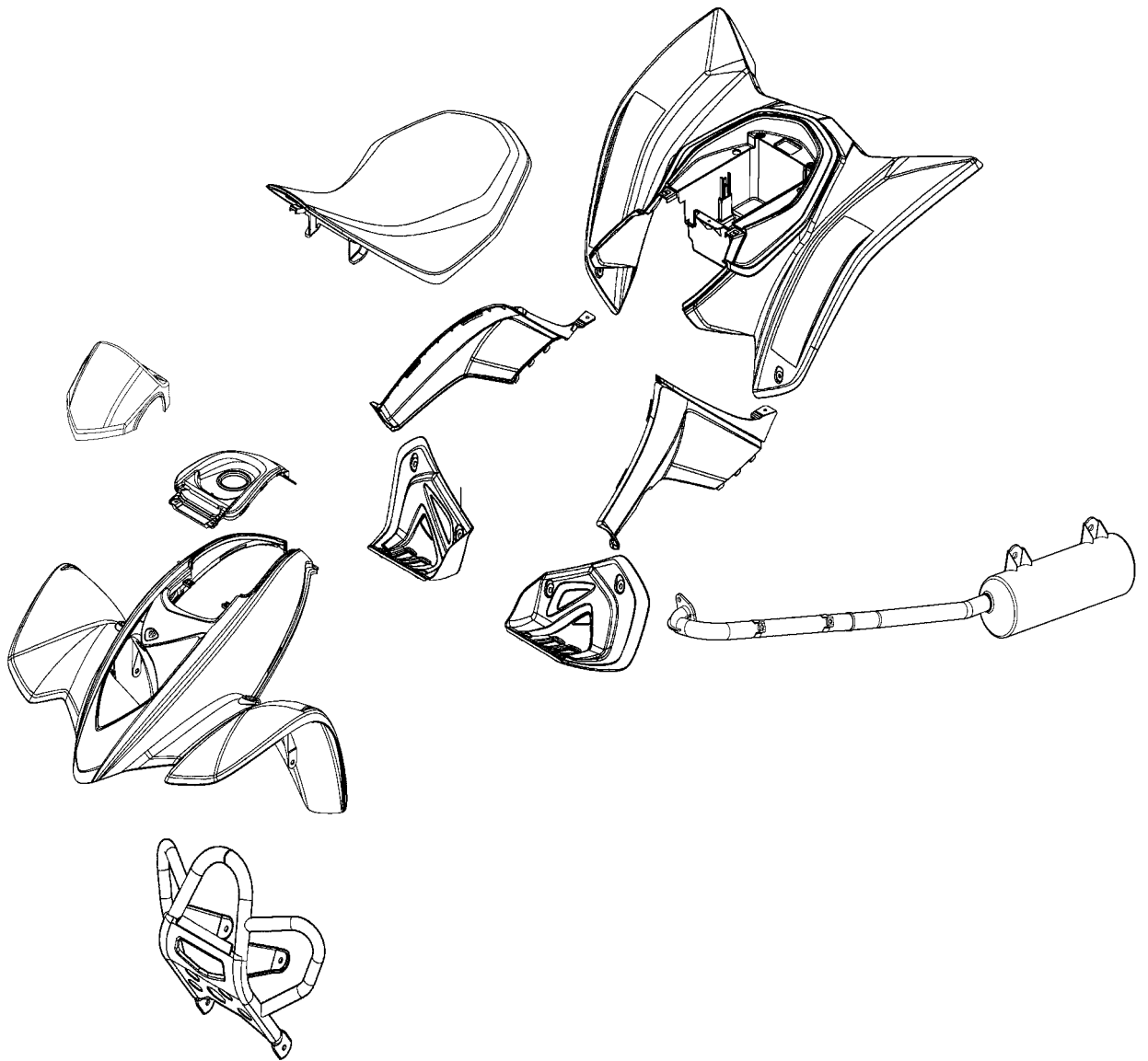
### **FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER**

---

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	2- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	2- 2
FRAME COVERS-----	2- 3
EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL-----	2- 7

**2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER**

---





## **2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER**

---

### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- When removing frame covers, use special care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

#### **TORQUE VALUES**

Exhaust muffler lock bolt	3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m, 25 lbf-ft)
Exhaust muffler lock nut	3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m, 25 lbf-ft)

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### **Noisy exhaust muffler**

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

#### **Lack of power**

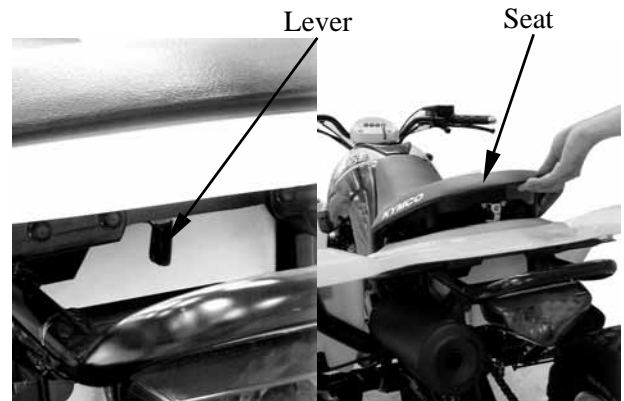
- Caved exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks
- Clogged exhaust muffler

## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FRAME COVERS

#### SEAT REMOVAL

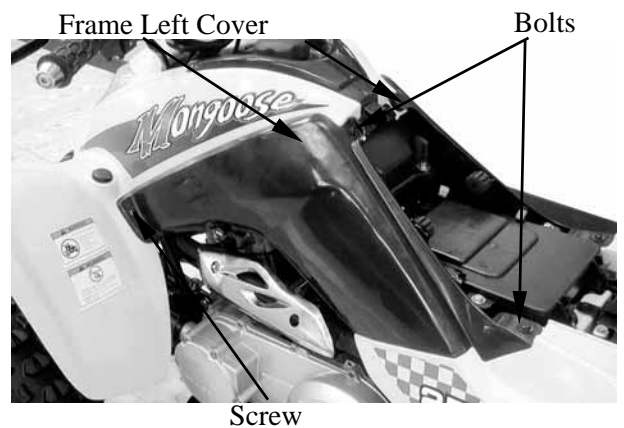
Pull the lever right and pull up the seat at the rear.  
Remove the seat.



#### LEFT/RIGHT FRAME COVER REMOVAL

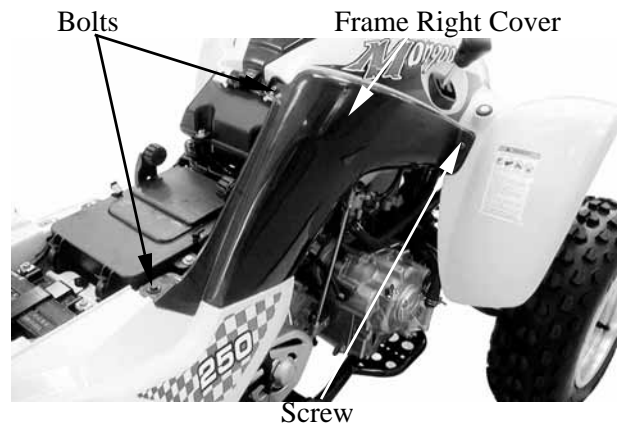
Remove the seat. (See page 2-3)

Remove the screw and two bolts at the left frame cover, then remove left frame cover.



Remove the screw and two bolts at the right frame cover, then remove right frame cover.

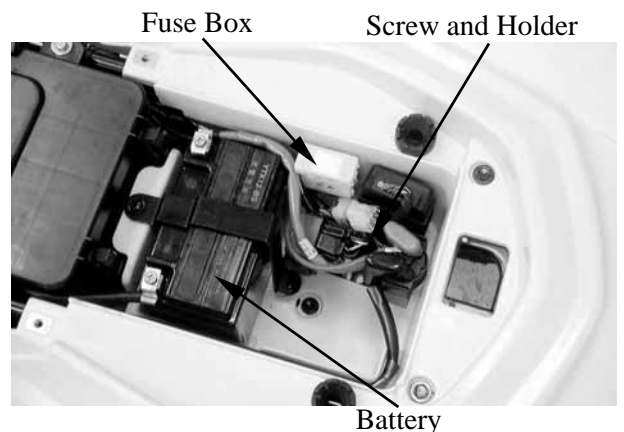
\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcibly to avoid damage.



#### REAR FENDER REMOVAL

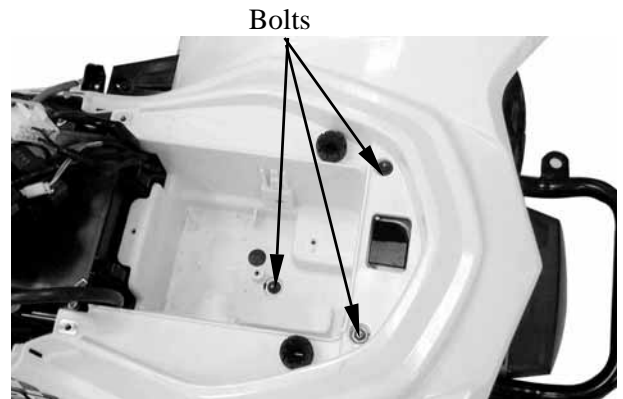
Remove seat. (See page 2-3)  
Remove right and left frame cover. (See page 2-3)  
Remove battery. (See page 16-4)

Remove the fuse box.  
Remove the screw attaching the ignition unit/change gear control unit/starter relay holder and remove holder.

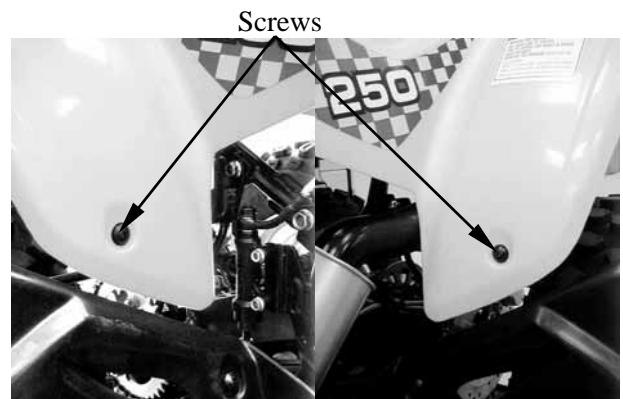


## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

Remove the three bolts at the rear fender.

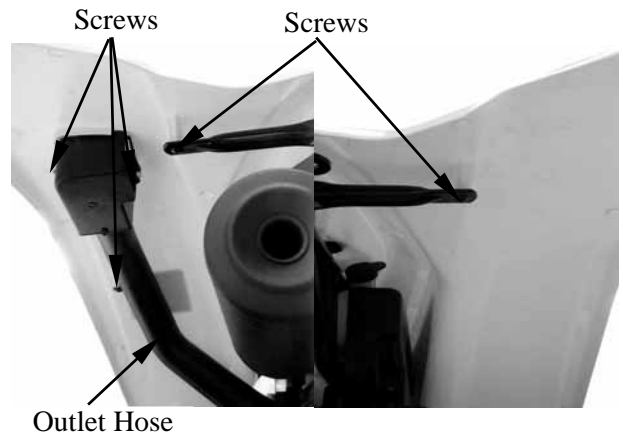


Remove the two screws attaching the right and left floor board.



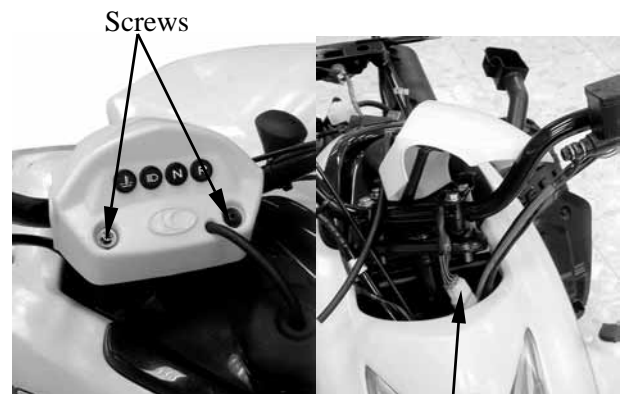
Remove the two screws attaching the frame body and three screws attaching the outlet hose, then remove the rear fender.

\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcibly to avoid damage.



### HANDLEBAR COVER REMOVAL

Remove the two screws at the handlebar cover.  
Disconnect the indicator lamp coupler, then remove the handlebar cover.



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

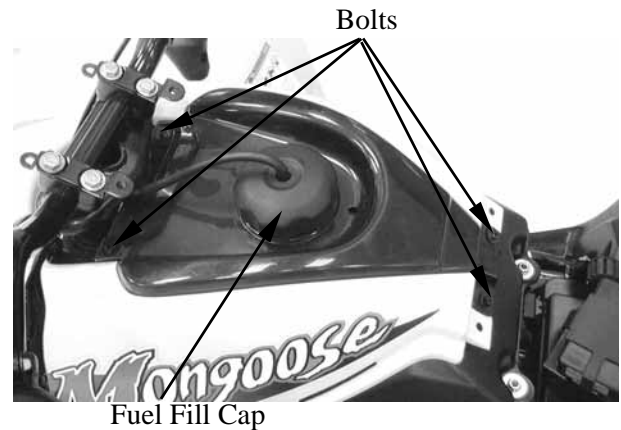
### CENTER FRAME COVER REMOVAL

Remove the seat. (See page 2-3)

Remove the fuel fill cap.

Remove the four bolts at the center frame cover, then remove the center frame cover.

\* After remove, be sure to tighten the fuel fill cap.

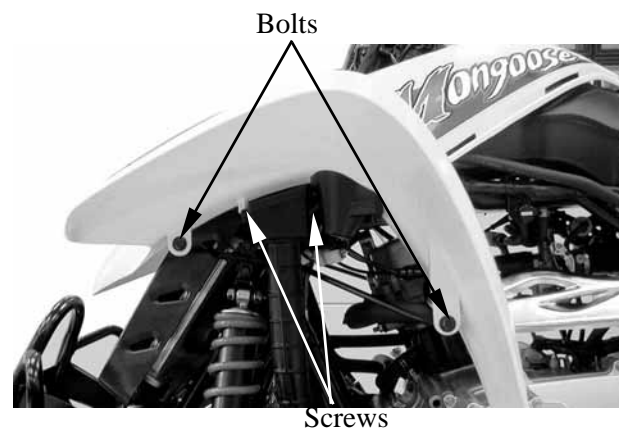


### FRONT FENDER REMOVAL

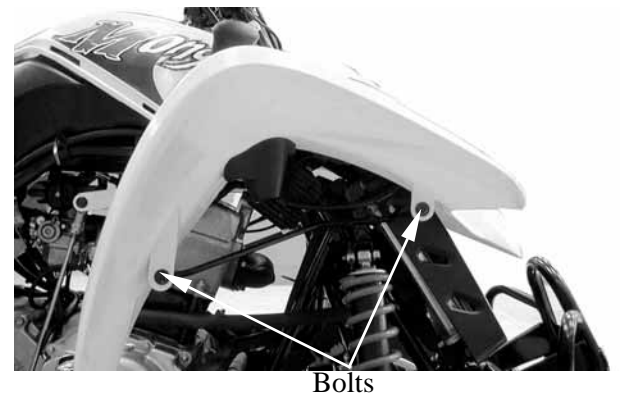
Remove the seat (See page 2-3), right and left side frame cover (See page 2-3) and center frame cover. (See page 2-5)

Remove the two bolts at the front fender left side.

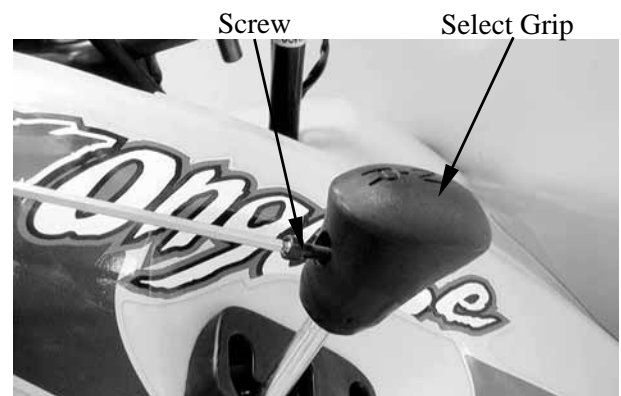
Remove the two screws attaching the inlet hose.



Remove the two bolts at the front fender right side.



Remove the screw, then remove the drive select grip from the drive select lever.



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

Disconnect headlight and ignition switch couplers, then remove the front fender.



Ignition Coupler

Headlight Coupler

### RIGHT AND LEFT FLOOR BOARD REMOVAL

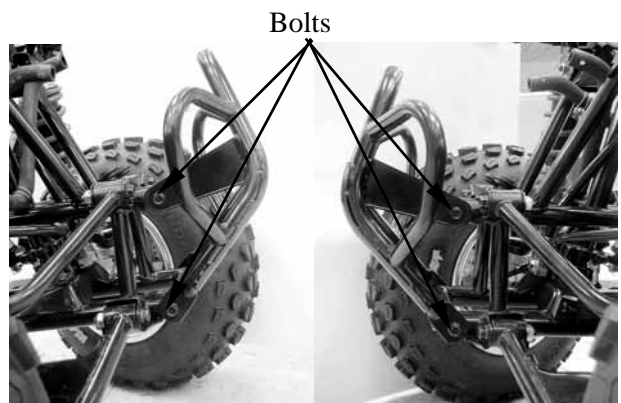
Remove the four screws at the floor board, then remove the floor board.



Screws

### FRONT CARRIER REMOVAL

Remove the four bolts at the front carrier, then remove the front carrier.

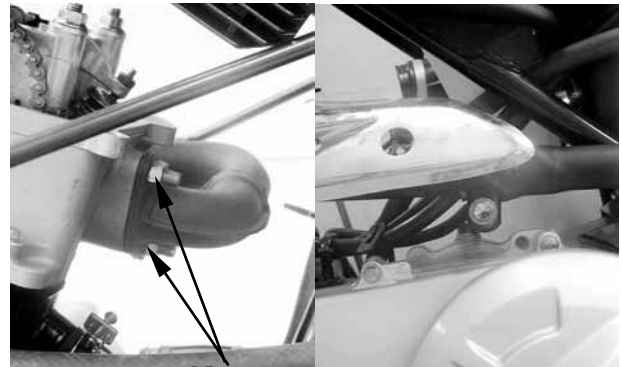


Bolts

## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

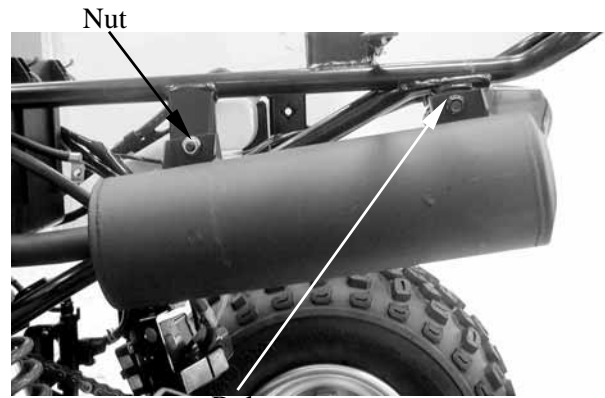
### EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL

Remove the two exhaust pipe joint lock nuts.



Nuts

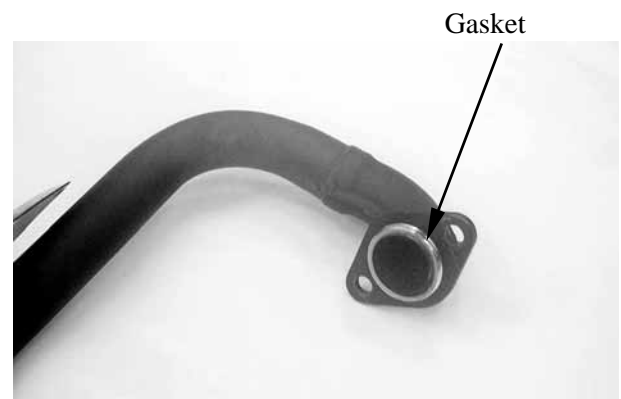
Remove the nut and bolt at the exhaust muffler, then remove the exhaust muffler.



Nut

Bolt

Inspect the gasket.  
If the exhaust gas leaks, the gasket should be replaced.



Gasket

### INSTALLATION

Install by reversing the removal sequence.

#### Torque:

Exhaust muffler lock bolt:

3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m, 25 lbf-ft)

Exhaust muffler lock nut:

3.5 kgf-m (35 N-m, 25 lbf-ft)

\* Be sure to install a new exhaust gasket.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

## INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

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### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

ITEM	WHICHEVER COMES FIRST  ROUTINE	INITIAL		EVERY	
		mi	100	600	1200
		Km	150	1000	2000
		MONTH	1	6	12
Engine oil	•Replace (Warm engine before draining).		○	○	○
Oil strainer	•Clean. •Replace if necessary.		○	○	○
Transmission oil	•Check oil level/oil leakage •Replace every 12 months.		○		○
V-belt	•Check operation. •Replace if damage or excessive wear.		○		○
Air filter element (for engine and *V-belt compartment)	•Clean. •Replace if necessary.	Every 20~40 hours (150~300km, 100~200mi) (More often in wet or dusty areas.)			
Carburetor	•Check idle speed/starter operation. •Adjust if necessary.		○	○	○
Cylinder head cover breather system	•Check breather hose for cracks or damage. •Replace if necessary.			○	○
Spark plug	•Check condition. •Adjust gap and clean. •Replace if necessary.		○	○	○
Fuel line	•Check fuel hose for cracks or damage. •Replace if necessary.			○	○
Valves	•Check valve clearance. •Adjust if necessary.		○	○	○
Brake	•Check operation and brake fluid. •Replace brake pad if necessary.		○	○	○
Coolant	•Check coolant leakage. •Replace if necessary. •Replace coolant every 24 months.		○	○	○
Battery	•Check specific gravity. •Check breather hose for proper operation. •Correct if necessary.		○	○	○
Exhaust system	•Check leakage. •Retighten if necessary. •Replace gasket if necessary.			○	○
Drive chain	•Check and adjust slack/alignment/clean/lube.		○	○	○
Wheels	•Check balance/damage/runout. •Replace if necessary.		○	○	○
Wheel bearings	•Check bearing assembly for looseness/damage. •Replace if damaged.		○	○	○
Steering system	•Check operation. •Replace if damaged. •Check toe-in. •Adjust if necessary.		○	○	○
Knuckle shafts/ Steering shaft	•Lubricate every 6 months.			○	○
Fittings and Fasteners	•Check all chassis fittings and fasteners. •Correct if necessary.		○	○	○
Spark arrester (OFF ROAD)	•Clean			○	○

•In the interest of safety, we recommend these items should be serviced only by an authorized KYMCO motorcycle dealer.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### FUEL LINE

Check the fuel tubes and replace any parts, which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.

\* Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.

Fuel Filter



Fuel tubes

#### THROTTLE OPERATION

Check the throttle to swing for smooth movement.

Measure the throttle to swing free play.

**Free Play (A):** 1~4 mm (0.04~0.16 in)

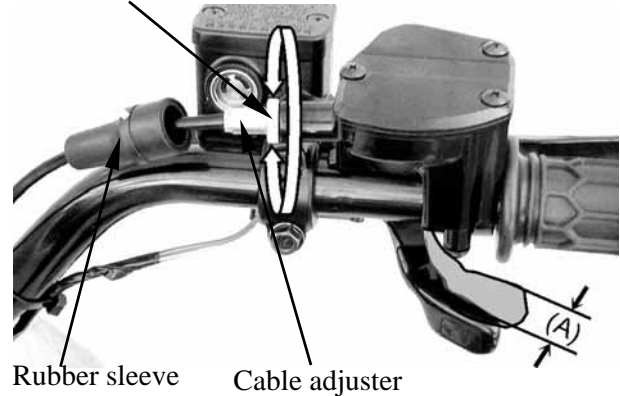
To adjust throttle free play:

Slide the rubber sleeve back to expose the throttle cable adjuster.

Loosen the lock nut, then turn the adjuster to obtain the correct free play. (1~4 mm or 0.04~0.16 in)

Tighten the lock nut and reinstall the sleeve.

Lock nut



Rubber sleeve

Cable adjuster

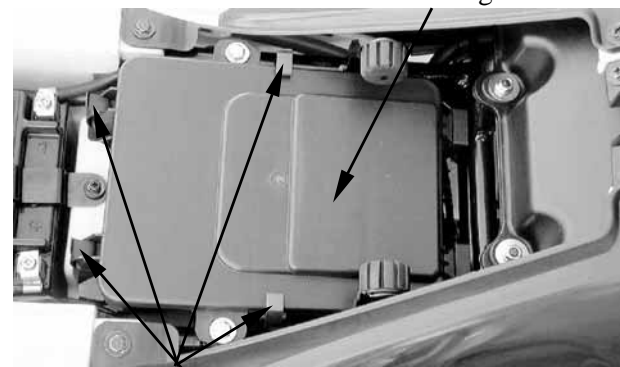
#### AIR CLEANER

##### AIR CLEANER REPLACEMENT

Remove the seat. (See page 2-3)

Unlatch the four retainer clips and remove the air cleaner housing cover.

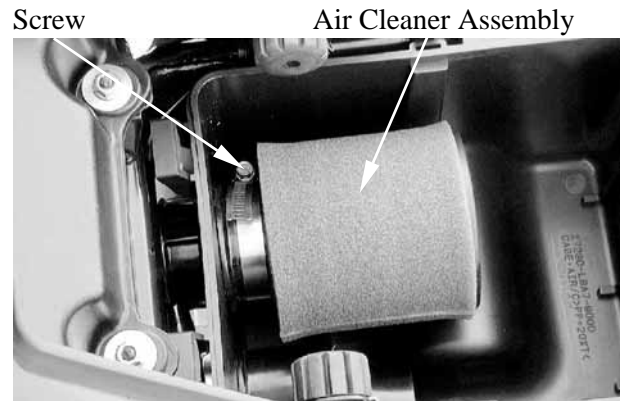
Air Cleaner Housing Cover



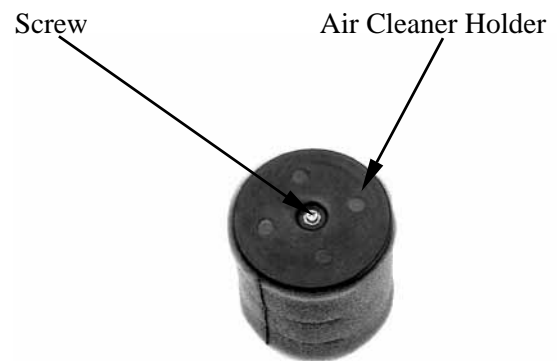
Retainer Clips

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

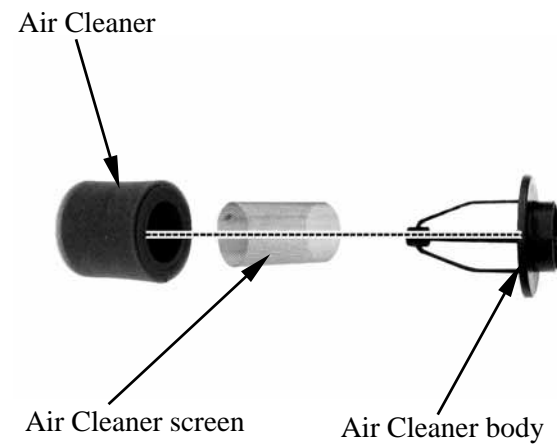
Unscrew the clamp and remove the air cleaner assembly from the air cleaner housing.



Remove the screw and remove the air cleaner assembly from the air cleaner holder.



Remove the air cleaner and air cleaner screen from the air cleaner body.  
Remove the air cleaner net from the air cleaner.



Reassemble by reversing the disassembly sequence.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### CLEAN AIR FILTER ELEMENT

Wash the element gently, but thoroughly in solvent.

- \* Use parts cleaning solvent only. Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents which may lead to a fire or explosion.

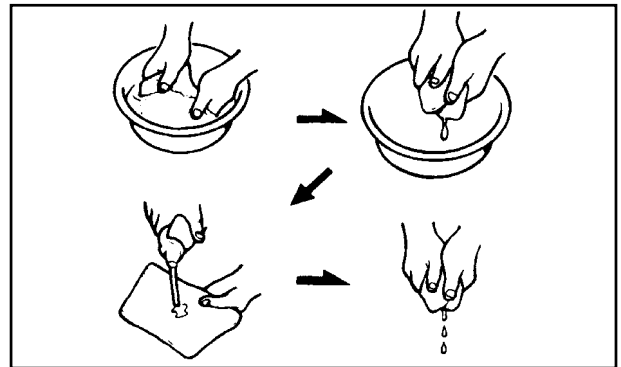
Squeeze the excess solvent out of the element and let dry.

- \* Do not twist or wring out the foam element. This could damage the foam material.

Apply the engine oil.

Squeeze out the excess oil.

- \* The element should be wet but not dripping.



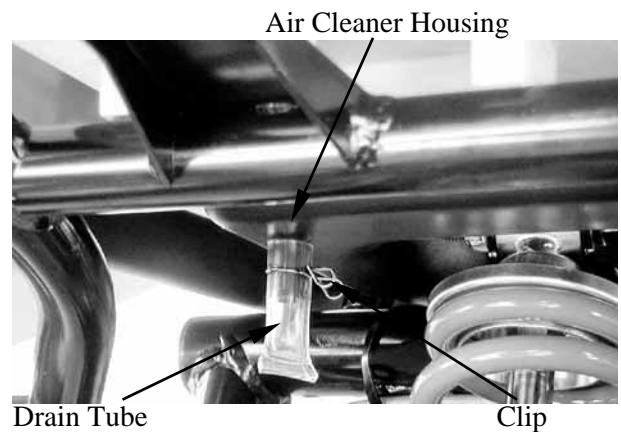
More frequent replacement is required when riding in unusually dusty or rainy areas.

#### AIR CLEANER HOUSING DRAIN

Remove the drain tube by removing the clip.

Drain the deposits.

Reinstall the drain tube, securing it with the clip.



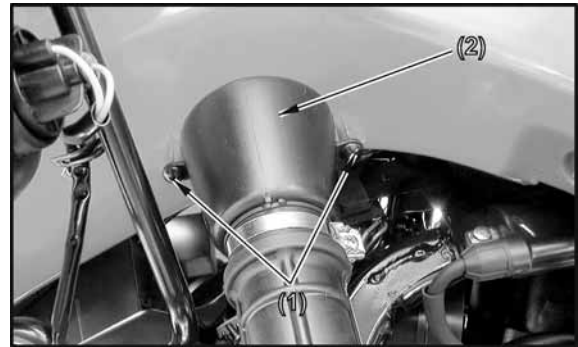
### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### AIR FILTER FOR DRIVE BELT

The air filter should be serviced in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule. (Riding through water may require more frequent inspection.)

To clean the air filter:

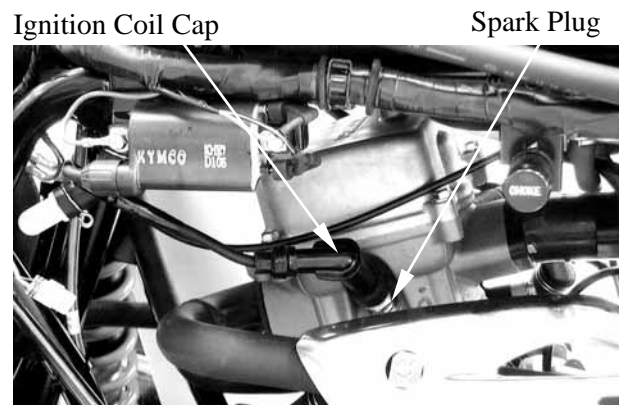
1. Remove the two screws (1) and remove air filter housing (2).
2. Remove the air filter from the housing (3).
3. Tap the air filter lightly to remove most of the dust and dirt.
4. Blow out the remaining dirt with compressed air. If the element is damaged, replace it.
5. Reassemble by reversing the disassembly sequence.



#### SPARK PLUG

Remove ignition coil cap and spark plug. Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits. Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

**Specified Spark Plug:** DPR7EA-9

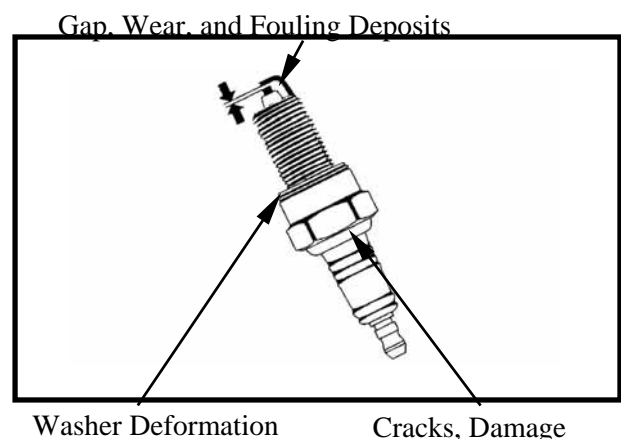


Measure the spark plug gap.

#### Spark Plug Gap:

0.6~0.7 mm (0.024~0.028 in)

\* When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

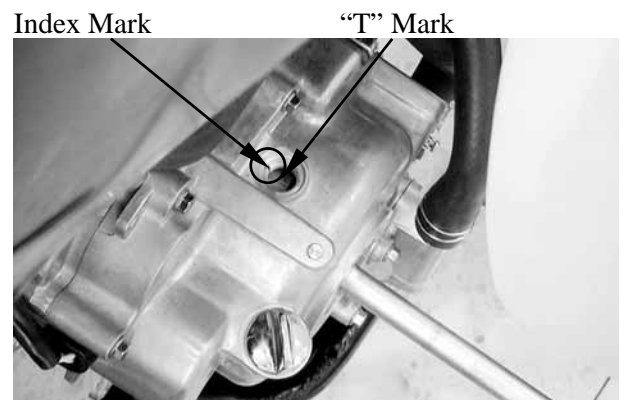
#### VALVE CLEARANCE

- \* Inspect and adjust valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35°C).

Remove the cylinder head cover. (See page 7-4)



Turn the flywheel clockwise so that the “T” mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the right crankcase cover to bring the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up to the top dead center on the compression stroke.



Inspect and adjust the valve clearance.

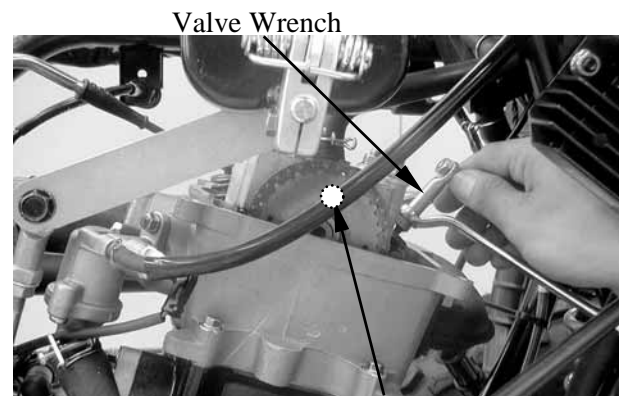
**Valve Clearance:** IN: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)  
EX: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

Loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the adjusting nut

#### Special tool:

Tappet adjuster E012

- \* Check the valve clearance again after the lock nut is tightened.



#### CARBURETOR IDLE SPEED

- \* The engine must be warm for accurate idle speed inspection and adjustment.

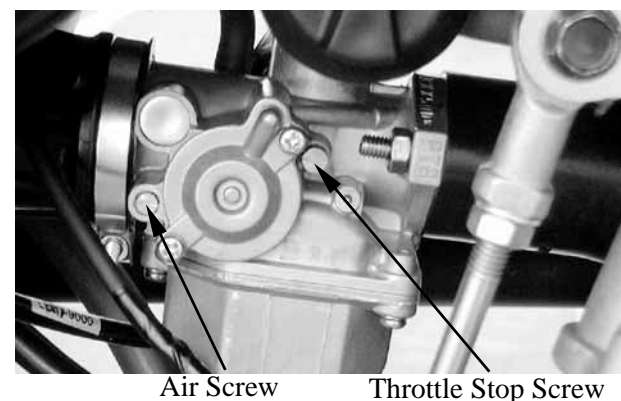
Warm up the engine before this operation. Start the engine and connect a tachometer. Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

#### Idle Speed:

ATV 250: 1500±100 rpm

ATV 300: 1600±100rpm

When the engine misses or run erratic, adjust the air screw.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

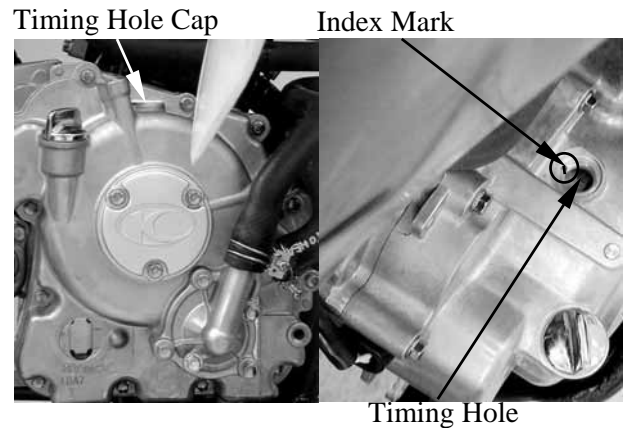
#### IGNITION TIMING

\* The ignition unit is not adjustable. If the ignition timing is incorrect, check the ignition system.

Remove the timing hole cap.

Check the ignition timing with a timing light.

When the engine is running at idle speed, the ignition timing is correct if the "F" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the right crankcase cover.



#### CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression test.

Remove the spark plug.

Insert a compression gauge.

Open the throttle valve fully and push the starter button to test the compression.

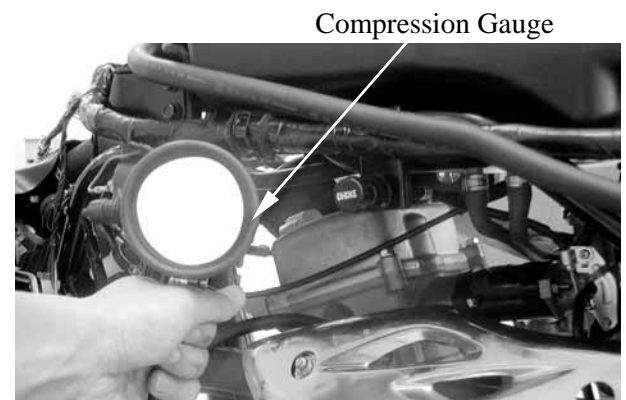
#### Compression:

16 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (1600 kPa, 227 psi)

If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaky valves
- Valve clearance too small
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn piston rings
- Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### ENGINE OIL

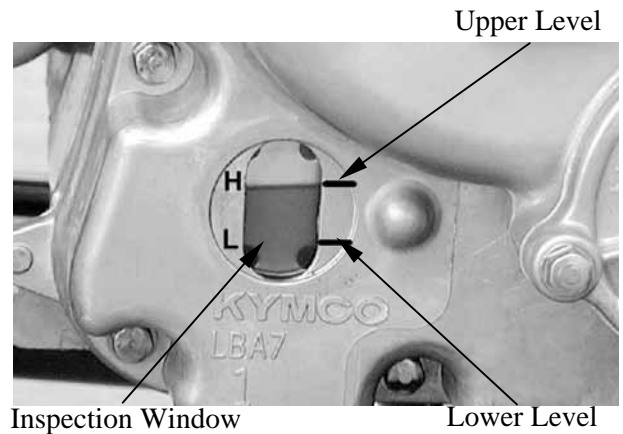
##### OIL LEVEL

Place the machine on a level place.  
Warm up the engine for several minutes and stop it.

\* Run the engine for 2~3 minutes and check the oil level after the engine is stopped for 2~3 minutes.

Check the oil level through the inspection window.

The oil level should be between the maximum (H) and minimum (L) marks. If the level is low, add oil to raise it to the proper level.



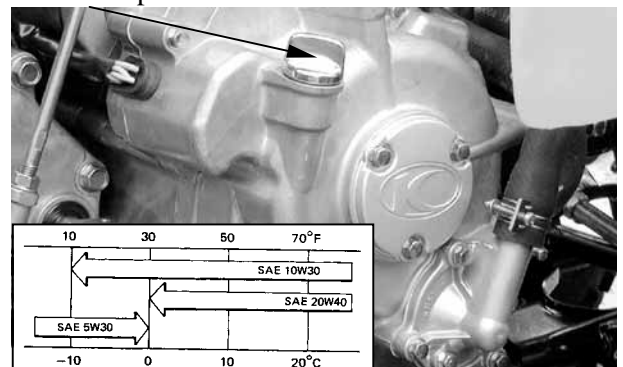
##### ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

Place the machine on a level place.  
Warm up the engine for several minutes and stop it.

Place a container under the engine.

Remove the oil fill cap and drain plug to drain the oil.

Oil Fill Cap

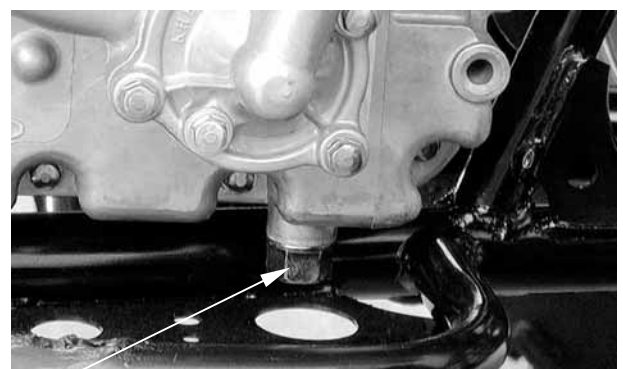


Reinstall the drain plug and tighten the drain plug to specification.

**Torque:** 2.5 kgf-m (25 N-m, 18 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine with oil and install the oil fill cap.

\* The engine oil will drain more easily while the engine is warm.



##### Oil Capacity:

At disassembly:

1.6 liter (1.4 Imp qt, 1.7 Us qt)

At change: 1.4 liter (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 Us qt)



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT AND OIL FILTER CLEANING

Place the machine on a level place.  
 Warm up the engine for several minutes and stop it.  
 Place a container under the engine.  
 Remove the oil fill cap and oil filter cap to drain the oil.

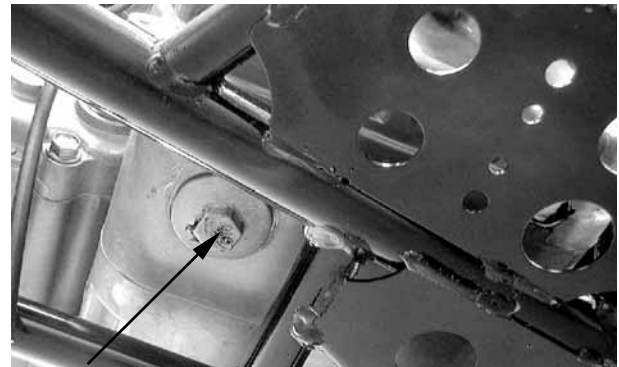
Clean the oil strainer with solvent.  
 Inspect the O-ring and replace if damaged.  
 Reinstall the O-ring, oil strainer, compression spring and oil filter cap.  
 Tighten the oil filter cap to specification.

**Torque:** 1.5 kgf-m (15 N-m, 11 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine with oil and install the oil fill cap.

**Oil Capacity:**

At disassembly:  
                           1.6 liter (1.4 Imp qt, 1.7 Us qt)  
 At change: 1.4 liter (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 Us qt)



Oil Filter Cap



Oil Strainer

Oil Filter Cap

#### TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT

Place the machine on a level place.  
 Place a container under the engine.  
 Remove the oil filler bolt and drain plug to drain the oil.  
 Reinstall the drain plug and tighten to specification.

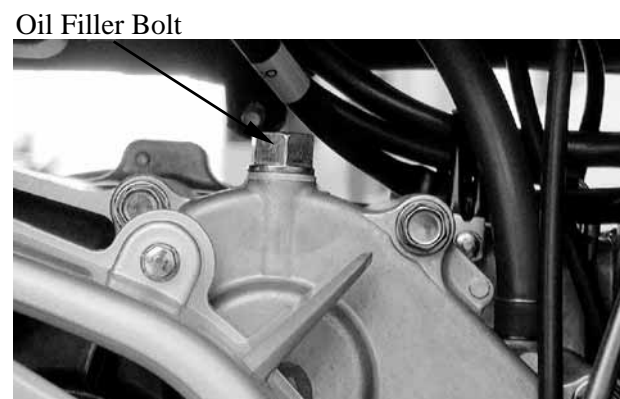
**Torque:** 2 kgf-m (20 N-m, 15 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine with oil and install the oil filler bolt.

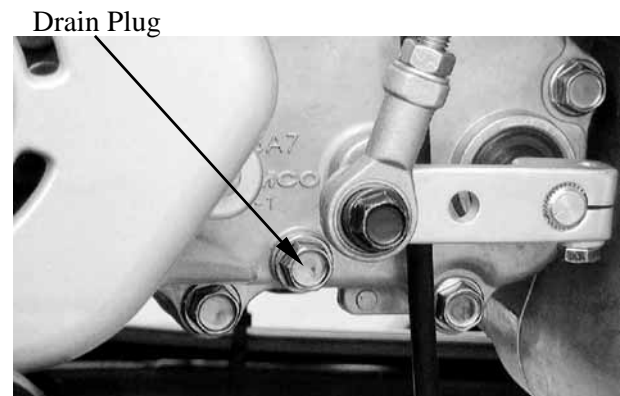
**Oil Capacity:**

At disassembly:  
                           400 cc (0.35 Imp qt, 0.42 Us qt)  
 At change: 300 cc (0.26 Imp qt, 0.32 Us qt)  
 Start the engine and warm up for a few minutes. While warming up, check for oil leakage. If oil leakage is found, stop the engine immediately and check for the cause.

\* Make sure that the sealing washer is in good condition.



Oil Filler Bolt



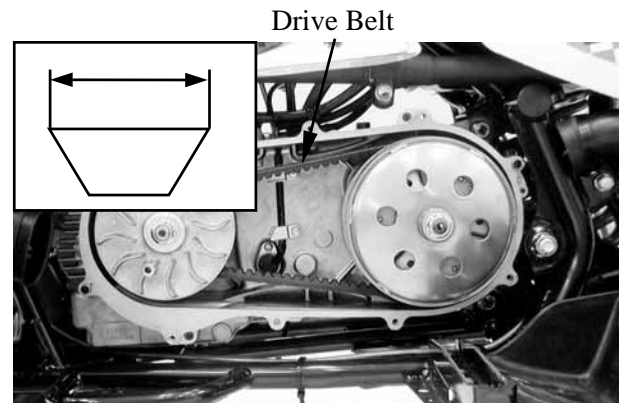
Drain Plug

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### DRIVE BELT

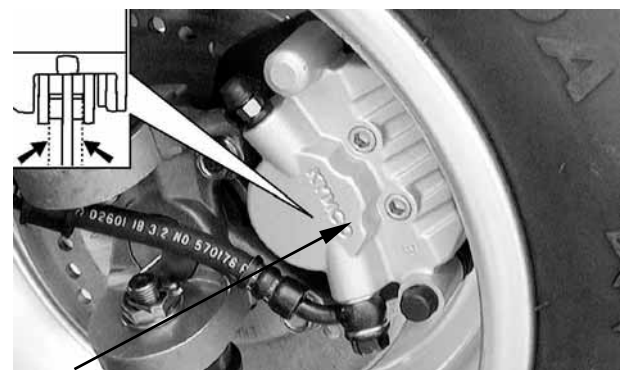
Remove the left crankcase cover.  
Inspect the drive belt for cracks, scaling, chipping or excessive wear.  
Measure the V-belt width

**Service limit:** 22 mm (0.88 in)

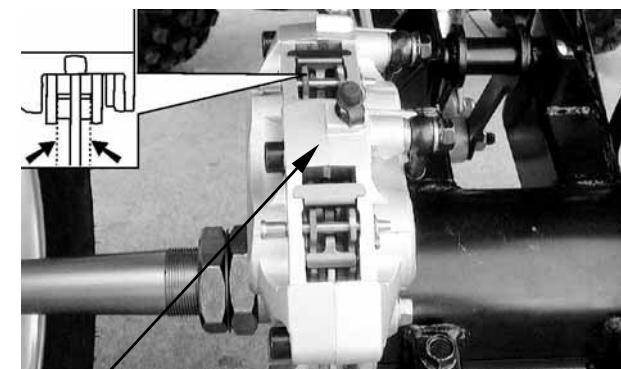


#### BRAKE PADS INSPECTION

A wear indicator is provided on each brake. The indicators allows checking of brake pads wear. Check the position of the indicator. If the indicator reaches the wear limit line, to replace the pads.



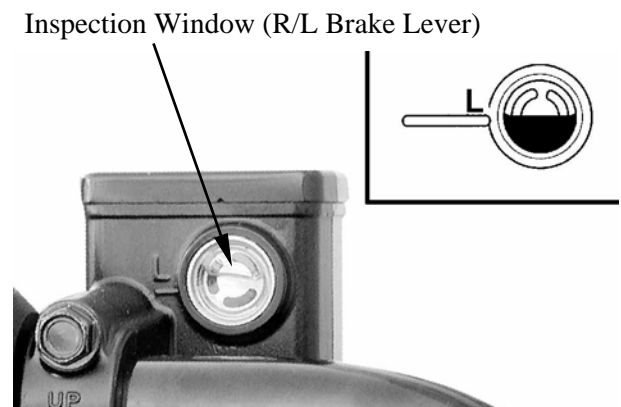
Front Caliper



Rear Caliper

#### BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

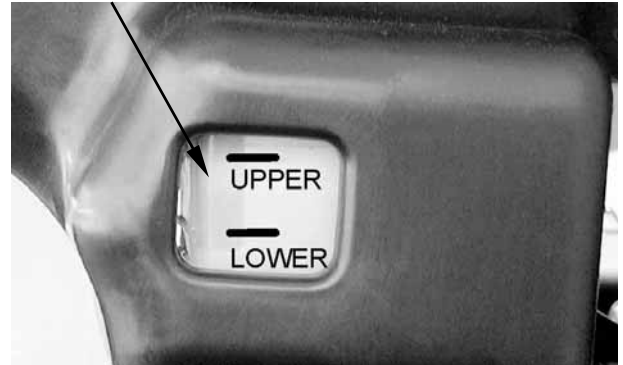
Check if the fluid level is below the lower level mark through the inspection window.



UP

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

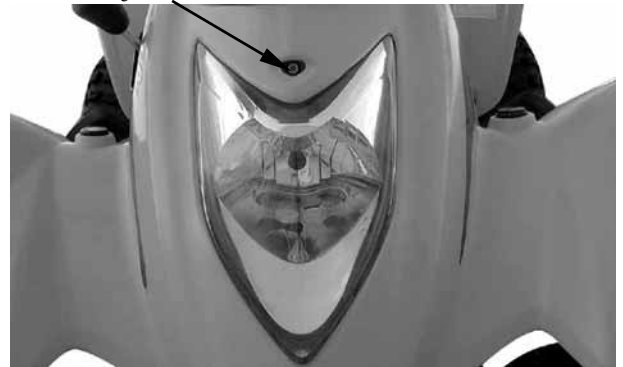
Inspection Window (Rear Brake Pedal)



#### HEADLIGHT AIM

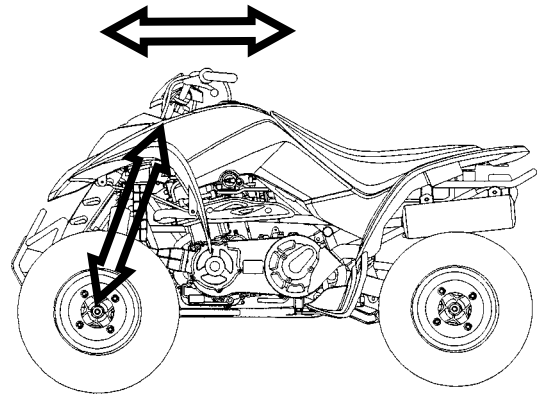
Turn the ignition switch ON and start the engine.  
Turn on the headlight switch.  
Adjust the headlight aim by turning the headlight aim adjusting screw.

Adjust Screw



#### STEERING SYSTEM INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.  
Check the steering column bushings and bearings:  
Move the handlebar up and down, and/or back and forth.  
Replace the steering column bushings and or bearings if excessive play



#### Check the tie-rod ends

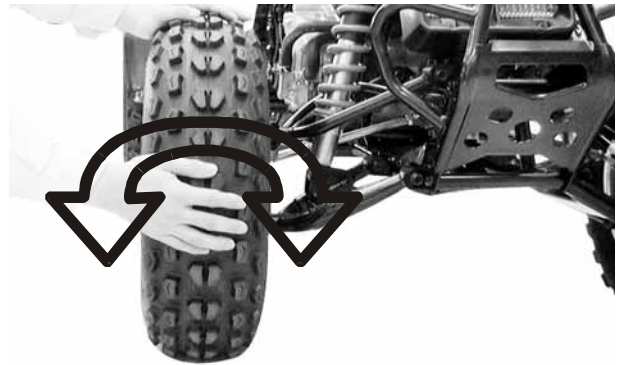
Turn the handlebar to the left and/or right until it stops completely, then slightly move the handlebar from left to right.  
Replace the tie-rod ends if tie-rod end has any vertical play.



Tie-rod Ends

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

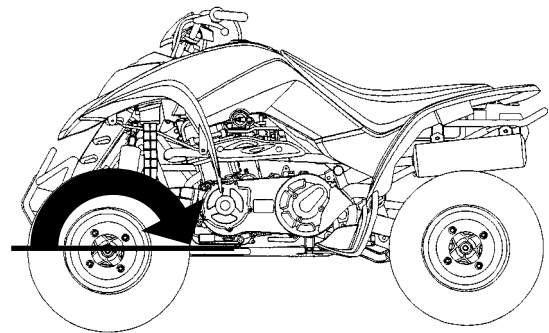
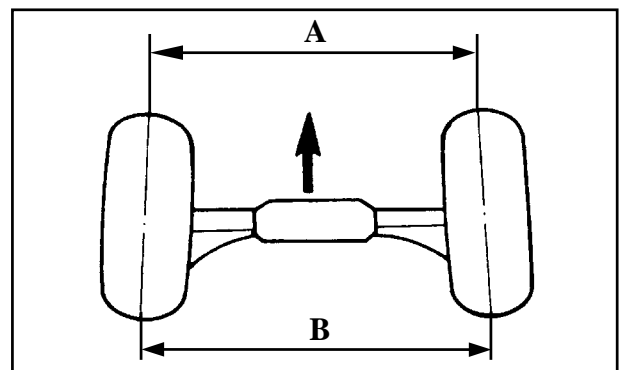
Raise the front end of the machine so that there is no weight on the front wheels.  
 Check ball joints and/or wheel bearings.  
 Move the wheels lately back and froth.  
 Replace the front arms and/or wheel bearings if excessive free play.



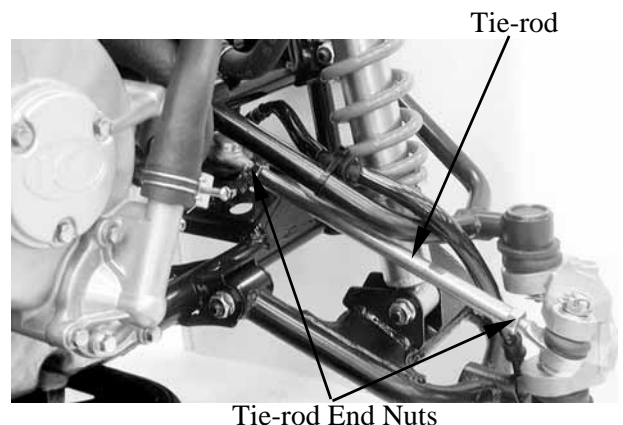
#### TOE-IN ADJUSTMENT

Place the machine on a level place.  
 Measure the toe-in  
 Adjust if out of specification.  
 Toe-in measurement steps:  
 Mark both front tire tread centers.  
 Raise the front end of the machine so that there is no weight on the front tires.  
 Fix the handlebar straight ahead.  
 Measure the width A between the marks.  
 Rotate the front tires 180 degrees until the marks come exactly opposite.  
 Measure the width B between the marks.  
 Calculate the toe-in using the formula given below.  

$$\text{Toe-in} = B - A$$
  
 Toe-in: 0~10 mm (0~0.4 in)  
 If the toe-in is incorrect, adjust the toe-in



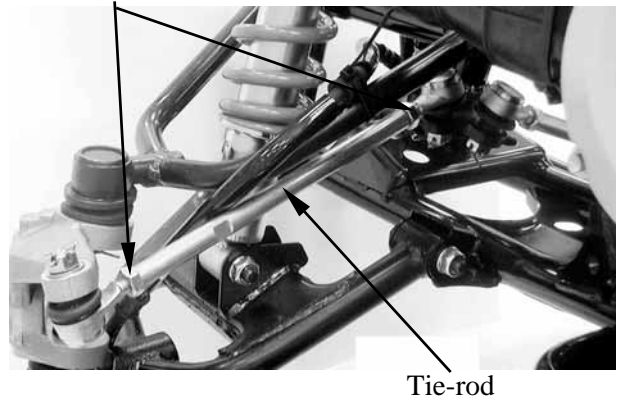
Adjust the toe-in step:  
 Mark both tie-rods ends.  
 This reference point will be needed during adjustment.  
 Loosen the lock nuts (tie-rod end) of both tie-rods  
 The same number of turns should be given to both tie-rods right and left until the specified toe-in is obtained, so that the lengths of the rods will be kept the same.  
 Tighten the rod end locknuts of both tie-rods  
**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

- \* 
  - Be sure that both tie-rod are turned the same amount. If not, the machine will drift tight or left even though the handlebar is positioned straight which may lead to mishandling and accident.
  - After setting the toe-in to specification, run the machine slowly for some distance with hands placed lightly on the handlebar and check that the handlebar responds correctly. If not, turn either the right or left tie-rod within the toe-in specification.

Tie-rod End Nuts



#### WHEELS/TIRES

Check the tires for cuts, imbedded nails or other damages.  
Check the tire pressure.

- \* Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.



#### TIRE PRESSURE

	1 Rider
Front	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 Kpa, 3.2 psi)
Rear	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 Kpa, 3.2 psi)

#### TIRE SIZE

**Front:** 21\*7-10  
**Rear :** 20\*11-9

Rear Axle Nut



Check the front axle nut for looseness.  
Check the rear axle nut for looseness.  
If the axle nuts are loose, tighten them to the specified torque.

#### Torque:

**Front:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)  
**Rear:** 10 kgf-m (100 N-m, 72 lbf-ft)

Front Axle Nut



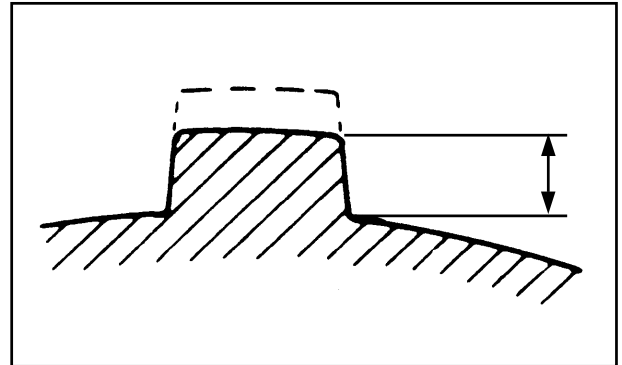
### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

Inspect the tire surfaces.

Replace if wear or damage.

**Tire wear limit:** 3 mm (0.12 in)

\* It is dangerous to ride with a worn out tire. When a tire wear is out of specification, replace the tire immediately.



#### WHEEL INSPECTION

Inspect the wheel.

Replace if damage or bends

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.

\*

- Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.
- Ride conservatively after installing a tire to allow it to seat itself properly on the rim.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

Before checking and/or adjusting, rotate the rear wheels several revolutions and check slack at several points to find the tightest point. Check and/or adjust the chain slack with the rear wheels in this “tightest” position.

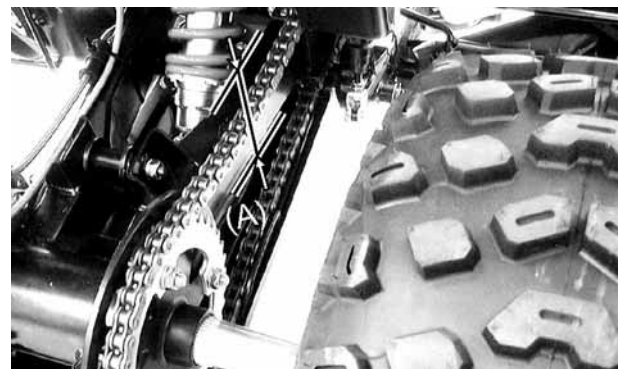
\* Too little of chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

Place the machine on a level place.

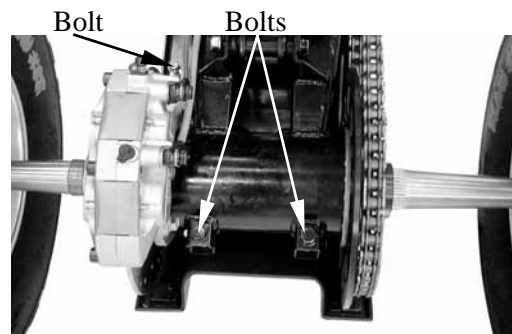
\* Wheels should be on the ground without the rider on it.

Check drive chain slack.  
Adjust if out of specification.

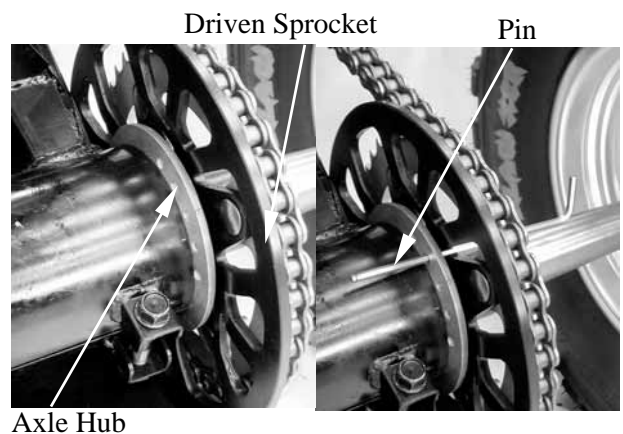
**Drive chain slack (A):**  
**30 ~ 40 mm (1.2~1.6 in)**



Adjust drive chain slack:  
Loosen the caliper holder bolt and two axle hub holding bolt.

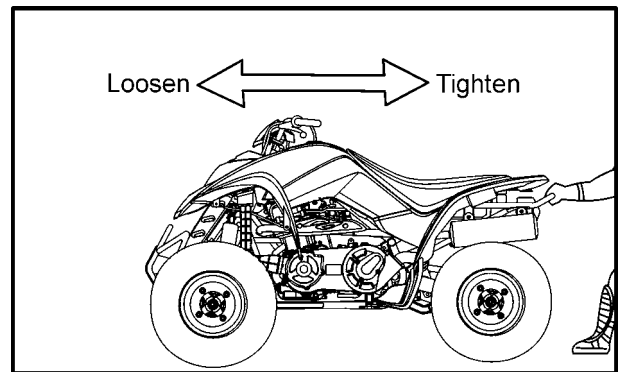


Provide a proper pin and pass the pin through the axle hub and driven sprocket.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

To loosen the chain, push the ATV forward.  
To tighten the chain, pull the ATV backward.



Retighten the two axle hub holder bolt and caliper holder bolt to the specification.

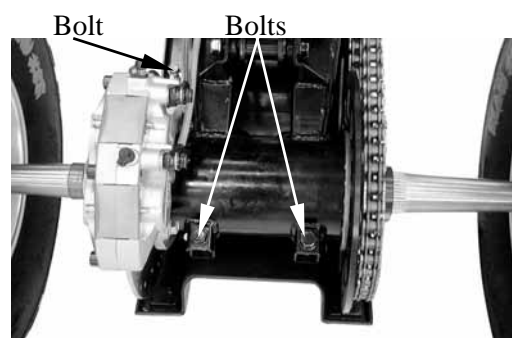
**Torque:**

**Axle hub holding bolt:**

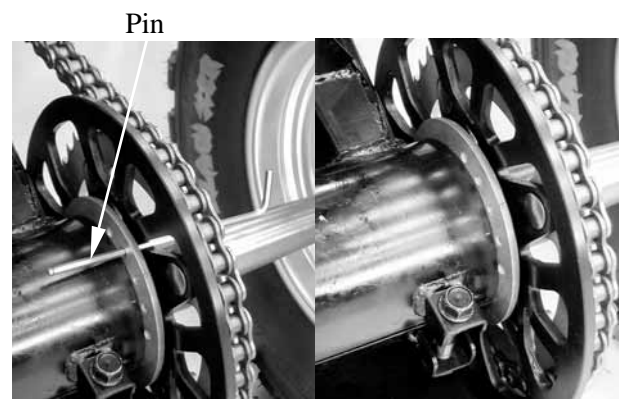
4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)

**caliper holder bolt:**

1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7 lbf-ft)



Pull out the pin.





### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### DRIVE SELECT LEVER ADJUSTMENT

Turn the ignition switch is ON and make sure the engine stop switch in the OFF position.

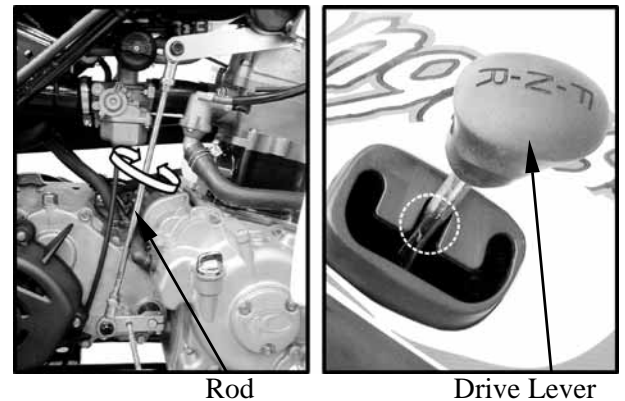
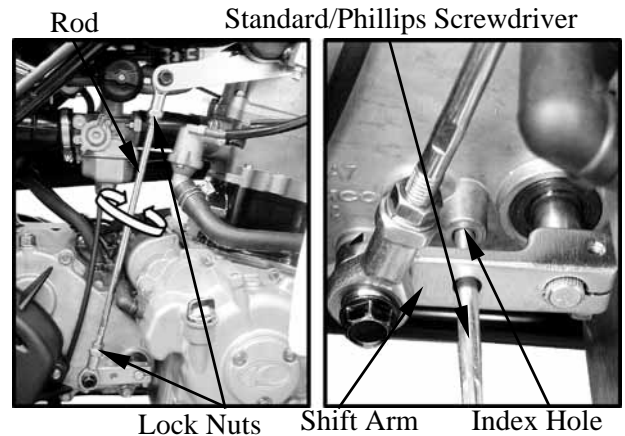
Loosen the lock nuts of rod.

Shift the gear to neutral by moving the shift lever and/or turn the rod. (The neutral indicator lamp comes on.)

Provide standard/phillips screwdriver and pass the standard/phillips screwdriver through the shift arm into the index hole at the transmission case cover.

Turn the rod clockwise or counterclockwise until the drive select lever into the "N" position of the shift guide and tighten the lock nuts, then pull out the standard/phillips screwdriver.

After adjustment, start the engine and test to ride the ATV to be sure the drive select lever is operating properly.



## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

### CABLE INSPECTION AND LUBRICATION

- \* Damaged cable sheath may cause corrosion and interfere with the cable movement. An unsafe condition may result so replace such cable as soon as possible.

Inspect the cable sheath.

Replace if damage.

Check the cable operation.

Lubricate or replace if unsmooth operation.

- \* Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.

### LEVER LUBRICATION

Lubricate the pivoting parts of each lever.

### REAR SUSPENSION LUBRICATION

Inject grease into the nipples using a grease gun until slight over flow is observed from the thrust covers.

- \* Wipe off the excess grease.



Nipple

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### COOLING SYSTEM

##### COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

Place the machine on the level ground.  
Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir when the engine is cold as the coolant level will vary with engine temperature. The coolant level should be between the maximum and minimum marks.  
If the level is low, remove the coolant reservoir cap, and then add coolant or distilled water to raise it to the specified level.

Recommended Coolant: SIGMA Coolant  
(Standard Concentration 30%)

- \* The coolant level does not change no matter the engine is warm or cold. Fill to the maximum mark.

##### COOLANT REPLACEMENT

- \* Perform this operation when the engine is cold.

Remove the front fender. (page 2-5)  
Remove the radiator cap.  
Remove the drain bolt to drain the coolant.  
Drain the coolant in the reserve tank.  
Reinstall the drain bolt.

- \* The coolant freezing point should be 5 °C lower than the temperature of the riding area.

Coolant capacity:

1.4 L (1.23 Imp qt, 1.48 US qt)

Radiator capacity:

1.1 L (0.97 Imp qt, 1.17 US qt)

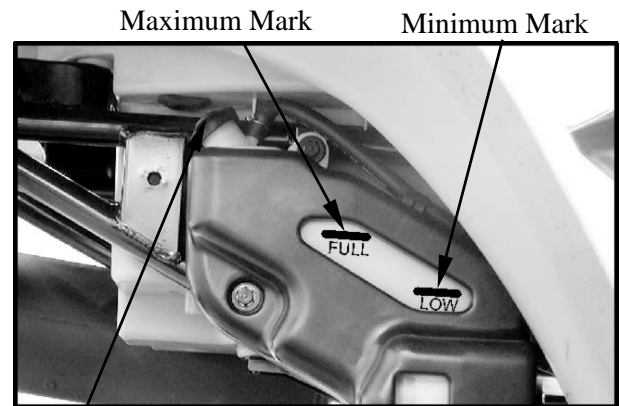
Reserve tank capacity:

0.3 L (0.26 Imp qt, 0.32 US qt)

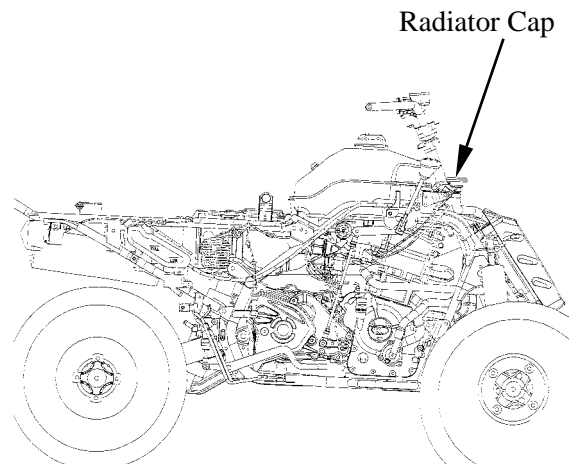
Start the engine and check if there are no bubbles in the coolant and the coolant level is stable. Reinstall the radiator cap.

If there are bubbles in the coolant, bleed air from the system.

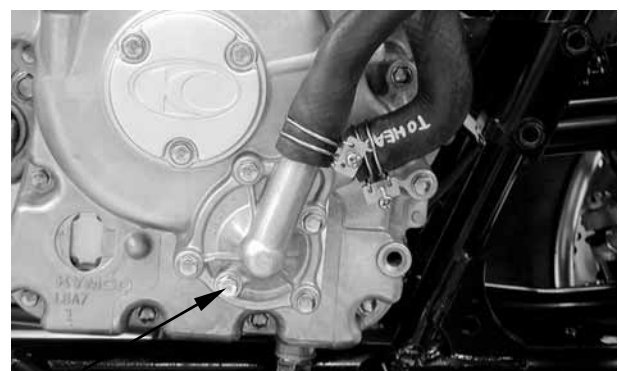
Fill the reserve tank with the recommended coolant up to the maximum mark.



Coolant Reservoir Cap



Radiator Cap



Drain Bolt

## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

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**4**

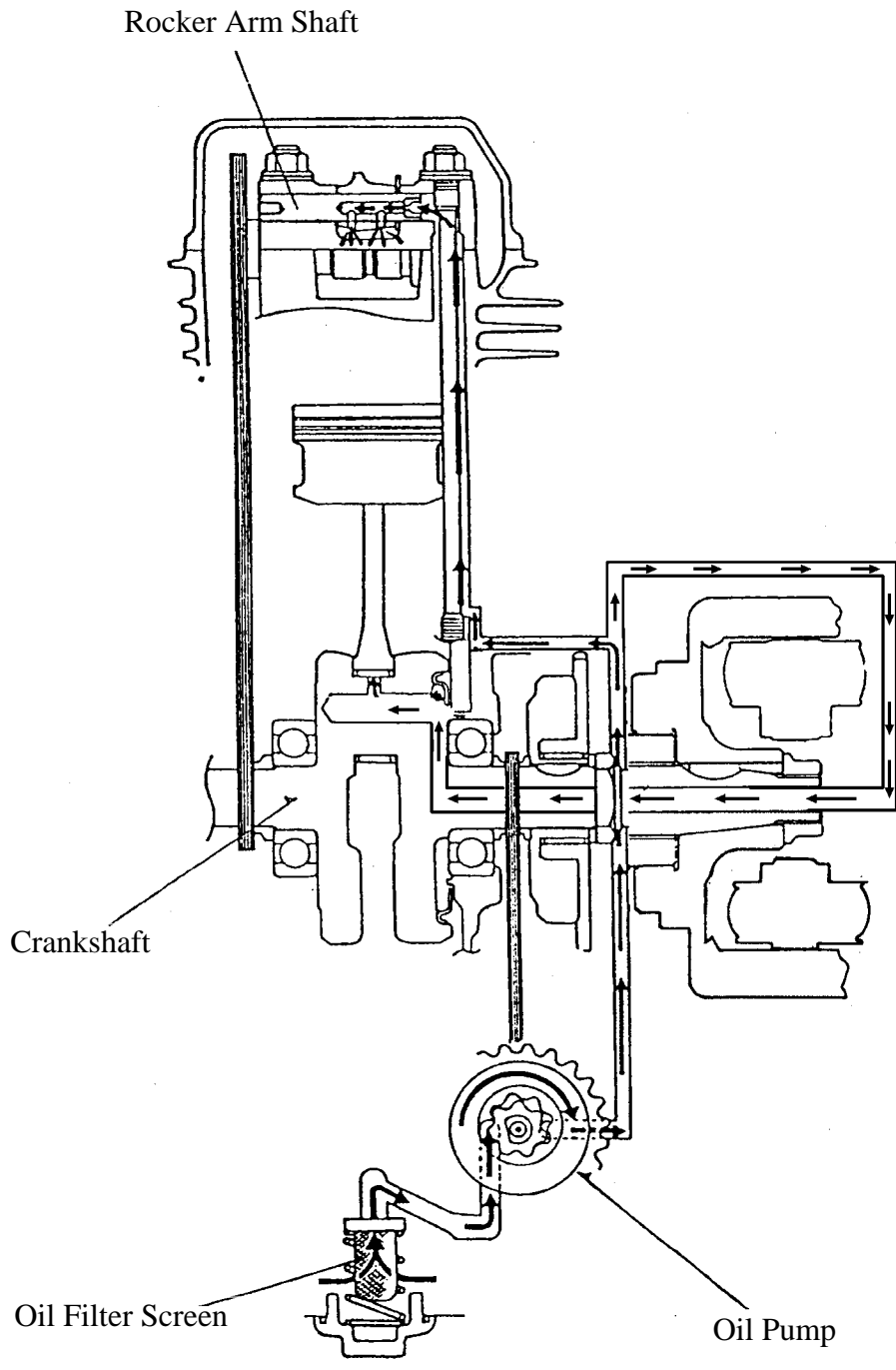
### LUBRICATION SYSTEM

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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	4- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	4- 2
ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER -----	4- 3
OIL PUMP-----	4- 3

# 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

## LUBRICATION SYSTEM



## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The maintenance of lubrication system can be performed with the engine installed in the frame.
- Use care when removing and installing the oil pump not to allow dust and foreign matters to enter the engine and oil line.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the oil pump. The oil pump must be replaced as a set when it reaches its service limit.
- After the oil pump is installed, check each part for oil leaks.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit
Oil pump	Inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance	0.15 (0.006)	0.2 (0.008)
	Outer rotor-to-pump body clearance	0.15~0.2 (0.006~0.008)	0.25 (0.01)
	Rotor end-to-pump body clearance	0.04~0.09 (0.0016~0.0036)	0.12 (0.0048)

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

##### Oil level too low

- Natural oil consumption
- Oil leaks
- Worn or poorly installed piston rings
- Worn valve guide or seal

##### Poor lubrication pressure

- Oil level too low
- Clogged oil filter or oil passages
- Not use the specified oil

## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER

#### OIL LEVEL AND OIL CHANGE

Refer to the “ENGINE OIL” section in the chapter 3 to check the oil level and replacement and oil filter cleaning.

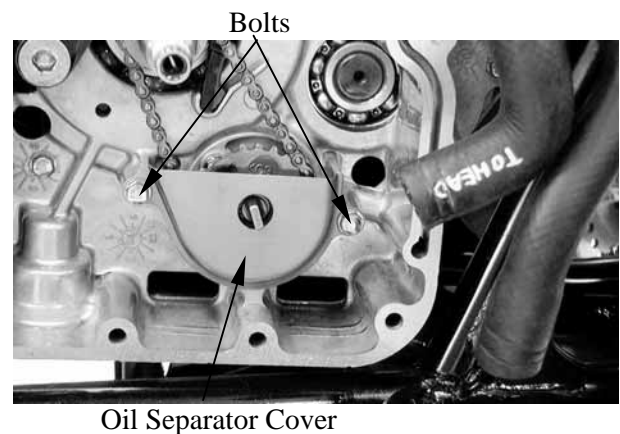
### OIL PUMP

#### REMOVAL

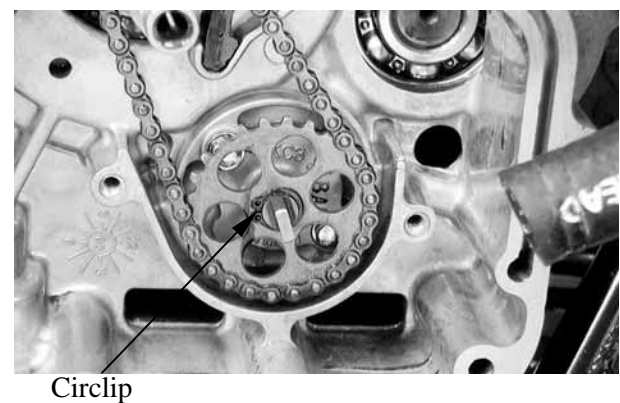
Remove the right crankcase cover and the A.C. generator flywheel. (Refer to the “A.C. GENERATOR/FLYWHEEL” section in the chapter 16)

Remove the starter clutch gear. (Refer to the “STARTER CLUTCH” section in the chapter 18)

Remove the two bolts and oil separator cover.

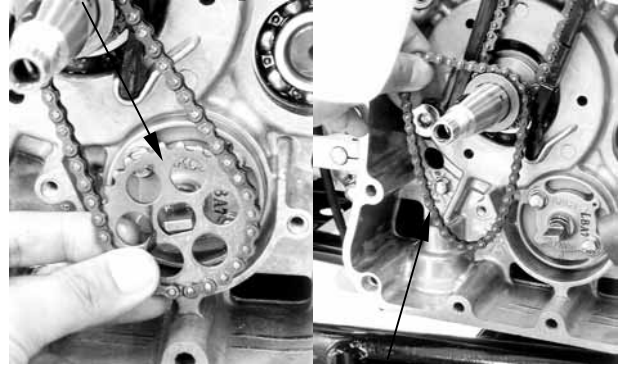


Pry the circlip off and remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain and oil driven sprocket.



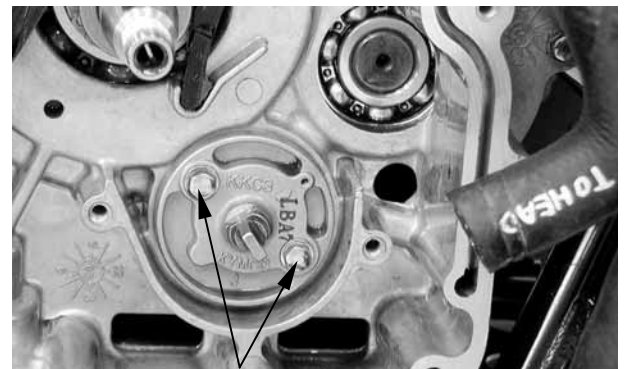
## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Oil Pump Driven Sprocket



Oil Pump Drive Chain

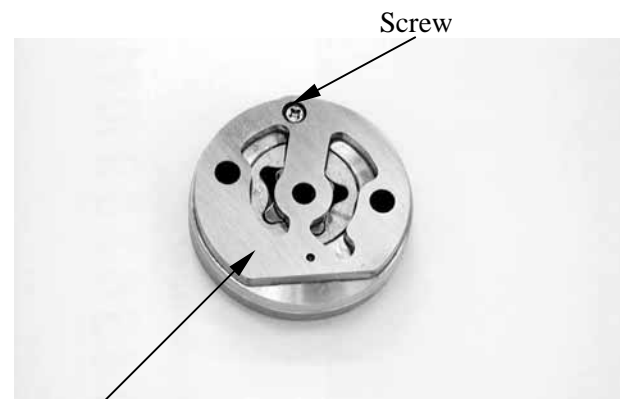
Remove the two oil pump bolts for remove the oil pump.



Oil Pump Bolts

### OIL PUMP DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screw and disassemble the oil pump.

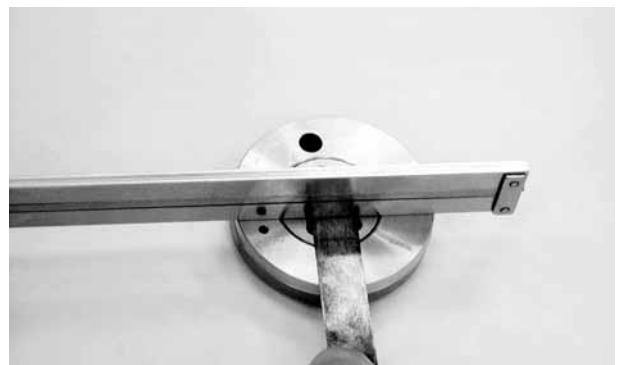


Pump Body

### INSPECTION

Measure the rotor end-to-pump body clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.12 mm (0.0048 in)

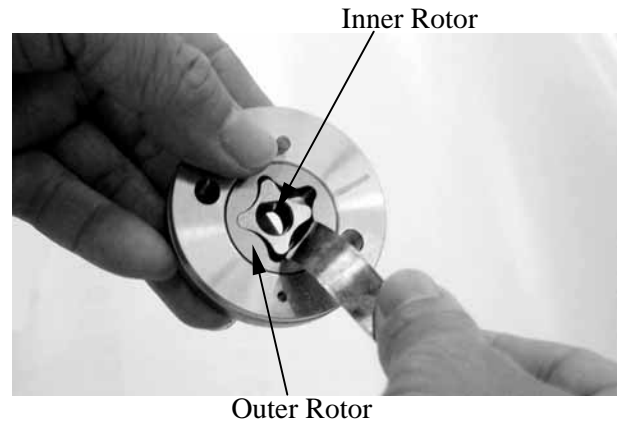




## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

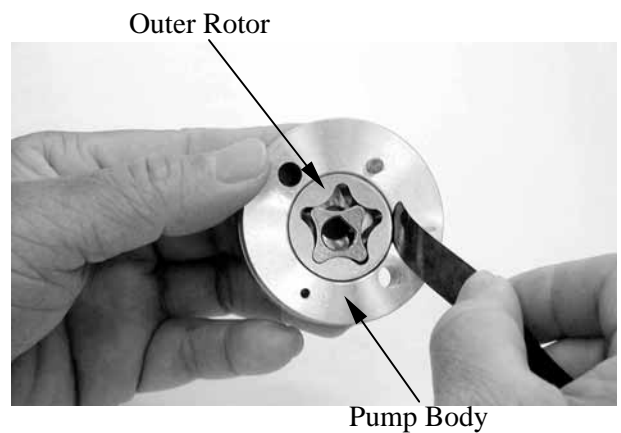
Measure the inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.2 mm (0.008 in)



Measure the pump body-to-outer rotor clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.25 mm (0.01 in)



### ASSEMBLY

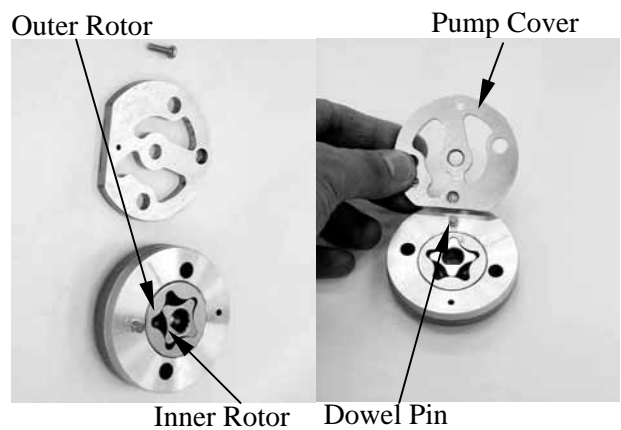
Install the outer rotor, inner rotor and pump shaft into the pump body.

- \* Insert the pump shaft by aligning the flat on the shaft with the flat in the inner rotor.

Install the dowel pin.

Install the pump cover by aligning the hole in the cover with the dowel pin.

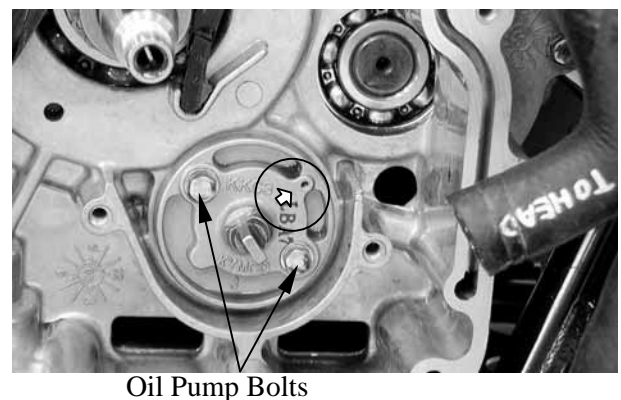
Tighten the screw to secure the pump cover.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the "OIL PUMP REMOVAL" procedures.

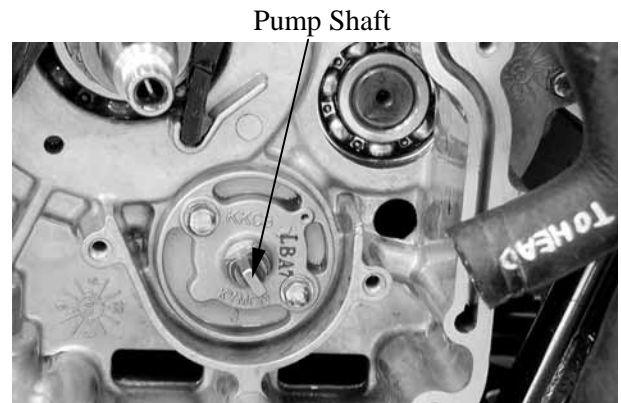
- \* Install the oil pump with the arrow on the pump body facing up and fill the oil pump with engine oil before installation.



## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

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Make sure that the pump shaft rotates freely without binding.



Install oil pump driven sprocket and drive chain, circlip and oil separator cover.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

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5

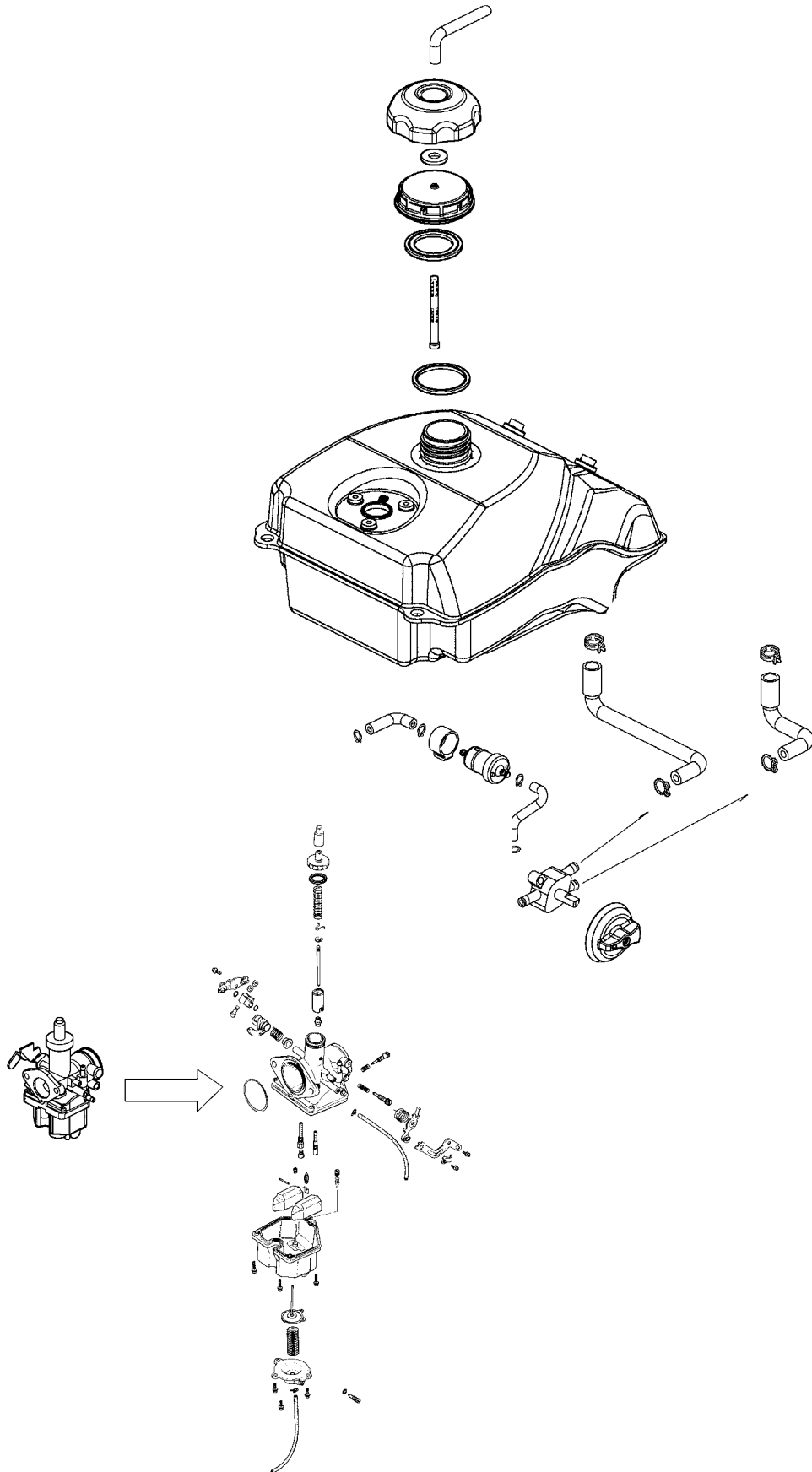
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### FUEL SYSTEM

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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	5- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	5- 3
FUEL TANK -----	5- 4
FUEL VALVE -----	5- 4
THROTTLE VALVE-----	5- 7
CARBURETOR-----	5- 8
AIR CLEANER -----	5-12

# 5. FUEL SYSTEM



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS



Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.  
Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.

- Do not bend or twist control cables. Damaged control cables will not operate smoothly.
- When disassembling fuel system parts, note the locations of O-rings. Replace them with new ones during reassembly.
- Before float chamber disassembly, loosen the drain screw to drain the residual gasoline into a clean container.
- After the carburetor is removed, plug the intake manifold side with a clean shop towel to prevent foreign matters from entering.
- When cleaning the carburetor air and fuel jets, the O-rings and diaphragm must be removed first to avoid damage. Then, clean with compressed air.
- When the motorcycle is not used for over one month, drain the residual gasoline from the float chamber to avoid erratic idling and clogged slow jet due to deteriorated fuel.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard	
Type	PTG	
Venturi dia.	φ22	
Float level	14.8 mm (0.592 in)	
Main jet No.	98	
Adjust method	Piston	
Idle speed	ATV 250	1500±100 rpm
	ATV 300	1600±100 rpm
Throttle grip free play	1~4 mm (0.04~0.16 in)	
Air screw opening	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ±1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	

## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

---

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### **Engine cranks but won't start**

- No fuel in tank
- No fuel to carburetor
- Cylinder flooded with fuel
- No spark at plug
- Clogged air cleaner
- Intake air leak
- Improper throttle operation

#### **Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly**

- Excessively used choke
- Ignition malfunction
- Faulty carburetor
- Poor quality fuel
- Lean or rich mixture
- Incorrect idle speed

#### **Misfiring during acceleration**

- Faulty ignition system
- Faulty carburetor

#### **Backfiring at deceleration**

- Float level too low
- Incorrectly adjusted carburetor
- Faulty exhaust muffler

#### **Engine lacks power**

- Clogged air cleaner
- Faulty carburetor
- Faulty ignition system

#### **Lean mixture**

- Clogged carburetor fuel jets
- Float level too low
- Intake air leak
- Clogged fuel tank cap breather hole
- Kinked or restricted fuel line

#### **Rich mixture**

- Float level too high
- Clogged air jets
- Clogged air cleaner

## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### FUEL TANK

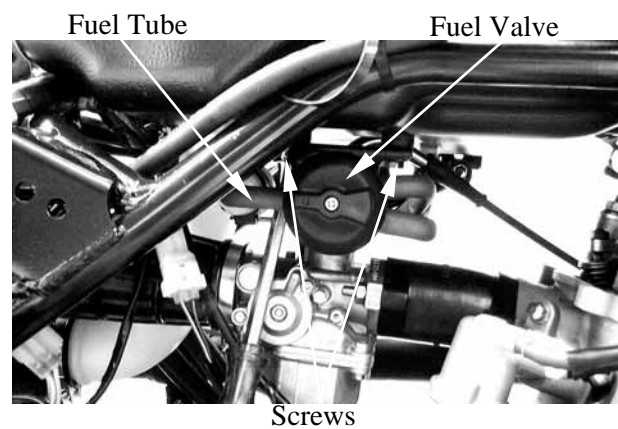
#### REMOVAL

**Warning**

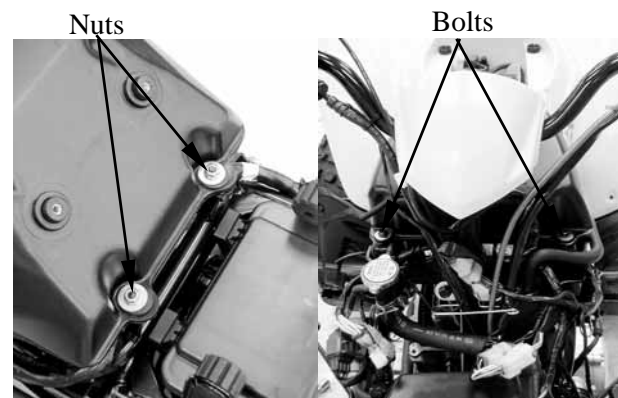
- Keep sparks and flames away from the work area.
- Wipe off any spilled gasoline.

Remove the seat, right and left side frame cover (See page 2-3) and center frame cover (See page 2-5).

Switch the fuel valve "OFF".  
Disconnect the fuel tube from carburetor and remove two screws at the fuel valve holder.



Remove the two bolts and two nuts at the fuel tank, then remove the fuel tank.



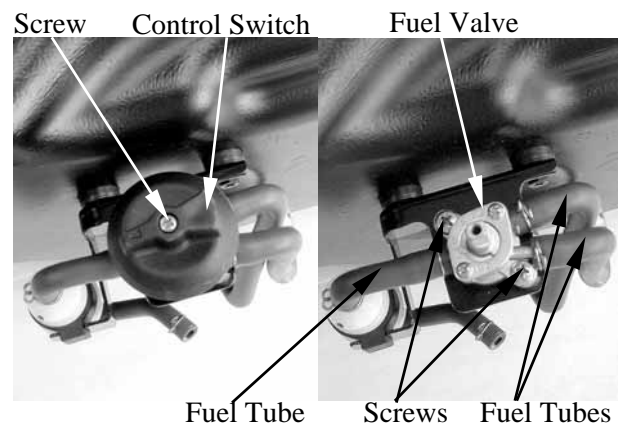
#### INSTALLATION

Reverse the "FUEL TANK REMOVAL" procedures.

### FUEL VALVE REMOVAL

- \***
- Keep sparks and flames away from the work area.
  - Drain gasoline into a clean container.

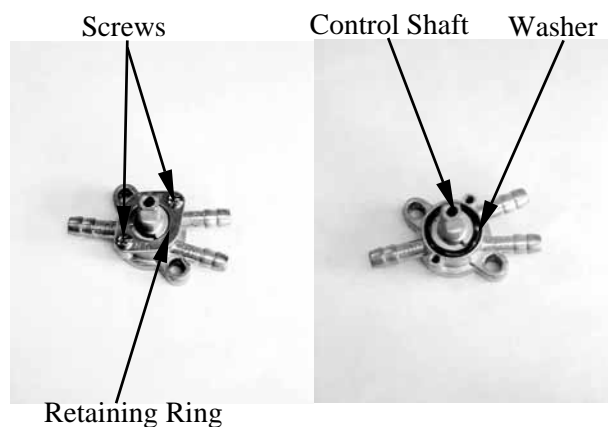
Remove the screw and then remove control switch.  
Disconnect all fuel tubes and remove the two screws, then remove fuel valve.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two screws on the retaining ring and then remove retaining ring.  
Remove the washer and control shaft.

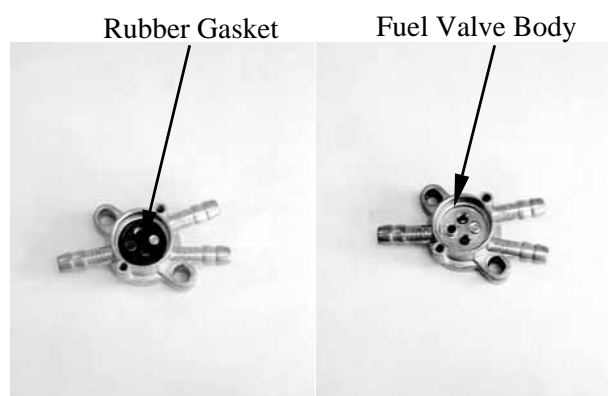


Remove the rubber gasket from the fuel valve body.

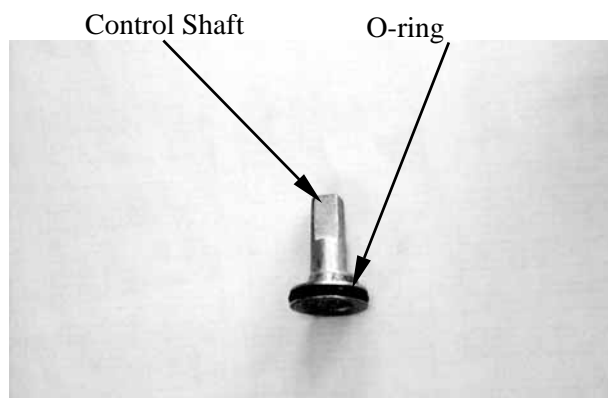
### INSPECTION

Inspect the fuel valve body for dirt and clog.  
Clean if necessary.

Replace the rubber gasket with new ones if they are damaged or deteriorated.



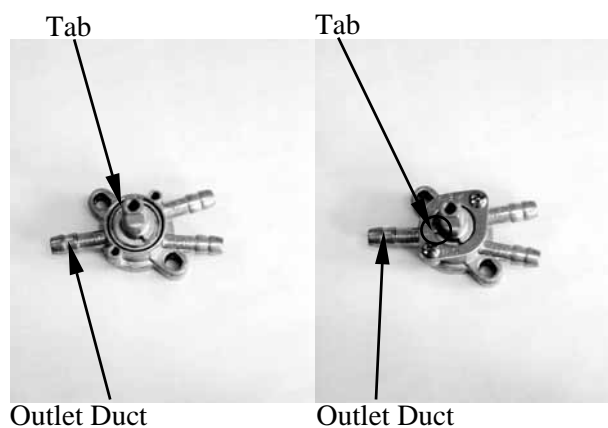
Replace the O-rings with new ones if they are damaged or deteriorated.



### ASSEMBLY

Reverse the "DISASSEMBLY" procedures.  
Install rubber gasket, control shaft, washer and retaining ring.

- \*
- Aligning the tab on the control shaft with the outlet duct in the fuel valve body.
  - Aligning the tab on the retaining ring with the outlet duct in the fuel valve body.





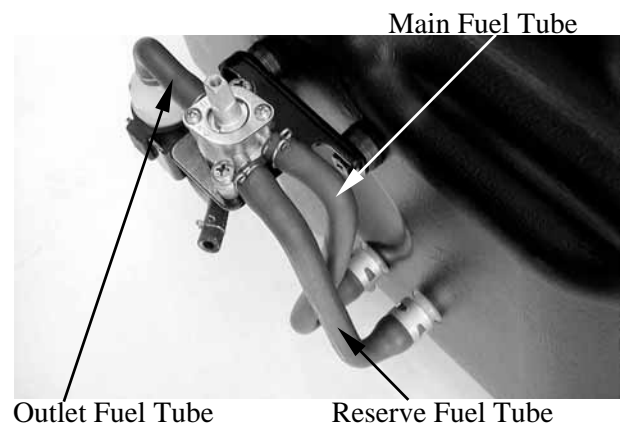
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

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### INSTALLATION

Reverse the "FUEL VALVE REMOVEAL"  
procedures.

Connect all fuel tube.



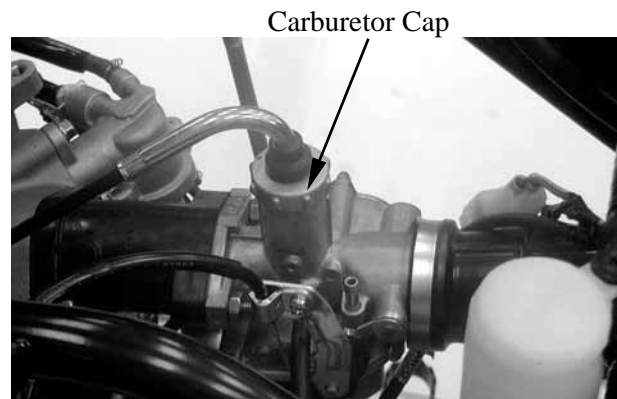
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### THROTTLE VALVE

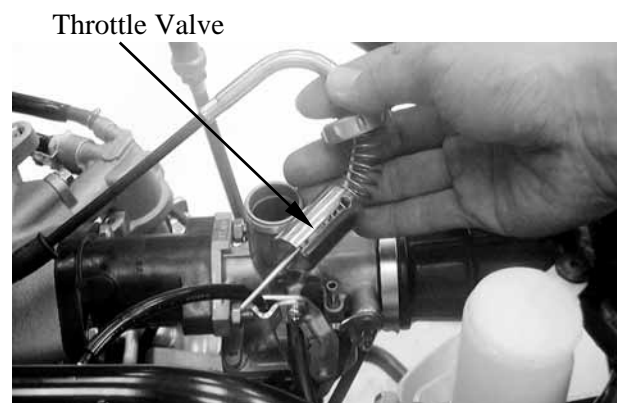
#### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the fuel tank. (Refer to “FUEL TANK” section in the chapter 5)

Remove the carburetor cap.



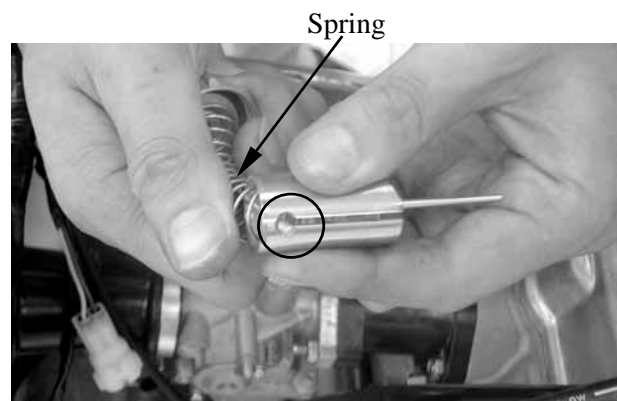
Pull out the throttle valve.



Compress the spring to disconnect the throttle cable by hand.



Remove the spring from the throttle valve

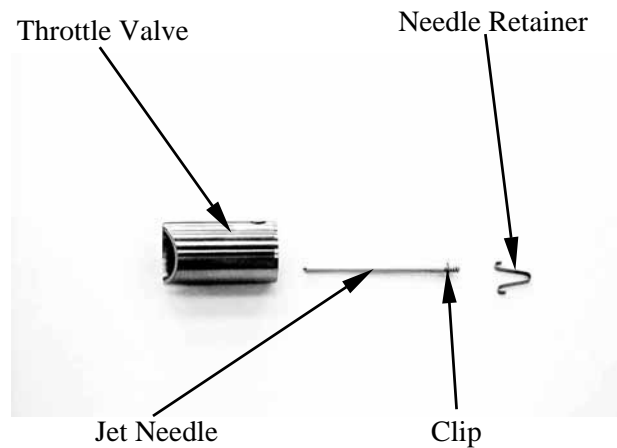


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Pry off the needle retainer and remove the jet needle.  
Check the throttle valve and jet needle for wear or damage.

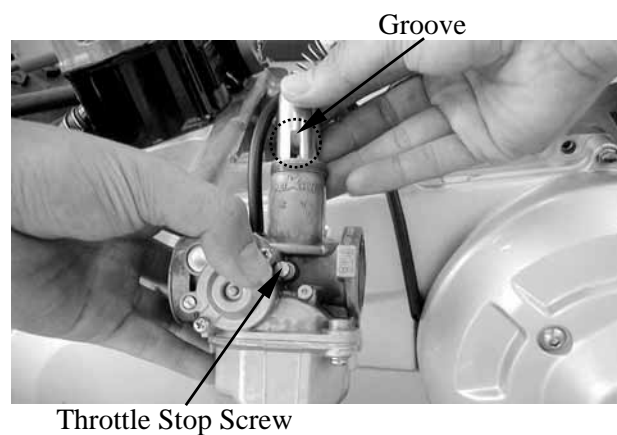
### ASSEMBLY

Reverse the "DISASSEMBLY" procedures.



Install the throttle valve into the carburetor body.

- \* Align the groove in the throttle valve with the throttle stop screw on the carburetor body.

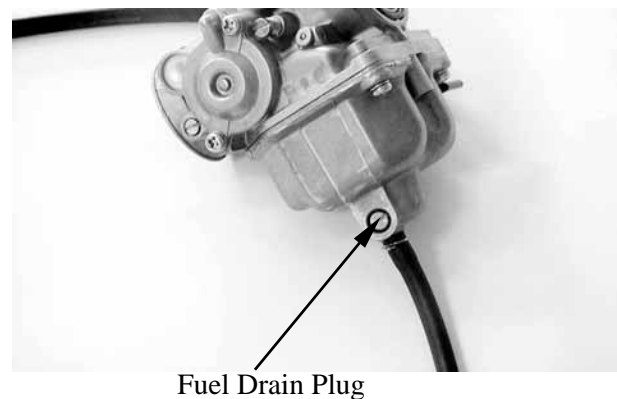


## CARBURETOR

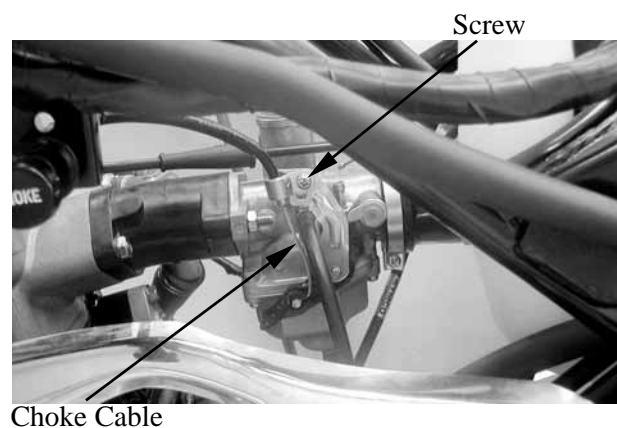
### REMOVAL

Remove the fuel tank and carburetor cap.  
(Refer to "FUEL TANK" and "THROTTLE VALVE DISASSEMBLY" section in the chapter 5)  
Loosen the drain screw to drain the gasoline from the float chamber.

- \* 
  - Keep sparks and flames away from the work area.
  - Drain gasoline into a clean container.

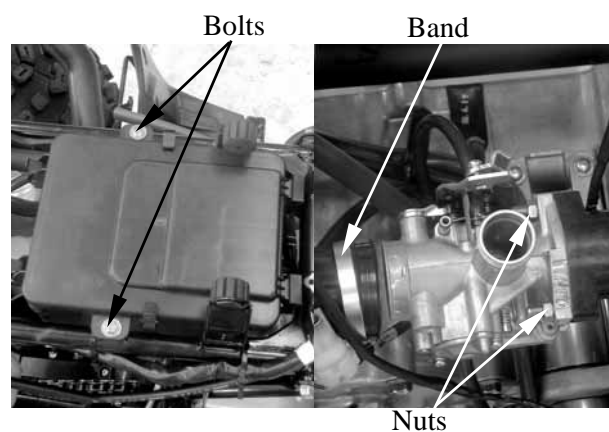


Loosen the screw on the lock plate for disconnect the choke cable.



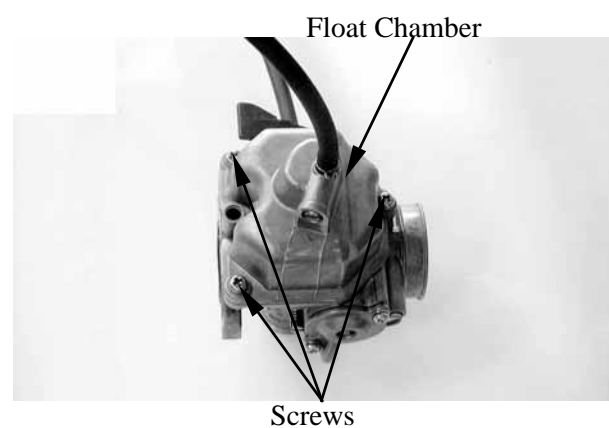
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Remove the two bolts at the air cleaner case.  
Loosen the air cleaner connecting tube band screw.  
Remove the two carburetor lock nuts attaching the inlet pipe.  
Remove the carburetor

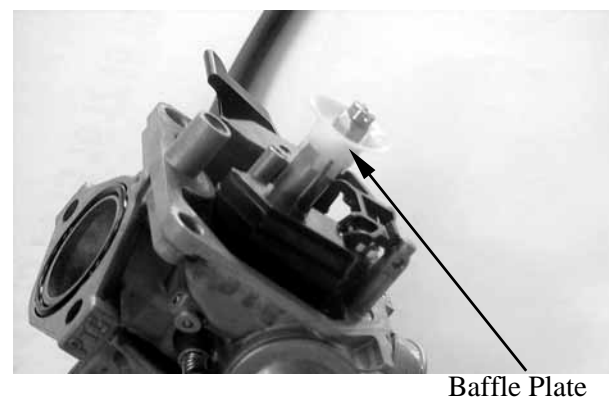


### DISASSEMBLY

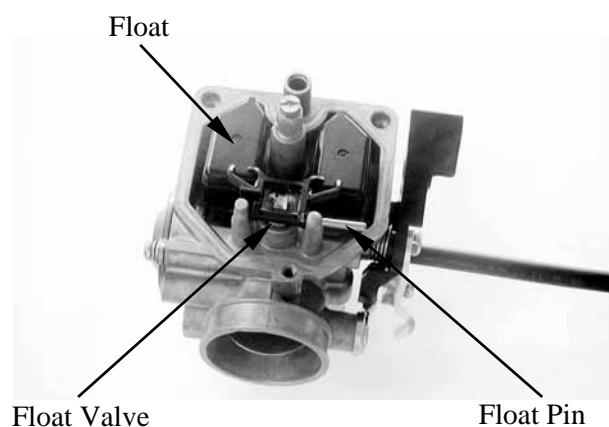
Remove the float chamber attaching three screws and remove the float chamber.



Remove the baffle plate.



Pull out the float pin, then remove float and float valve.

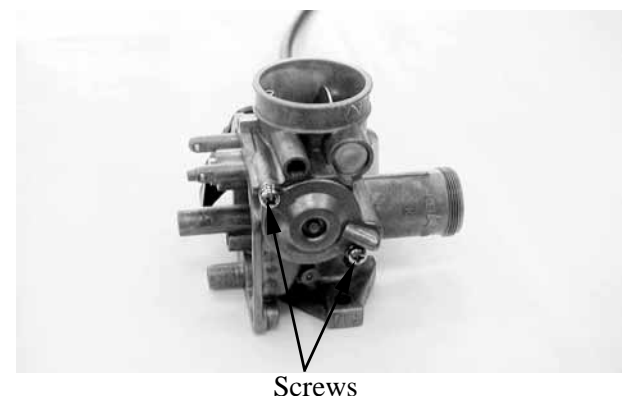
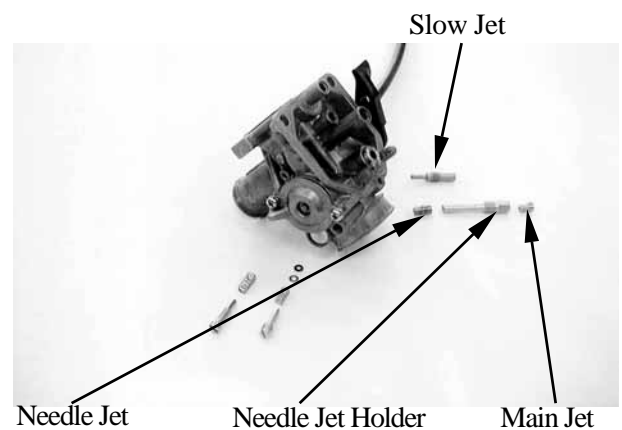
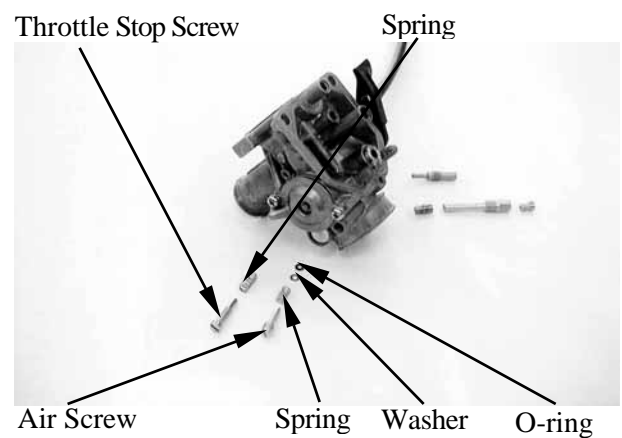
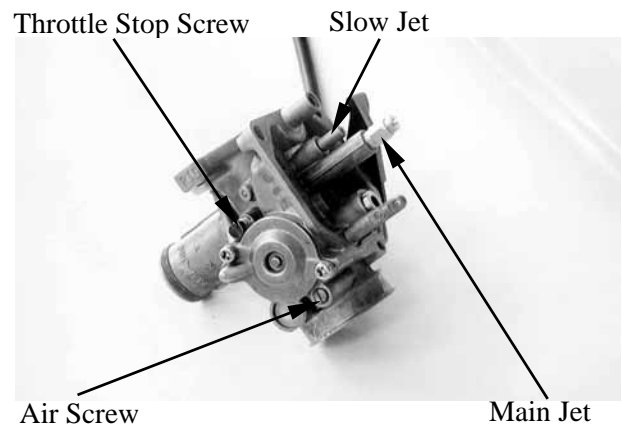


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Remove the main jet, needle jet holder, and needle jet.  
Remove the slow jet.  
Remove the air screw and throttle stop screw.

### CAUTIONS!

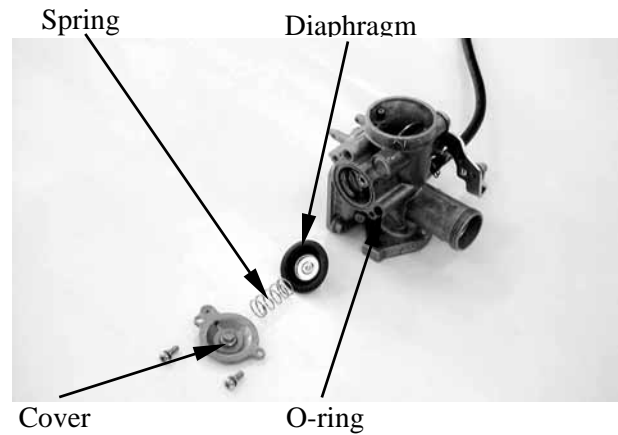
- \* • Be careful not to damage the jets and jet holder when removing them.
- Before removal, turn the throttle stop screw and air screw in and count the number of turns until they seat lightly and then make a note of this.
- Do not force the screw against its seat to avoid seat damage.
- Be sure to install the O-ring in the reverse order of removal.



Remove the two screws and the air cut-off valve cover.

## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Remove the spring, diaphragm and O-rings. Inspect the diaphragm and spring for wear or damage.



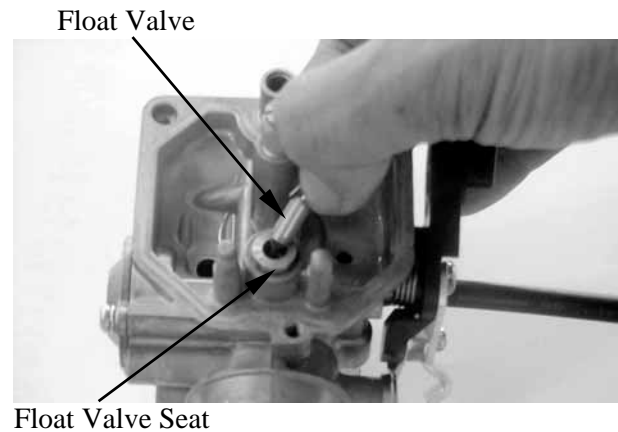
### CARBURETOR CLEANING

Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body.



### FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE INSPECTION

Inspect the float valve seat for wear or damage.  
Inspect the float for damage or fuel level inside the float chamber.

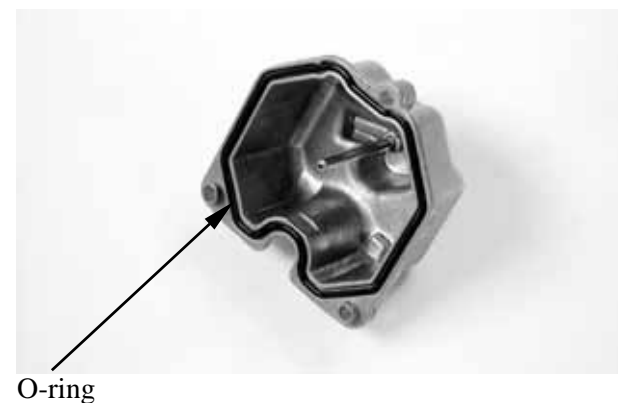


### FUEL RESERVOIR O-RING CHECK

Remove the O-ring.

#### INSPECTION

Inspect the check the O-ring for damage. Replace with new ones if necessary



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### ASSEMBLY

Install the slow jet.

Install the needle jet, needle jet holder and main jet.

Install the throttle stop screw and air screw

Install the spring, diaphragm and O-rings.

- \* 

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• When installing the air screw, return it to the original position as noted during removal</li><li>• After the carburetor is installed, be sure to perform the Exhaust Emission</li></ul>
--

Install the float valve, float and float pin.

### FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

Turn the carburetor upside down so that the float will go down to make the float valve contact the float valve seat.

Then slowly tilt the carburetor and measure the float level with the float level gauge while the float pin just contacts with float valve.

**Float Level:** 14.8 mm (0.592 in)

When adjusting, carefully bend the float pin.

Check the float for proper operation.

Install the baffle plate, aligning the jet holder groove with the carburetor tab and then install the float chamber.



Baffle Plate

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “CARBURETOR REMOVAL” procedures.

### AIR CLEANER

Refer to the “AIR CLEANER” section in the chapter 3 for air cleaner replacement and cleaning.

## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL

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### ENGINE REMOVAL



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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	6- 1
ENGINE REMOVAL -----	6- 2



## **6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

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### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine.  
Be careful not to damage the machine body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the machine body during engine removal.
- Parts requiring engine removal for servicing:
  - Crankcase
  - Crankshaft

## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL

### ENGINE REMOVAL

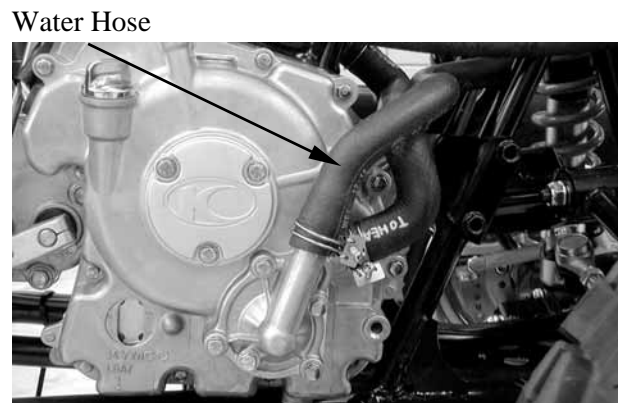
Drain engine oil and transmission oil.  
(Refer to chapter 3)  
Remove frame covers and exhaust pipe.  
(Refer chapter 2)  
Remove the carburetor. (Refer to chapter 5)

Disconnect the crankcase breather hose at  
the cylinder head cover.



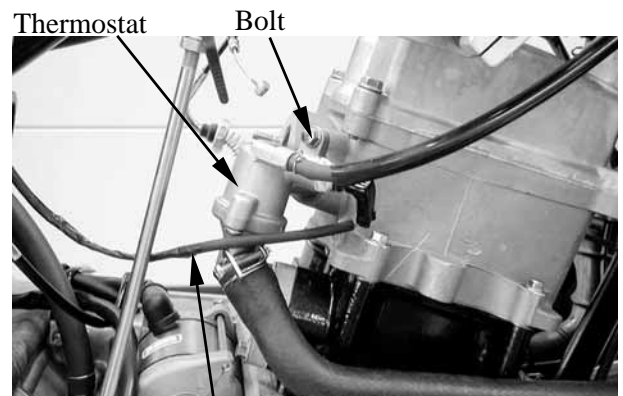
Crankcase Breather Hose

Disconnect the water hose from water pump  
cover.



Water Hose

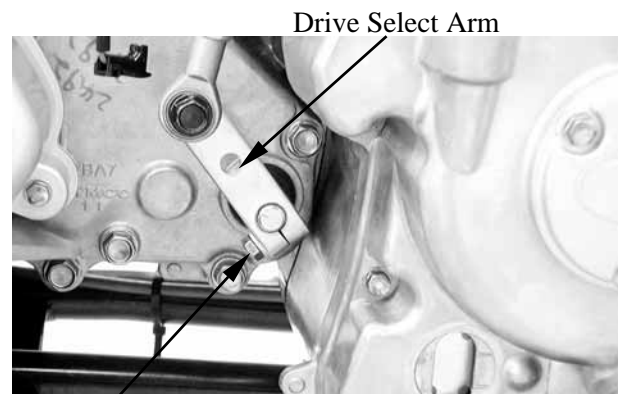
Remove the bolt at the thermostat and  
disconnect the thermosensor wire, then  
disconnect the thermostat from the cylinder  
head.



Thermostat Bolt

Thermosensor Wire

Remove the bolt at the drive select arm,  
then disconnect the drive select arm from  
engine assembly.



Drive Select Arm

Bolt

## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Disconnect the speedometer cable (ON ROAD only).

Speedometer Cable

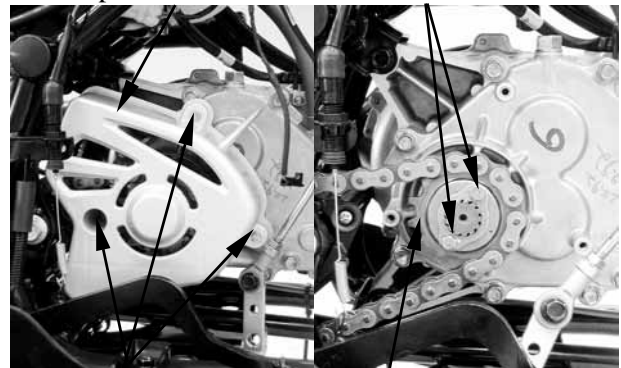


Remove the three bolts at the drive sprocket cover and then remove the drive sprocket cover.

Remove the two bolts on the drive sprocket. Remove the drive sprocket and washer.

Drive Sprocket Cover

Bolts



Bolts

Drive Sprocket

Slide the rubber sleeve back to expose the starter motor wire nut.

Remove the starter motor wire nut for disconnect the starter motor wire.

Rubber Sleeve

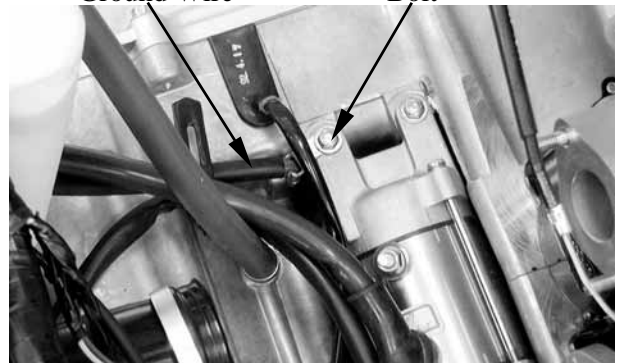
Nut



Remove the bolt at the starter motor for disconnect the ground wire lead.

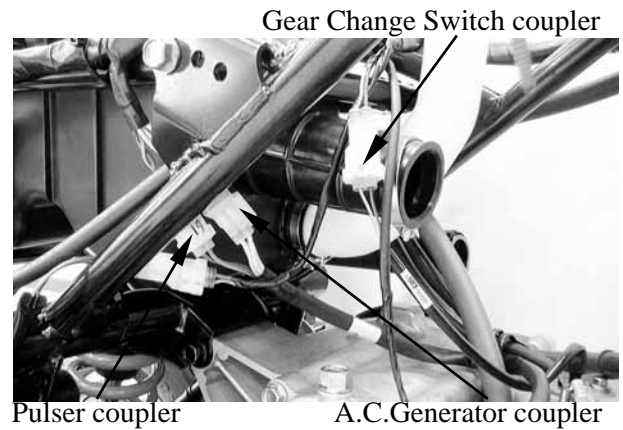
Ground Wire

Bolt

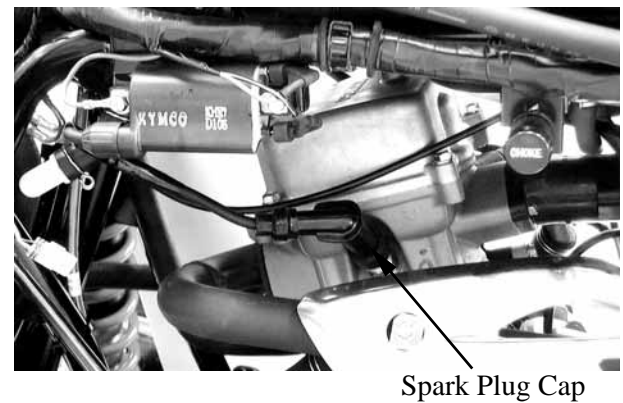


## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL

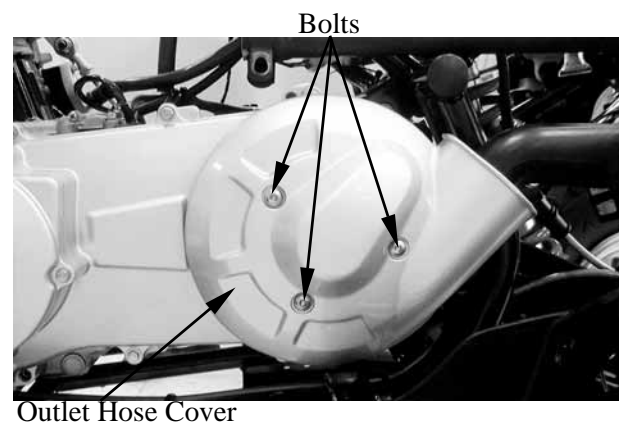
Remove the A.C. Generator, pulser and gear change switch couplers.



Disconnect the spark plug cap.

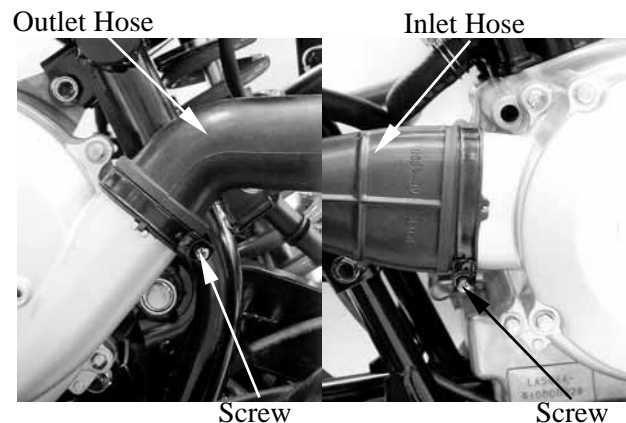


Remove the three bolts and remove the outlet hose cover.



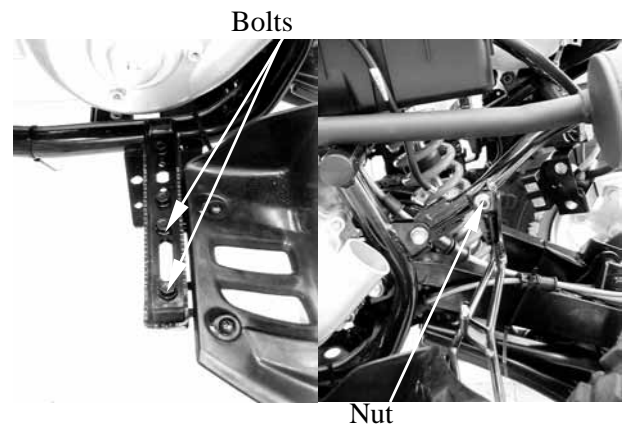
Unscrew the clamp and then disconnect the outlet hose from the left crankcase cover.

Unscrew the clamp and then disconnect the inlet hose from the left crankcase cover.

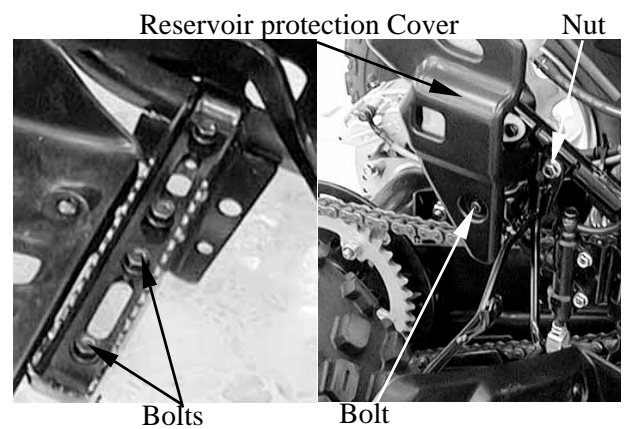


## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

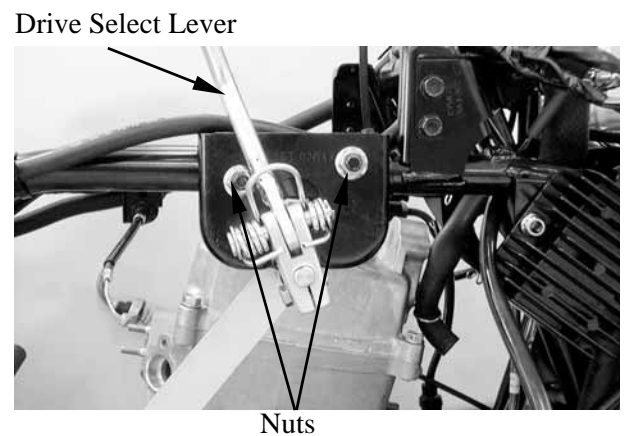
Remove the two bolts at the left foot peg attaching the left floor board holder and remove the nut at the left floor board holder, then remove the left floor board holder.



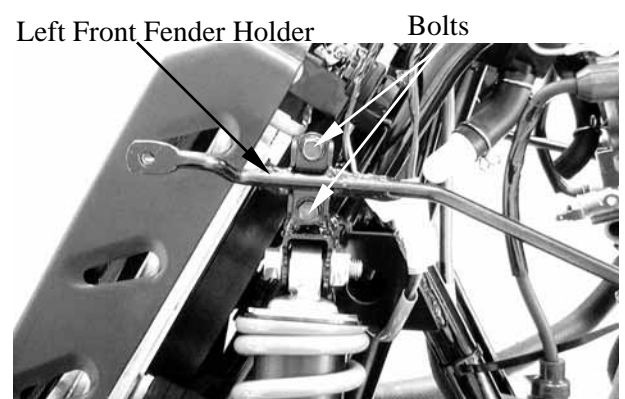
Remove the two bolts at the right foot peg attaching the right floor board holder. Remove the nut at the right floor board holder and bolt attaching the reservoir protection cover, then remove the right floor board holder.



Remove the two nuts and then remove the drive select lever.



Remove the two bolts at the left front fender holder for remove the left front fender holder.



## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL

Remove the rear lower mounting bolt and nut.  
Remove the rear upper mounting bolt and nut.  
Remove the front mounting bolts and nuts.

Mounting Bolt and Nut

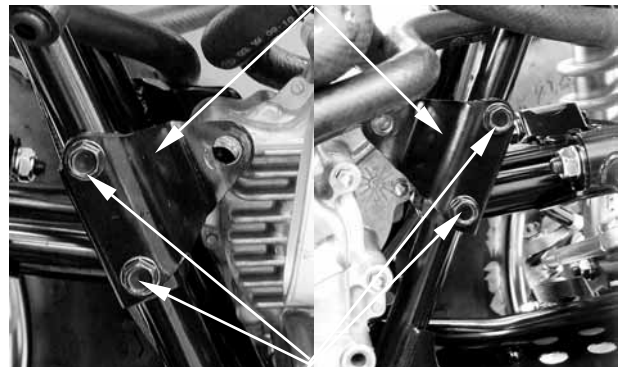


Mounting Bolt and Nut

Mounting Bolt and Nut

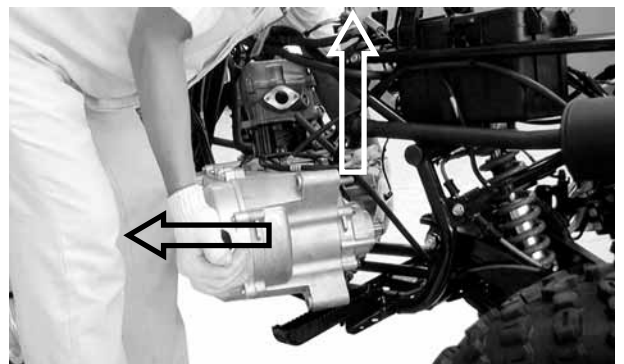
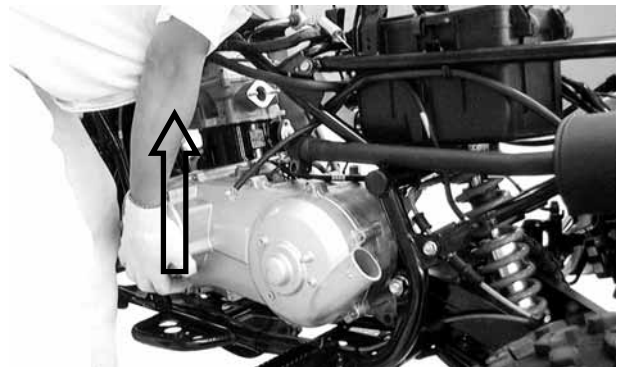
Remove the four bolts for remove the left and right engine brackets.

Brackets

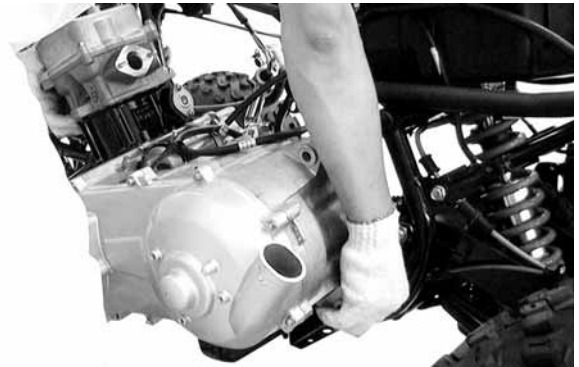


Bolts

Remove the engine assembly to the left side of the machine.



## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



### ENGINE INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

The rear upper and lower engine mounting bolts and nuts loosely install, then tighten the engine mounting nuts to the specified torque.

**Torque: 40 N-m (4 kgf-m, 29 lbf-ft)**

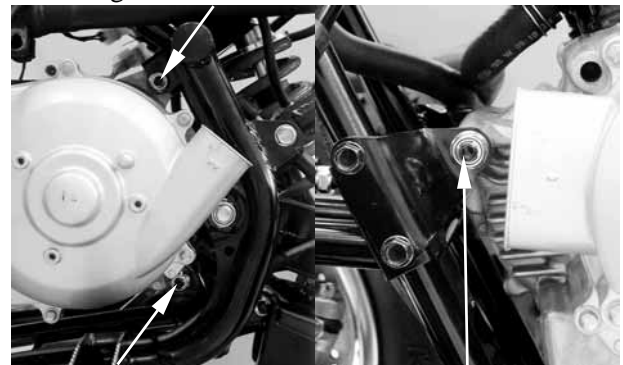
The brackets, bolts, front engine mounting bolt and nut loosely install, then tighten the bolts on the brackets to the specified torque.

**Torque: 22 N-m (2.2 kgf-m, 16 lbf-ft)**

Tighten the front engine mounting bolt and nut to the specified torque.

**Torque: 40 N-m (4 kgf-m, 29 lbf-ft)**

Mounting Bolt and Nut



Mounting Bolt and Nut

Mounting Bolt and Nut

## **7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES**

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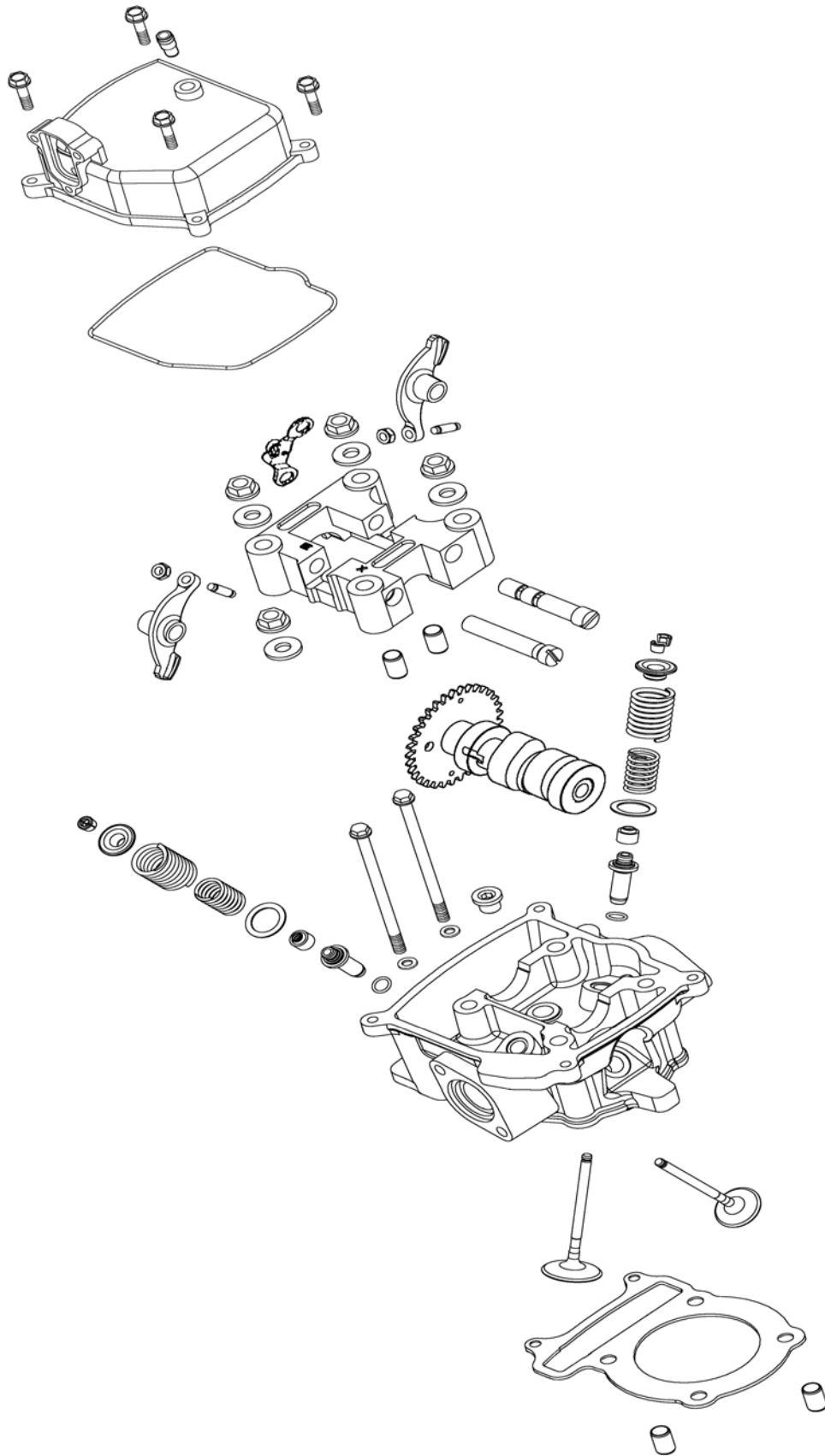
### **CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES**

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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	7- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	7- 3
CYLINDER HEAD COVER-----	7- 4
CAMSHAFT/CAMSHAFT HOLDER-----	7- 4
CYLINDER HEAD-----	7- 9



# 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts, valve arm and camshaft sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The camshaft is lubricated by engine oil through the cylinder head engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit mm (in)

Item	Standard		Service Limit
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.1 (0.004)	—
	EX	0.1 (0.004)	—
Cylinder head compression pressure	ATV 250	15±2 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1500 kPa, 213 psi)	—
	ATV 300	16±2 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1600 kPa, 227 psi)	—
Cylinder head warpage	—		0.05 (0.0002)
Camshaft cam height	IN	34.287 (1.3715)	34.15 (1.366)
	EX	34.1721 (1.3669)	34.05 (1.362)
Valve rocker arm to shaft	0.034~0.09 (0.0014~0.0036)		0.1 (0.004)
Valve stem-to-guide Clearance	IN	0.01~0.037 (0.0004~0.0015)	0.06 (0.0024)
	EX	0.025~0.052 (0.001~0.0021)	0.08 (0.0032)
Valve spring free length	IN	30.9 (1.236)	29.4 (1.176)
	EX	41 (1.64)	39 (1.56)
Valve spring compressed force	IN	10.20~11.84 kg (at 18.05 mm)	—
	EX	19.14~22.02 kg (at 21.5 mm)	—
Valve spring tilt	IN	0.8 (0.032)	—
	EX	1.07 (0.0428)	—

#### TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head cover bolt	1 kgf-m ( 10 Nm, 7.2 lbf-ft)	
Cam shaft hold nut	2.5 kgf-m (25 Nm, 18 lbf-ft)	Apply engine oil to threads
Tappet adjusting nut	0.9 kgf-m (9 Nm, 6.5 lbf-ft)	Apply engine oil to threads

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Valve spring compressor	E040
Tappet adjuster	E012

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

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### TROUBLESHOOTING

- The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

#### **Poor performance at idle speed**

- Compression too low

#### **Compression too low**

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bent valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- Poorly installed spark plug

#### **Compression too high**

- Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

#### **White smoke from exhaust muffler**

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem seal

#### **Abnormal noise**

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain guide
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### CYLINDER HEAD COVER

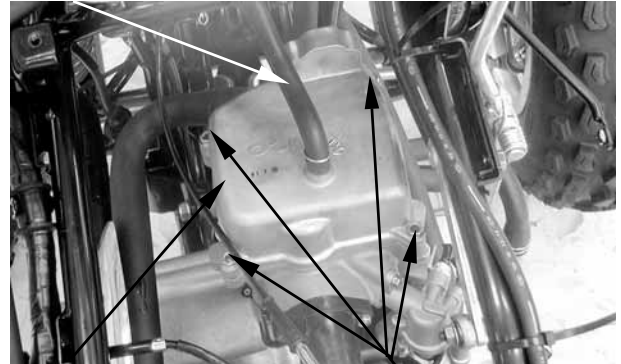
#### REMOVAL

Remove fuel tank. (Refer to the chapter 5)

Disconnect the crankcase breather hose from the cylinder head cover.

Remove the four bolts at the cylinder head cover, then remove the cylinder head cover.

Crankcase Breather Hose



Cylinder Head Cover

Bolts

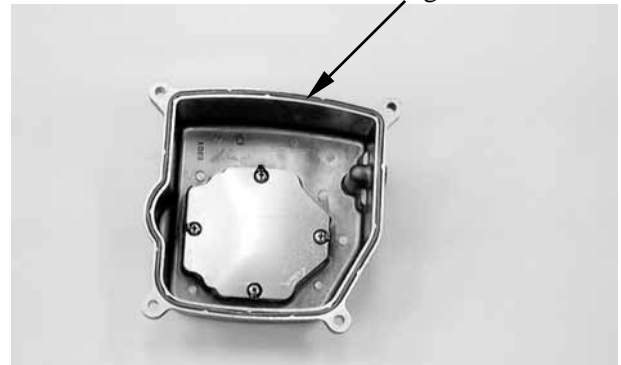
#### INSTALLATION

Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover. Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts.

**Torque:** 1 kgf-m ( 10 Nm, 7.2 lbf-ft)

\* Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.

O-ring



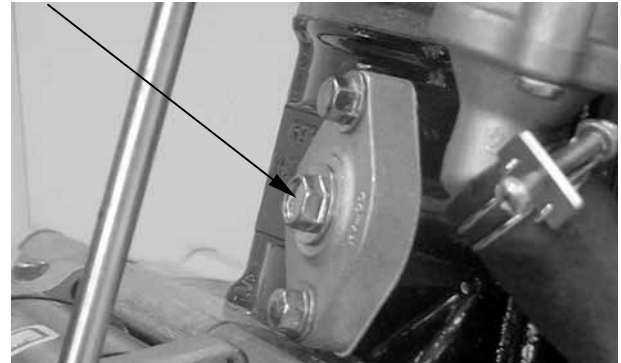
### CAMSHAFT/CAMSHAFT HOLDER

#### REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head cover. (Refer to the cylinder head cover removal)

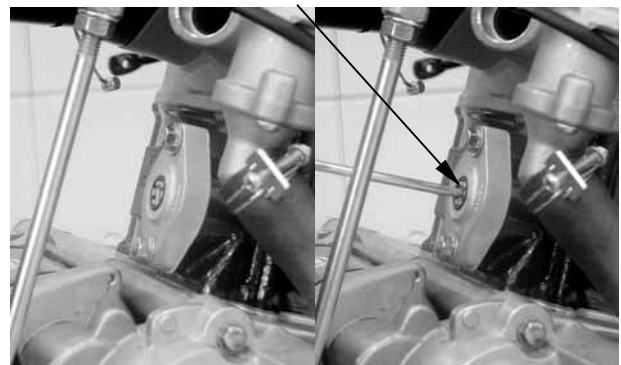
Remove the cam chain tensioner cap bolt and the O-ring.

Bolt



Turn the cam chain tensioner screw clockwise to tighten it.

Tensioner Screw

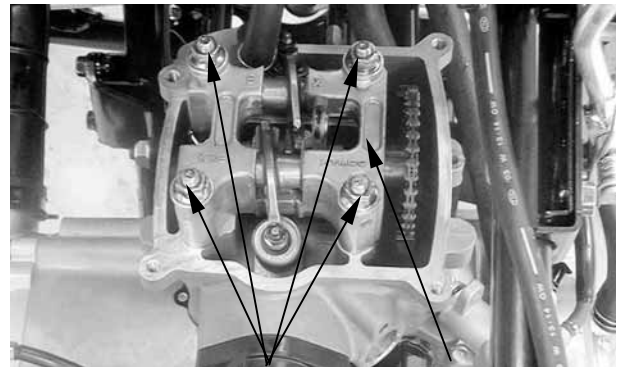


## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

Remove the four camshaft holder nuts and washers.

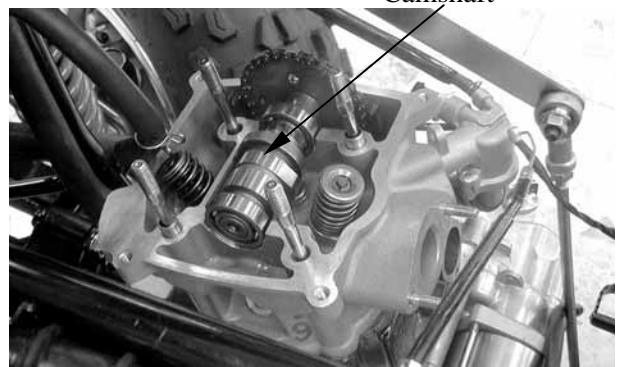
\* Diagonally loosen the cylinder head nuts in 2 or 3 times.

Remove the camshaft holder and dowel pins.



Nuts and Washers      Camshaft Holder

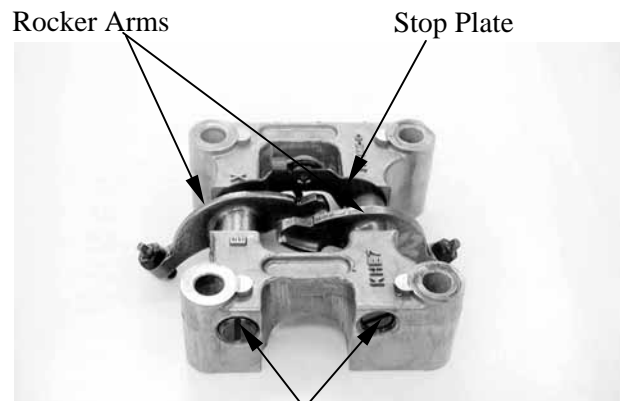
Remove the camshaft gear from the cam chain and remove the camshaft.



Camshaft

### CAMSHAFT HOLDER DISASSEMBLY

Take out the valve rocker arm shafts.  
Remove the valve rocker arms, arm shafts and stop plate.



Rocker Arms

Stop Plate

Rocker Arm Shafts

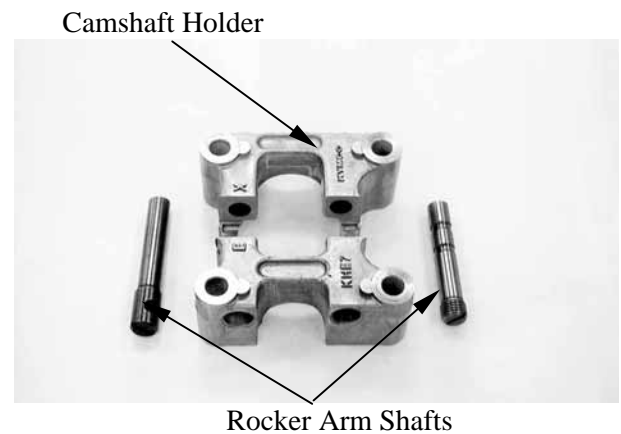
## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### CAMSHAFT HOLDER INSPECTION

Inspect the camshaft holder for wear or damage.

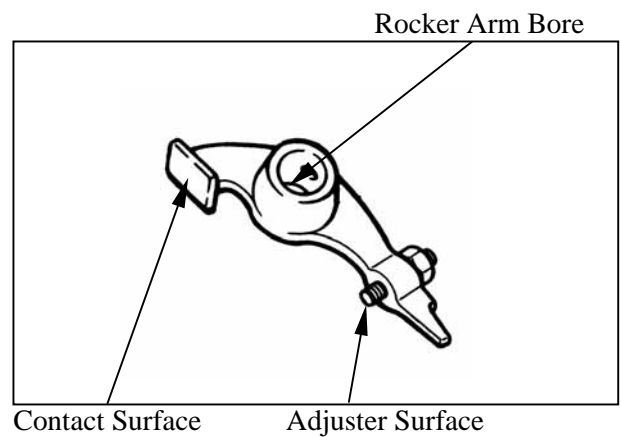
Inspect the rocker arm shaft for blue discoloration or grooves.

If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.



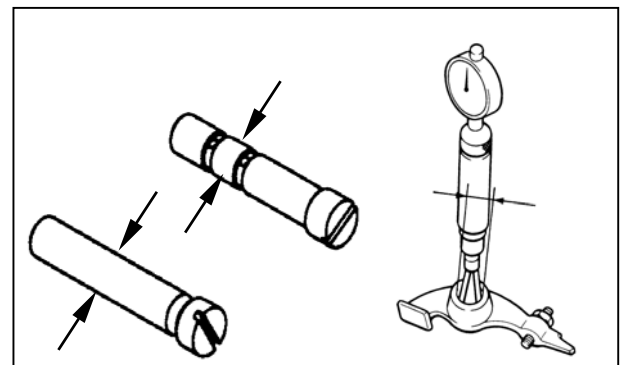
Inspect the rocker arm bore, cam lobe contact surface and adjuster surface for wear/pitting/scratches/blue discoloration.

If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.



Measure each rocker arm shaft O.D.  
Measure the I.D. of each valve rocker arm.  
Measure arm to shaft clearance.  
Replace as a set if out of specification.

**Service limits:** 0.1 mm (0.004 in)



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### CAMSHAFT HOLDER ASSEMBLY

Reverse the “CAMSHAFT HOLDER DISASSEMBLY” procedures.

- \* Align the cross cutout on the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft with the bolt of the camshaft holder.

### CAMSHAFT INSPECTION

Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.

Inspect camshaft lobes for pitting/scratches/blue discoloration.

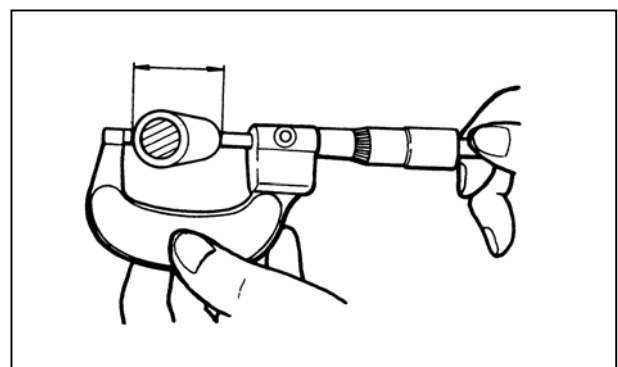
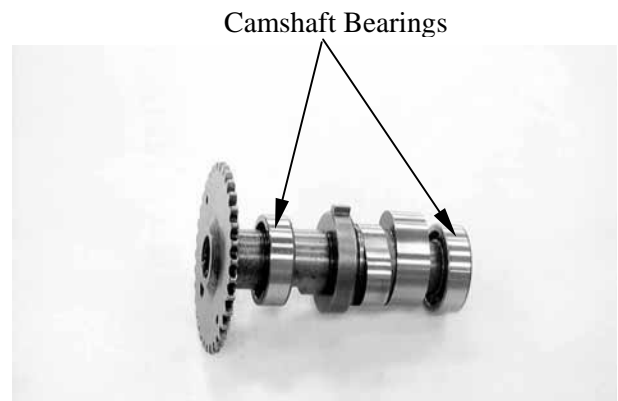
Measure the cam lobe height.

#### Service Limits:

IN : 34.15 mm (1.366 in)

EX: 34.05 mm (1.362 in)

If any defects are found, replace the camshaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “CAMSHAFT REMOVAL” procedures.

Note the following points:

1. Turn the flywheel so that the “T” mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the camshaft onto the cylinder head. (Refer to the “VALVE CLEARANCE” section in the chapter 3)

Install the camshaft dowel pins and holder.

Install the washers and nuts, then tighten the nuts to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 2.5 kgf-m (25 Nm, 18 lbf-ft)

- \*
  - Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head nuts.
  - Diagonally tighten the cylinder head nuts in 2~3 times.



Dowel Pins

2. Turn the cam chain tensioner screw counter-clockwise to release it.  
Apply engine oil to a new O-ring and install it.  
Tighten the cam chain tensioner cap bolt.

- \*
  - Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.



3. Adjust the valve clearance. (Refer to the “VALVE CLEARANCE” section in the chapter 3)



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### CYLINDER HEAD

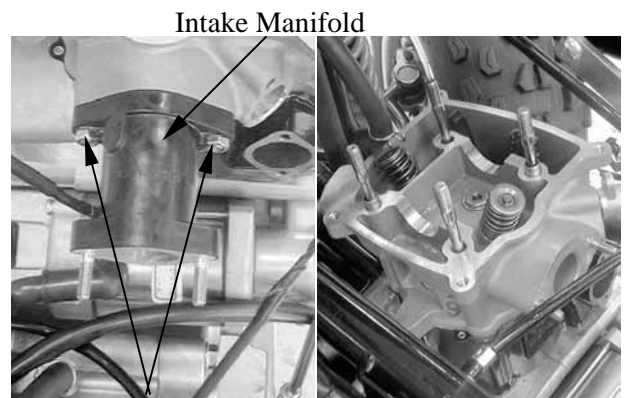
#### REMOVE

Remove the camshaft. (Refer to the “camshaft remove” section in the chapter 7)

Remove the carburetor. (Refer to the “carburetor remove” section in the chapter 5)

Remove the exhaust muffler. (Refer to the “exhaust muffler remove” section in the chapter 2)

Remove the two bolts and then remove the carburetor intake manifold.

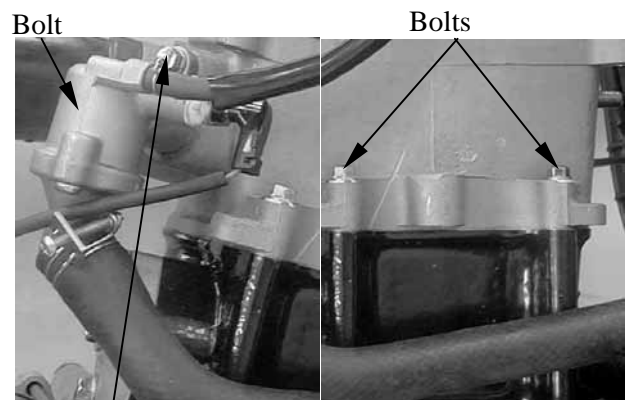


Intake Manifold

Bolts

Remove the bolt and disconnect the thermostat.

Remove the two cylinder head bolts.  
Remove the cylinder head.



Bolt

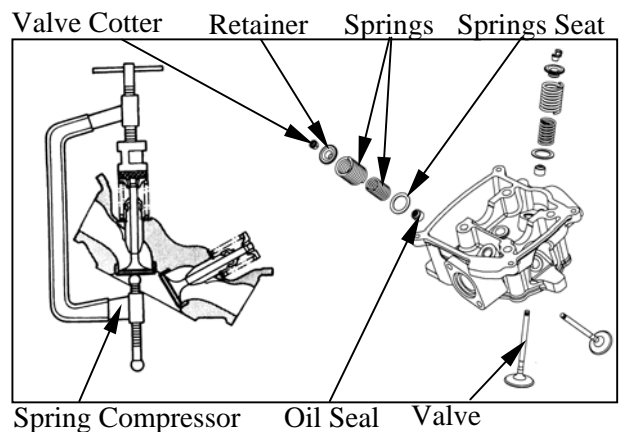
Bolts

Bolt

### CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY

Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats, oil seals and valves using a valve spring compressor.

- \*
- Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
  - Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly.



Valve Cotter

Retainer

Springs

Springs Seat

Spring Compressor

Oil Seal

Valve

#### Special tool:

Valve Spring Compressor E040

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### VALVE /VALVE GUIDE INSPECTION

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear.  
 If any defects are found, replace the valve with a new one.

Check valve movement in the guide.

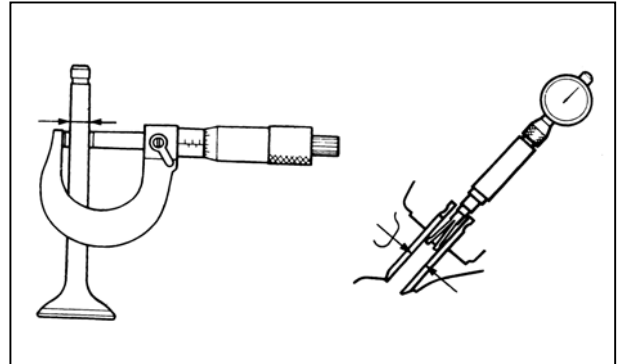
Measure each valve stem O.D.

Measure each valve guide I.D.

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding guide I.D. to obtain the stem-to-guide clearance.

**Service limits:** IN : 0.06 mm (0.0024 in)  
 EX: 0.08 mm (0.0032 in)

\* If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, replace the cylinder head as necessary.

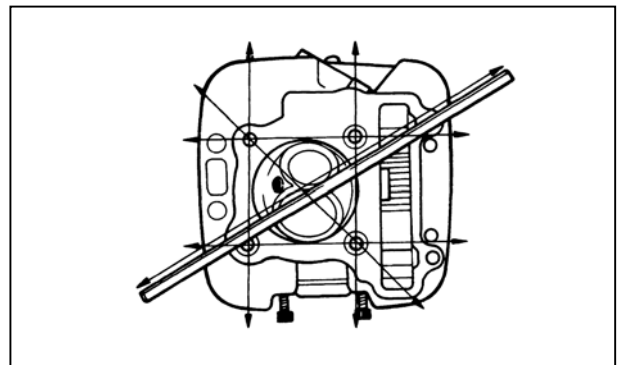


### CYLINDER HEAD INSPECTION

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

**Service Limit:** 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



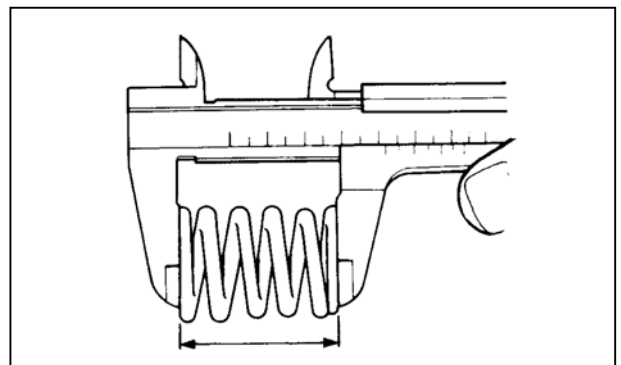
### VALVE SPRING INSPECTION

Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.

**Service Limit:**

Inner: 29.4 mm (1.176 in)

Outer: 39 mm (1.56 in)



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

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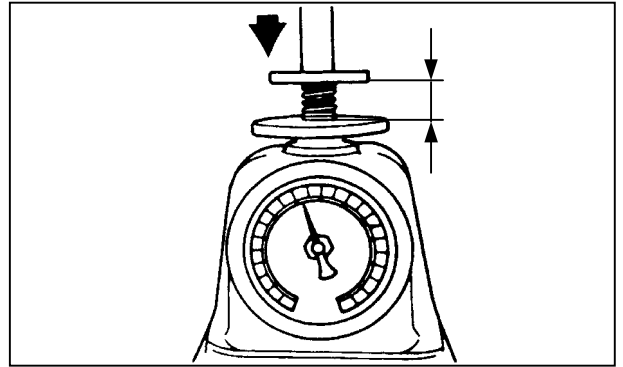
Measure compressed force (valve spring) and installed length.

Replace if out of specification.

**Service limits:**

IN : 10.20~11.84 kg (at 18.05 mm)

EX : 19.14~22.02 kg (at 21.5 mm)

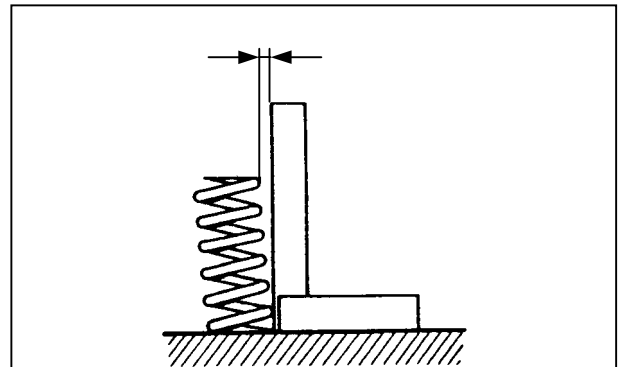


Measure the spring tilt.

Replace if out of specification.

**Service limits:** IN : 0.8 mm (0.032 in)

EX : 1.07 mm (0.428 in)



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

### ASSEMBLY

Install the valve spring seats and oil seal.

- \* Be sure to install new oil seal.

Lubricate each valve with engine oil and insert the valves into the valve guides.

Install the valve springs and retainers.

Compress the valve springs using the valve spring compressor, then install the valve cotters.

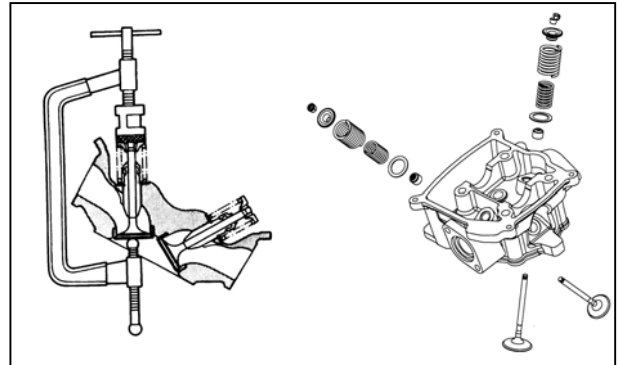
- \*
  - When assembling, a valve spring compressor must be used.
  - Install the cotters with the pointed ends facing down from the upper side of the cylinder head.

### Special tool:

Valve Spring Compressor E040

Tap the valve stems gently with a plastic hammer for 2~3 times to firmly seat the cotters.

- \* Be careful not to damage the valves.



### INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder head gasket.

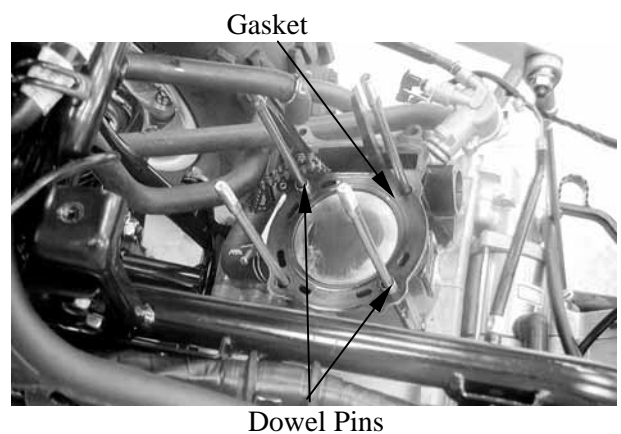
Reverse the “CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL” procedures.

After camshaft holder is installed and tighten the nuts, then tighten cylinder head bolts.

### Torque:

**Cylinder head bolt:**

**1 kgf-m (10 Nm, 7.2 lbf-ft)**



# 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

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## CYLINDER /PISTON

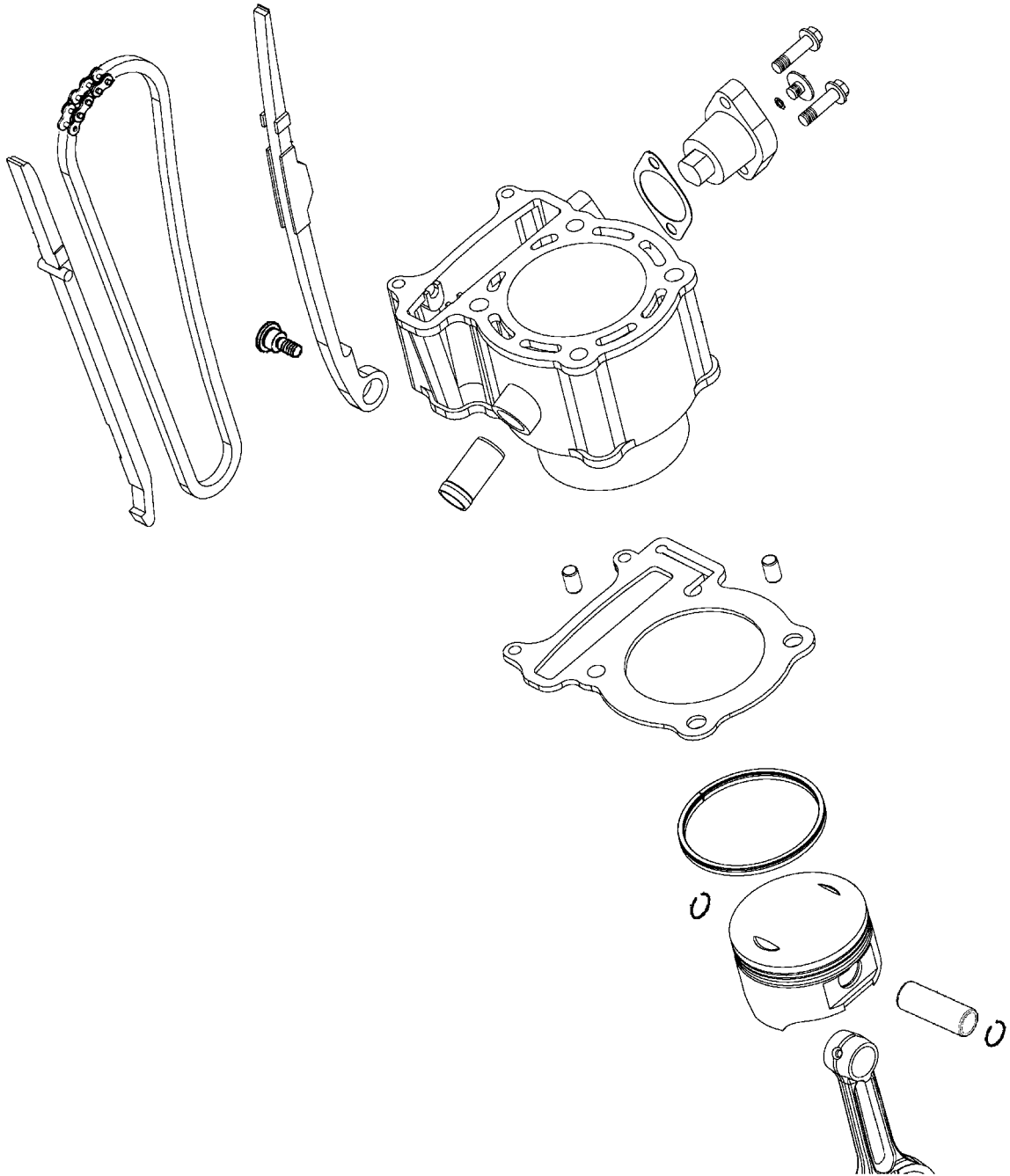
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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	8- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	8- 2
CYLINDER/PISTON -----	8- 4



# 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

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## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

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### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

- When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

#### **Compression too low or uneven compression**

- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

#### **Compression too high**

- Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

#### **Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler**

- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

#### **Abnormal noisy piston**

- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin

## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit	
Cylinder	I.D.	72.705~72.715 (2.9082~2.9086)	72.8 (2.912)	
	Warpage	—	0.05 (0.002)	
	Cylindricity	—	0.05 (0.002)	
	True roundness	—	0.05 (0.002)	
Piston, Piston ring	Ring-to-groove clearance	Top	0.015~0.055 (0.0006~0.0022)	0.09 (0.0036)
		Second	0.015~0.055 (0.0006~0.0022)	0.09 (0.0036)
	Ring end gap	Top	0.15~0.3 (0.006~0.012)	0.5 (0.02)
		Second	0.3~0.45 (0.012~0.018)	0.65 (0.026)
		Oil ring	0.2~0.7 (0.008~0.028)	0.9 (0.036)
	Piston O.D.	72.67~72.69 (2.9068~2.9076)	72.6 (2.904)	
	Piston O.D. measuring position	10 mm from bottom of skirt	—	
	Piston-to-cylinder clearance	0.01~0.04 (0.0004~0.0016)	0.1 (0.004)	
Piston pin hole I.D.	17.002~17.008 (0.68008~0.68032)	17.04 (0.6816)		
Piston pin O.D		16.994~17 (0.67976~0.68)	16.96 (0.6784)	
Piston-to-piston pin clearance		0.002~0.014 (0.00008~0.00056)	0.02 (0.0008)	
Connecting rod small end I.D. bore		17.016~17.034 (0.68064~0.68136)	17.06 (0.6824)	



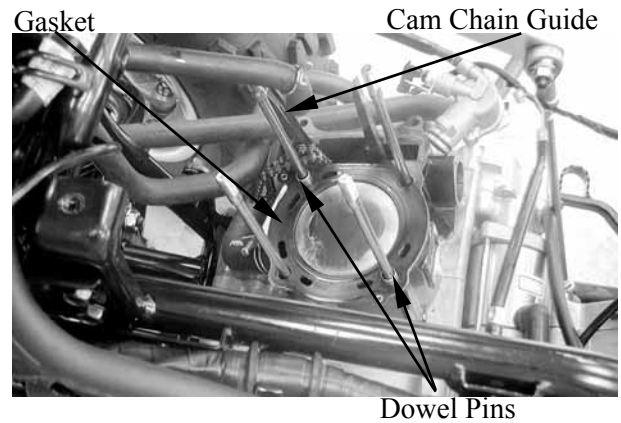
## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

### CYLINDER/PISTON

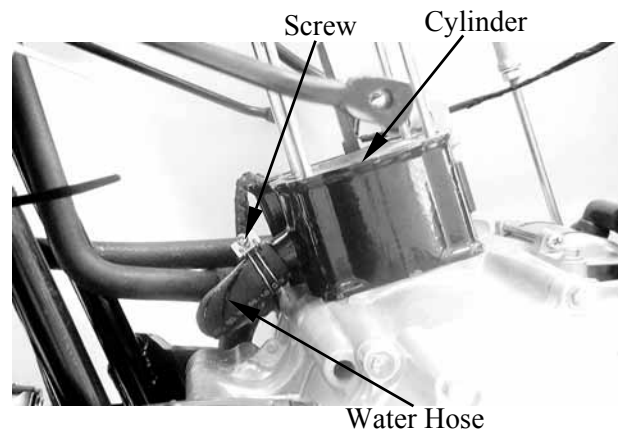
#### REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head. (Refer to the chapter 7)

Remove the two dowel pins, cylinder head gasket and cam chain guide.

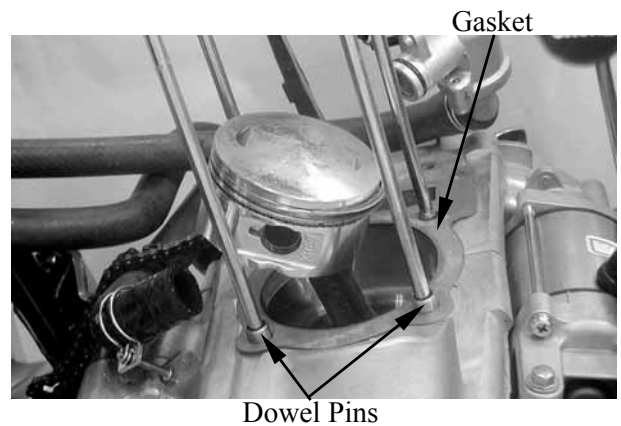


Unscrew the clamp and disconnect the water hose.  
Remove the cylinder



Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins.  
Clean any gasket material from the cylinder surface.

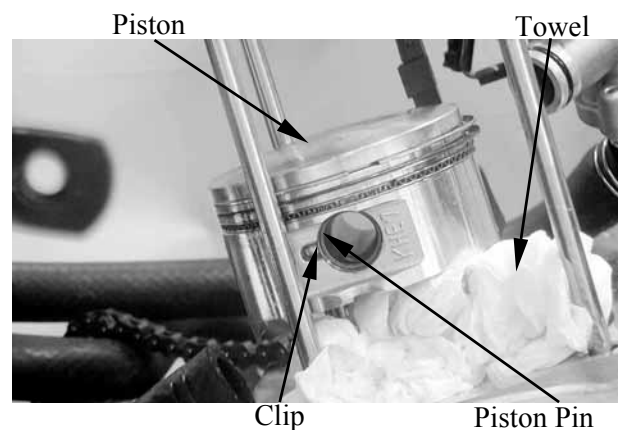
\* Be careful not to drop foreign matters into the crankcase.



Remove the piston pin clip.

\* Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.

Press the piston pin out of the piston and remove the piston.



## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

### INSPECTION

Inspect the piston, piston pin and piston rings.

Remove the piston rings.

- \* Take care not to damage or break the piston rings during removal.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.

Inspect the piston wall for wear/scratches/damage.

If any defects are found, replace the piston with a new one.

Install the piston rings onto the piston and measure the piston ring-to-groove clearance.

**Service Limits: Top:** 0.09 mm (0.0036 in)  
**2nd:** 0.09 mm (0.0036 in)

Remove the piston rings and insert each piston ring into the cylinder bottom.

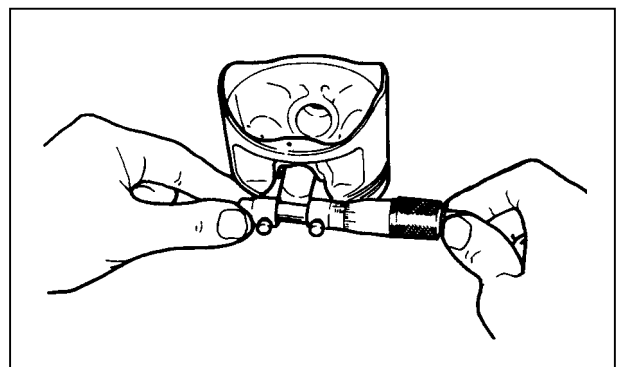
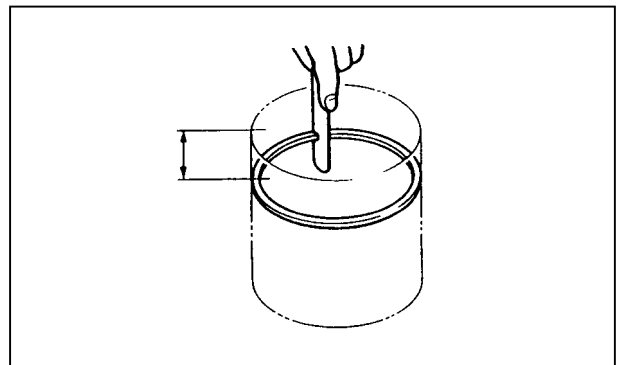
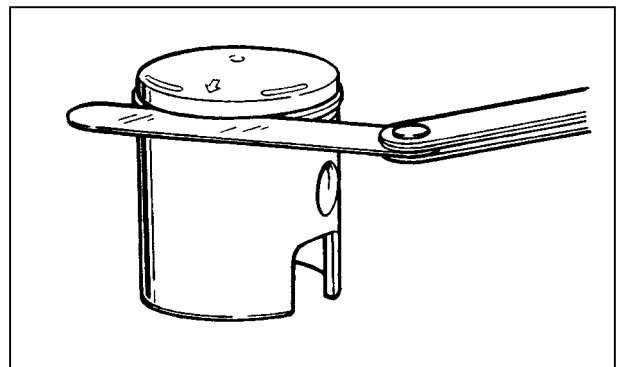
- \* Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap.

**Service Limit: Top:** 0.5 mm (0.02 in)  
**2nd:** 0.65 mm (0.026 in)  
**Oil ring:** 0.9 mm (0.036 in)

Measure the piston pin hole I.D.

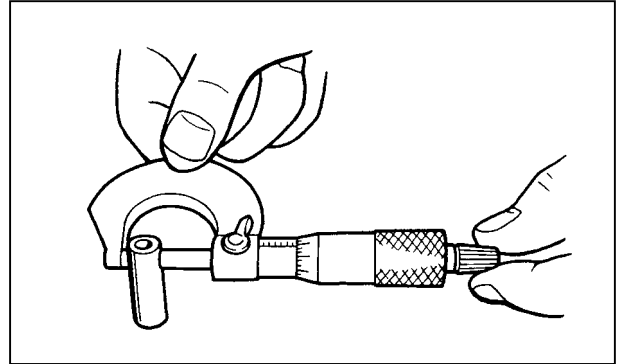
**Service Limit:** 17.04 mm (0.6816 in)



## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

Measure the piston pin O.D.

**Service Limit:** 16.96 mm (0.6784 in)



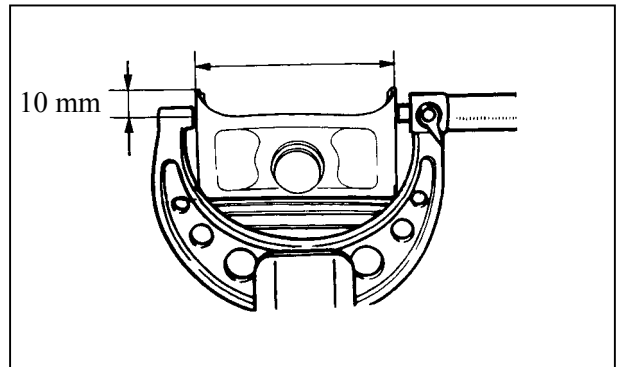
Measure the piston O.D.

\* Take measurement at 10 mm from the bottom and 90° to the piston pin hole.

**Service Limit:** 72.6 mm (2.904 in)

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)



### CYLINDER INSPECTION

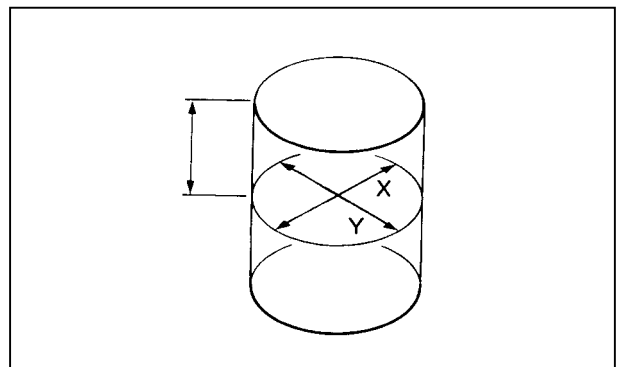
Inspect the cylinder bore for wear or damage. Measure the cylinder I.D. at three levels of top, middle and bottom at 90° to the piston pin (in both X and Y directions).

Cylinder I.D.:

**Service Limit:** 72.8 mm (2.912 in)

Measure the cylinder-to-piston clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.1 mm (0.004 in)



The true roundness is the difference between the values measured in X and Y directions. The cylindricity (difference between the values measured at the three levels) is subject to the maximum value calculated.

**Service Limits:**

**True Roundness:** 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

**Cylindricity:** 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

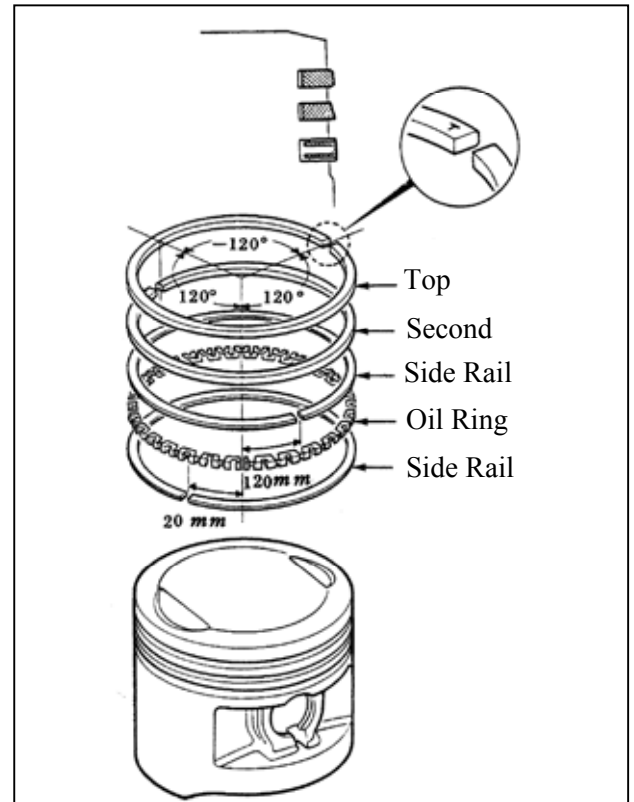
## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

### PISTON RING INSTALLATION

Install the piston rings onto the piston.  
Apply engine oil to each piston ring.

\*

- Be careful not to damage or break the piston and piston rings.
- All rings should be installed with the markings facing up.
- After installing the rings, they should rotate freely without sticking.



Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

**Service Limit:** 17.06 mm (0.6824 in)

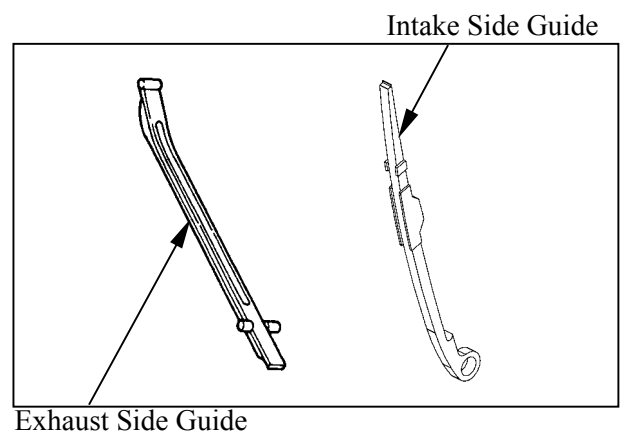
Measure the connecting rod to piston pin clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.06 mm (0.0024 in)



Inspect the exhaust side and intake side chain guides.

Wear/Damage → Replace.



## 8. CYLINDER/PISTON

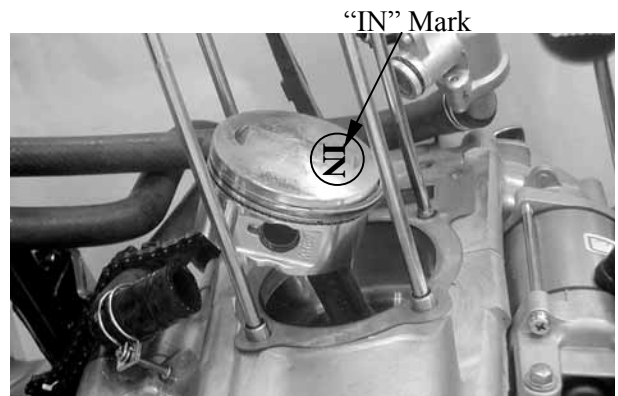
### PISTON INSTALLATION

Remove any gasket material from the crankcase surface.

- \* Be careful not to drop foreign matters into the crankcase.

Install the piston, piston pin and a new piston pin clip.

- \*
  - Position the piston “IN” mark on the intake valve side.
  - Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



### CYLINDER INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder gasket on the crankcase.

Coat the cylinder bore, piston and piston rings with clean engine oil.

Carefully lower the cylinder over the piston by compressing the piston rings.

- \*
  - Apply proper clean engine oil around cylinder wall.
  - Be careful not to damage or break the piston rings.
  - Stagger the ring end gaps at 120° to the piston pin.

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# **9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS**

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## **DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS**

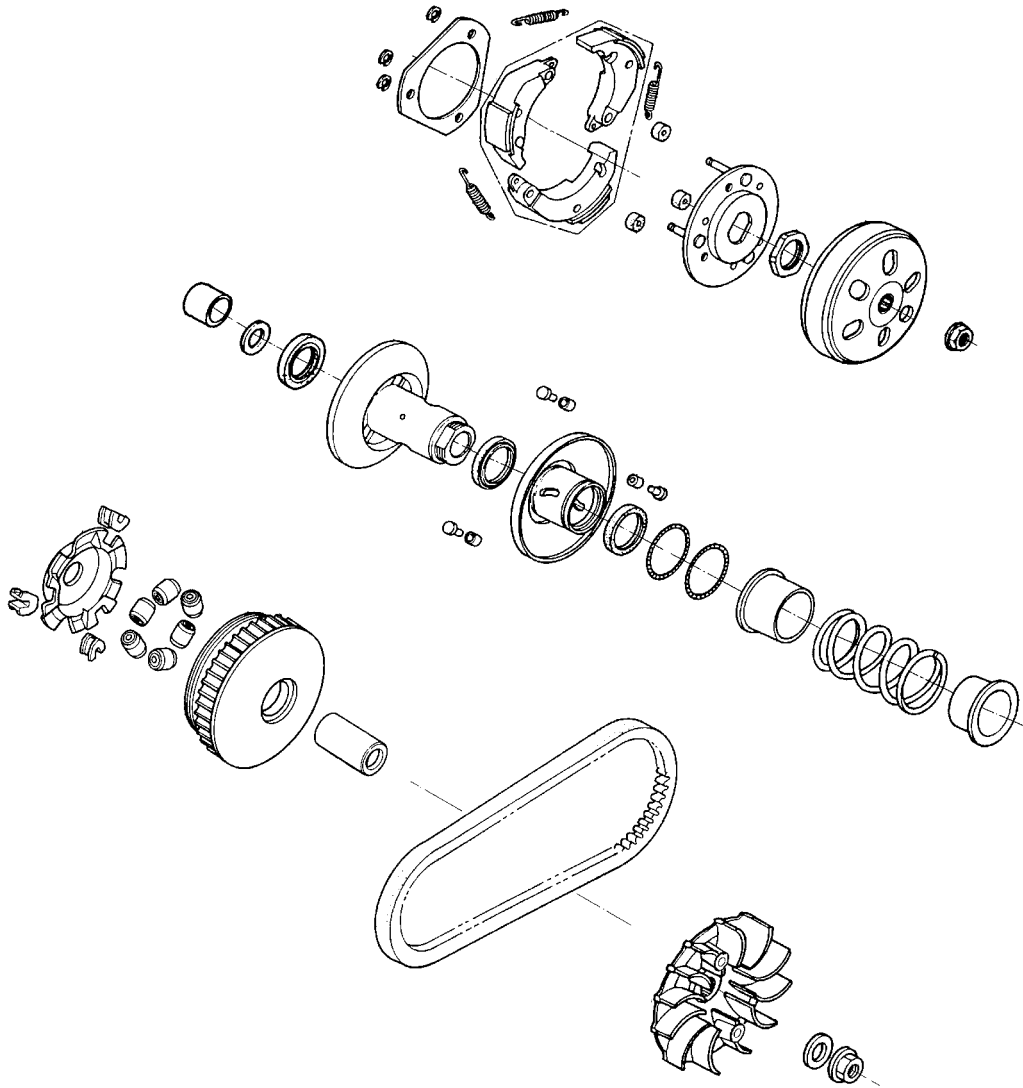
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CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY .....	9-7



**9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS**

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# 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The drive pulley, clutch and driven pulley can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces. Remove any oil or grease from them to minimize the slipping of drive belt and drive pulley.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Movable drive face bushing I.D.	26.989~27.052 (1.07956~1.08208)	27.06 (1.0824)
Drive face collar O.D.	26.96~26.974 (1.0784~1.07896)	26.94 (1.0776)
Drive belt width	23.6~24.4 (0.944~0.976)	22 (0.88)
Clutch lining thickness	—	0.5 (0.02)
Clutch outer I.D.	153~153.2 (6.12~6.128)	153.5 (6.14)
Driven face spring free length	—	131 (5.24)
Driven face O.D.	39.965~39.985 (1.5986~1.5994)	39.94 (1.5976)
Movable driven face I.D.	40~40.025 (1.6~1.601)	40.06 (1.6024)
Weight roller O.D.	22.92~23.08 (0.9168~0.9232)	22.8 (0.912)

### TORQUE VALUES

Drive face nut	9.5 kgf-m (95 Nm, 68 lbf-ft)
Clutch outer nut	5.5 kgf-m (55 Nm, 40 lbf-ft)
Drive plat nut	5.5 kgf-m (55 Nm, 40 lbf-ft)

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Universal holder	E017	Clutch spring compressor	E027
Bearing puller	E008	Oil seal and bearing install	E014

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining
- Broken driven face spring

#### Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

- Broken clutch weight spring
- Broken clutch weight spring

#### Lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Fouled drive face



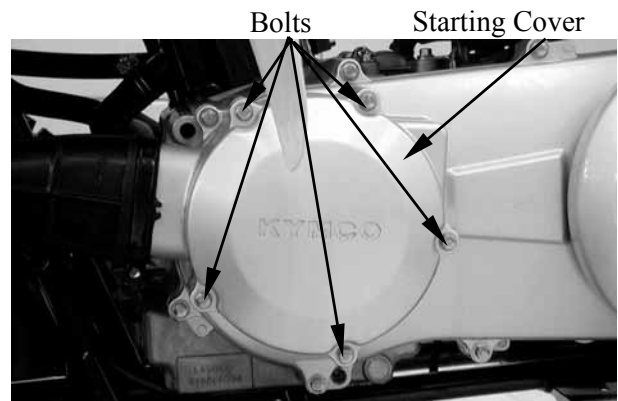
## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

### LEFT CRANKCASE COVER

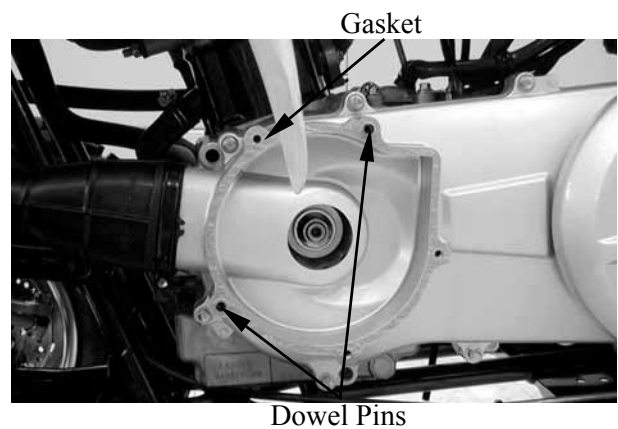
#### REMOVAL

Remove the five bolts.

Remove the starting cover.

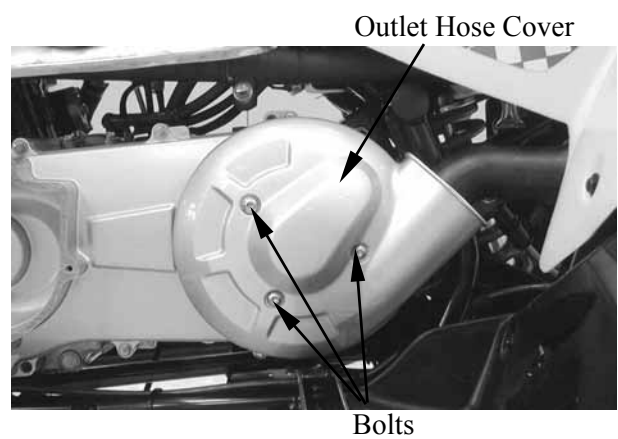


Remove the dowel pins and gasket.

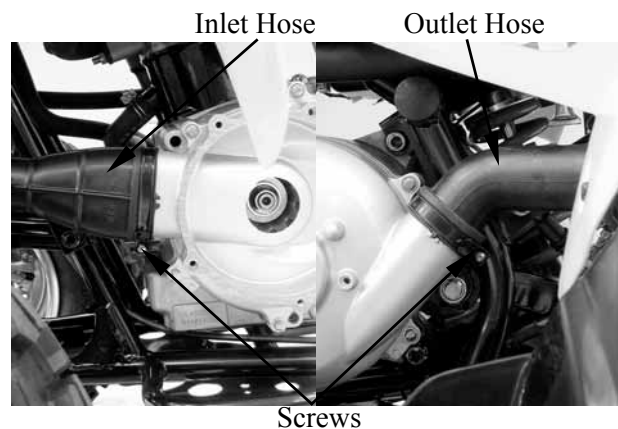


Remove the three bolts.

Remove the outlet hose cover.

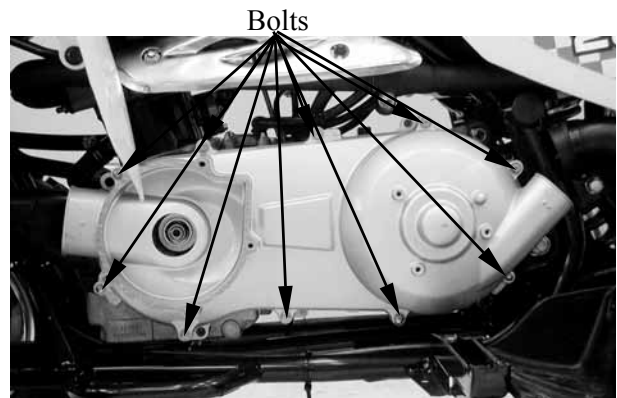


Loosen the drive belt air inlet and outlet hose band screws and disconnect them from the left crankcase cover.



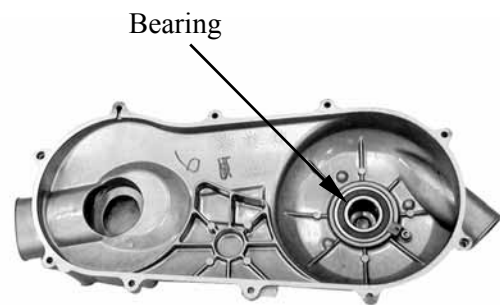
## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Remove the left crankcase cover bolts and left crankcase cover.  
Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



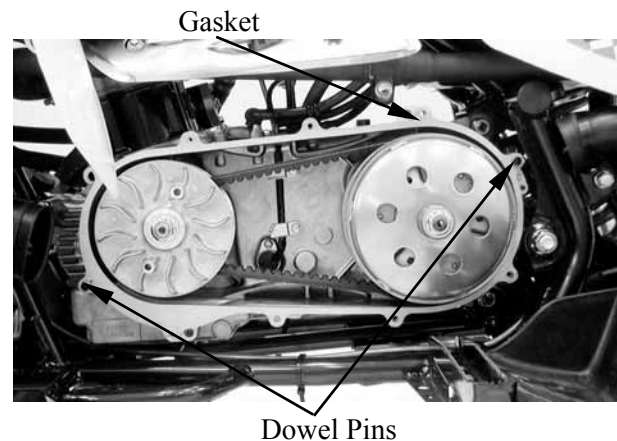
### INSPECTION

Inspect the bearing for allow play in the left crankcase cover or the bearing turns roughly  
→ Replace.



### INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.  
Reverse the “LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL” procedures.  
Install the left crankcase cover and tighten the bolts.  
Connect the drive belt air inlet and outlet hose and tighten band screws.  
Install the starting cover and outlet hose cover.

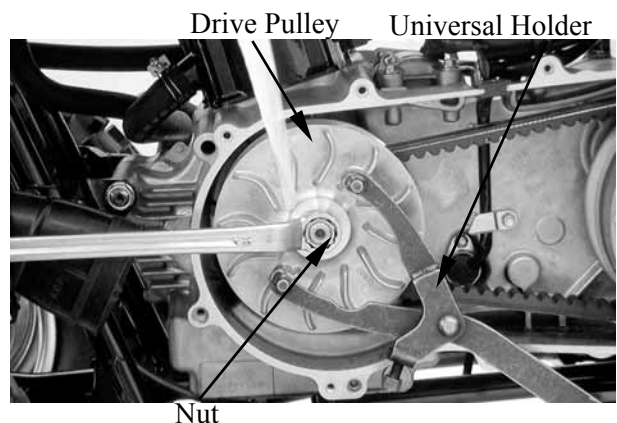


### DRIVE PULLEY

#### REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (Refer to the “LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL” section in the chapter 9)

Hold the drive pulley using a universal holder and remove the drive face nut and washer.  
Remove the drive pulley.

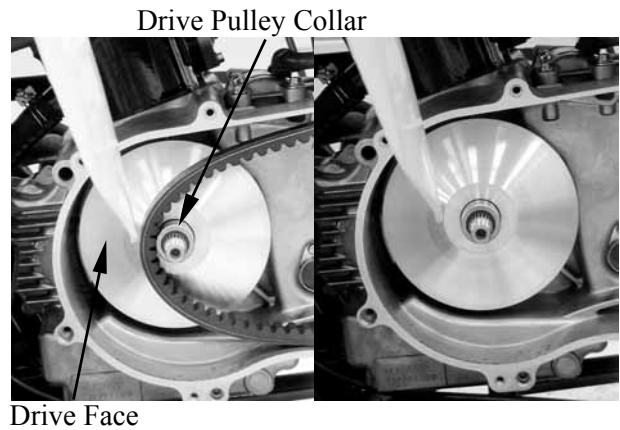


#### Special tool:

Universal Holder E017

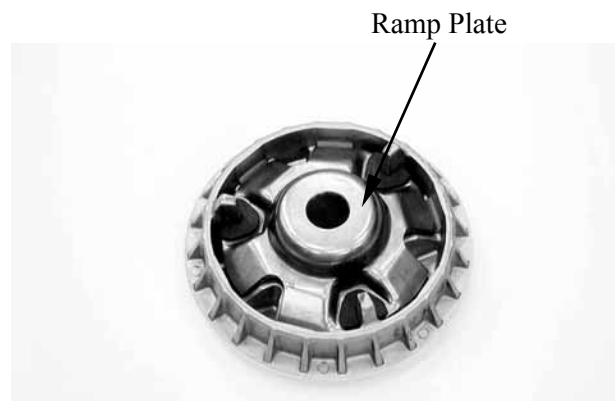
## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Remove the movable drive face assembly and drive pulley collar.

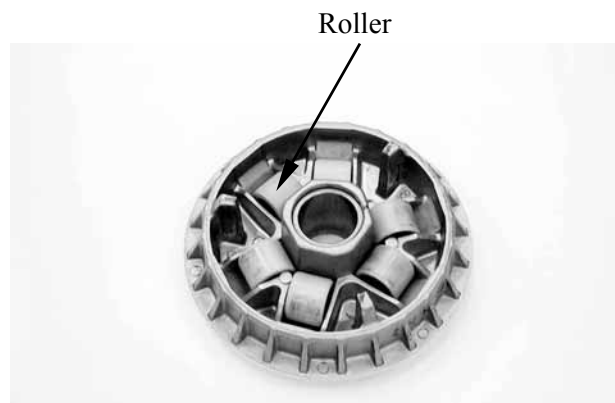


### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the ramp plate.



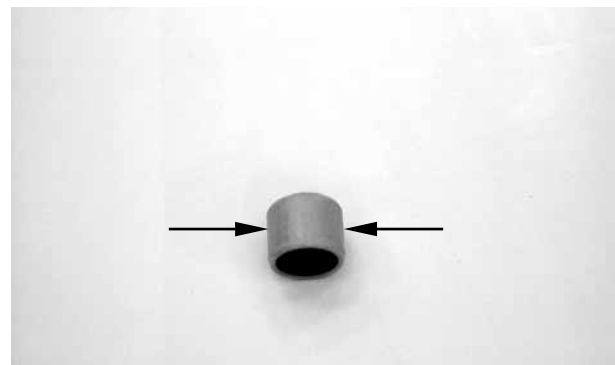
Remove the six weight rollers.



### INSPECTION

Check each weight roller for wear or damage.  
Measure each weight roller O.D.

**Service Limit:** 22.8 mm (0.912 in)



## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

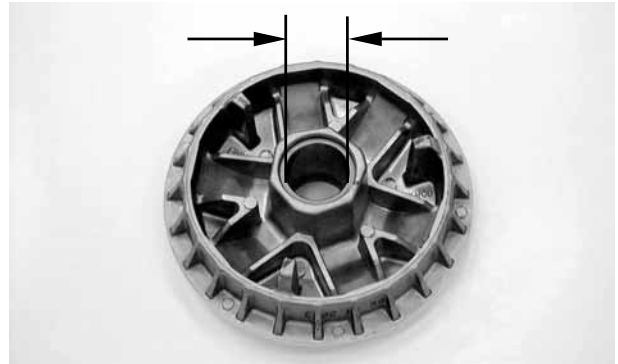
Measure the movable drive face bushing I.D.

**Service Limit:** 27.06 mm (1.0824 in)

### ASSEMBLY

Install the weight rollers into the movable drive face.

Install the ramp plate.



Check the drive pulley collar for wear or damage.

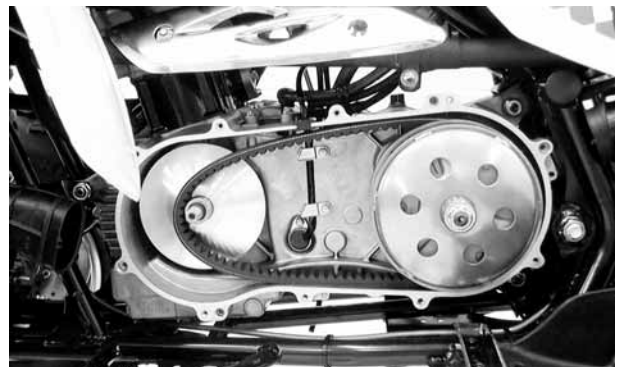
Measure the O.D. of the drive pulley collar sliding surface.

**Service Limit:** 26.94 mm (1.0776 in)



### INSTALLATION

Install the drive pulley face assembly and collar.



Install the drive pulley, wash and nut.

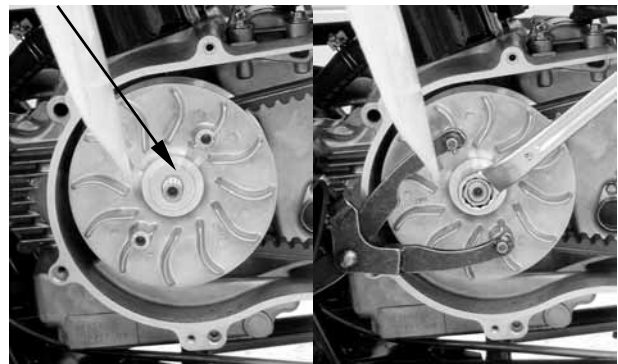
\*

When installing the drive pulley face, compress it to let the drive belt move downward to the lowest position so that the drive pulley can be tightened.

Install the washer with the "OUT SIDE" mark facing out.

Do not get oil or grease on the drive belt or pulley faces.

Washer



**Torque:** 9.5 kgf-m (95 N-m, 68 lbf-ft)

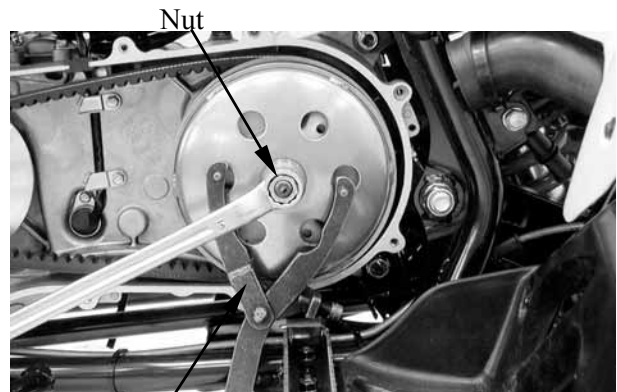
## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

#### REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (Refer to the "LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL" section in the chapter 9)  
 Remove the drive pulley. (Refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY REMOVAL" section in the chapter 9)

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut.

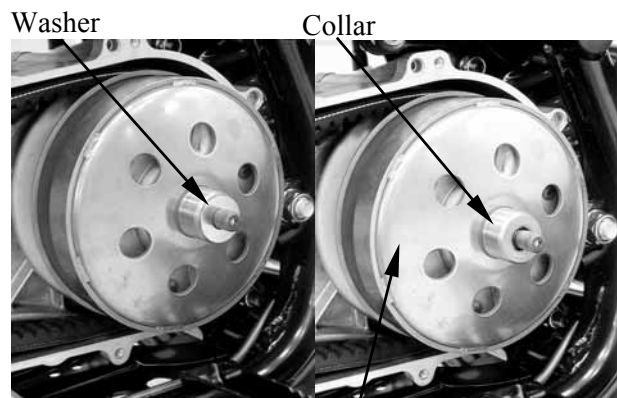


Universal Holder

#### Special tool:

Universal Holder E017

Remove the wash, collar and clutch outer.



Clutch Outer

Remove the clutch/driven pulley and drive belt.



Clutch/Driven Pulley

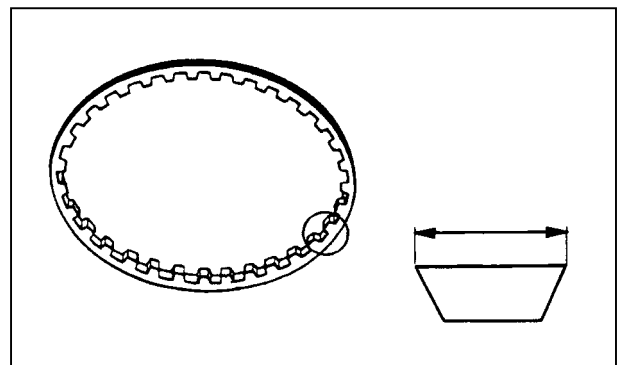
Drive Belt

#### DRIVE BELT INSPECTION

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear.  
 Measure the drive belt width.

**Service Limit:** 22 mm (0.88 in)

\* Use specified genuine parts for replacement.

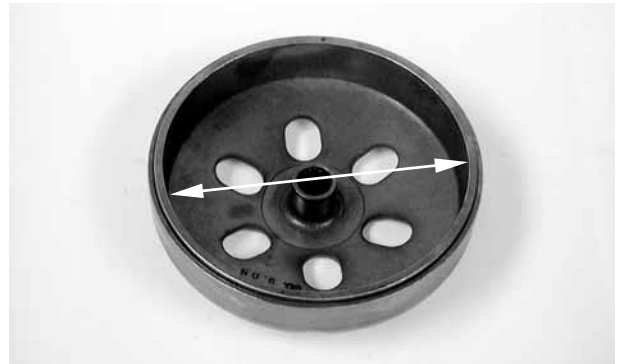


## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

### CLUTCH OUTER INSPECTION

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage.  
Measure the clutch outer I.D.

**Service Limit:** 153.5 mm (6.14 in)



### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Hold the clutch/driven pulley assembly with the clutch spring compressor.

\* Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

#### Special tool:

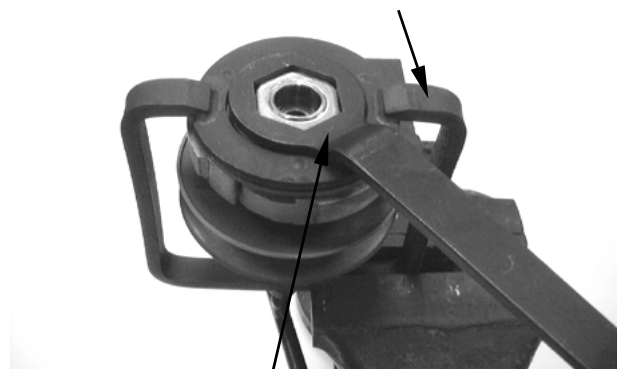
Clutch Spring Compressor E027

Set the clutch spring compressor in a vise and remove the clutch drive plate nut.

Loosen the clutch spring compressor and disassemble the clutch/driven pulley assembly. Remove the seal collar.

Pull out the guide roller pins and guide rollers. Remove the movable driven face from the driven face.

Clutch Spring Compressor

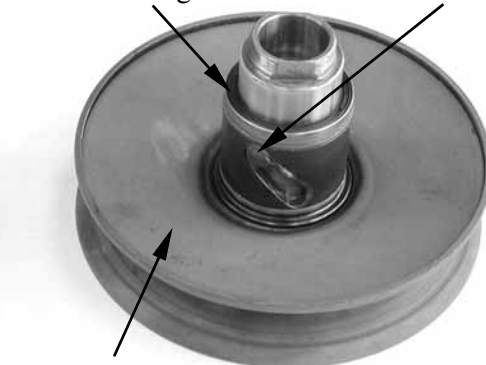


Lock Nut Wrench



O-ring

Guide Roller Pin



Movable Driven Face

## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Remove the oil seal from the movable driven face.



Measure the clutch lining thickness.

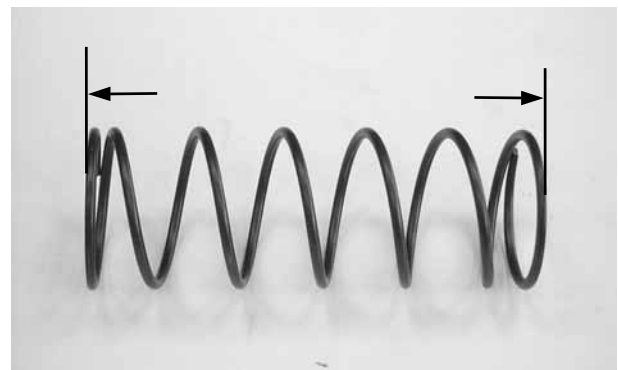
**Service Limit:** 0.5 mm (0.02 in)



### INSPECTION

Measure the driven face spring free length.

**Service Limit:** 131 mm (5.24 in)



Check the driven face for wear or damage.  
Measure the driven face O.D.

**Service Limit:** 39.94 mm (1.5976 in)

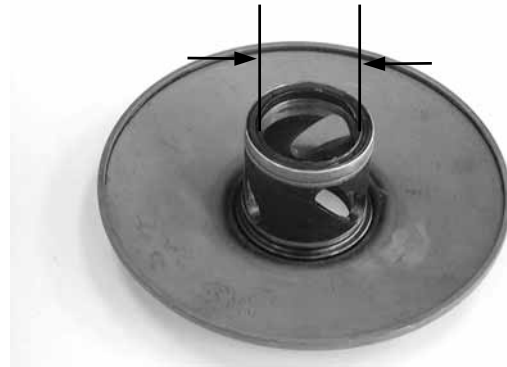


## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Check the movable driven face for wear or damage.

Measure the movable driven face I.D.

**Service Limit:** 40.06 mm (1.6024 in)



### DRIVEN PULLEY FACE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Drive the inner needle bearing out of the driven pulley face.

- \* Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

Inner Bearing



Remove the snap ring and drive the outer bearing out of the driven face.

- \* Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

Outer Bearing



Apply grease to the outer bearing.  
Drive a new outer bearing into the driven face with the sealed end facing up.

**Special tool:**

Bearing Puller E008

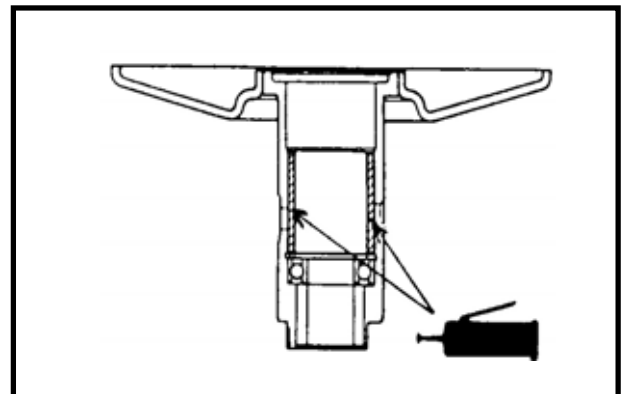
Seat the snap ring in its groove.  
Apply grease to the driven face bore areas.

- \* Pack all bearing cavities with proper grease.  
Specified grease: Heat resistance 230°C

Press a new needle bearing into the driven face.

**Special tool:**

Oil Seal And Bearing Install E014



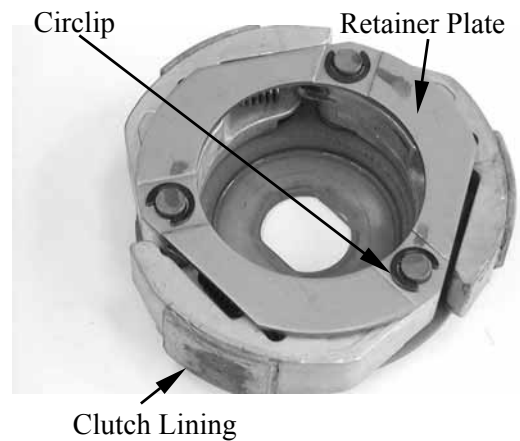


## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

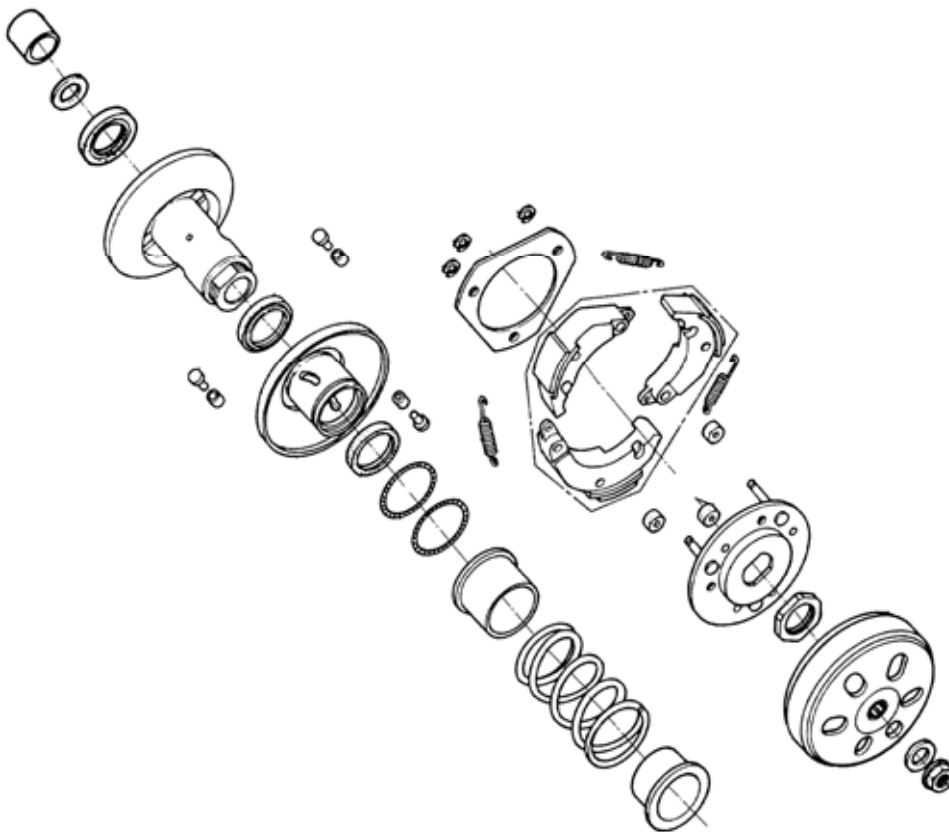
### CLUTCH DISASSEMBLY

Remove the circlips and retainer plate to disassemble the clutch.

\* Keep grease off the clutch linings.



### CLUTCH / DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY



## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

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Install the damper rubbers on the drive plate pins.

Install the clutch weights/shoes and clutch springs onto the drive plate.

Install the retainer plate and secure with the circlips.

Clean the driven pulley faces and remove any grease from them.

Install the oil seal onto the moveable driven face.

Apply grease to the Oil seal and install them onto the moveable driven face.

Install the movable driven face onto the driven face.

Apply grease to the guide rollers and guide roller pins and then install them into the holes of the driven face.

Install the seal collar.

Remove any excessive grease.

\* Be sure to clean the driven face off any grease.

Set the driven pulley assembly, driven face spring and clutch assembly onto the clutch spring compressor.

\* Align the flat surface of the driven face with the flat on the clutch drive plate.

Compress the clutch spring compressor and install the drive plate nut.

Set the clutch spring compressor in a vise and tighten the drive plate nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 5.5 kgf-m (55 N-m, 40 lbf-ft)

\* Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

### Special tool:

Clutch Spring Compressor E027

## 9. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

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### INSTALLATION

Install the clutch/driven pulley and driven belt onto the drive shaft.

\* Keep grease off the drive shaft.

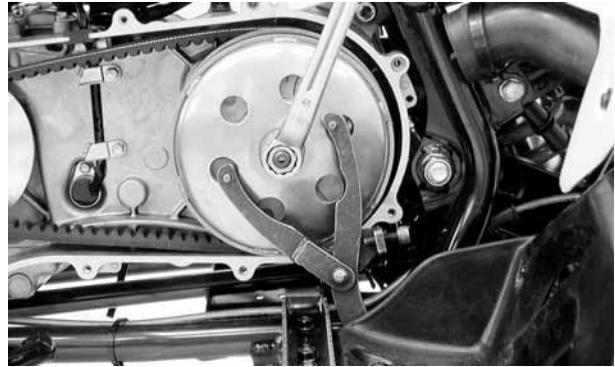
Install the clutch outer, collar and washer.  
Hold the clutch outer with the flywheel holder.

Install and tighten the clutch outer nut.

**Torque:** 5.5 kgf-m (55 N-m, 40 lbf-ft)

### Special tool:

Universal Holder E017



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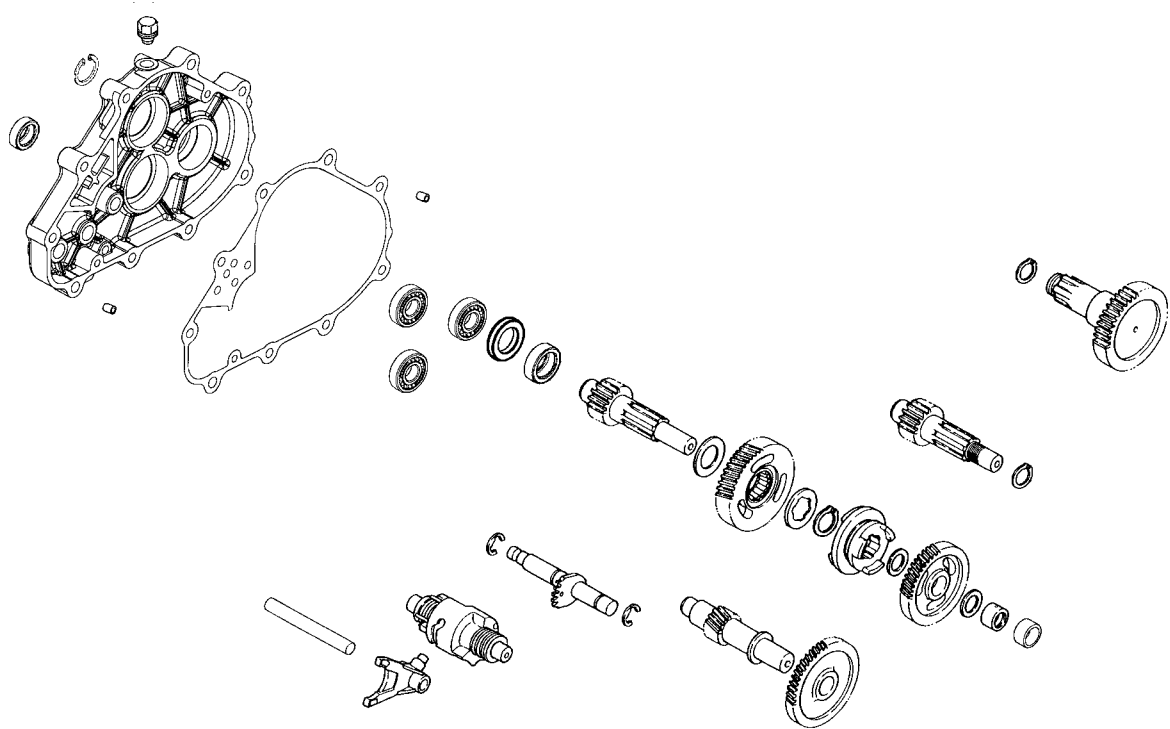
**FINAL REDUCTION/TRANSMISSION SYSTEM**

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SERVICE INFORMATION----- 10- 2  
TROUBLESHOOTING----- 10- 2  
TRANSMISSION CASE COVER----- 10- 3  
TRANSMISSION----- 10- 5

# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

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## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The transmission system can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When replacing the drive shaft, use a special tool to hold the bearing inner race for this operation.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Specified Oil: GEAR OIL SAE 90#

Oil Capacity: At change: 0.3 liter (0.264 Imp qt, 0.318 US qt)

At disassembly: 0.4 liter (0.352 Imp qt, 0.424 US qt)

### TORQUE VALUES

Transmission case cover bolt 2.7 kgf-m (27 Nm, 20 lbf-ft)

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

#### Oil leaks

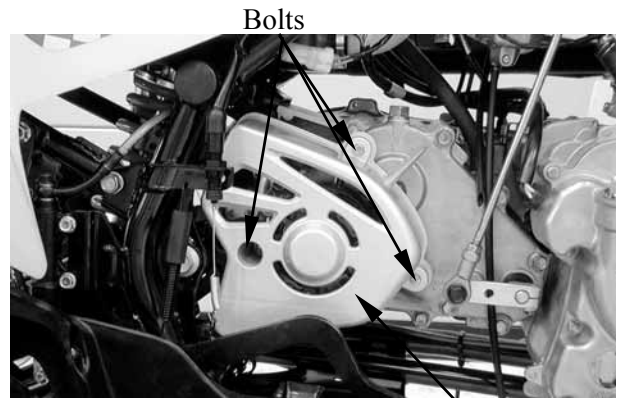
- Oil too rich
- Worn or damaged oil seal

# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

## TRANSMISSION CASE COVER REMOVAL

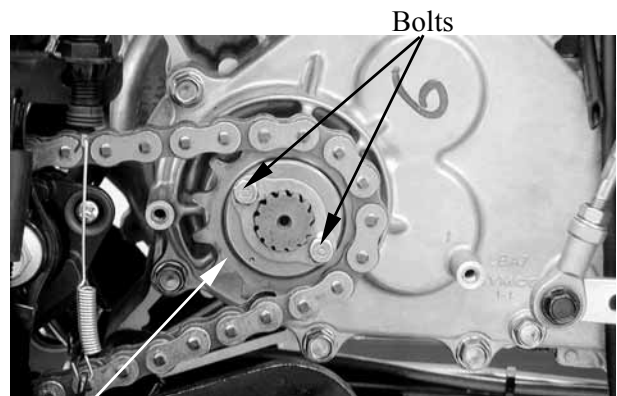
Drain transmission gear oil into a clean container. (Refer to the “TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT” section in the chapter 3)

Remove the three and then remove the drive sprocket cover.



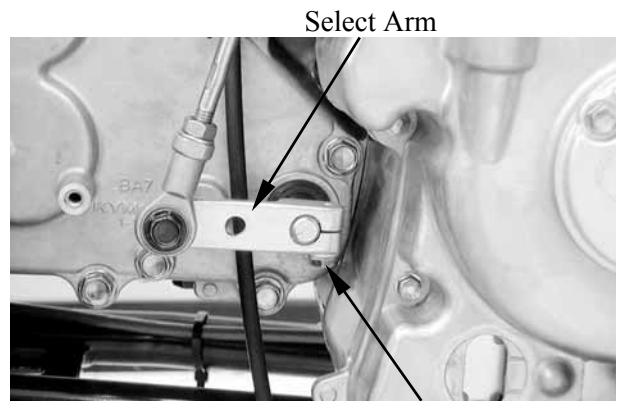
Drive Sprocket Cover

Remove the two bolts and then remove the washer and drive sprocket.



Drive Sprocket

Remove the bolt and then disconnect the drive shift arm from the shift shaft.



Bolt

Remove the transmission case cover attaching bolts.



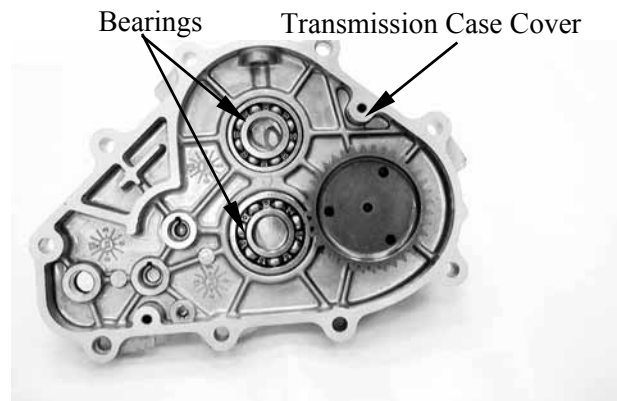
Bolts

# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Remove the transmission case cover, dowel pins and gasket.

Inspect the bearings for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearings turn roughly.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.

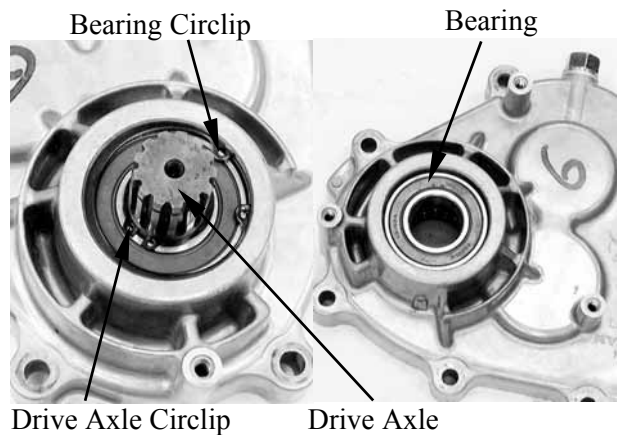


## TRANSMISSION CASE COVER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the drive axle circlip.

Remove the drive axle from the transmission case cover.

Remove the bearing circlip for remove the bearing.



Inspect the bearing for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearing turns roughly .

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.

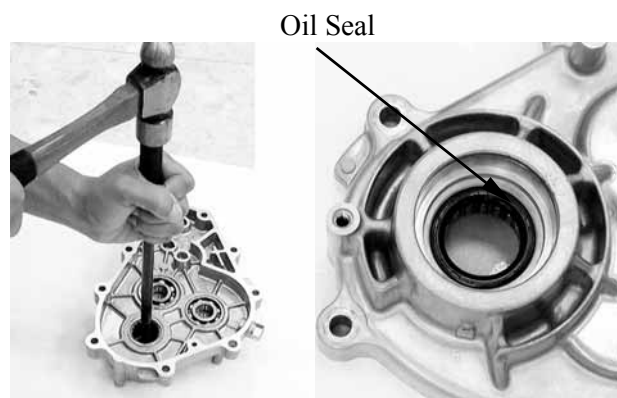
Inspect the drive axle gear teeth for wear or damage.



Remove the bearing to expose the oil seal.

Inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.

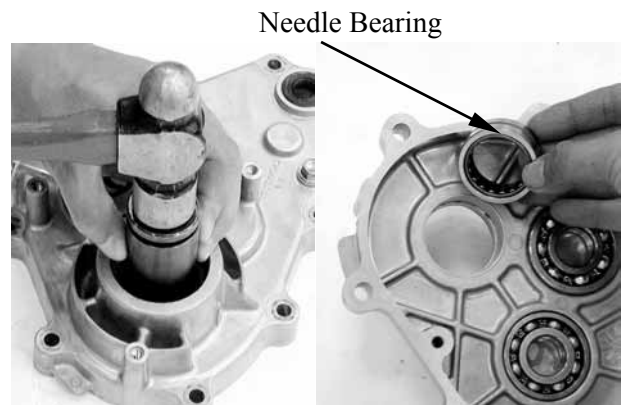
If any defects are found, replace the oil seal with a new one.





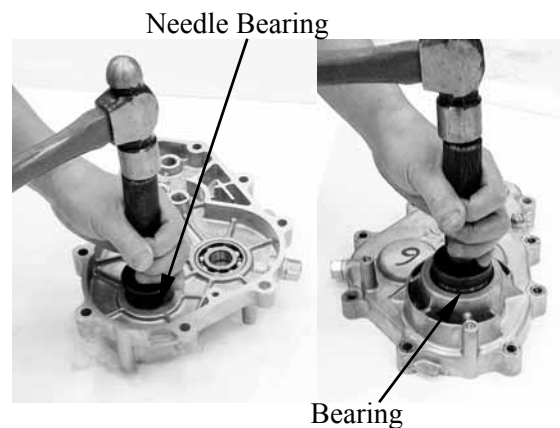
# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Inspect the needle bearing for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearing turns roughly.  
If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.



## ASSEMBLY

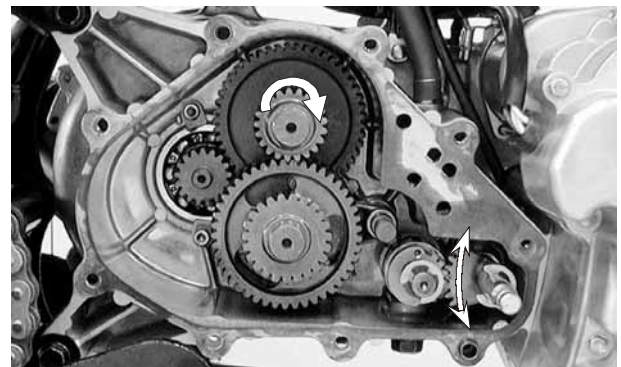
Install the needle bearing.  
Install the oil seal and bearing.  
Install the bearing circlip.  
Install the drive axle and drive axle circlip.



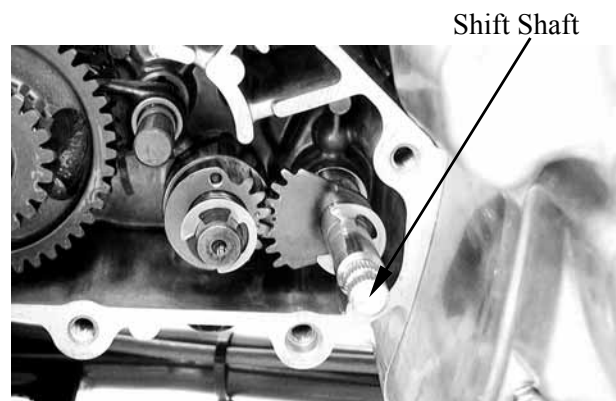
## TRANSMISSION REMOVAL

Remove the transmission cover. (Refer to the “TRANSMISSION CASE COVER REMOVAL” in the chapter 10)

Check the transmission operation.  
Unsmooth operation → Repair.

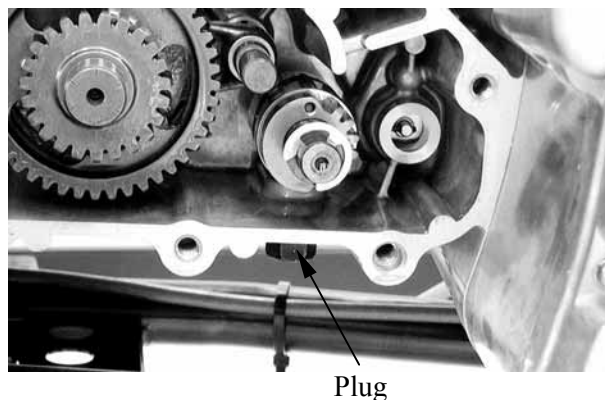


Remove the shift shaft.

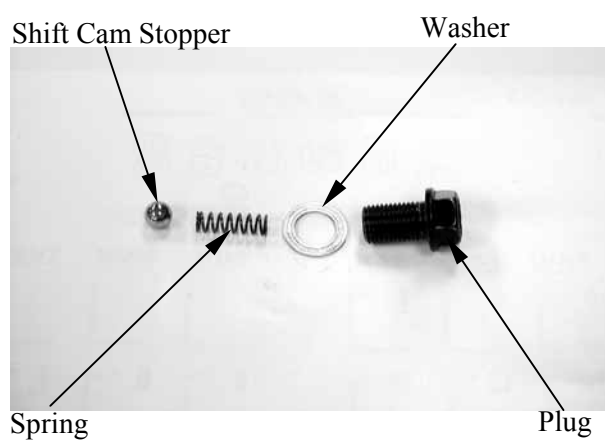


# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

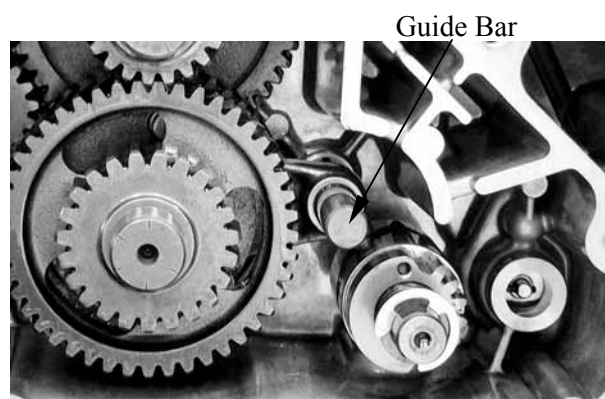
Remove the stopper plug.



Remove spring, washer and shift cam stopper.



Remove the transmission guide bar.

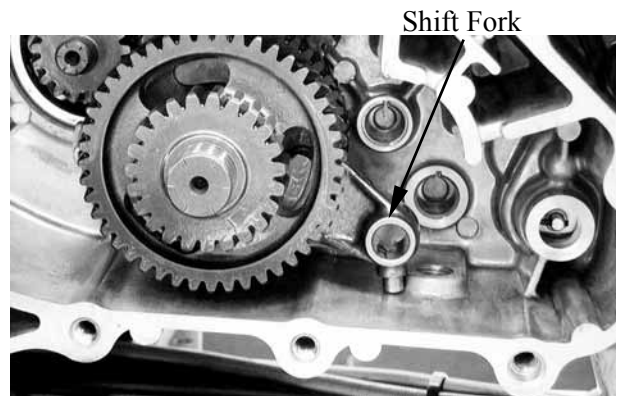


Remove shift cam.



# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Remove the shift fork.

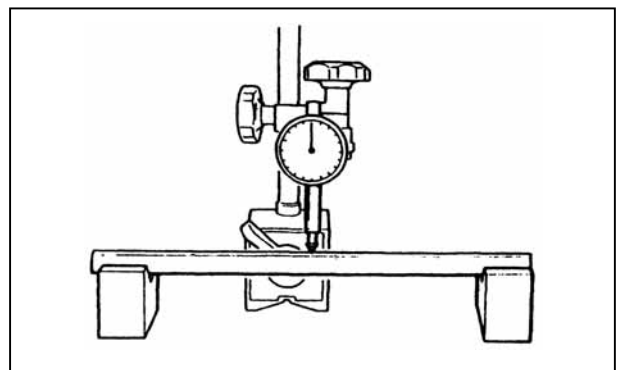


Measure the guide bar runout.  
Out of specification → Replace.

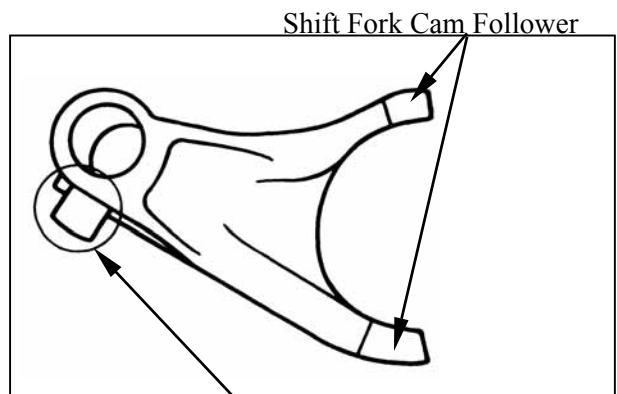
**Service Limit:**

Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

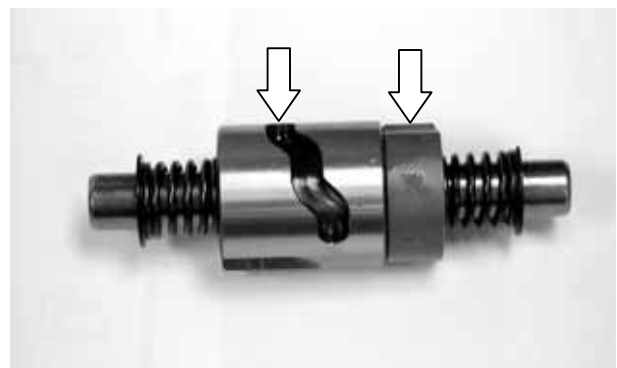
\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent guide bar.



Inspect the shift fork cam follower and shift fork pawl.  
Scoring/beads/wear → Replace.

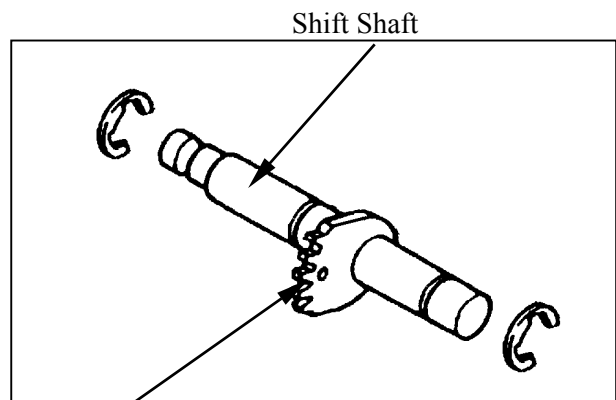


Check the shift cam groove and shift cam gear.  
Wear or damage → Replace.



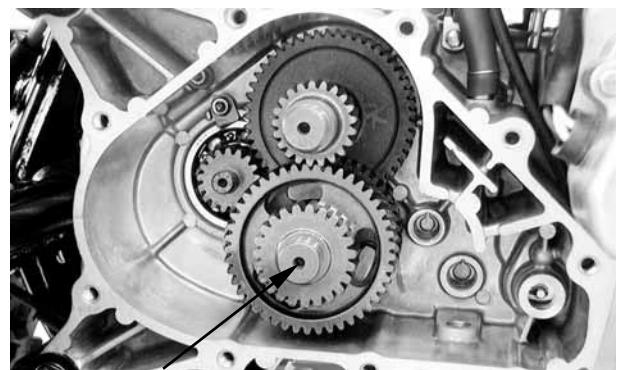
# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Inspect shift shaft gear.  
Damage → Replace.  
Inspect shift shaft.  
Damage/bends/wear → Replace.



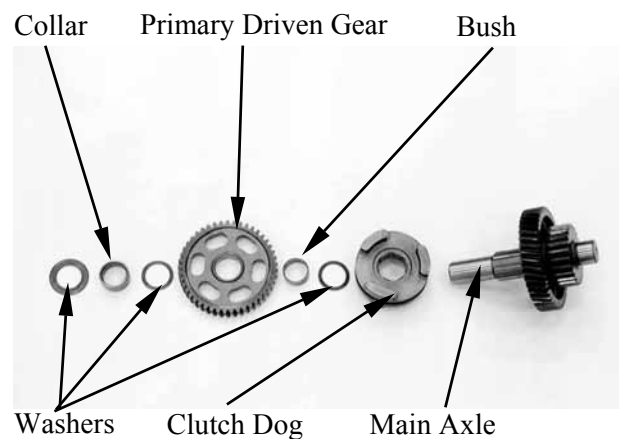
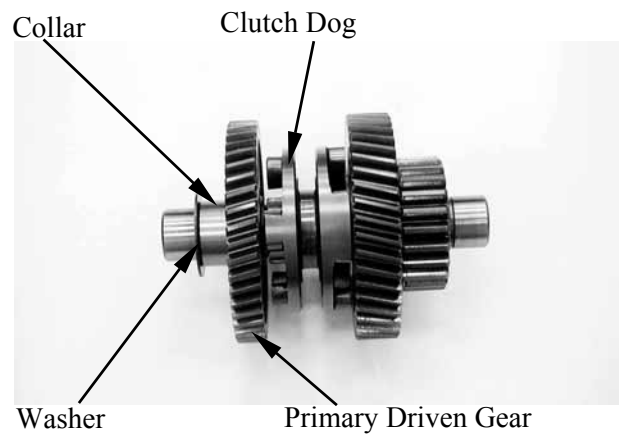
Shift Shaft Gear

Remove the main axle.



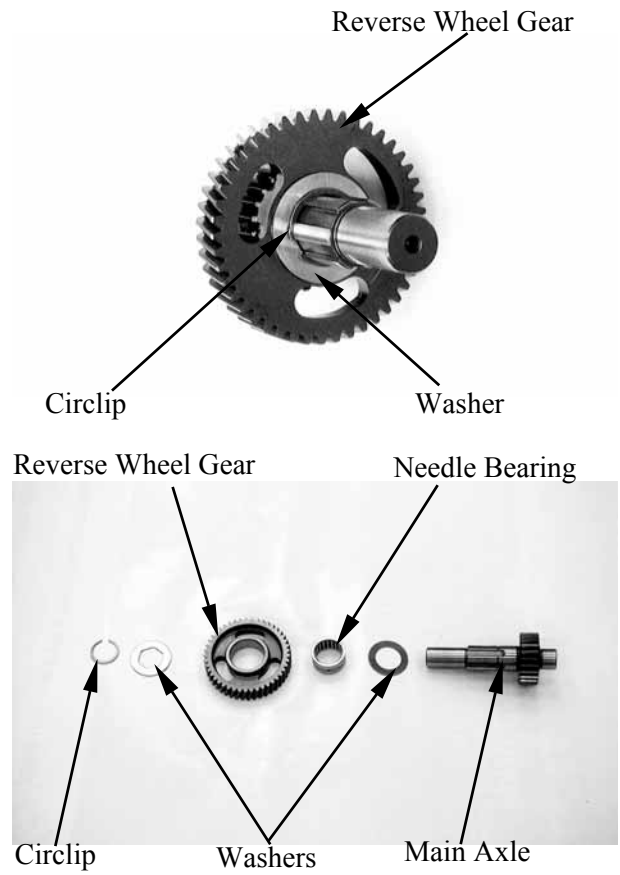
Main Axle

**MAIN AXLE DISASSEMBLY**  
Remove the washers, collar, primary driven gear, bush and clutch dog.



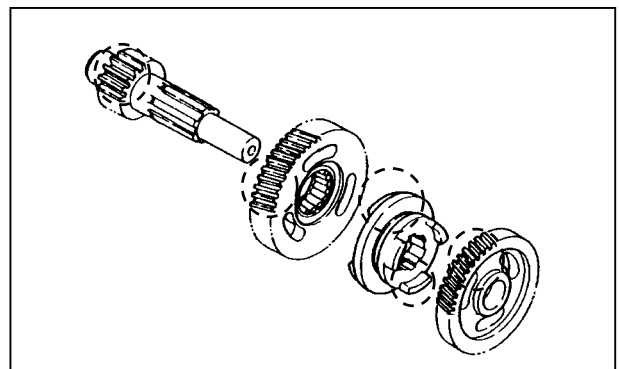
# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Remove the circlip and then remove the washers, reverse wheel gear and needle bearing.



Inspect the gear teeth.  
Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace.

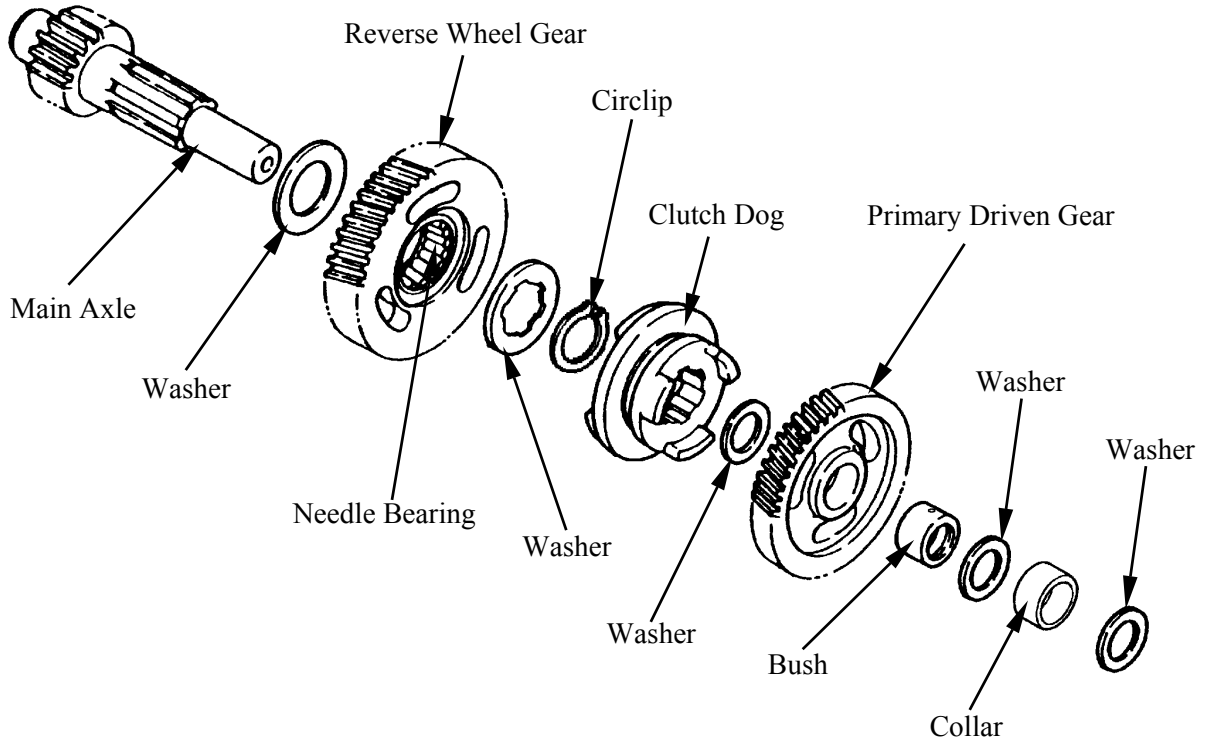
Inspect the mated dogs.  
Rounded edges/cracks/missing portions  
→ Replace.



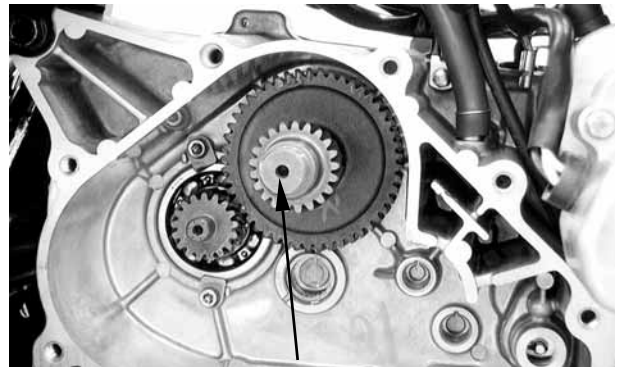
# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

## MAIN AXLE ASSEMBLY

Reverse the "MAIN AXLE  
DISASSEMBLY" procedures.



Remove the counter axle.



Counter Axle

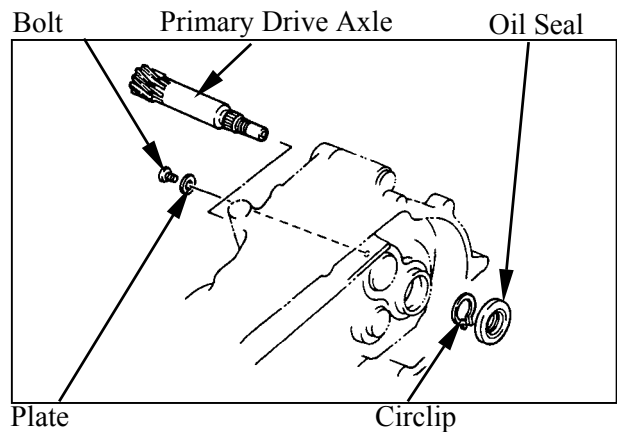
Inspect the gear teeth.  
Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace.



### PRIMARY DRIVE AXLE REMOVAL

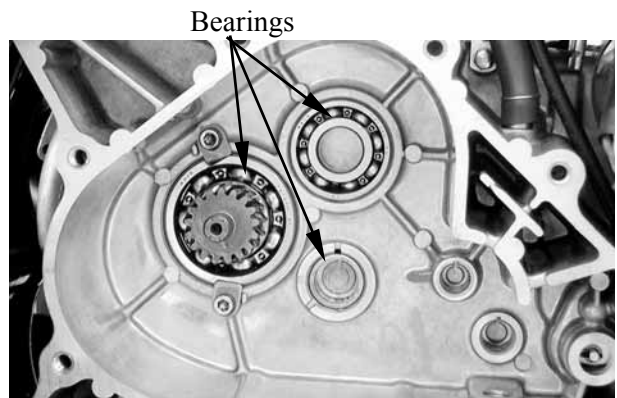
Remove the clutch/driven pulley. (Refer to the chapter 9)

Remove the oil seal, circlip, screw and plate.  
Remove the primary drive axle.



Inspect the bearings for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearing turns roughly.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.



# 10.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

## INSTALLATION

Reverse the “TRANSMISSION REVOVAL” section procedures.

Install the primary drive axle. (Reverse the “PRIMARY DRIVE AXLE” procedures.)

Install the counter axle.

Install the main axle.

Install the shift cam.

Install the shift fork.

Install the guide bar.

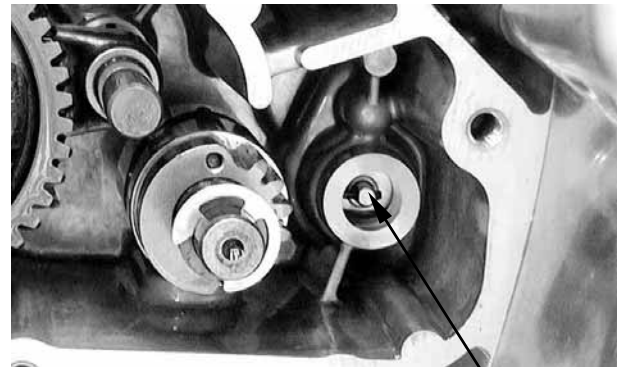
Install the shift shaft.

- \* 

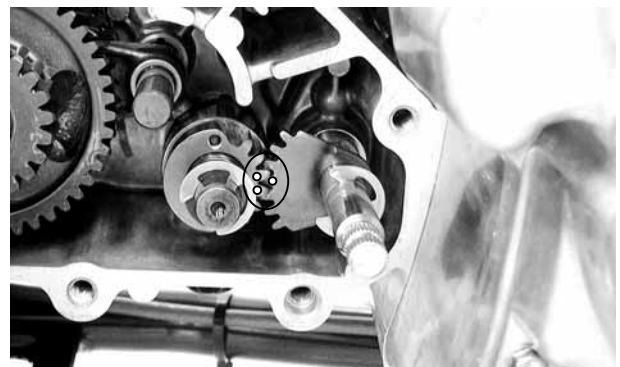
<p>Make sure that the lever on the gear change switch correctly engages with the locating slot on the shift shaft. Align the mark on the shift shaft gear with the mark on the shift cam gear.</p>
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Install the shift cam stopper and tighten the plug.

**Torque:** 4.8 kgf-m (48 N-m, 35 lbf-ft)



Gear Change Switch

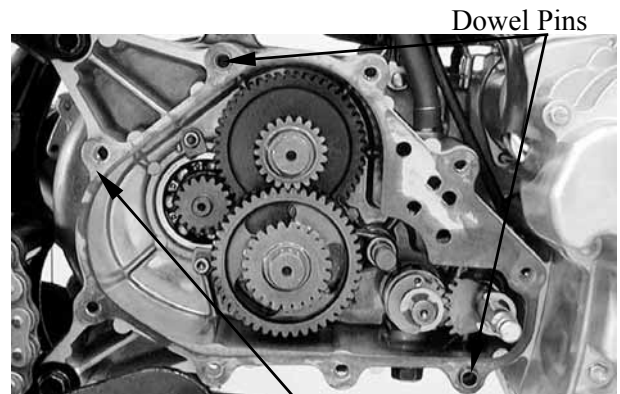


Install the dowel pins and a new gasket onto the right crankcase.

Install the transmission case cover and tighten the transmission case cover bolt.

**Torque:** 2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 20 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine with oil and install the oil filler bolt. (Refer to the “TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT” section in the chapter 3)



Dowel Pins

Gasket

### Specified Gear Oil:

KYMCO SIGMA GEAR OIL 90#

### Oil Capacity:

At change:

0.3 liter (0.264 Imp qt, 0.318 US qt)

At disassembly:

0.4 liter (0.352 Imp qt, 0.424 US qt)



# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

ATV 300/250

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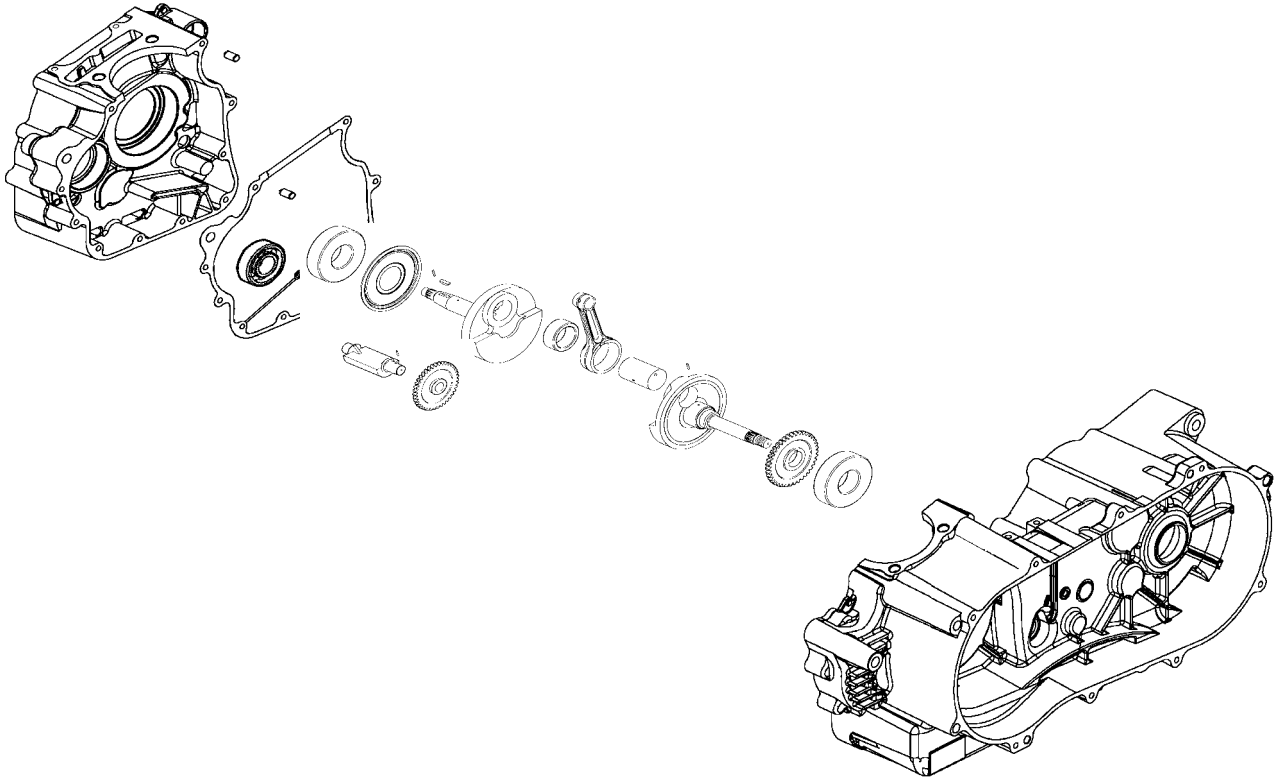
## CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/BALANCE SHAFT

SERVICE INFORMATION----- 11- 2  
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CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/BALANCE SHAFT----- 11- 3

# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

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ATV 300/250



# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

ATV 300/250

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft. The engine must be removed for this operation.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.
  - Cylinder head (Chapter 7)
  - Cylinder/piston (Chapter 8)
  - Drive and driven pulleys (Chapter 9)
  - A.C. generator (Chapter 16)
  - Starter clutch (Chapter 18)
  - Oil pump (Chapter 4)

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

	Item	Standard	Service Limit
Crankshaft	Connecting rod big end side clearance	0.05~0.4 (0.002~0.016)	0.6 (0.024)
	Connecting rod big end radial clearance	0~0.008 (0~0.00032)	0.05 (0.002)
	Run out	—	0.1 (0.004)

### TORQUE VALUES

Crankcase bolt	1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)
Cam chain tensioner slipper bolt	1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)
Cam chain cover bolt	1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

### TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive engine noise  
Excessive bearing play

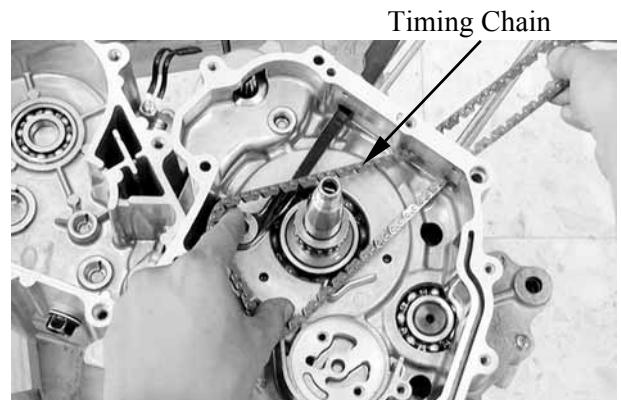
# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

ATV 300/250

## CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/BA LANCE SHAFT

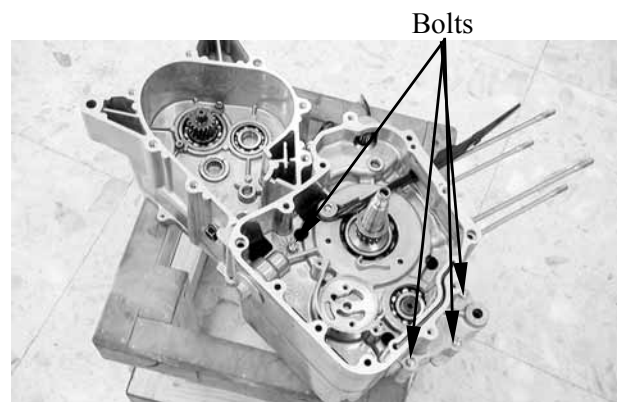
### REMOVAL

Remove the timing chain from right crankcase.



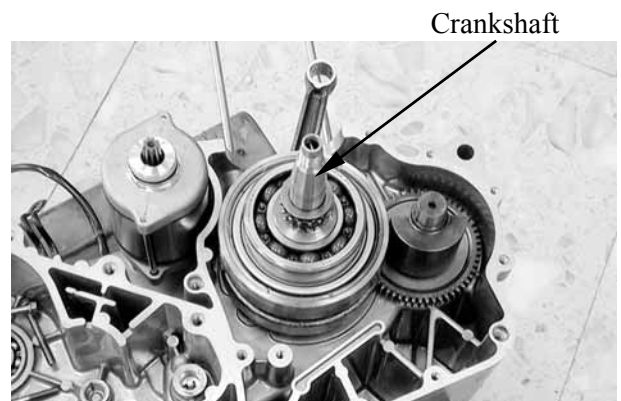
Remove the left and right crankcase attaching bolts.  
Separate the left and right crankcase halves.

\* Do not damage the crankcase gasket surface.



Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.

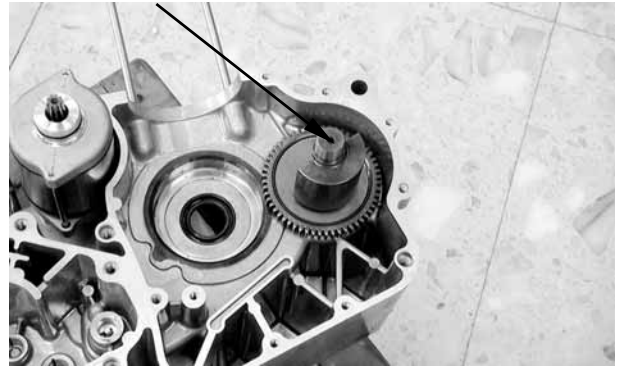


# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

ATV 300/250

Remove balance shaft from the left crankcase.

Balance Shaft



Clean off all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces.

\* Avoid damaging the crankcase mating surfaces.



Inspect the balance shaft gear teeth.  
Burr/chips/roughness/wear → Replace.



## CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION

Inspect the crankshaft gear teeth.  
Burr/chips/roughness/wear → Replace.

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.  
**Service Limit:** 17.06 mm (0.6824)



# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

ATV 300/250

Measure the connecting rod small end free play (A).

Out of specification:

0.8 ~ 1 mm (0.032 ~ 0.04 in) → Replace the crankshaft.

Measure the crankshaft run out (B).

**Service Limit:** 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

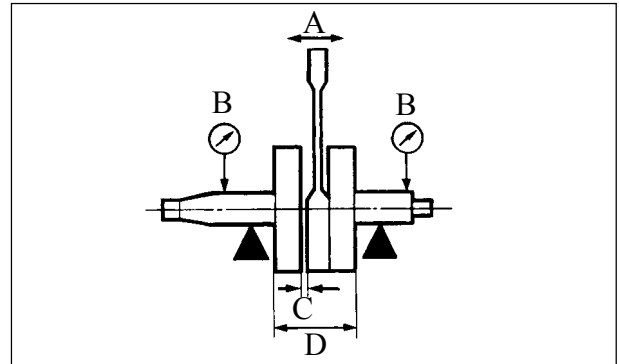
Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance (C).

**Service Limit:** 0.6 mm (0.024 in)

Measure the crank width (D).

Out of specification:

55.15 ~ 55.2 mm (2.206 ~ 2.208 in) → Replace the crankshaft.



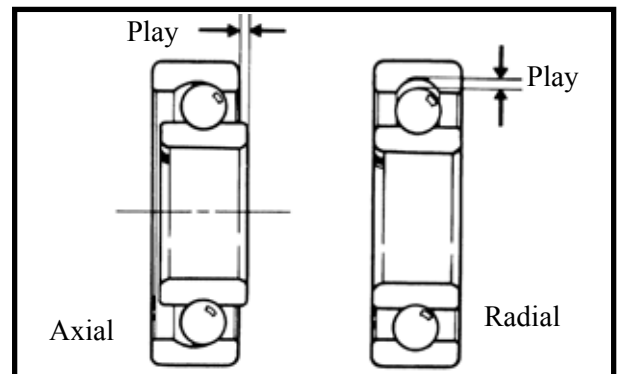
Turn the crankshaft bearings and check for excessive play.

Measure the crankshaft bearing play.

**Service Limit:**

Axial : 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

Radial : 0.05 mm (0.002 in)



# 11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ BALANCE SHAFT

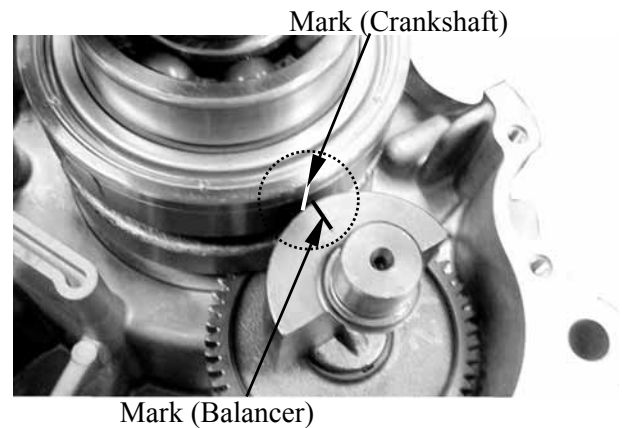
ATV 300/250

## CRANKCASE/BALANCER INSTALLATION

Install the balance shaft and crankshaft into the left crankcase.

- \* Align the mark on the balance shaft with the mark on the crankshaft.

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.  
Install the right crankcase and tighten the crankcase attach bolts.  
Install the timing chain.



# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

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## COOLING SYSTEM

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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	12- 1
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	12- 1
COOLING SYSTEM TESTING-----	12- 3
RADIATOR -----	12- 4
WATER PUMP -----	12- 6
THERMOSENSOR-----	12-10
THERMOSTAT-----	12-11



# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

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## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The water pump must be serviced after removing the engine.  
Other cooling system service can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- The engine must be cool before servicing the cooling system.  
When the coolant temperature is over 100°C, never remove the radiator cap to release the pressure because the boiling coolant may cause danger.
- Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces because the coolant will corrode the painted surfaces.  
Wash off any spilled coolant with fresh water as soon as possible.
- After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.

### SPECIAL TOOL

Mechanical seal driver

### TORQUE VALUES

Water pump impeller	1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 8.6 lbf-ft)
Water pump cover bolt	1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Engine temperature too high

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty radiator cap
- Faulty thermostat
- Insufficient coolant
- Passages blocked in hoses or water jacket
- Clogged radiator fins
- Passages blocked in radiator
- Faulty water pump

### Coolant leaks

- Faulty pump mechanical (water) seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Damaged or deteriorated water hoses

### Temperature gauge pointer does not register the correct coolant temperature

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty thermostat

# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

## SPECIFICATIONS

Radiator cap relief pressure		0.75~1.05 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (75~105 kPa, 10.65~14.91 psi)	
Thermostat temperature	Begins to open	80±2°C	
	Full-open	90°C	
	Valve lift	3.5~4.5 mm (0.14~0.18 in)	
Coolant capacity		Total system 1400±20cc	Radiator: 1100±20cc Reserve tank: 300±20cc

## COOLANT GRAVITY

Temp. °C Coolant concentration	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
5%	1.009	1.009	1.008	1.008	1.007	1.006	1.005	1.003	1.001	0.009	0.997
10%	1.018	1.107	1.017	1.016	1.015	1.014	0.013	1.011	1.009	1.007	1.005
15%	1.028	1.027	1.026	1.025	1.024	1.022	1.020	1.018	1.016	1.014	1.012
20%	1.036	1.035	1.034	1.033	1.031	1.029	1.027	1.025	1.023	1.021	1.019
25%	1.045	1.044	1.043	1.042	1.040	1.038	1.036	1.034	1.031	1.028	1.025
30%	1.053	1.051	1.051	1.049	1.047	1.045	1.043	1.041	1.038	1.035	1.032
35%	1.063	1.062	1.060	1.058	1.056	1.054	1.052	1.049	1.046	1.043	1.040
40%	1.072	1.070	1.068	1.066	1.064	1.062	1.059	1.056	1.053	1.050	1.047
45%	1.080	1.078	1.076	1.074	1.072	1.069	1.056	1.063	1.062	1.057	1.054
50%	1.086	1.084	1.082	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071	1.068	1.065	1.062	1.059
55%	1.095	1.093	1.091	1.088	1.085	1.082	1.079	1.076	1.073	1.070	1.067
60%	1.100	1.098	1.095	1.092	1.089	1.086	1.083	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071

## COOLANT MIXTURE (WITH ANTI-RUST AND ANTI-FREEZING EFFECTS)

Freezing Point	Mixing Rate	KYMCO SIGMA Coolant Concentrate	Distilled Water
-9°C	20%		
-15°C	30%	425cc	975cc
-25°C	40%		
-37°C	50%		
-44.5°C	55%		

### Cautions for Using Coolant:

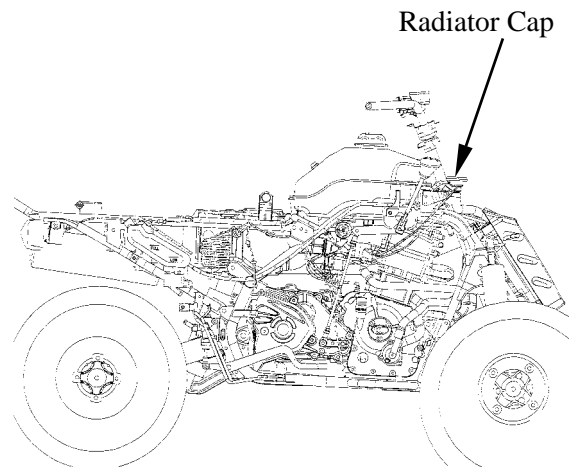
- Use coolant of specified mixing rate. (The mixing rate of 425cc KYMCO SIGMA coolant concentrate + 975cc distilled water is 30%.)
- Do not mix coolant concentrate of different brands.
- Do not drink the coolant which is poisonous.
- The freezing point of coolant mixture shall be 5°C lower than the freezing point of the riding area.

# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

## COOLING SYSTEM TESTING

### RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

Remove the radiator cap from the coolant filler hose.

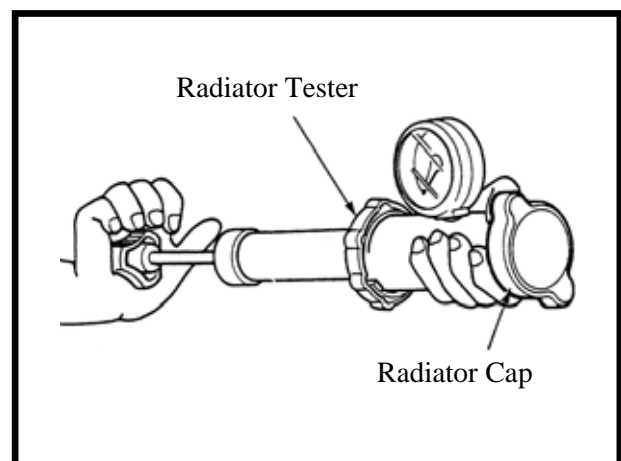


Install the radiator cap onto the radiator tester and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

- \* Apply water to the cap sealing surface before testing.

#### Radiator Cap Relief Pressure:

0.75~1.05 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> (75~105 kPa,  
10.65~14.91 psi)



Install the radiator tester onto the radiator and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

Check the water hoses and connectors for leaks.

- \* The test pressure should not exceed 1.05 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (105 kPa, 14.91 psi). Excessive pressure can damage the radiator and its hose connectors.

# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

## RADIATOR

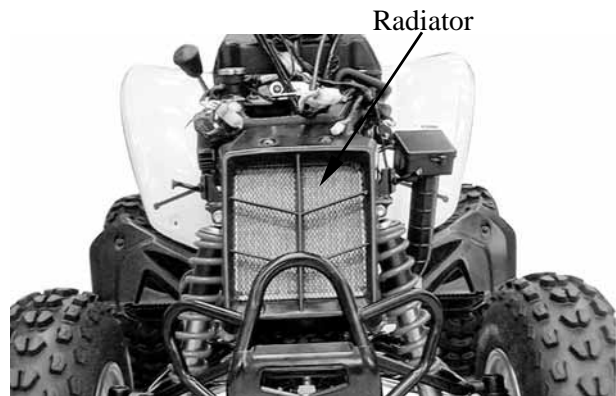
### RADIATOR INSPECTION

Remove the front fender. (page 2-5)

Inspect the radiator soldered joints and seams for leaks.

Blow dirt out from between core fins with compressed air. If insects, etc., are clogging the radiator, wash them off.

Carefully straighten any bent fins.



### RADIATOR REMOVAL

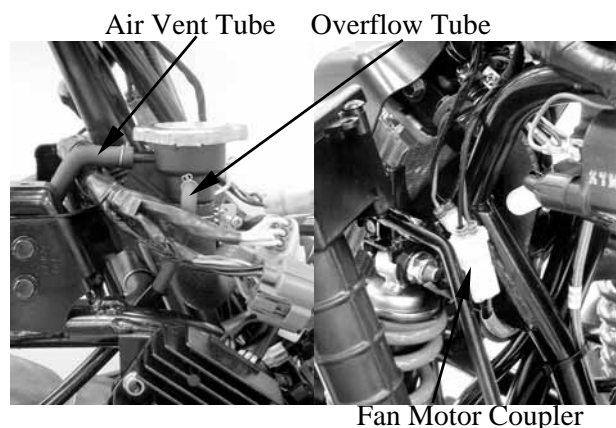
Drain the coolant. (page 3-20)

Remove the front fender. (page 2-5)

Disconnect the air vent tube from the radiator filler.

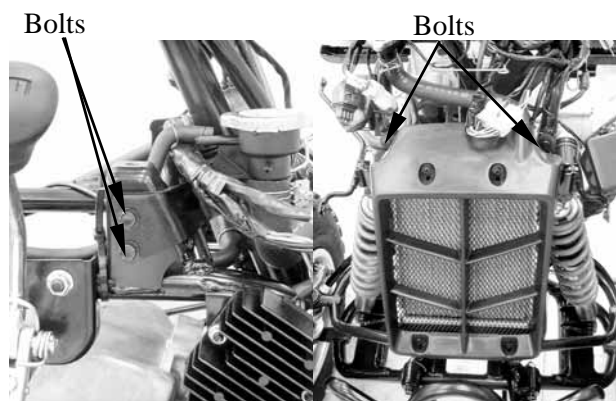
Remove the overflow tube clamp and disconnect the overflow tube.

Disconnect the fan motor wire coupler.



Remove the two bolts on the radiator filler hold plate.

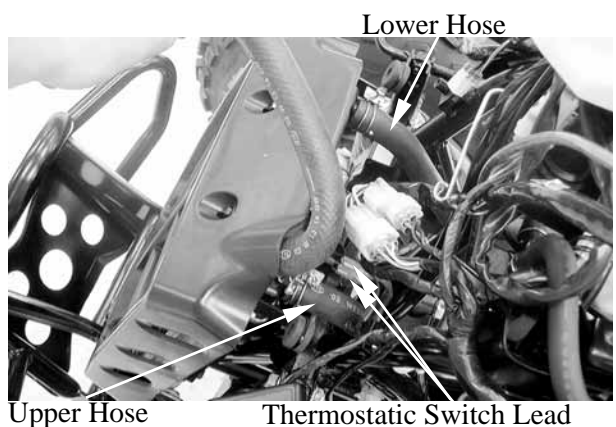
Remove the two bolts on the radiator.



Disconnect the thermostatic switch wire leads.

Loosen the hose bands and disconnect the upper hose and lower hose from the radiator.

Pull the radiator upward to remove the radiator.

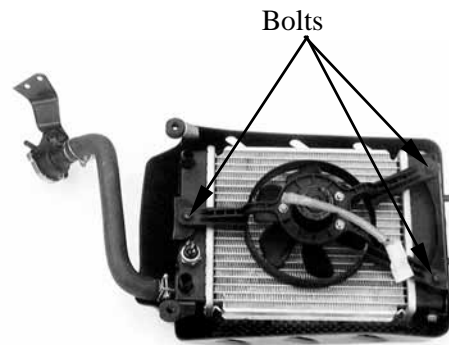


## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

### RADIATOR DISASSEMBLY

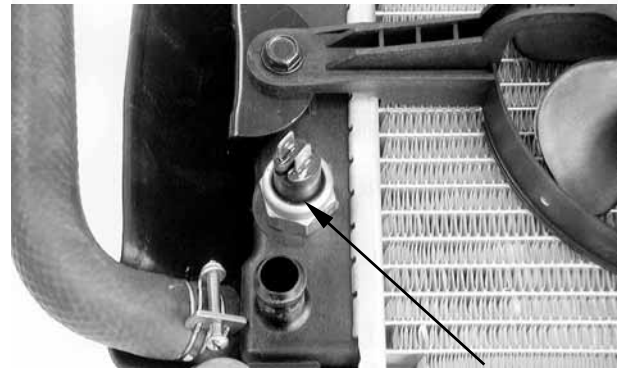
Remove the three bolts and then remove the fan/shroud from the radiator.

Check fan motor by battery.



### CHECK THERMOSTATIC SWITCH

When coolant temperature lower than 85~90°C the thermostatic switch OFF.  
When coolant temperature over 85~90°C the thermostatic switch ON.



### RADIATOR ASSEMBLY

Install the fan shroud on the radiator with the three bolts.

### RADIATOR INSTALLATION

Reverse the "RADIATOR REMOVAL" procedures.

Fill the radiator with coolant. (page 3-20)

Connect the vent tube to the radiator filler.

After installation, check for coolant leaks.

**\***

If you want to refill the coolant, the following procedure must be checked.

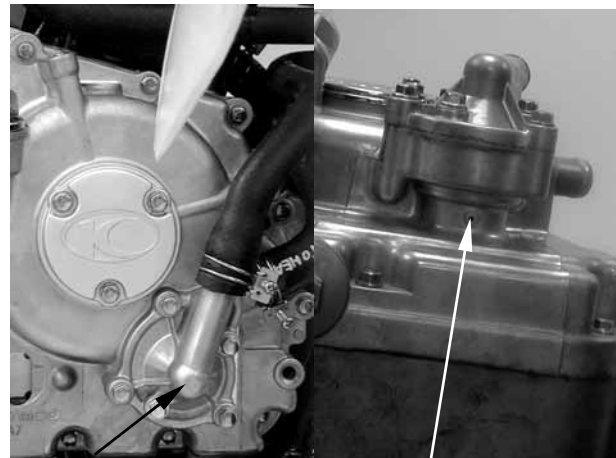
1. Please make the radiator filler and the air vent tube to be separated.
2. Then start the engine, filled in the coolant till the coolant flowed out from the air vent tube.
3. Put the air vent tube on.

# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

## WATER PUMP

### MECHANICAL SEAL (WATER SEAL) INSPECTION

Inspect the telltale hole for signs of mechanical seal coolant leakage. If the mechanical seal is leaking, remove the right crankcase cover and replace the mechanical seal.



Water Pump

Telltale Hole

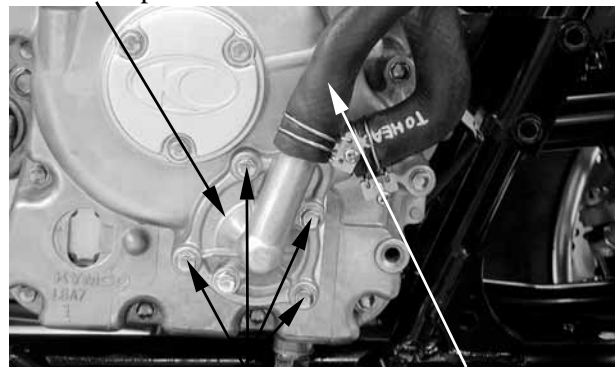
### WATER PUMP/IMPELLER REMOVAL

Drain the coolant. (page 3-20)

Loosen the screw and disconnect the coolant inlet hose.

Remove the four bolts and the water pump cover.

Water Pump Cover



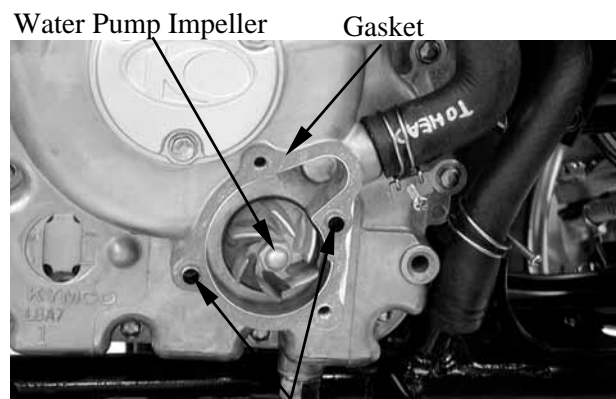
Bolts

Inlet Hose

Remove the gasket and 2 dowel pins

Remove the water pump impeller, washer and seal washer (porcelain).

\* The impeller has left hand threads.



Water Pump Impeller

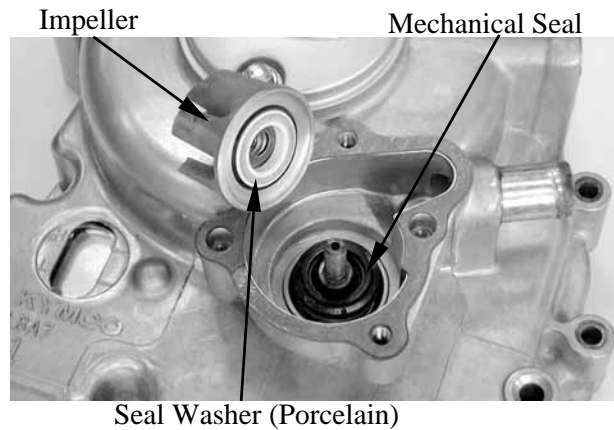
Gasket

Dowel Pins

## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

Inspect the mechanical (water) seal and seal washer for wear or damage.

\* The mechanical seal and seal washer must be replaced as a set.

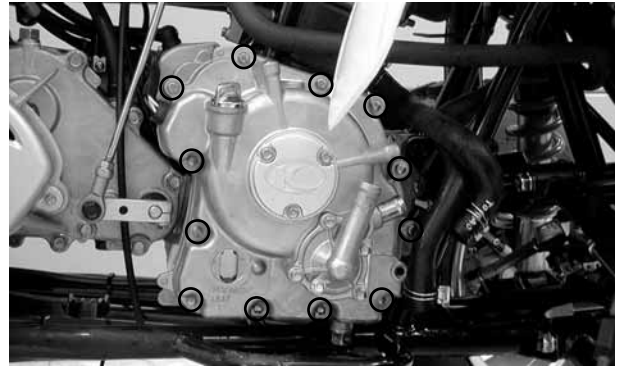


### WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL

Remove the water pump impeller. (page 12-6)

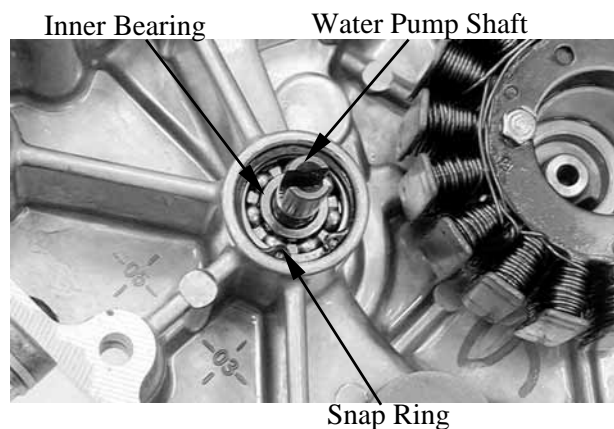
Disconnect the water hose from the right crankcase cover.

Remove the twelve bolts attaching the right crankcase cover.



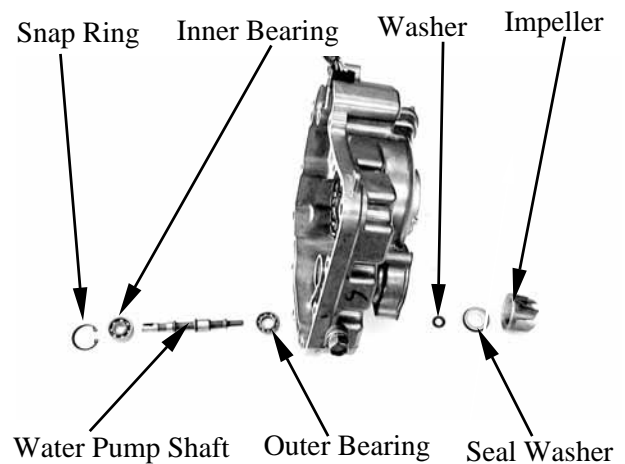
Remove the water pump bearing snap ring from the water pump assembly.

Remove the water pump shaft and inner bearing.



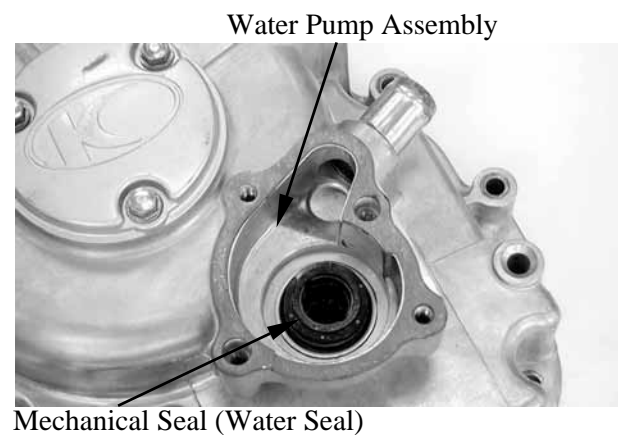
## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

Remove the water pump shaft outer bearing.



### MECHANICAL SEAL REPLACEMENT

Drive the mechanical seal out of the water pump assembly from the inside.



Drive in a new mechanical seal using a mechanical seal driver.

\* Apply sealant to the right crankcase cover fitting surface of a new mechanical seal and then drive in the mechanical seal.



## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

### WATER PUMP SHAFT INSTALLATION

Drive a new water pump shaft outer bearing into the water pump assembly from the inside.

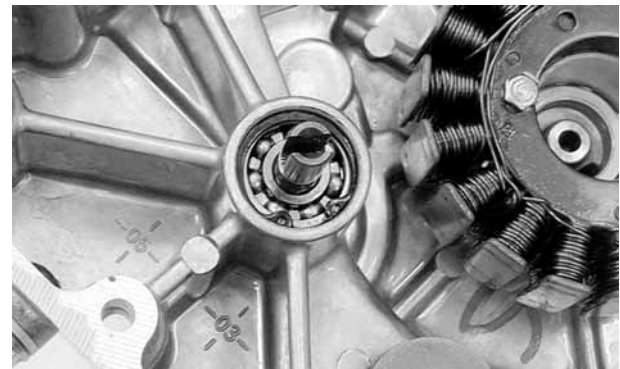


Water Pump Assembly

Install the water pump shaft and shaft inner bearing into the water pump assembly. Install the snap ring to secure the inner bearing properly.

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket and then install the water pump assembly to the right crankcase cover.

Tighten the twelve bolts to secure the right crankcase cover.



\* When installing the water pump assembly, aligning the groove on the water pump shaft with the tab on the oil pump shaft.

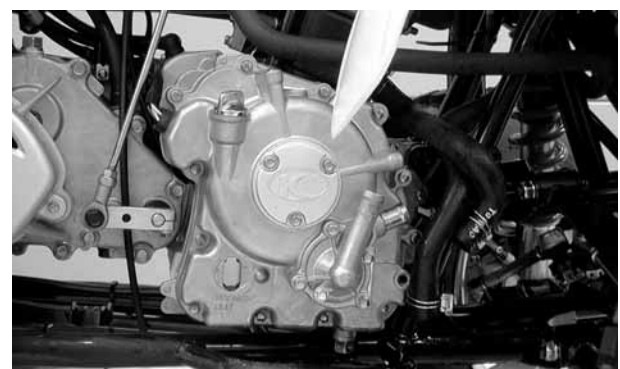
### WATER PUMP/IMPELLER INSTALLATION

When the mechanical seal is replaced, a new seal washer must be installed to the impeller.

Install the impeller onto the water pump shaft.

**Torque:** 1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 8.6 lbf-ft)

\* The impeller has left hand threads.



Install the two dowel pins and a new gasket. Install the water pump cover and tighten the four bolts.

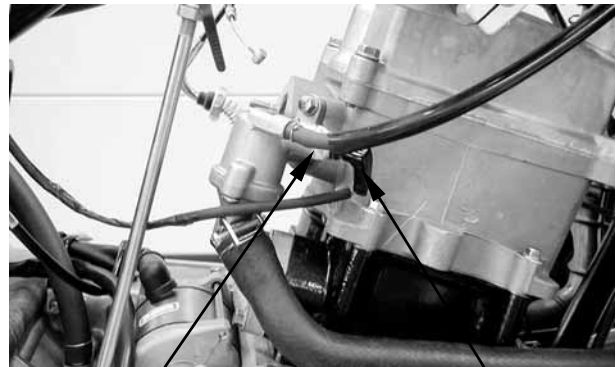
**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

# 12. COOLING SYSTEM

## THERMOSENSOR

### THERMOSENSOR REMOVAL

Drain the coolant. (page 3-20)  
 Disconnect the thermosensor wire.  
 Remove the thermosensor from the thermostat.



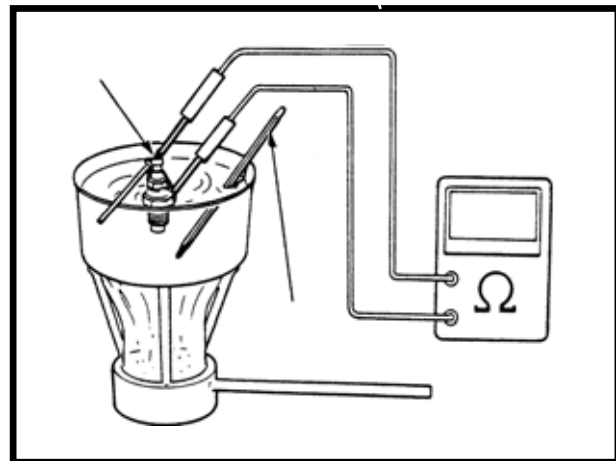
Thermosensor

Thermosensor Wire

### THERMOSENSOR INSPECTION

Suspend the thermosensor in a pan of water over a burner and measure the resistance through the sensor as the water heats up.

Temperature(°C)	50	80	100	120
Resistance(Ω)	154	52	27	16



### THERMOSENSOR INSTALLATION

Apply 3-BOND No. 1212 sealant or equivalent to the thermosensor threads and install it into the thermostat housing.  
 Connect the thermosensor wire.  
 Fill the radiator with coolant. (page 3-20)

\* Be sure to bleed air from the cooling system.

## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

### THERMOSTAT

#### THERMOSTAT REMOVAL

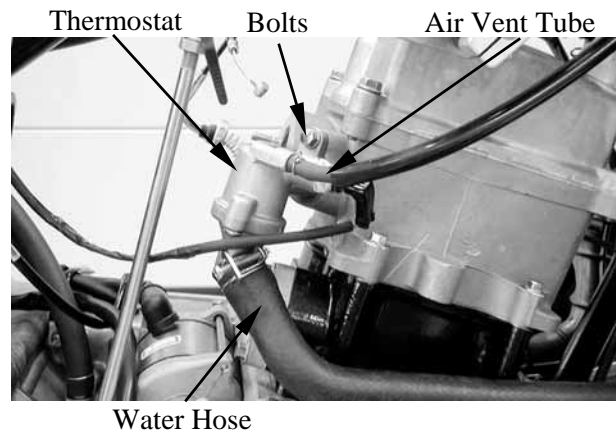
Drain the coolant. (page 3-20)

Disconnect the thermosensor wire from the thermosensor.

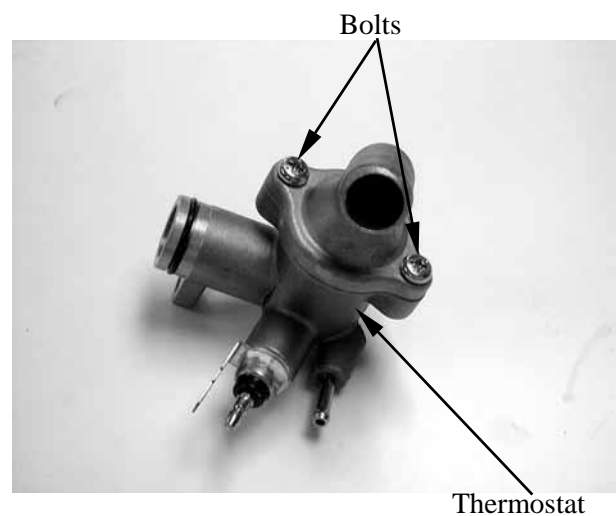
Disconnect the water hose from the thermostat housing.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the thermostat housing.

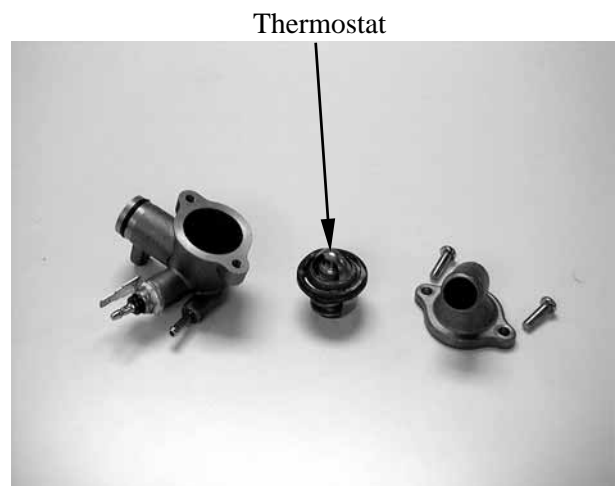
Remove the mounting bolt and the thermostat housing from the cylinder head.



Remove the two screws and separate the thermostat housing halves.



Remove the thermostat from the thermostat housing.



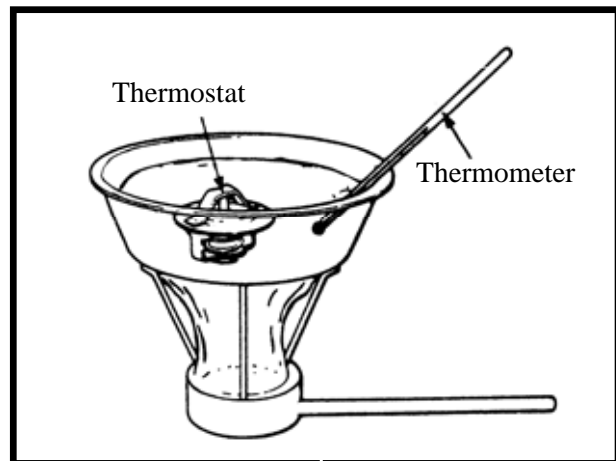
## 12. COOLING SYSTEM

### THERMOSTAT INSPECTION

Suspend the thermostat in a pan of water over a burner and gradually raise the water temperature to check its operation.

#### Technical Data

Begins to open	80±2°C
Full-open	90°C
Valve lift	3.5~4.5 mm (0.14~0.18 in)

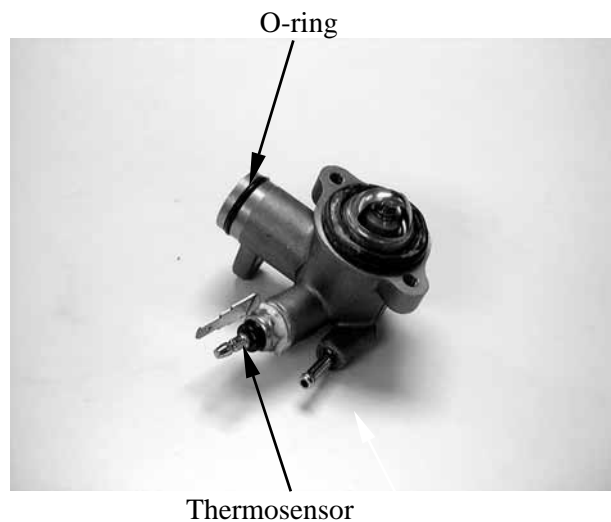


- \* Do not let the thermostat touch the pan as it will give a false reading.
- Replace the thermostat if the valve stays open at room temperature.
- Test the thermostat after it is opened for about 5 minutes and holds the temperature at 70°C.

### THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

- \* Replace the O-ring with a new one and apply grease to it.



Fill the cooling system with the specified coolant. (page 3-20)

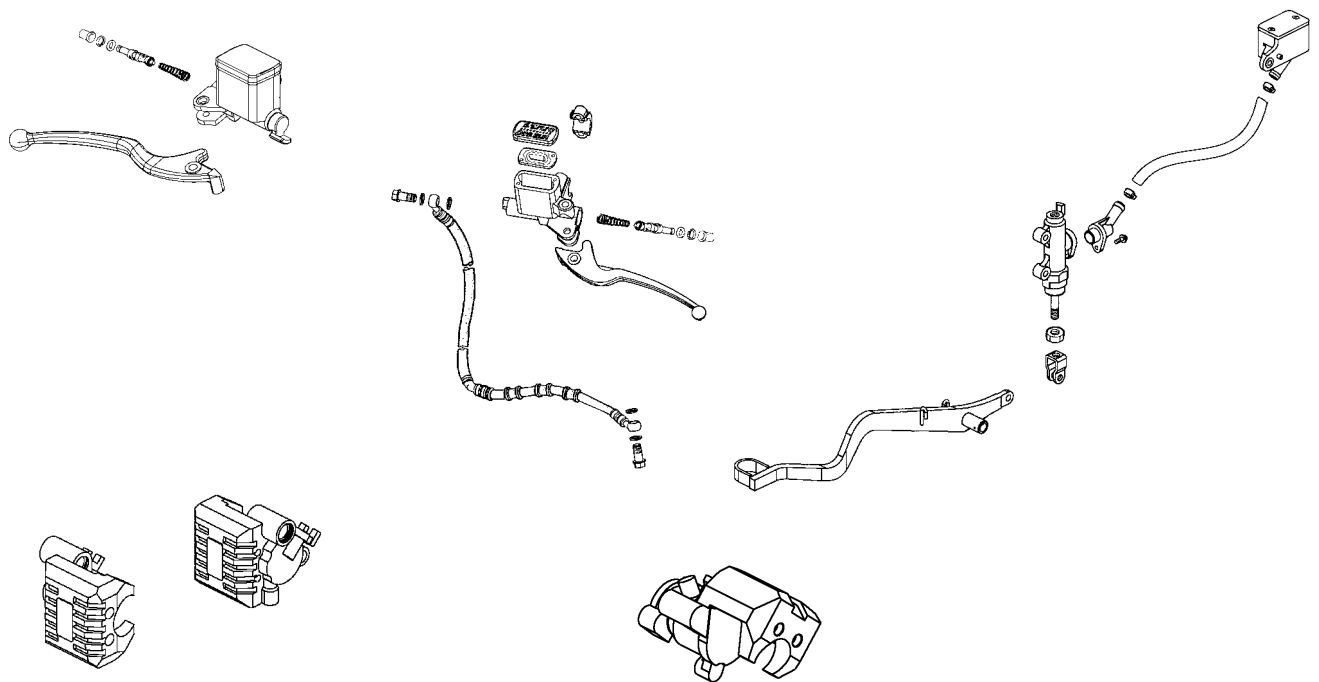
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## BRAKE SYSTEM

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REAR HYDRAULIC BRAKE-----	13-11
REAR BRAKE FLUID CHANGE/AIR BLEED -----	13-11
REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER (REAR BRAKE PEDAL) -----	13-13
REAR BRAKE CALIPER-----	13-16

# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM



# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.
- Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system before disassembly.
- Contaminated brake disk or brake pads reduce stopping power. Clean the contaminated brake disk with high-performance brake degreaser and replace the brake pads.
- Do not use brake fluid for cleaning.
- Bleed air from the brake system if the brake system is removed or the brake is soft.
- Do not allow any foreign matters entering the brake reservoir when filling the brake reservoir with brake fluid.
- Brake fluid will damage painted, coated surfaces and plastic parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover and protect painted, rubber and plastic parts. Wipe off any splash of brake fluid with a clean towel. Do not wipe the machine with a towel contaminated by brake fluid.
- Make sure to use recommended brake fluid. Use of other unspecified brake fluids may cause brake failure.
- Inspect the brake operation before riding.

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Brake disk thickness	3.8~4.2 (0.152~0.168)	3 (0.12)
Brake disk runout	—	0.3 (0.012)

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Loose brake lever

- Air in hydraulic brake system
- Brake fluid level too low
- Hydraulic brake system leakage

### Poor brake performance

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pads and brake disk
- Worn brake pads
- Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

### Tight brake lever

- Seized piston
- Clogged hydraulic brake system
- Smooth or worn brake pad

### Brake noise

- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Excessive brake disk run out
- Incorrectly installed caliper
- Brake disk or wheel not aligned

### Hard braking

- Seized hydraulic brake system
- Seized piston

# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

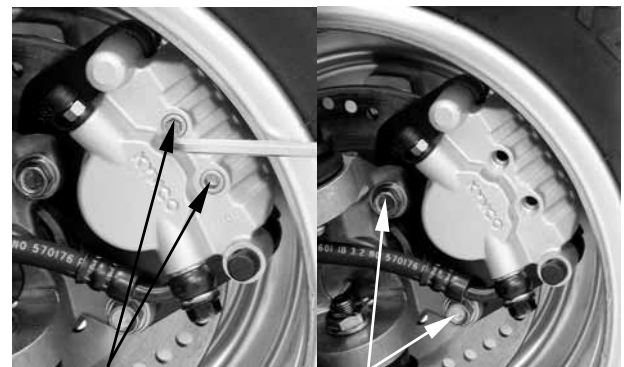
## FRONT HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### BRAKE PADS REMOVAL

Remove the front wheel. (page 14-3)

Remove the two brake pad pins from the brake caliper.

Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper and then remove brake caliper.

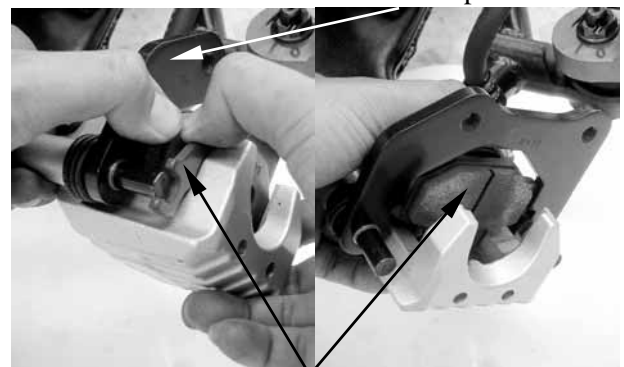


Brake Pad Pins

Bolts

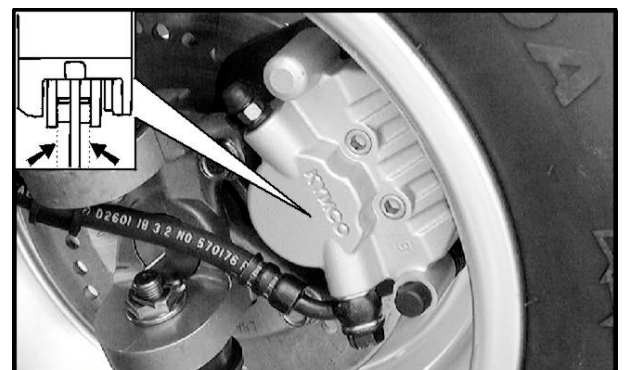
Compress the brake caliper holder and remove brake pads.

Brake Caliper Holder



Brake Pads

A wear indicator is provided on each brake. The indicators allows checking of brake pads wear. Check the position of the indicator.



### BRAKE DISK

Measure the brake disk thickness.

**Service Limit:** 3 mm (0.12 in)

Measure the brake disk run out.

**Service Limit:** 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “BRAKE PADS REMOVAL” procedures.





## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

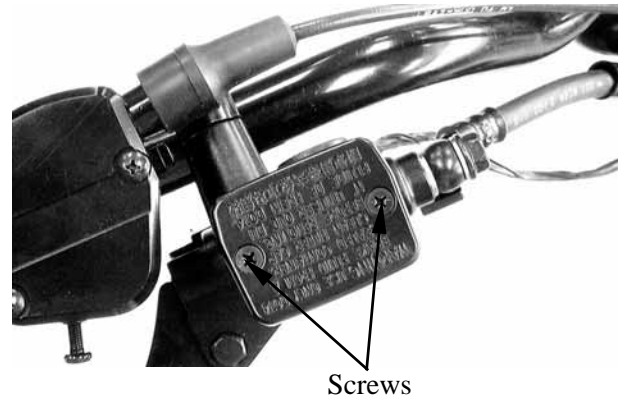
### FRONT BRAKE FLUID CHANGE/AIR BLEED

#### BRAKE FLUID DRAINING

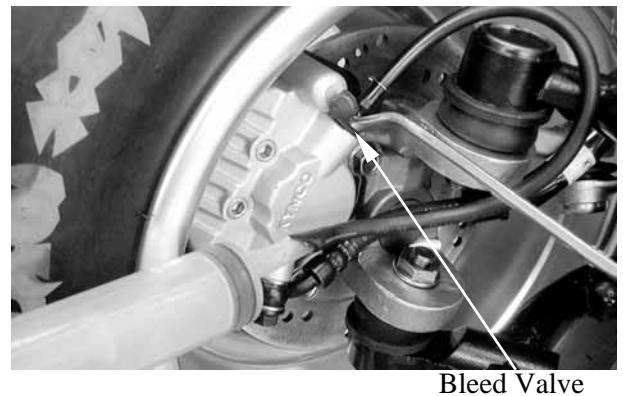
Place the machine on the level ground and set the handlebar upright.  
Remove the two screws attaching the brake fluid reservoir cap.

★

Use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by splash of brake fluid.



Connect a transparent hose to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.  
Use a syringe to draw the brake fluid out through the hose.



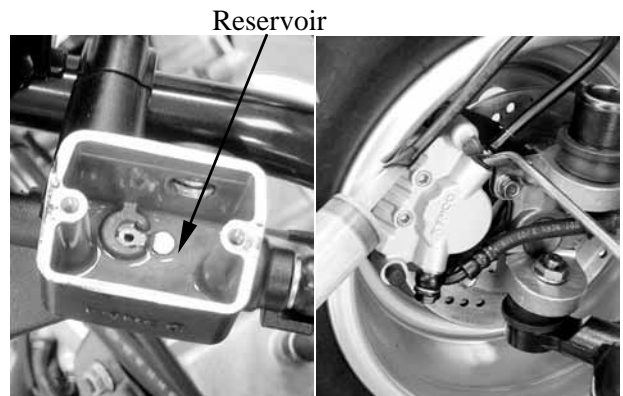
#### BRAKE FLUID REFILLING

Connect a transparent hose and syringe to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.  
Fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid and use the syringe to draw brake fluid into it until there is no air bubbles in the hose.  
Then, tighten the bleed valve nut.

**Torque:** 0.6 kgf-m (6 N-m, 4.3 lbf-ft)

★

- When drawing brake fluid with the syringe, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.
- Use only the recommended brake fluid.



**Recommended Brake Fluid:** DOT-4

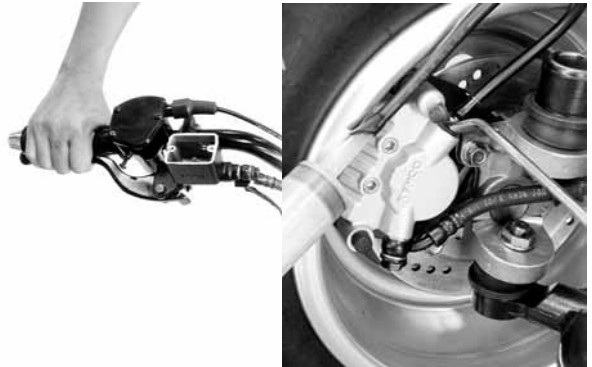
## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

### BRAKE SYSTEM BLEEDING

Connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve and fully apply the brake lever after continuously pull it several times. Then, loosen the bleed valve nut to bleed air from the brake system. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.

✱

When bleeding air from the brake system, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.



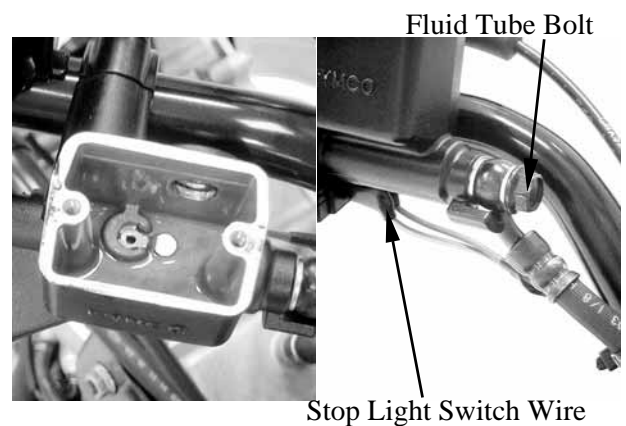
### BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

#### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake reservoir cover  
Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system. (page 13-4)

✱

Do not splash brake fluid onto any rubber, plastic and coated parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover these parts.



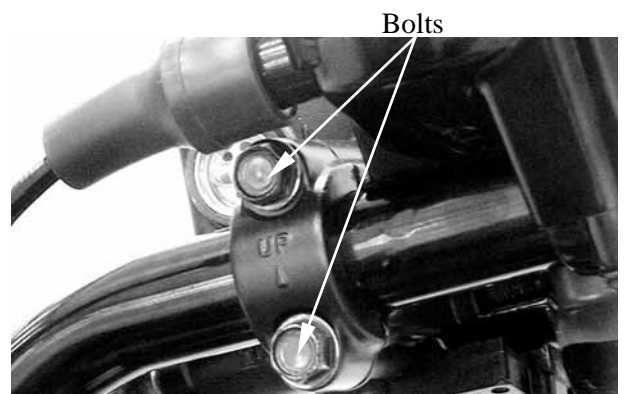
Remove fluid tube bolt and then disconnect the fluid tube.

✱

When removing the brake fluid tube bolt, be sure to place towels under the tube and plug the tube end to avoid brake fluid leakage and contamination.

Disconnect the stop light switch wires.

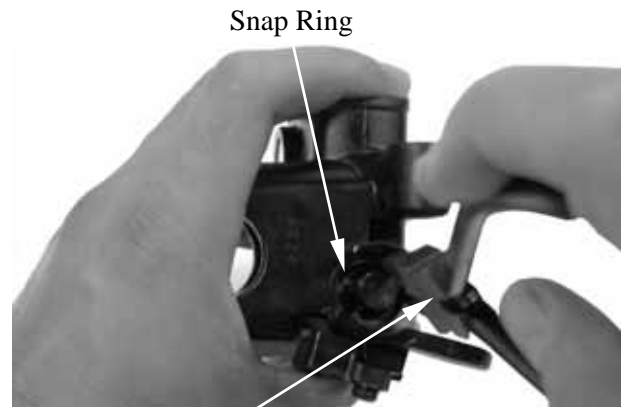
Remove the two master cylinder holder bolts and remove the master cylinder.



## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

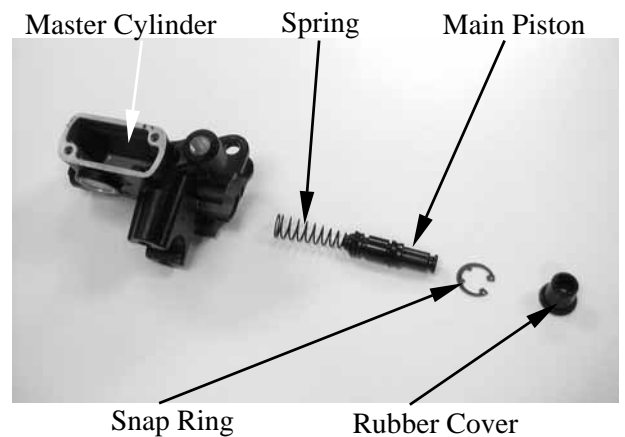
Remove the brake lever bolt and the brake lever.

Remove the piston rubber cover and snap ring from the brake master cylinder.



Snap Ring Pliers (Close)

Remove the washer, main piston and spring from the brake master cylinder.  
Clean the inside of the master cylinder and brake reservoir with brake fluid.



### INSPECTION

Check the cylinder inside wall, and spring for scratch, corrosion or other abnormal condition.

If any abnormal condition is found, replace the inner parts or master cylinder.



# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

## ASSEMBLY

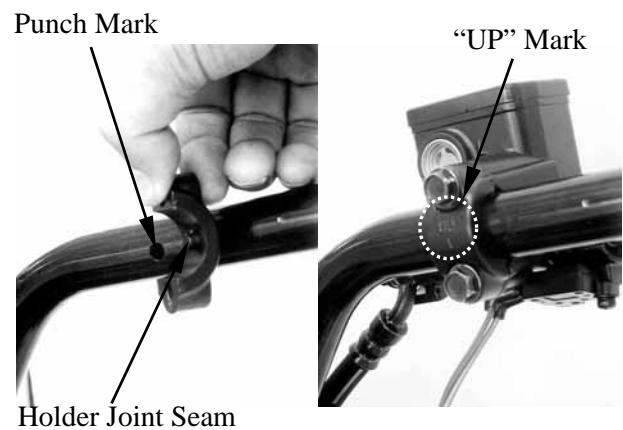
Before assembly, apply brake fluid to all removed parts.

- \*
- During assembly, the main piston and spring must be installed as a unit without exchange.
  - When assembling the piston, soak the cups in brake fluid for a while.
  - Install the cups with the cup lips facing the correct direction.

Install the main piston, spring and snap ring.  
 Install the rubber cover.  
 Install the brake lever.

Place the brake master cylinder on the handlebar and install the holder with the "UP" mark facing up. Also align the punch mark with the holder joint seam. First tighten the upper bolt and then tighten the lower bolt.

**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)



Install the brake fluid tube with the attaching bolt and two sealing washers, then tighten the bolt.

**Torque:** 3.5 kgf-m (35 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)



Connect the front stop switch wire connector.

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system. (page 13-4)

Install the brake reservoir cover.

## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

### FRONT BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL

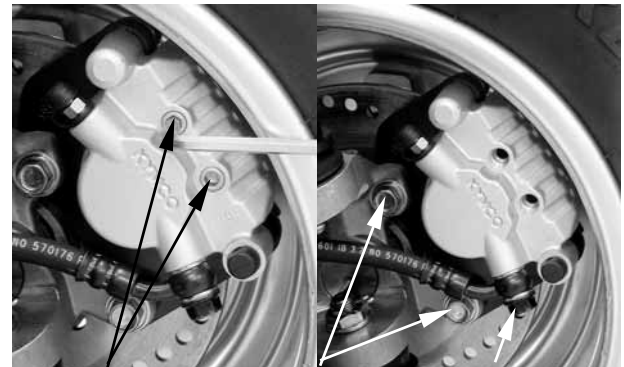
Remove the front wheel. (page 14-3)

First drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system. (page 13-4)

Remove the brake pad pins.

Remove the brake fluid tube bolt.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper.

Remove the brake caliper.



Brake Pad Pins

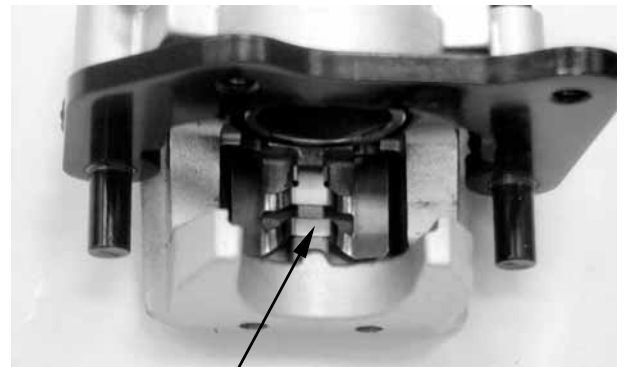
Bolts

Fluid Tube Bolt

### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake pads. (page 13-3)

Remove the brake pad spring plate.



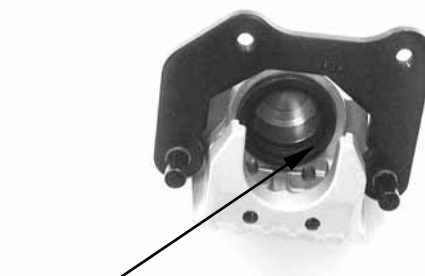
Spring Plate

Remove the piston from the brake caliper.  
If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a shop towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.

Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.



Push the piston dust seal outward to remove



Dust Seal

## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it.

Clean the seals groove with brake fluid.

\* Be careful not to damage the piston surface.

Inner Oil Seal



### INSPECTION

Inspect the caliper cylinder wall and piston surface for scratch, corrosion or other damages.

If any abnormal condition is noted, replace the caliper.



### ASSEMBLY

Clean all removed parts.

Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seals. Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid.

Install the oil seal and dust seal.

Install the brake caliper piston with grooved side facing out.

\* Install the piston with its outer end protruding 3~5 mm beyond the brake caliper.

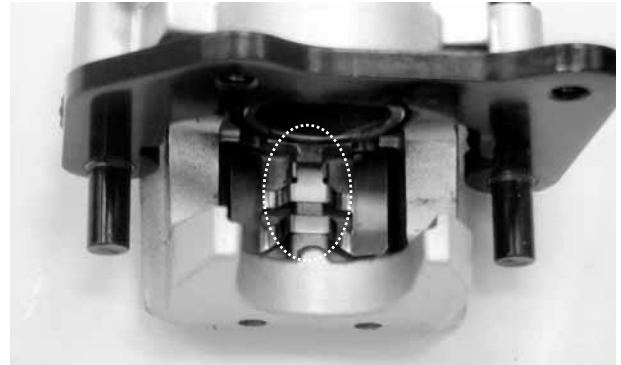
Wipe off excessive brake fluid with a clean shop towel.



## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

Install the caliper spring plate into the caliper.

- \* Make sure that the boss on the caliper correctly engages with the locating slot on the caliper spring plate.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “FRONT BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL” procedures.

Tighten the brake pad pin bolts and brake caliper mounting bolts.

#### Torque:

Brake pad pin bolt:

1.8 kgf-m (18 Nm, 13 lbf-ft)

Brake caliper mounting bolt (replace a new one): 3.2 kgf-m (32 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)

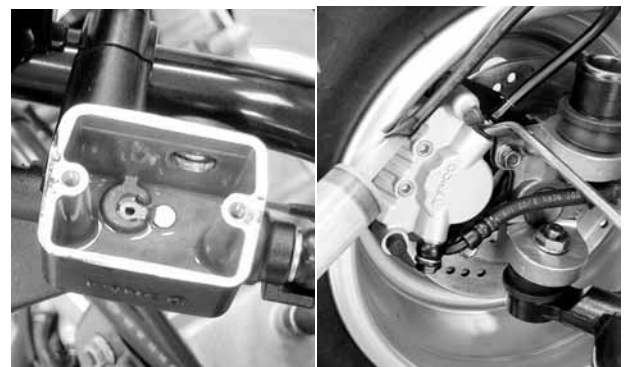
- \* When installing the brake caliper, be sure to position the brake disk between the two brake pads.

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

**Torque:** 3.5 kgf-m (35 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system. (page 13-4)

- \* When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two sealing washers.

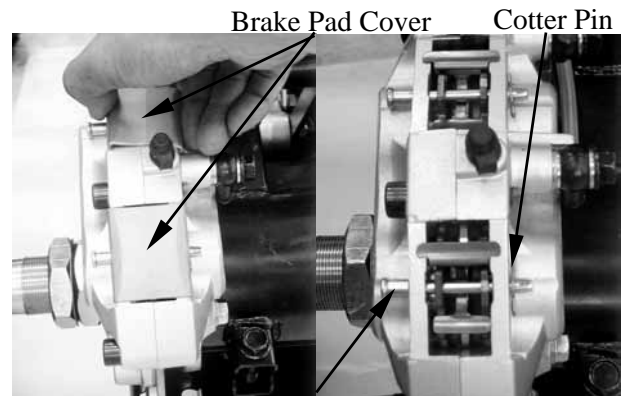


# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

## REAR HYDRAULIC BRAKE

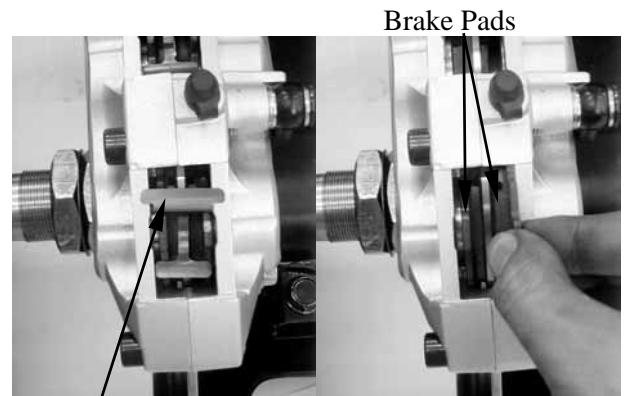
### REAR BRAKE PADS REMOVAL

Remove the brake pads cover.  
Remove the cotter pin and then pull out the brake pad pin from the caliper.



Brake Pad Cover  
Cotter Pin  
Brake Pad Pin

Remove the brake spring plate and then remove brake pads.

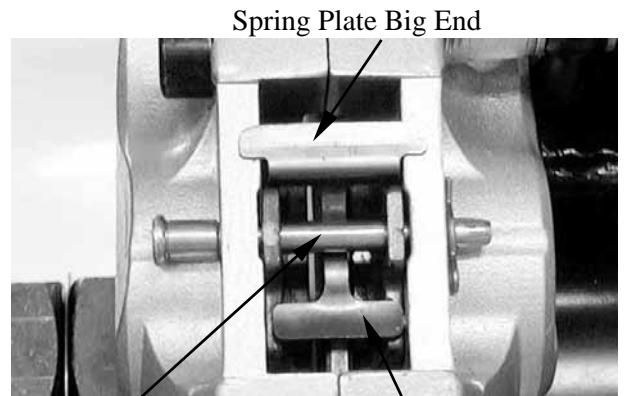


Spring Plate  
Brake Pads

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REAR BRAKE PADS REMOVAL” procedures.

- \* 
  - Make sure put the spring plate big end on the rear caliper.
  - Make sure put the spring plate small end on the rear pads.
  - Make sure brake pad pin over the spring plate.



Spring Plate Big End  
Brake Pad Pin  
Spring Plate Small End

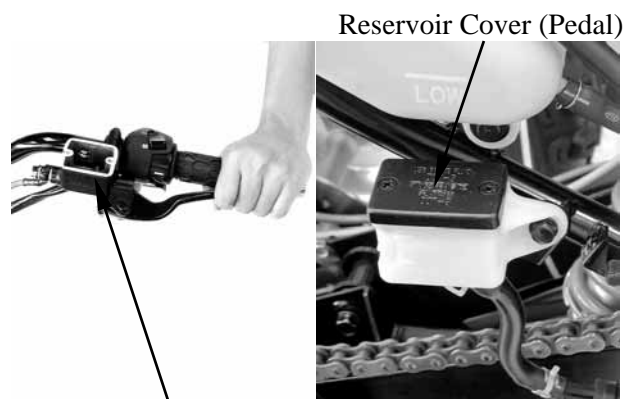
## REAR BRAKE FLUID CHANGE/AIR BLEED

### BRAKE FLUID DRAINING

Place the machine on the level ground.  
Remove the two screws attaching the brake fluid reservoir cap (brake lever and brake pedal).

- \* 

Use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by splash of brake fluid.



Reservoir Cover (Pedal)  
Reservoir (Front Left Lever)



# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

Connect a transparent hose to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.  
Use a syringe to draw the brake fluid out through the hose.

Bleed Valve (Front Left Lever)



Bleed Valve (Pedal)

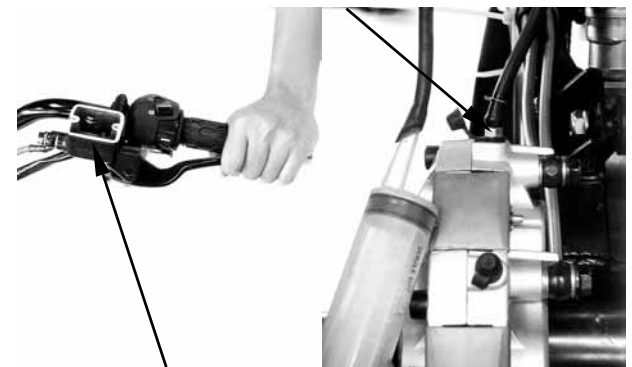
Bleed Valve (Front Left Lever)

## BRAKE FLUID REFILLING

Connect a transparent hose and syringe to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.  
Fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid and use the syringe to draw brake fluid into it until there is no air bubbles in the hose.  
Then, tighten the bleed valve nut.  
**Torque:** 0.6 kgf-m (6 N-m, 4.32 lbf-ft)

★

- When drawing brake fluid with the syringe, the brake fluid level (pedal) should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.
- Use only the recommended brake fluid.



Reservoir (Front Left Lever) Bleed Valve (Pedal)

Reservoir Cover (Pedal)

**Recommended Brake Fluid:** DOT-4



Reservoir (Pedal)

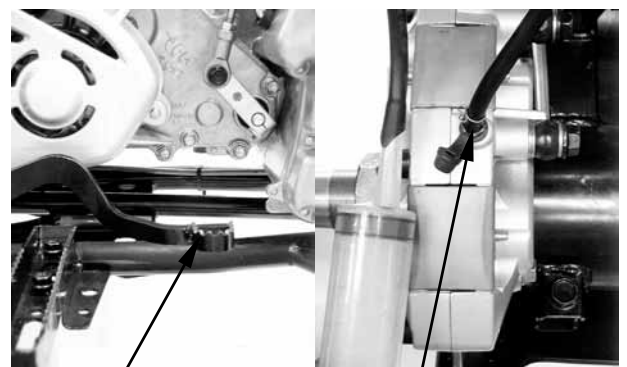
Reservoir Protection Cover

## BRAKE SYSTEM BLEEDING

Connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve and fully apply the brake lever (pedal) after continuously pull it several times.  
Then, loosen the bleed valve nut to bleed air from the brake system. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.

★

- When bleeding air from the brake system, the brake fluid level (pedal) should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir



Brake Pedal

Bleed Valve (Pedal)

# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

## REAR BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER (REAR BRAKE PEDAL)

### REAR MASTER CYLINDER ON THE LEFT HANDGRIP DISASSEMBLY

Refer to the “FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY” section in the chapter 13.

### ASSEMBLY

Refer to the “FRONT BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER ASSEMBLY” section in the chapter 13.

### REAR MASTER CYLINDER ON THE REAR BRAKE PEDAL DISASSEMBLY

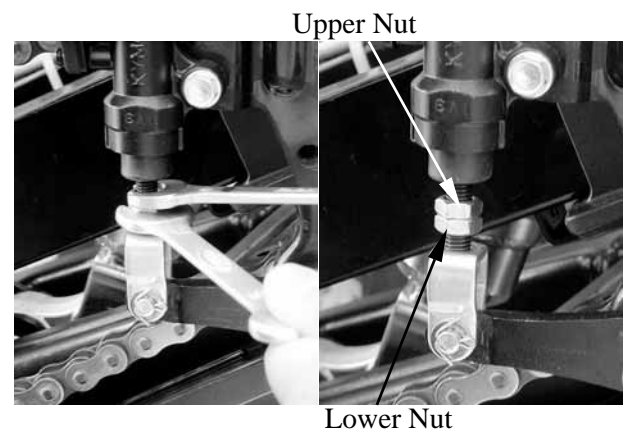
Remove the brake reservoir cover.

Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system. (page 13-12)

Loosen the upper and lower nuts.

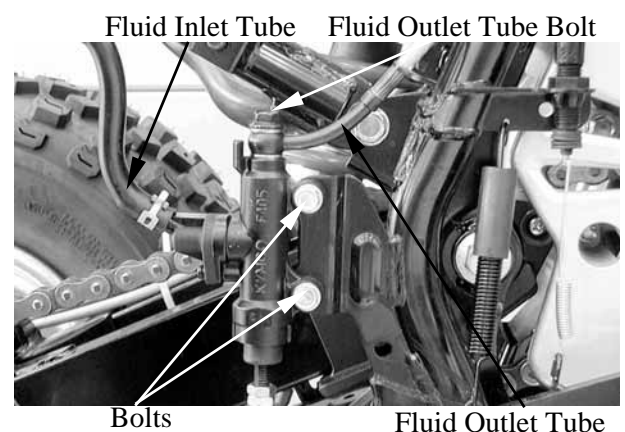
Hold the lower nut to turn clockwise and tighten upper nut.

Turn the lower nut counterclockwise disconnect the rear brake pedal.



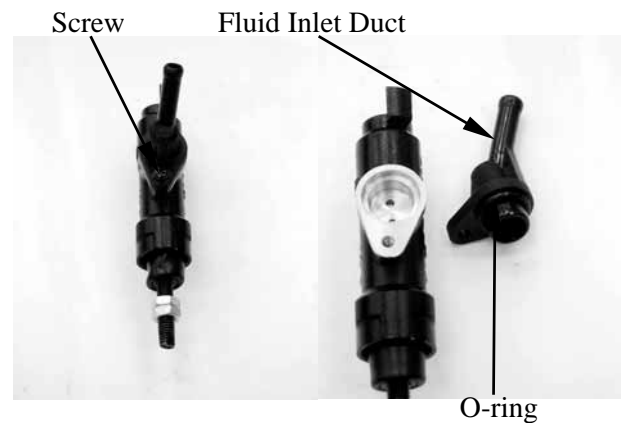
Disconnect the fluid inlet tube and remove the fluid bolt to disconnect the fluid outlet tube.

Remove the two bolts and remove the master cylinder.

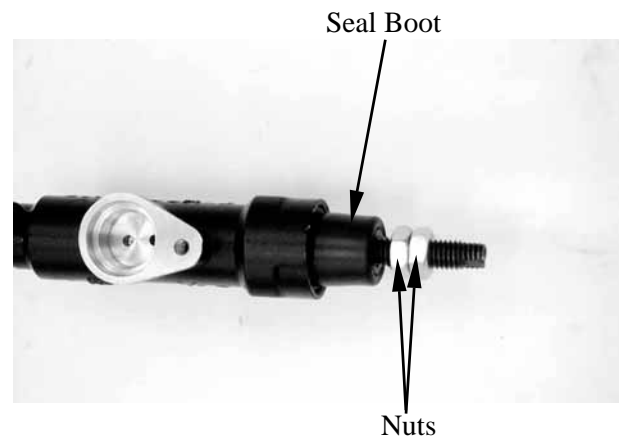


# 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

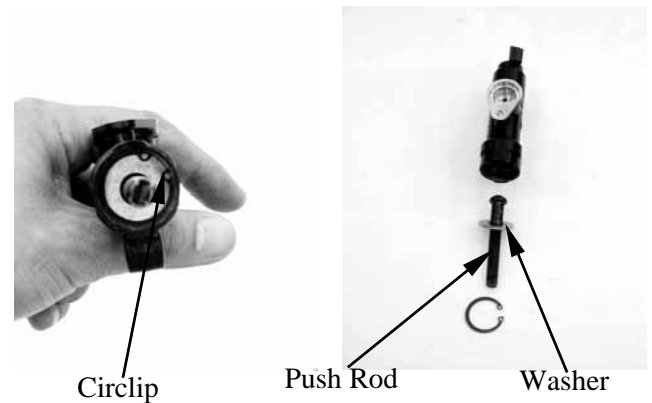
Remove the screw and remove the fluid inlet duct.  
Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.



Remove the two nuts and remove the seal boot.



Remove the circlip and then pull out the push rod, washer, piston and spring.

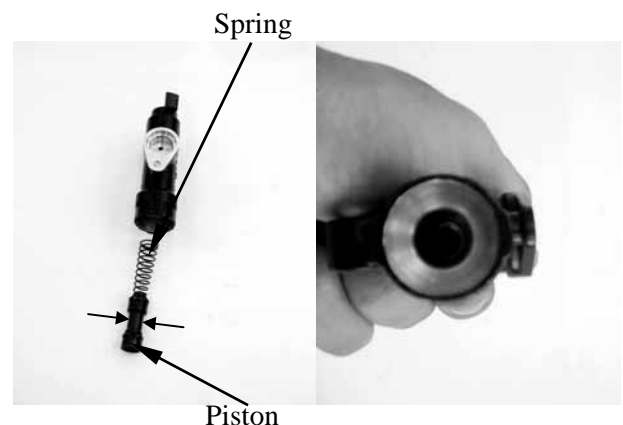


## INSPECTION

Check the cylinder inside wall, and spring for scratch, corrosion or other abnormal condition.

If any abnormal condition is found, replace the inner parts or master cylinder.

Before assembly, inspect the 1st and 2nd rubber cups for wear.

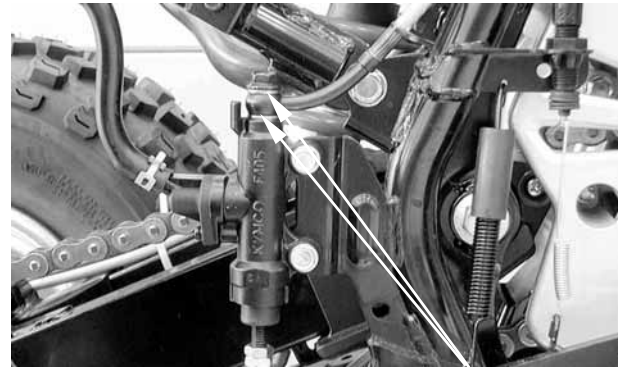


## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

### ASSEMBLY

Before assembly, apply brake fluid to all removed parts.

\* During assembly, the master cylinder, piston and spring must be installed as a unit without exchange.



Washers

Reverse the “MASTER CYLINDER ON THE REAR BRAKE PEDAL DISASSEMBLY” procedures.

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

**Torque:** 3.5 kgf-m (35 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)

Fill the brake reservoir with recommended brake fluid to the upper level.

Bleed air from the hydraulic brake system.  
(page 13-12)

## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

### REAR BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL

Drain brake fluid of both the rear brake side and the combination brake side. (page 13-12)

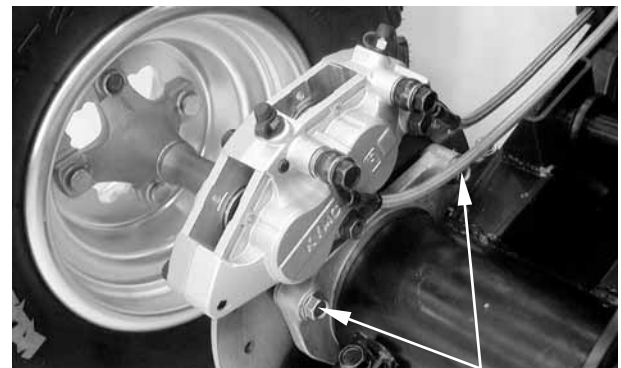
- \* To prevent brake fluid from splashing on the parts nearby, cover the parts with cloth.

Remove the brake pads. (page 13-11)

Remove the caliper mounting bolts and remove the caliper.

- \* Slightly loosen the caliper housing bolts before removing the caliper mounting bolts to facilitate later disassembly.

Remove the caliper housing bolts



Bolts



Bolts

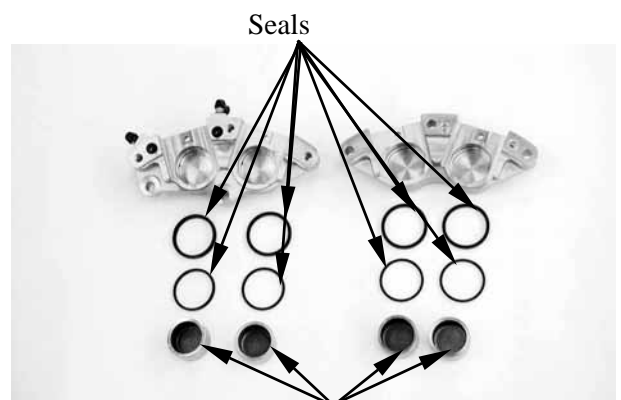
Using an air blow gun, pressurize the caliper fluid chamber to push out the piston.

- \* Place a rag over the piston to prevent it from popping out and flying and keep hand off the piston.  
Be careful of brake fluid which can possibly splash.  
Do not use high pressure air but increase the pressure gradually.



Remove the dust seals and piston seals.

- \* Use care not to cause scratch on the cylinder bore.  
Do not reuse the piston seal and dust seal that have been removed.



Seals

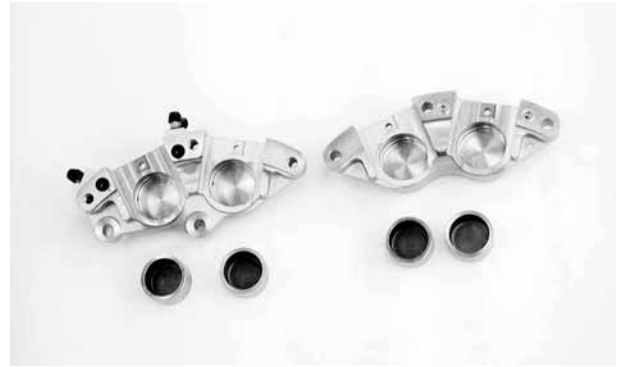
Piston

## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

### INSPECTION

Inspect the caliper cylinder wall and piston surface for scratch, corrosion or other damages.

If any abnormal condition is noted, replace the caliper.



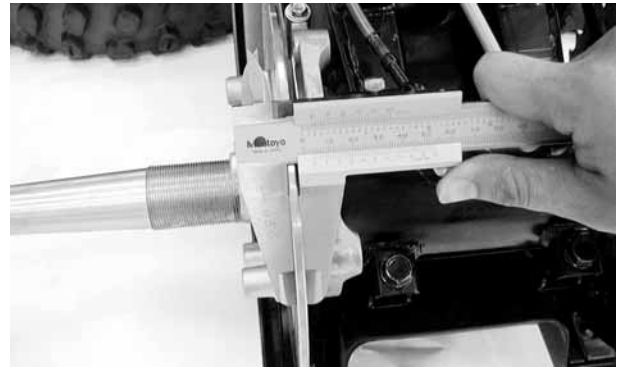
### BRAKE DISK

Measure the brake disk thickness.

**Service Limit:** 3 mm (0.12 in)

Measure the brake disk run out.

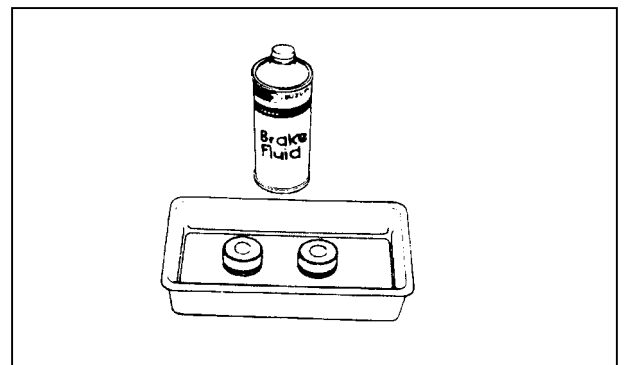
**Service Limit:** 0.3 mm (0.012 in)



### ASSEMBLY

Reassemble the caliper in the reverse order of disassembly procedures and observe the following points.

- \* Wash the caliper components with fresh brake fluid before assembly. Do not wipe off brake fluid after washing the components.  
Replace the piston seal and dust seal with new ones with brake fluid applied.



**Brake fluid specification and classification: DOT4**

## 13. BRAKE SYSTEM

Fit the O-ring.

Install and tighten the caliper housing bolts.

**Torque:** 2.3 kgf-m (23 N-m, 16.5 lbf-ft)



### INSTALLATION

Install the rear caliper and tighten the two mounting bolts.

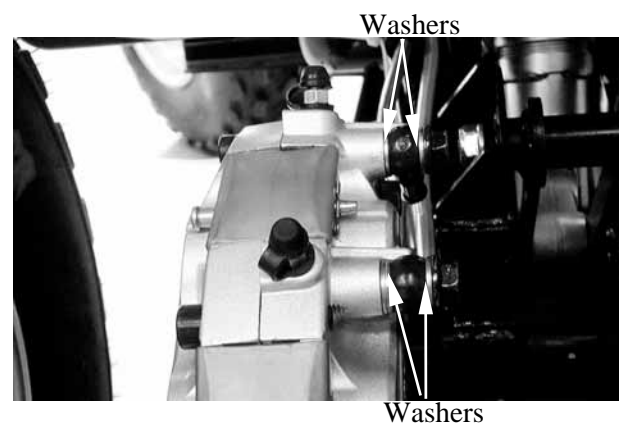
**Torque:**

Brake caliper mounting bolt (replace a new one): 3.2 kgf-m (32 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)

With the tube ends contacted to the caliper and install the washers and tighten the fluid tube bolts.

**Torque:** 3.5 kgf-m (35 Nm, 25 lbf-ft)

Fill the system with brake fluid and bleed air. (page 13-12)



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**FRONT WHEEL/  
FRONT SUSPENSION\STEERING SYSTEM**

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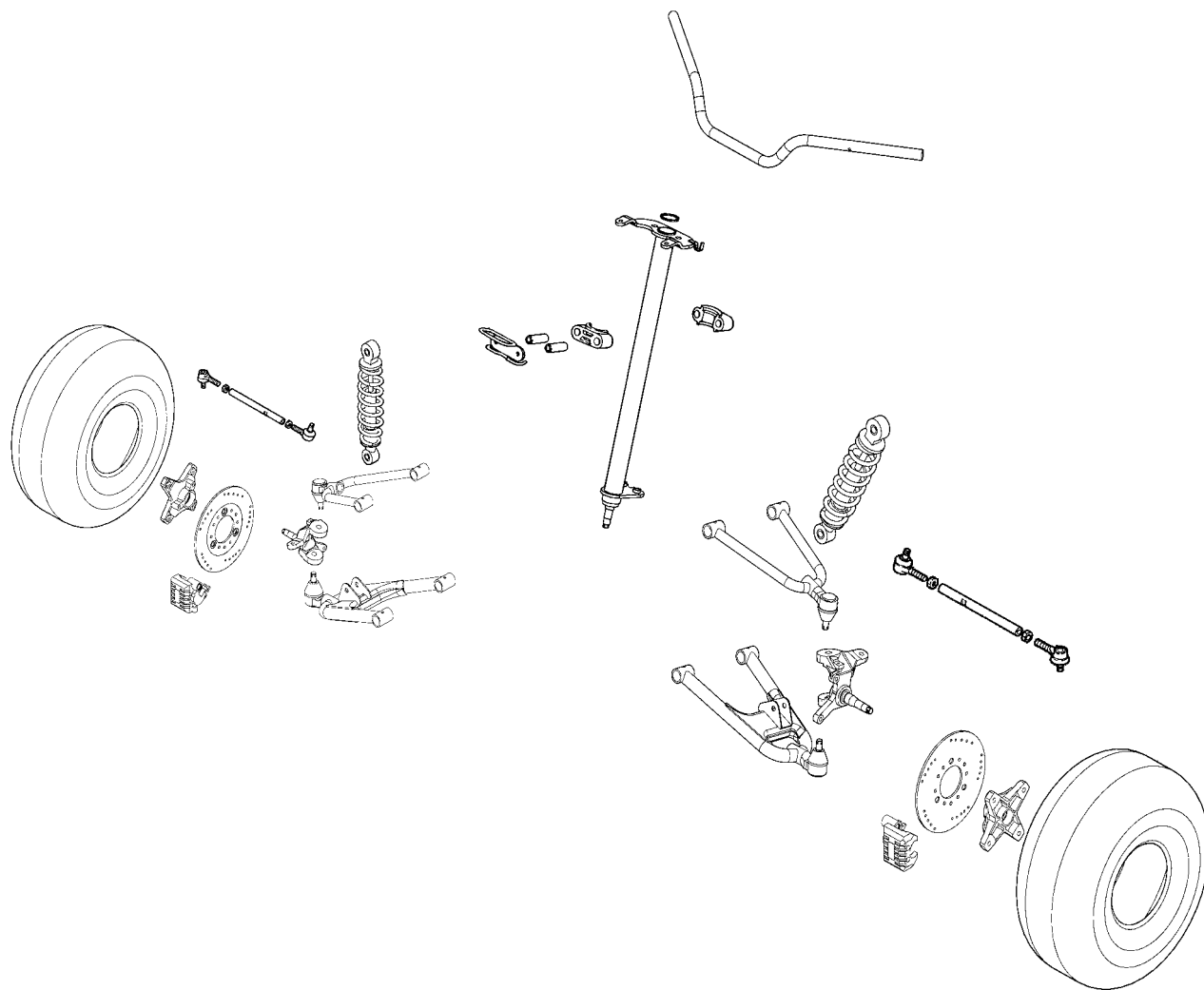
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	14- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	14- 2
FRONT WHEEL-----	14- 3
FRONT WHEEL HUB-----	14- 4
FRONT SUSPENSION-----	14- 8
TIE-ROD-----	14-13
HANDLEBAR-----	14-15
STEERING COLUMN-----	14-17



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Jack the machine front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the machine from falling down.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake disk
- Inspect the brake system before riding.

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit
Front wheel rim run out	Radial	—	2 (0.08)
	Axial	—	2 (0.08)
Tie rod length		299.5±0.5(11.98±0.02)	—
Rod-end (tie rod) angle		180°	—

### TORQUE VALUES

Steering stem nut	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)	
Front swing arm nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)	
Front wheel nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)	
Front wheel hub nut	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)	Castle nut
Knuckle ball joint nut	3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)	Castle nut
Tie-rod ball joint nut	2 kgf-m (20 N-m, 15 lbf-ft)	Castle nut
Front shock absorber mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)	

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Oil seal and bearing install	E014
Tie-rod ball joint remover	F011
Ball joint remover	F012

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Hard steering (heavy)

- Insufficient tire pressure

### Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Uneven front shock absorbers
- Bent front arm
- Bent steering knuckle

### Front shock absorber noise

- Slider bending
- Loose arm fasteners
- Lack of lubrication

### Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Excessive wheel bearing play
- Bent spoke plate
- Faulty tire
- Improperly tightened axle nut

### Soft front shock absorber

- Weak shock springs
- Insufficient damper oil

# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

## FRONT WHEEL

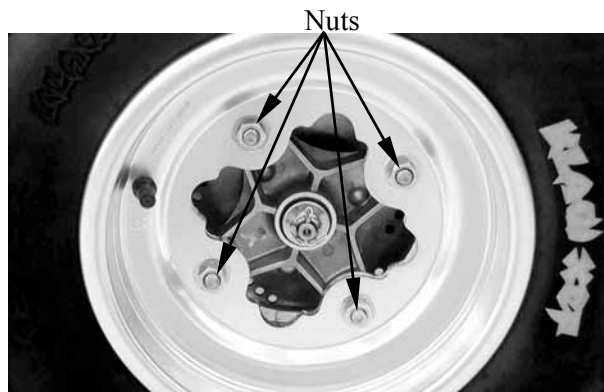
### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.

Remove four nuts attaching the front wheel hub and front wheel.

Elevate the front wheels by placing a suitable stand under the frame.

\* **Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.**



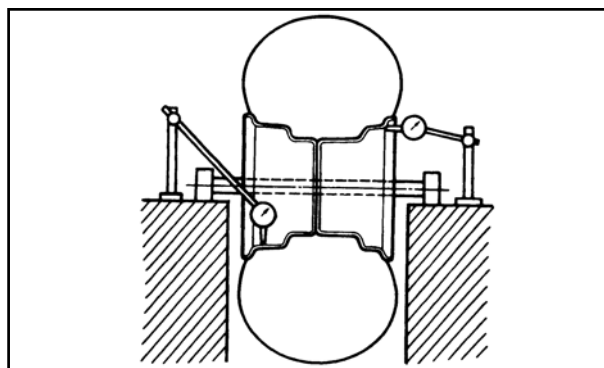
Measure the wheel run out.

Replace wheel or check bearing play if out of specification

### Rim run out limits:

Vertical: 2 mm (0.08 in)

Lateral: 2 mm (0.08 in)

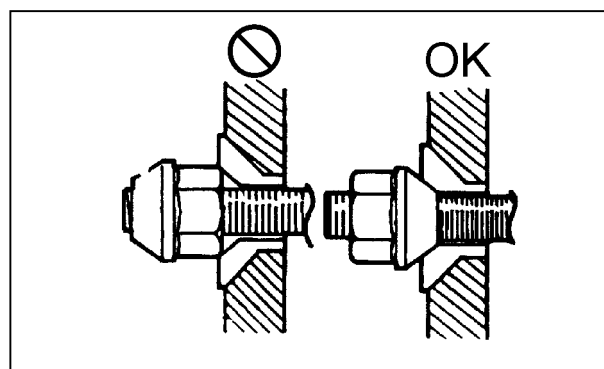


## INSTALLATION

When reinstalling a wheel, tighten the wheel nuts in a crisscross (rather than a circular) pattern.

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

\* **Be sure the tapered side of the wheel nuts face the wheel rim.**



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



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## FRONT WHEEL HUB

### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.  
Remove the front wheel (page 14-3) and  
caliper. (page 13-8)  
Elevate the front wheels by placing a  
suitable stand under the frame.

\* **Support the machine securely so  
there is no danger of it falling over.**

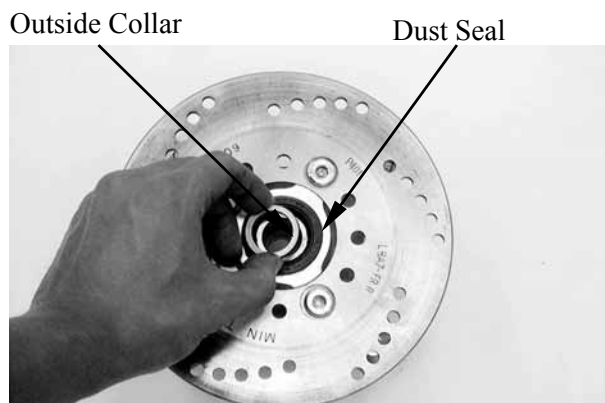
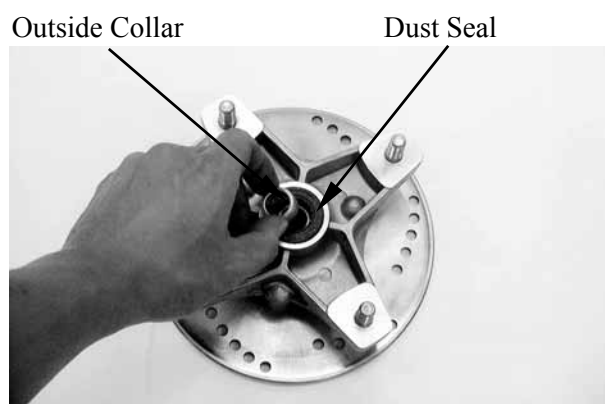
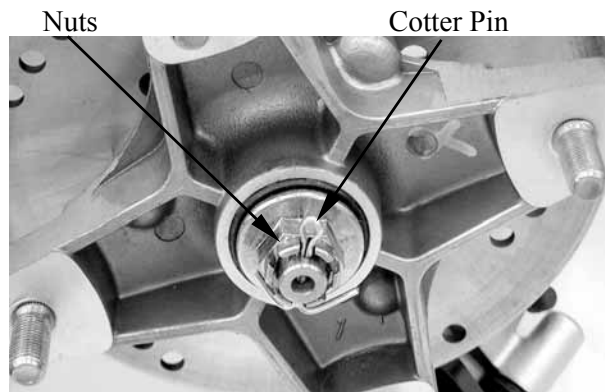
Remove the cotter pin.  
Remove nut attaching the front wheel hub  
and then remove front wheel hub.

### DISASSEMBLY

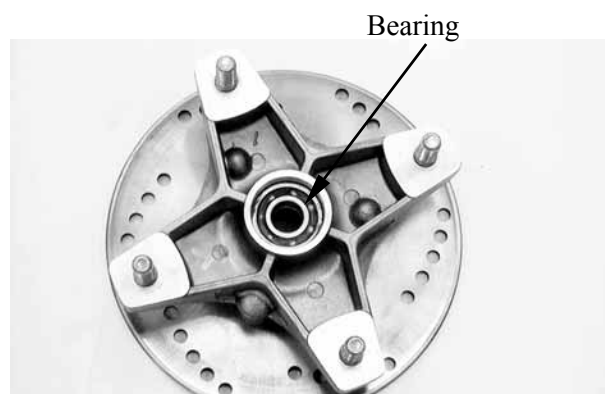
Remove the outside collars.  
Inspect the dust seals for wear or damage.  
If any defects are found, replace the dust  
seal with a new one.

Remove the dust seals by a flat-head screw  
driver.

\* **Place a wood block against the outer  
edge to protect this edge.**

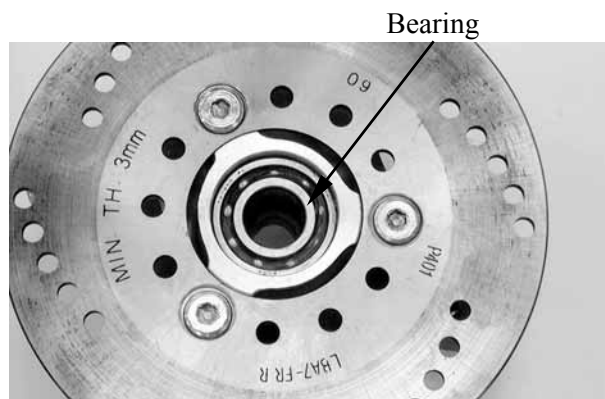


Inspect the bearings for allow play in the  
front wheel hub or the wheel turns roughly.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

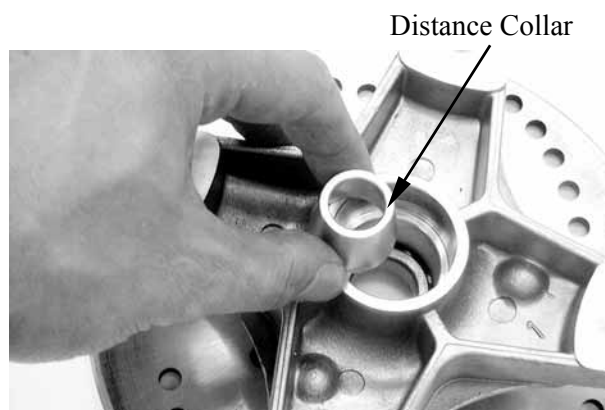
If any defects are found, replace the bearings



Remove the bearings using a general bearing puller.



Remove the distance collar from the front wheel hub.



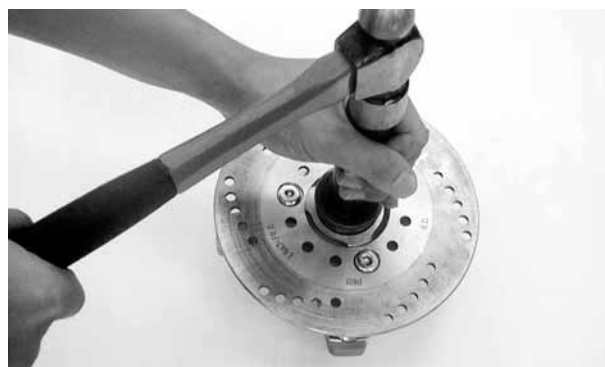
## ASSEMBLY

Install the left new bearing and dust seal into the front wheel hub.

### Special tool:

Oil seal and bearing install E014

- \* Apply the grease onto the oil seal lips, bearing.



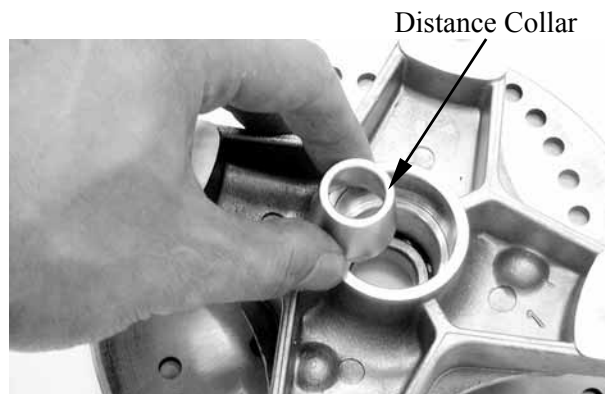
# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250

Install the distance collar.

- \* Be sure the tapered side of the distance collar face the wheel.



Install the right new bearing and dust seal into the front wheel hub.

- \* Apply the grease onto the oil seal lips, bearing.

### Special tool:

Oil seal and bearing install E014

- \*
  - Do not allow the bearings to tilt while driving them in.
  - Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.
  - Pack all bearing cavities with grease.
  - Drive in the bearing squarely with the sealed end facing out.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “FRONT WHEEL HUB REMOVAL AND INSPECTION” procedures.

- \* Apply grease onto the bearing and dust seal lips of the wheel panel.

Tighten the front wheel hub nut.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

## 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

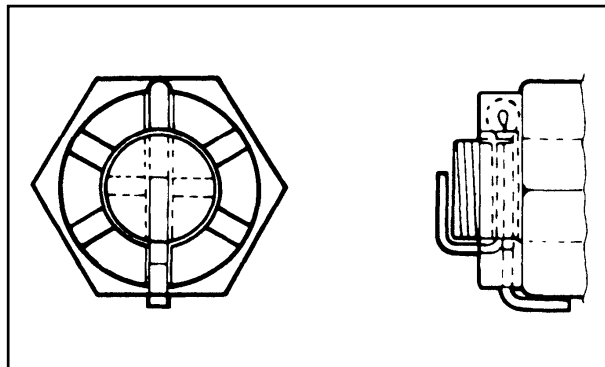


ATV 300/250

Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter pin.

\*

- Do not loosen the wheel hub nut after torque tightening. If the wheel hub nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the wheel hub nut.
- Always use a new cotter pin.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250

## FRONT SUSPENSION

### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

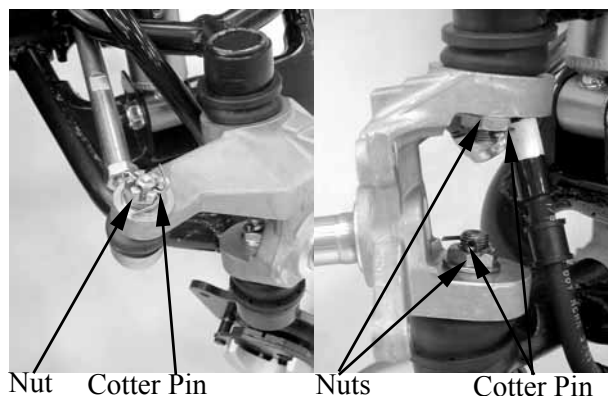
Elevate the front wheels by placing a suitable stand under the frame.

\*

Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

Remove the front wheel (page 14-3), caliper (page 13-8) and front wheel hub. (page 14-4)

Remove the cotter pins, washer and nuts attaching tie-rod, upper and lower front arms.



Release the tie-rod ball joint off the knuckle, using the special tool according to the following instructions.

### Special tool:

Tie-rod ball joint remover      F011

Apply grease to the ball joint remover at the point shown.

This will ease installation of the tool and prevent damage to the pressure bolt threads.

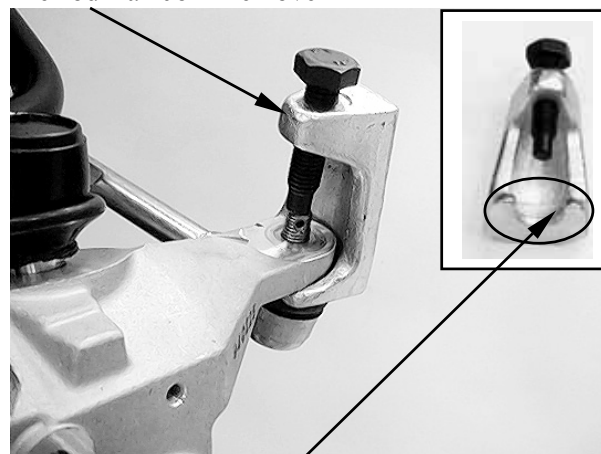
Insert the jaws carefully, making sure that you do not damage the ball joint boot.

Adjust the jaw spacing by turning the pressure bolt.

Tighten the pressure bolt with a wrench until the ball joint stud pops loose.

Remove the knuckle from the upper and lower arms

Tie-rod Ball Joint Remover



Apply grease



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

Release the ball joints of the upper and lower arms off the knuckle, using the special tool according to the following instructions.

**Special tool:** Ball joint remover F012

Apply grease to the ball joint remover at the point shown.

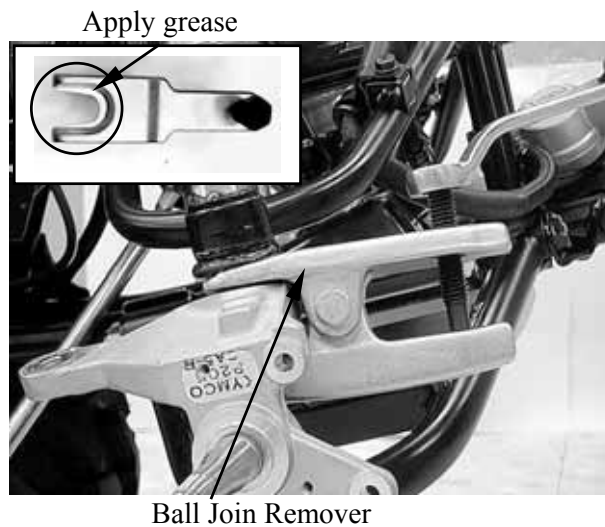
This will ease installation of the tool and prevent damage to the pressure bolt threads.

Insert the jaws carefully, making sure that you do not damage the ball joint boot.

Adjust the jaw spacing by turning the pressure bolt.

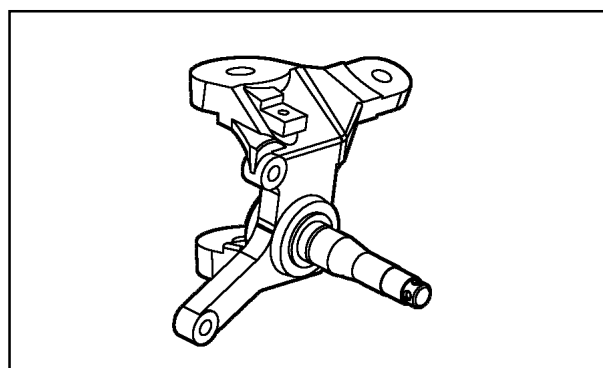
Tighten the pressure bolt with a wrench until the ball joint stud pops loose.

Remove the knuckle from the upper and lower arms

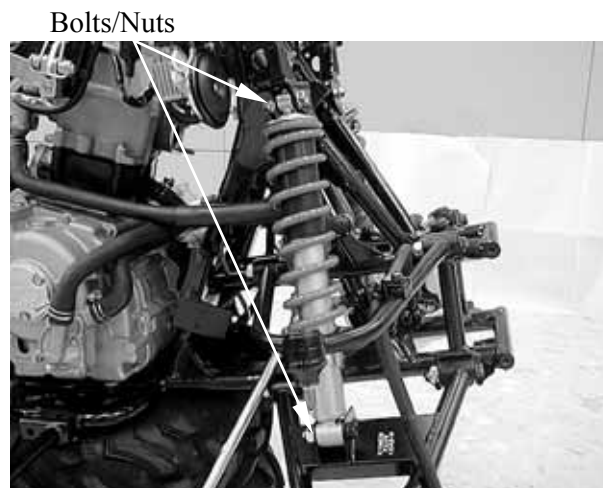


Inspect the steering knuckle for cracks, pitting or damage.

If any defects are found, replace the steering knuckle with a new one.

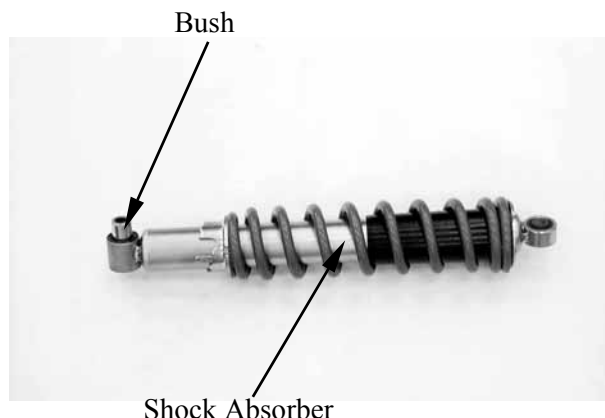


Remove the front shock absorber upper mount and lower mount bolts/nuts, then remove the front shock absorber and bush.

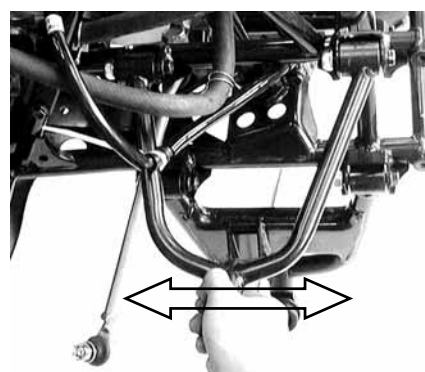


# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

Inspect the shock absorber rod.  
Bends/damage → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Inspect the shock absorber.  
Oil leaks → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Inspect the spring of the shock absorber by move the spring up and down.  
Fatigue → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Inspect bush.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



Check the upper front arm brackets of the frame.  
If bent, cracked or damaged, repair or replace the frame.  
Check the tightening torque of the front arms securing nuts.



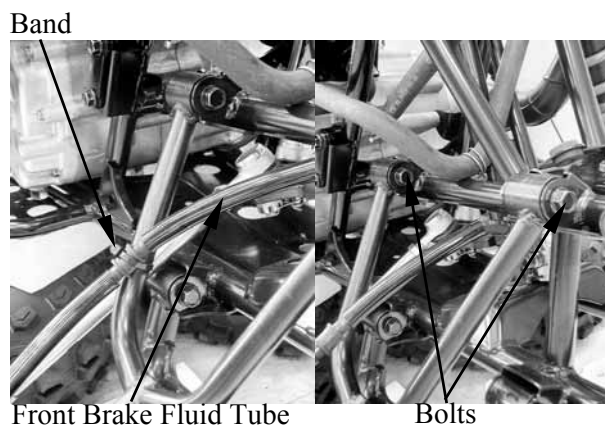
**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Check the upper front arm side play by moving it from side to side.  
If side play noticeable, replace the inner collars and bushes as a set.



Check the front arm vertical movement by moving it up and down.  
If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, replace the inner collars and bushes as a set.

Remove the band and then disconnect the front brake fluid tube from the upper front arm.  
Remove the two nuts and two bolts attaching the upper front arm, then remove the upper front arm and bushes.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

Inspect the front arm.  
Cracks/bends/damage → Replace.

\*

Do not attempt to straighten a bent arm, this may dangerously weaken the arm.

Inspect bushes.  
Wear/damage → Replace.

Check the lower front arm brackets of the frame.

If bent, cracked or damaged, repair or replace the frame.

Check the tightening torque of the front arms securing nuts.

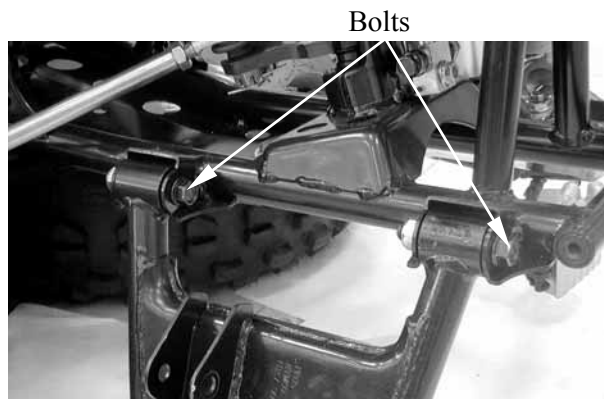
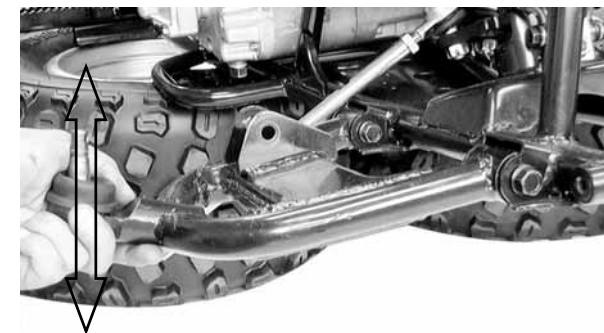
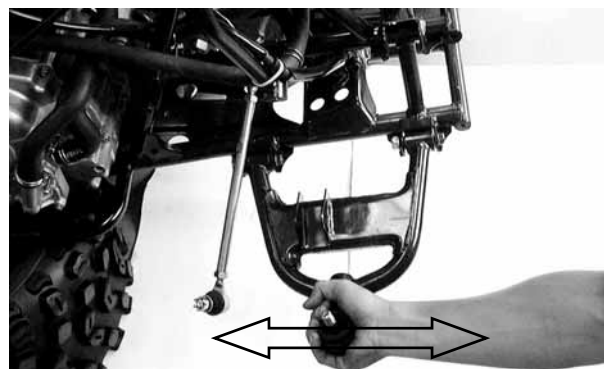
**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Check the lower front arm side play by moving it from side to side.

If side play noticeable, replace the inner collar and bushes as a set.

Check the lower front arm vertical movement by moving it up and down.  
If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, replace the inner collar and bushes as a set.

Remove the two nuts and two bolts attaching the lower front arm, then remove the lower front arm and bushes.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

Inspect the lower front arm.  
Cracks/bends/damage →Replace.

★ Do not attempt to straighten a bent arm,  
this may dangerously weaken the arm.

Inspect bushes.  
Wear/damage →Replace.



## INSTALLATION

Reverse the “FRONT SUSPENSION  
REMOVAL AND INSPECTION”  
procedures.

★ Apply the grease onto the bushes and  
inner collars

Install the lower and upper front arms nuts  
onto the frame and tighten the nuts.

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Install the steering knuckle onto the upper  
and lower front arms and tighten the nuts.

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 33 lbf-ft)

Install the tie-rod and washer onto the  
steering knuckle and tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 2 kgf-m (20 N-m, 15 lbf-ft)

Install the all cotter pins and band ends of  
cotter pins.

★ Always use a new cotter pin.

Apply the grease onto the bush, then install  
the shock absorber and tighten the upper  
mount and lower mount bolts.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)

Install the front wheel hub (page 14-6),  
caliper (page 13-10) and front wheel. (page  
14-3)

# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250

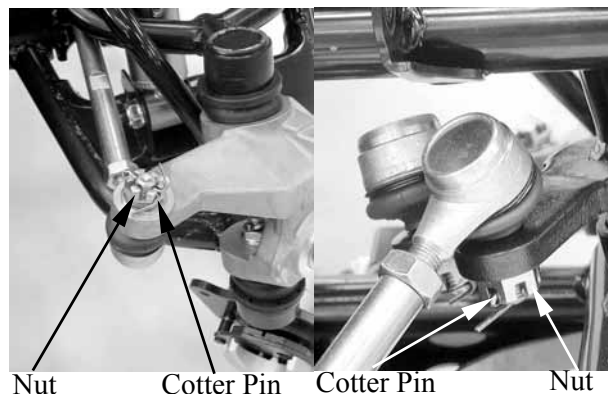
## TIE-ROD

### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

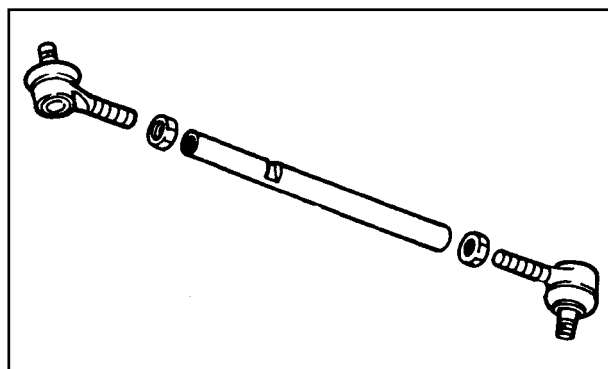
Remove the cotter pin and nut attaching the tie-rod and steering column.

Remove the cotter pin and nut attaching the tie-rod and steering knuckle.

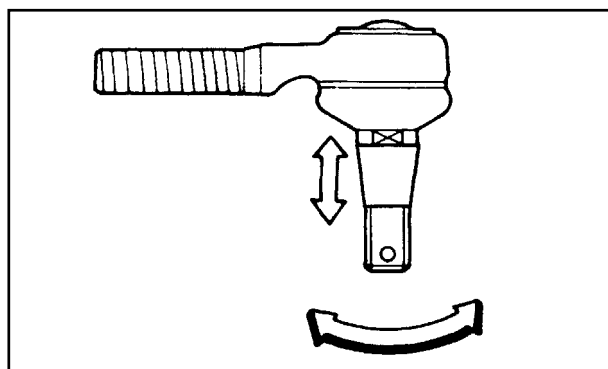
Then remove tie-rods.



Inspect the tie-rod.  
Bend/damage → Replace.



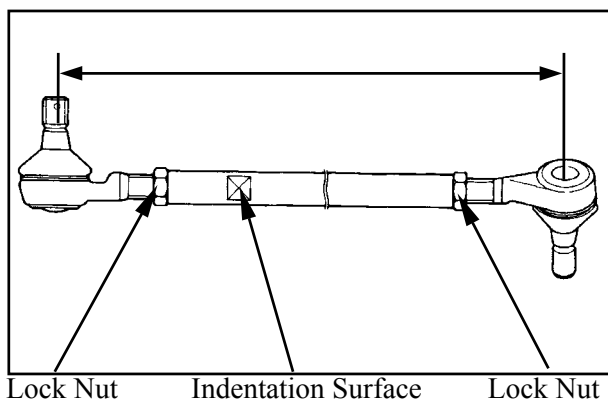
Check the tie-rod end movement.  
Tie-rod end exists free play or turns roughly → Replace.  
Check the tapered surface of the tie-rod end.  
Pitting/wear/damage → Replace.



Adjust the tie-rod length.  
Adjustment steps:  
(The following procedures are done on both tie-rods, right and left.)  
Loosen the lock nuts.  
Adjust the tie-rod length by tuning both tie-rod ends.

### Tie rod length:

299.5±0.5 mm (11.98±0.02 in)



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 300/250

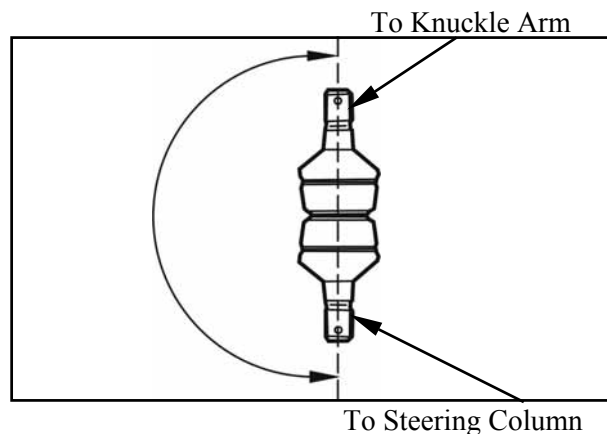
Set the rod-end (steering column side) in an angle where the indentation surface of the tie-rod is parallel to the rod-end shaft, and then tighten the lock nut.

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)

Set the other rod-end (knuckle arm side) in an angle as shown (right-hand tie-rod and left-hand tie-rod), and then tighten the lock nut.

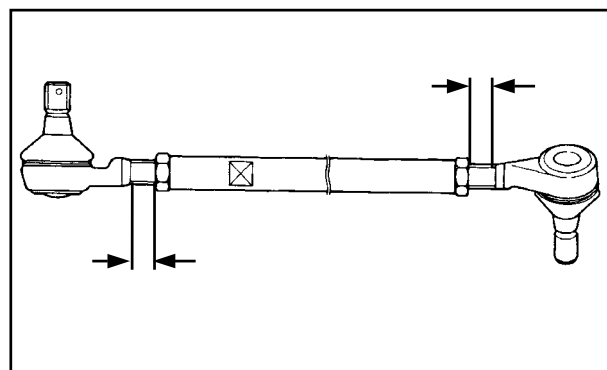
**Rod-end (tie rod) angle:** 180°

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)



\* After making adjustment on both tie rods be sure to mark them R and L for identification.

\* The threads on both rod-end must be of the same length.



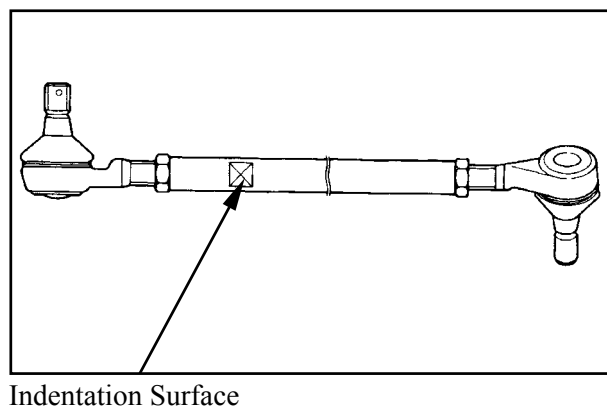
## INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL AND INSPECTION” procedures.

Install the tie-rod and washer onto the steering knuckle and steering column, then tighten the nuts.

**Torque:** 2 kgf-m (20 N-m, 15 lbf-ft)

\* Be sure that the rod-end on the indentation surface side is connected to the steering knuckle.



Install the all cotter pins and band ends of cotter pins.

\* Always use a new cotter pin.

# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

## HANDLEBAR

### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Remove the following parts:

Seat, front cover, center cover, front fender and handlebar cover.

Refer to the "FENDERS" section in the CHAPTER 2

Remove the right and left master cylinder and remove bands then disconnect the rear and front fluid tube from the handlebar.

Remove the two screws and remove the handlebar switch.

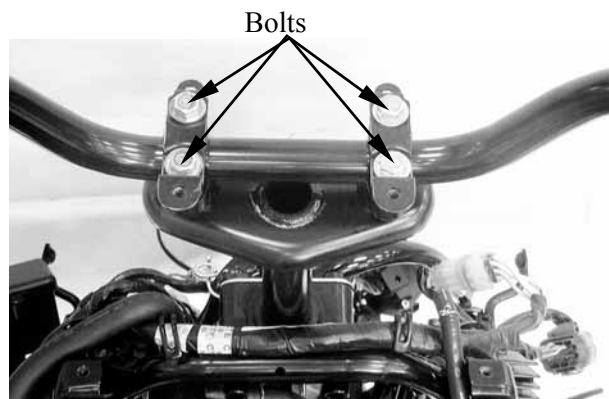
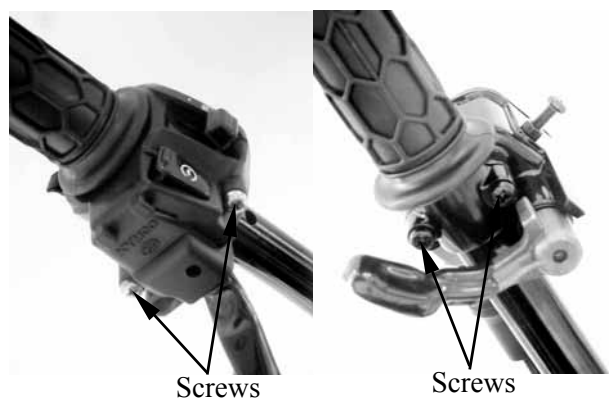
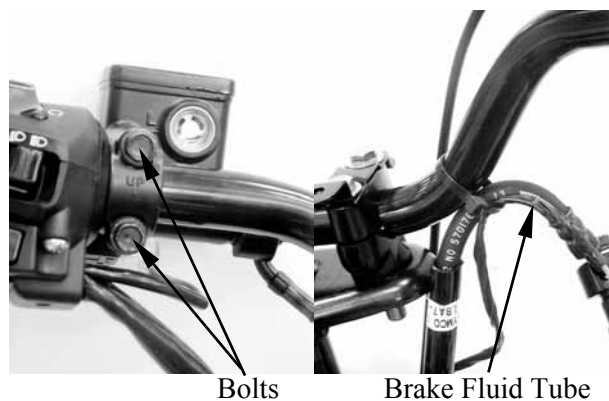
Remove the two screws and remove throttle unit.

Remove the four handlebar holder bolts and remove the handlebar.

### INSPECTION

Inspect the handlebar.

Cracks/bends/damage → Replace.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

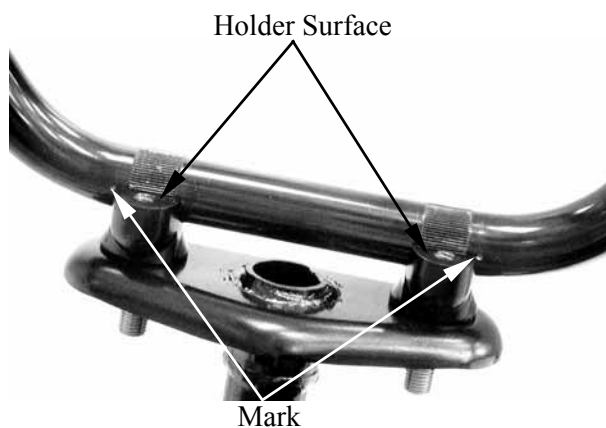
## INSTALLATION

Install handlebar and handlebar holder, then tighten the four bolts.

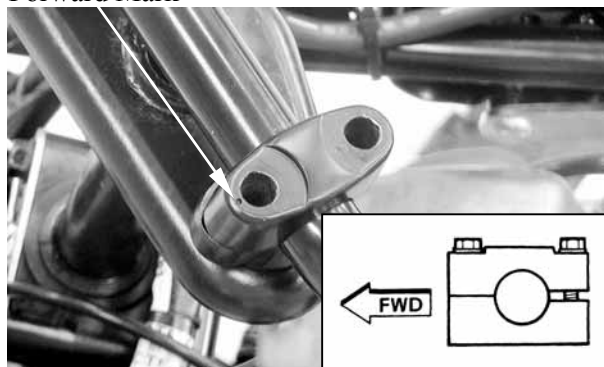
**Torque:** 2.3 kgf-m (23 N-m, 16.56 lbf-ft)

\*

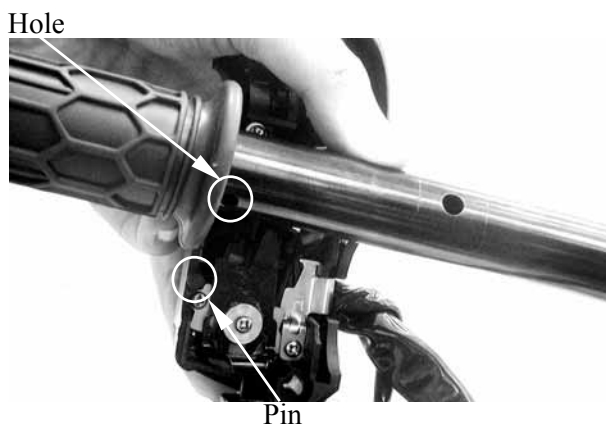
- Align the mark on the handlebar with the lower handlebar holder surface.
- Be sure the upper handlebar holder mark face to front.
- First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.



Forward Mark

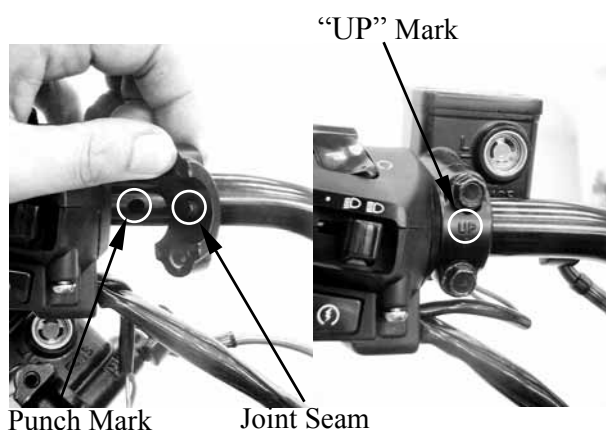


Install the handlebar switch by aligning the pin on the handlebar switch with the hole in the handlebar and then tighten the two screws.



Place the right and left brake master cylinder on the handlebar and install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing up, aligning the punch mark on the handlebar with the holder joint seam. First tighten the upper bolt and then tighten the lower blot.

**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

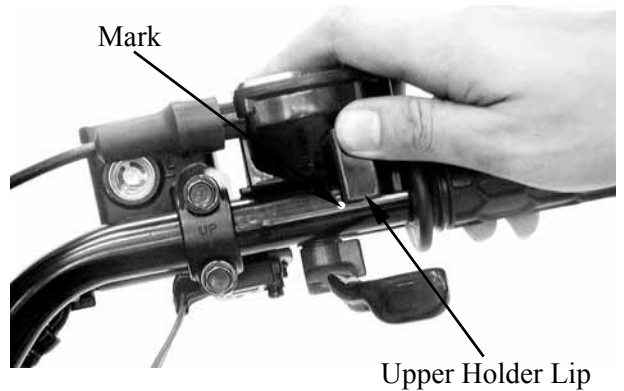




# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM



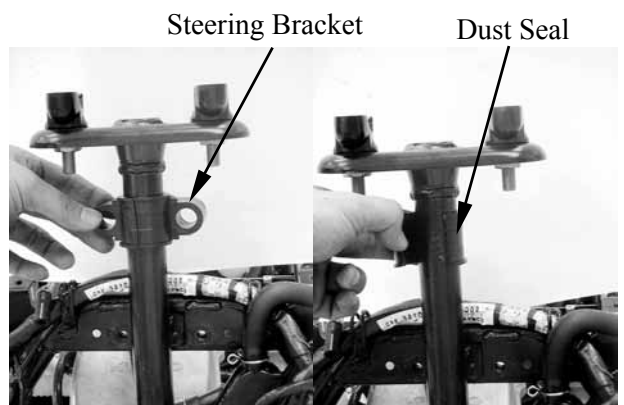
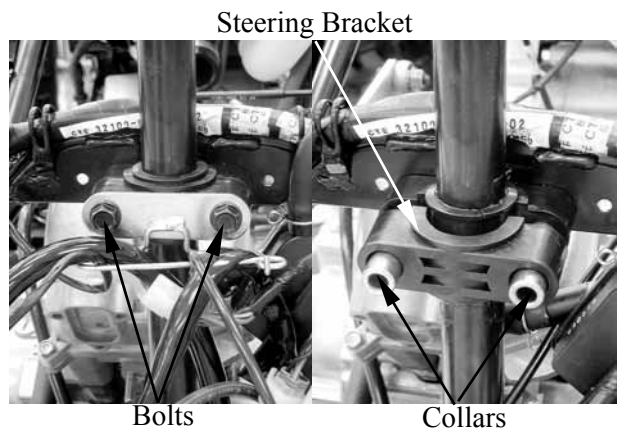
Install the throttle unit by aligning the upper holder lip with the mark in the handlebar and then install the lower holder and tighten the two screws.



## STEERING COLUMN REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Remove handlebar. (page 14-15)

Remove the two bolts and remove the cable holder, steering brackets, collars and dust seal.

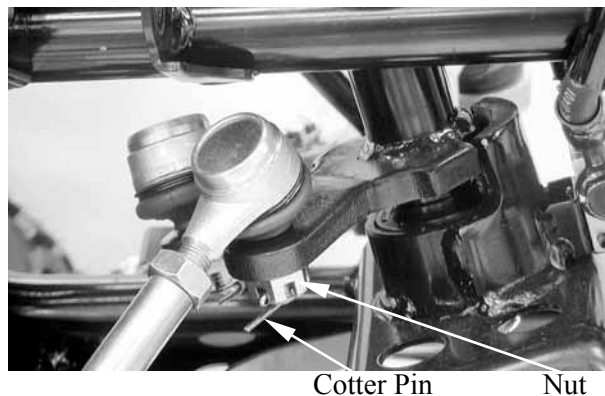


# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

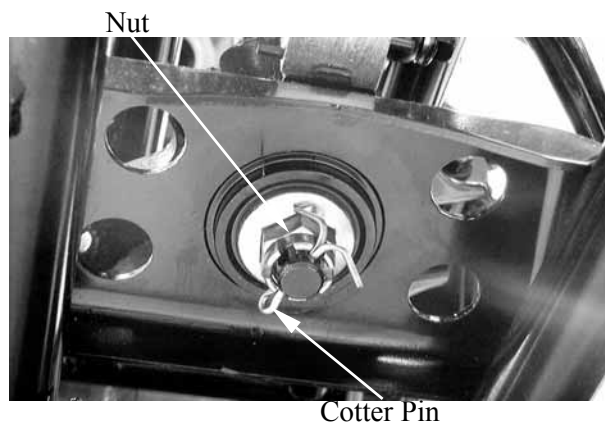


ATV 300/250

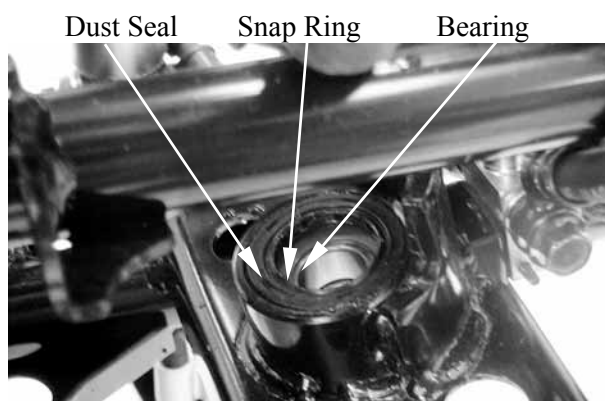
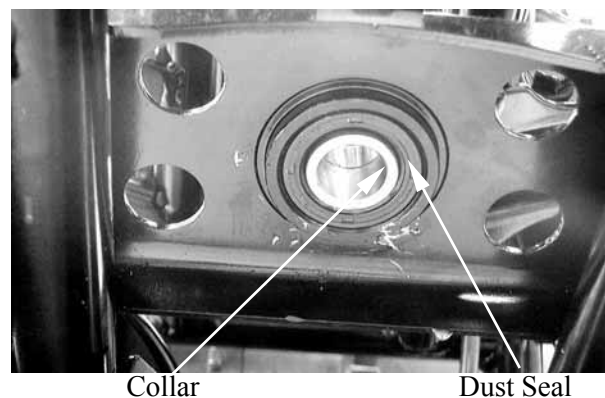
Remove the cotter pins and nuts attaching the tie-rods, then disconnect the tie-rods from the steering column.



Remove the cotter pin and nut attaching the steering column under the frame body, then remove steering column and collar.



Inspect the collar, dust seals, snap ring (under the dust seal) and bearing.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



# 14. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT SUSPENSION/ STEERING SYSTEM

Inspect the steering column.  
Bends/damage →Replace.

\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent shaft,  
this may dangerously weaken the shaft.

Inspect the steering brackets and oil seal.  
Wear damage →Replace.



## INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL” procedures.

\* Apply the grease onto the collar, dust  
seals, and bearing.

Install the steering column and collar, then  
tighten the nut under the frame body.  
**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)  
Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter  
pin.

\* Always use a new cotter pin.



Assembly the steering column and tighten  
the two bolts.  
**Torque:** 2.3 kgf-m (23 N-m, 16.56 lbf-ft)

Install the tie rods and washer, then tighten  
the nut.  
**Torque:** 2 kgf-m (20 N-m, 15 lbf-ft)  
Install the cotter pins and band ends of  
cotter pins.

\* Always use a new cotter pin.



Refer to the “TOE-IN ADJUSTMENT”  
section in the CHAPTER 3 to adjust toe-in.

**15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

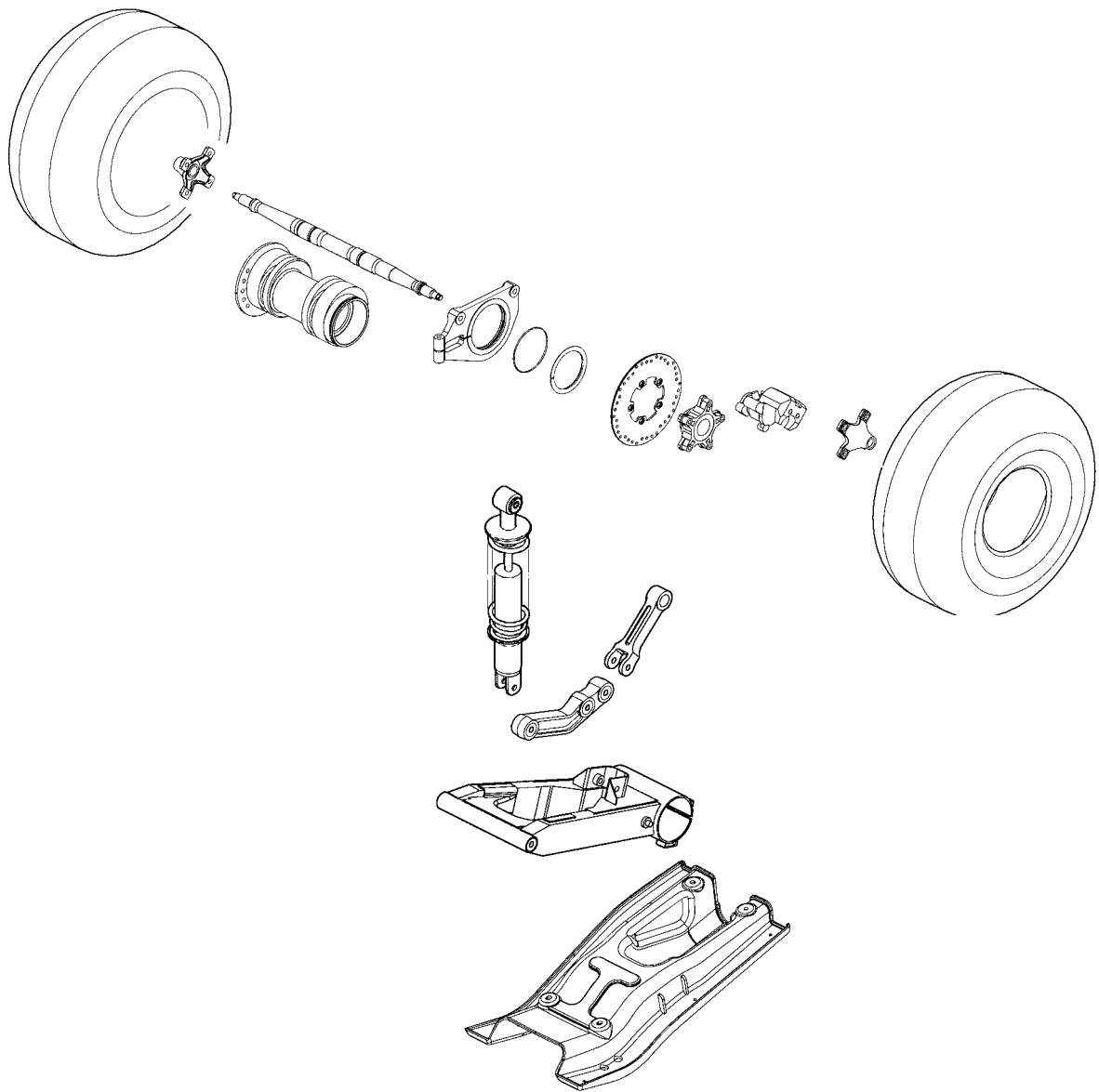
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**REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

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SERVICE INFORMATION----- 15- 2  
TROUBLESHOOTING----- 15- 2  
REAR WHEEL/AXLE/AXLE HUB ----- 15- 3  
REAR FORK/SWING ARM/SHOCK ABSORBER ----- 15-12

**15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**



# 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Jack the machine front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the machine from falling down.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake disk
- Inspect the brake system before riding.

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit
Rear wheel	Rim run out	Radial	— 2 (0.08)
		Axial	— 2 (0.08)

### TORQUE VALUES

Rear wheel nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)
Rear swingarm pivot bolt	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 52 lbf-ft)
Rear wheel hub nut	10 kgf-m (100 N-m, 72 lbf-ft)
Rear wheel shaft nut	12 kgf-m (120 N-m, 86 lbf-ft)
Rear hub nut	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)
Caliper holder bolt	1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Nut wrench F010

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

### Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Faulty damper

# 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

## REAR WHEEL/AXLE/AXLE HUB

### REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.  
Remove the rear caliper. (Refer to the “REAR BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL” section in chapter 13)

Use the nut wrench to loosen two rear axle nuts (inner and outer) of the rear axle.

**Special tool:**

Nut wrench F010

Remove four nuts attaching the rear wheel hub of the both rear wheels, then remove the both rear wheels.

✱

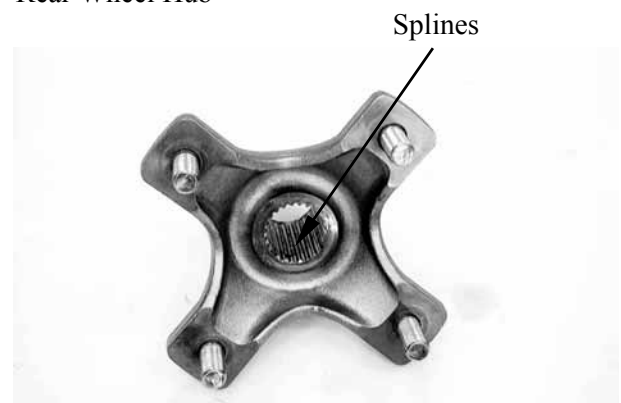
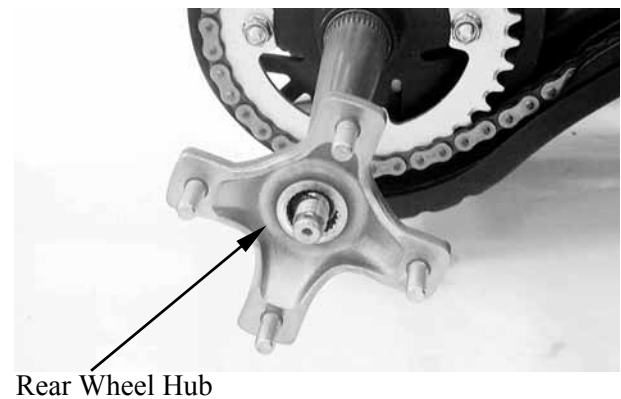
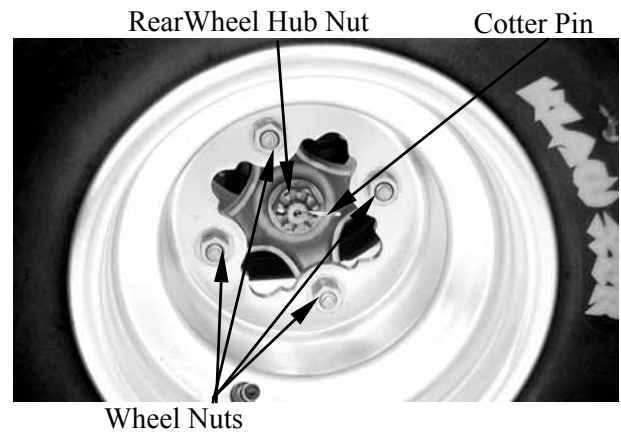
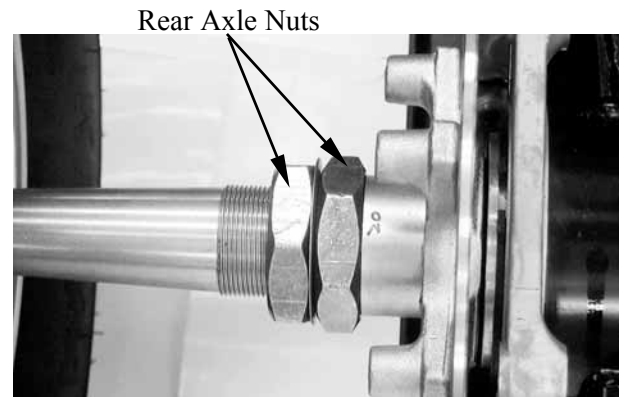
Elevate the rear wheels by placing a suitable stand under the rear of frame. Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

Remove the cotter pin and then remove nut.

Remove the rear wheel hub.

Inspect the rear wheel hub.  
Cracks/damage → Replace.

Inspect the rear wheel hub splines.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

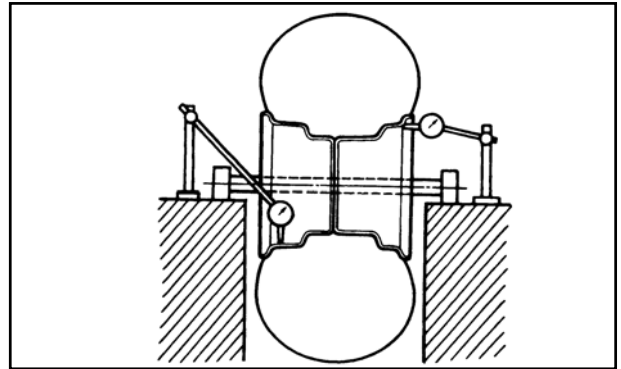
Measure the wheel runout.

**Service Limit:**

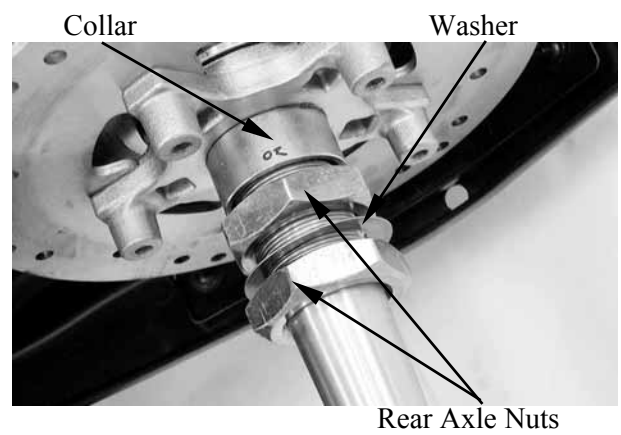
Vertical: 2 mm (0.08 in)

Lateral: 2 mm (0.08 in)

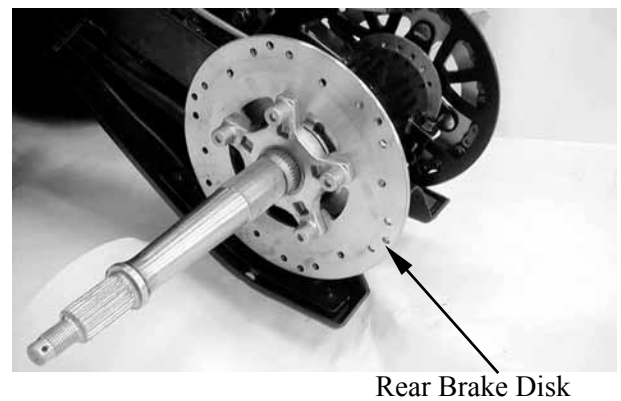
Out of specification → Replace wheel.



Remove the two rear axle nuts (outer and inner), washer and collar.



Remove the rear brake disk.





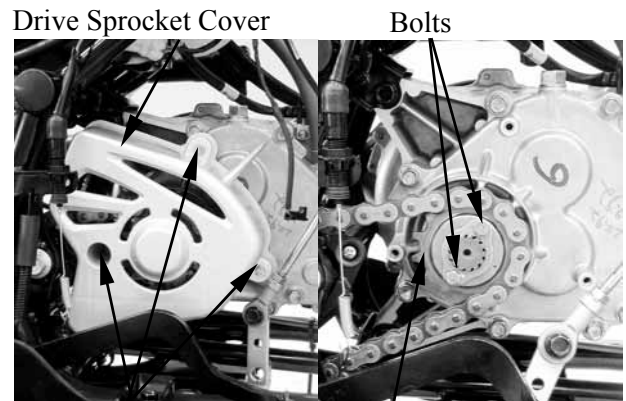
## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

Inspect the brake disk  
Cracks/damage → Replace.  
Inspect the brake disk splines.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



Splines

Loosen the driven chain (refer to the “DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT” section in the chapter 3) and remove the two bolts at the drive sprocket (refer to the chapter 6), then disconnect the drive chain from the driven sprocket.



Drive Sprocket Cover

Bolts

Bolts

Drive Sprocket

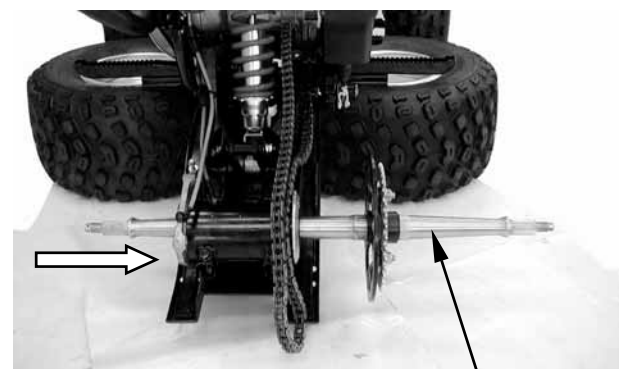


Driven Sprocket

Remove the rear axle from right side.

\*

Tap the axle and with a rubber hammer, this will avoid damage the axle thread.



Rear Axle

## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

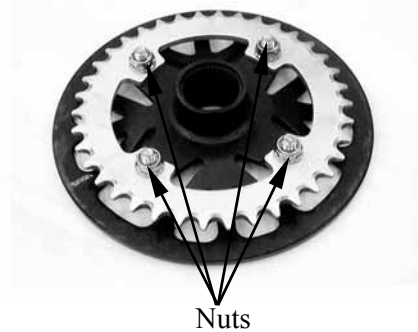
### REAR AXLE DISASSEMBLY



Remove the driven sprocket clip at the rear axle and then remove the driven sprocket.



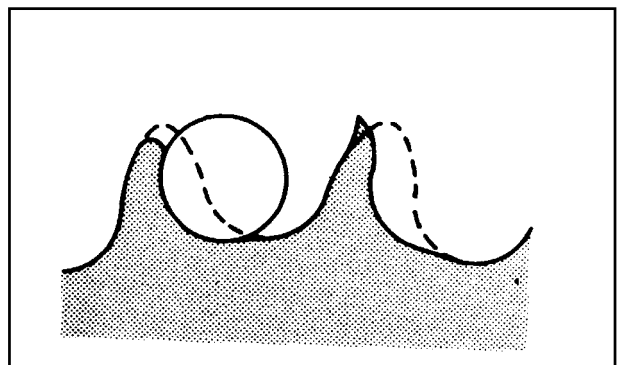
Remove the four nuts attaching the driven sprocket holder at the driven sprocket and then remove driven sprocket.



Inspect the drive sprocket and driven sprocket.

More than 1/4 teeth wear → Replace.

Bent teeth → Replace.



## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

Inspect the driven sprocket holder splines.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



Splines

Inspect the rear axle.  
Scratched (excessively)/damage → Replace.  
Inspect the splines and threads of the rear axle  
Wear/damage → Replace.



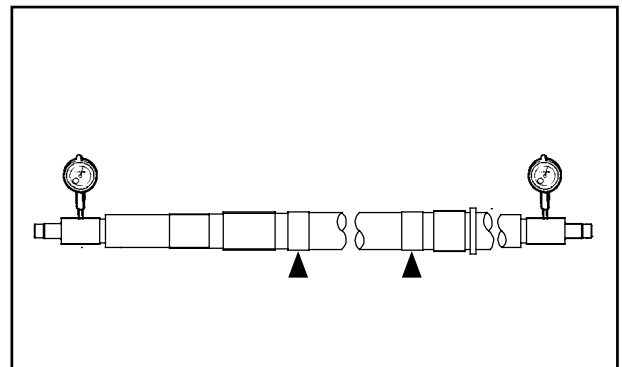
Measure the rear axle run out.  
**Service limit:** less than 1.5 mm (0.06 in)  
Out of specification → Replace.

\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

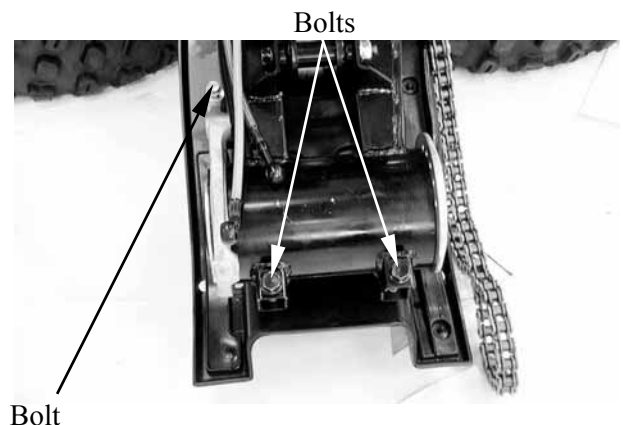
### REAR AXLE ASSEMBLY

Reverse the “REAR AXLE DISASSEMBLY” procedures.

\* Apply grease onto the rear axle splines.

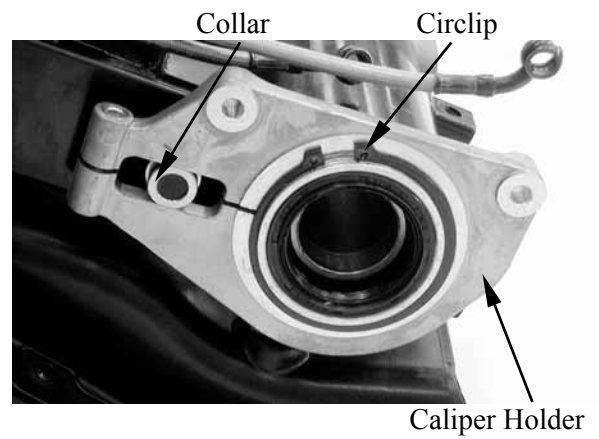


Remove the bolt at the rear caliper holder.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the rear axle hub at the rear fork.

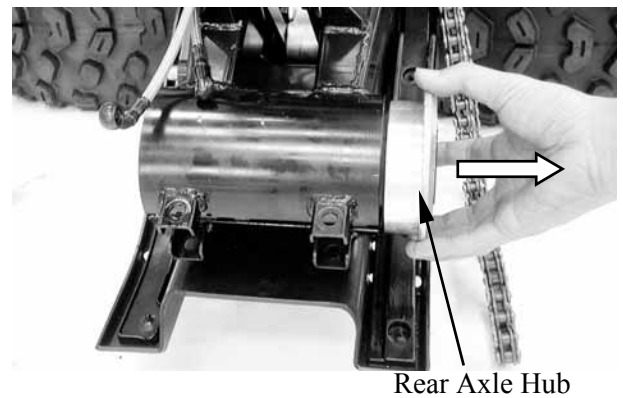


## **15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

Remove the circlip at the caliper holder and then remove the caliper holder and collar.



Remove the rear axle hub from right side.



## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

Inspect rear axle hub.

Bearings allow play in the axle hub or the bearing turns roughly → Replace.

Oil seals is wear/damage → Replace.

Axle hub is cracks/bend/damage →  
Replace.



### REAR AXLE HUB DISASSEMBLY

Bearing and dust seal replacement steps:

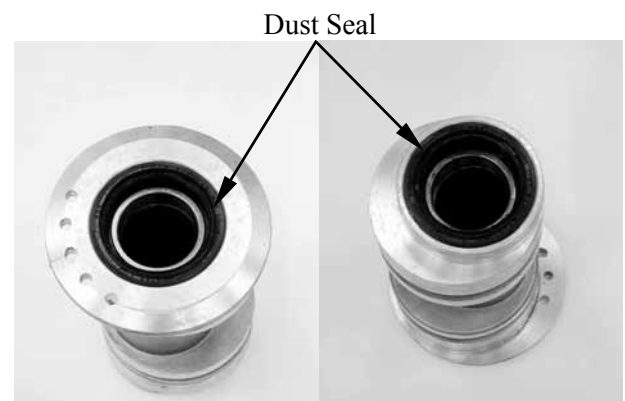
Clean the outside of the rear axle hub.

Remove the dust seal by a flat-head screw driver.

\*

Place a wood block against the outer edge to protect this edge.

Remove the bearing by a general bearing puller.

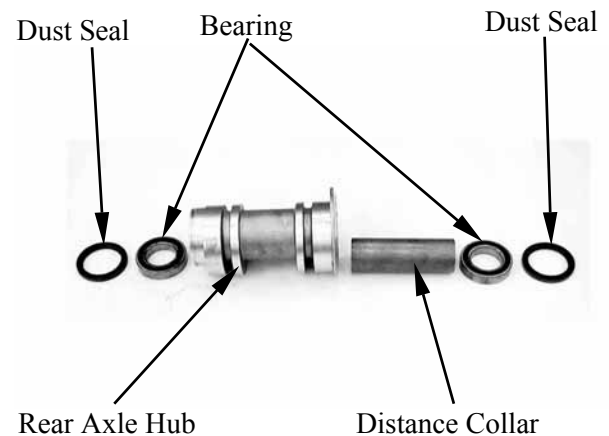


### REAR AXLE HUB ASSEMBLY

Install the new bearing and dust seal by reversing the previous steps.

\*

Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing.  
Contact should be made only with the outer race.  
Make sure install the distance collar into the rear axle hub



## **15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

### **INSTALLATION**

Reverse the “REAR WHEEL/AXLE/AXLE HUB REMOVAL AND INSPECTION” procedures.

- \* 

Apply grease onto the dust seal lips and bearings.
--

Install the rear axle hub.

- \* 

At this time, the rear axle hub should not be tightened completely. Final tightening is done after the chain slack adjustment.
--

Install the rear axle.

Connect the drive chain.

Install the rear brake disk, collar inner nut, washer and outer nut.

- \* 

At this time, the nuts should not be tightened completely.
--

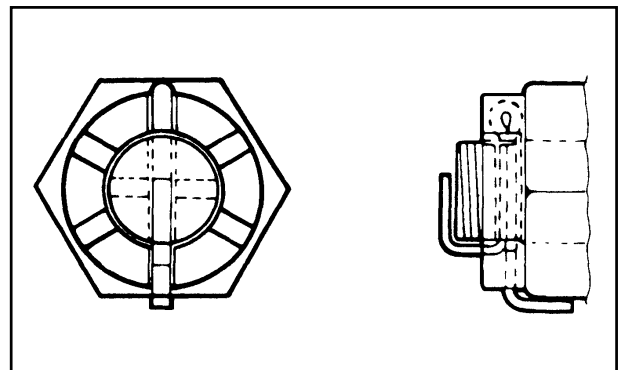
Install the rear wheel hub and tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 10 kgf-m (100 N-m, 72 lbf-ft)

Install cotter pin (new)

- \* 

Do not loosen the wheel hub nut after torque tightening. If the wheel hub nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the wheel hub nut. Always use a new cotter pin.
--

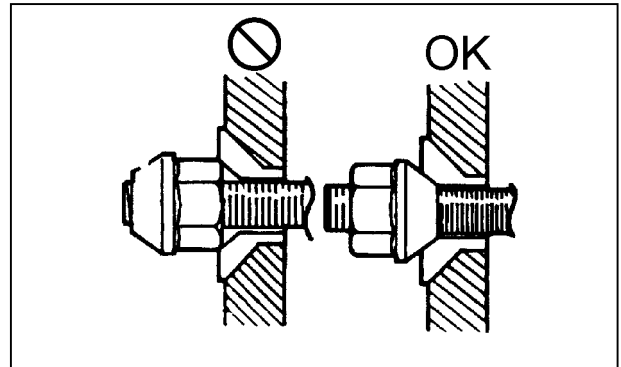


## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

Install the rear wheel and tighten the four nuts.

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

★ Be sure the tapered side of the wheel nuts face the wheel rim.

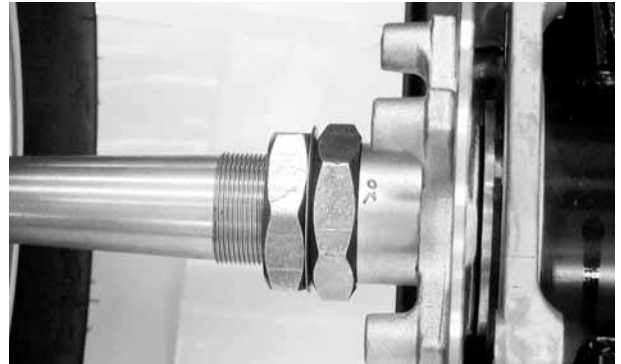


Tighten the two rear axle nuts (inner and outer).

**Special tool:**

Nut wrench F010

**Torque:** 12 kgf-m (120 N-m, 86 lbf-ft)



Adjust drive chain slack. (Refer to the “DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3.)

**Drive chain slack:** 30 ~ 40mm

# 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

## REAR FORK/SWIM ARM/SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.  
Elevate the rear wheels by placing a suitable stand under the rear of frame.

\* Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

Remove the rear wheels, rear axle and rear hub.

Refer to the “REAR WHEEL/AXLE/AXLE HUB REMOVAL AND INSPECTION” section in chapter 15.

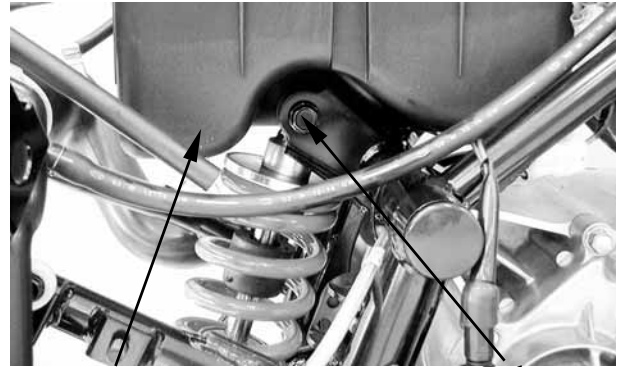
Remove the two bolts at the air cleaner case. (Refer to the “CARBURETOR REMOVAL” section in chapter 5.)

Elevate the air cleaner case and remove the upper mount bolt at the rear shock absorber

Remove the four bolts at the lower guard and then remove the lower guard.

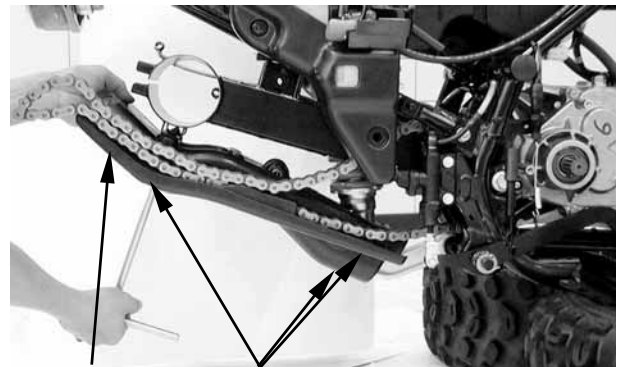
\* When removing the lower guard, hold the swing arm so that it does not drop downwards when the lower guard is removed.

Remove the lower mount bolt at the rear shock absorber and then remove the shock absorber and bush.



Air Cleaner Case

Bolt



Lower Guard

Bolts

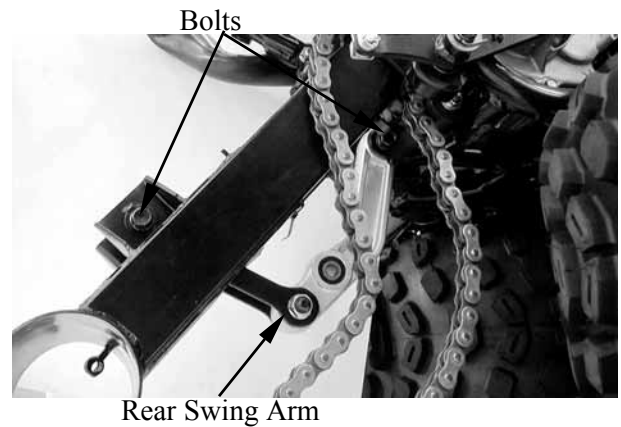


Lower Bolt

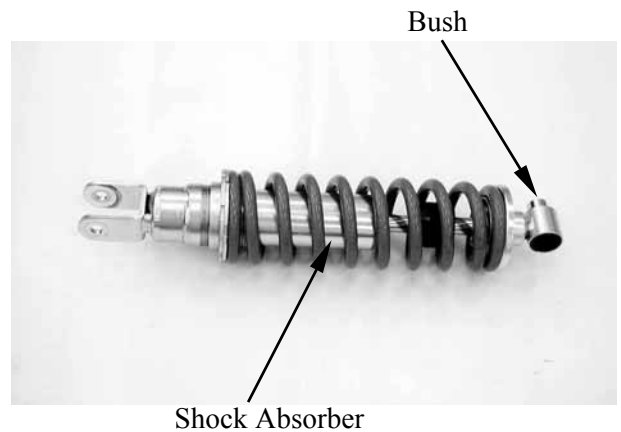


## 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

Remove the two bolts attaching the rear swing arm at the rear fork and then remove the rear swing arm.

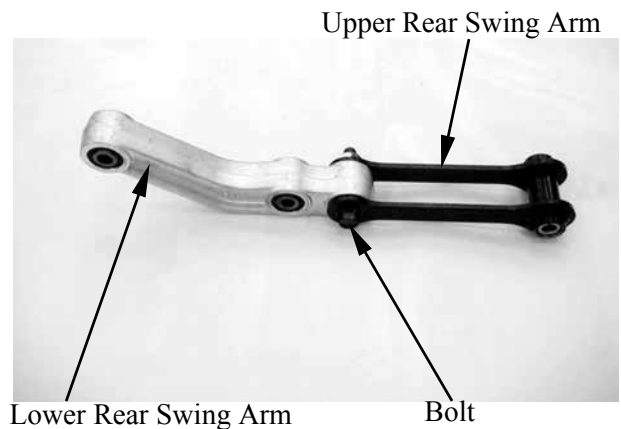


Inspect the shock absorber rod.  
Bends/damage → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Inspect the shock absorber.  
Oil leaks → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Inspect the spring.  
Fatigue → Replace the shock absorber assembly.  
Move the spring up and down.  
Inspect the bush.  
Wear/damage → Replace.

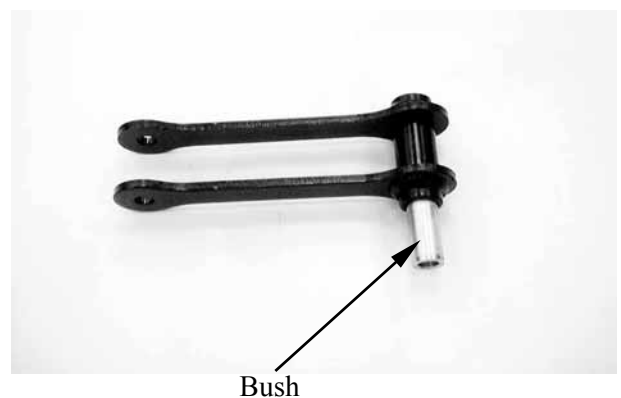


### REAR SWING ARM DISASSEMBLY

Remove the bolt attaching the lower rear swing arm at the upper rear swing arm and then disconnect the upper rear swing arm from the lower rear swing arm.



Inspect the upper rear swing arm.  
Bends/damage → Replace.  
Inspect the bush.  
Wear/damage → Replace.



# 15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION

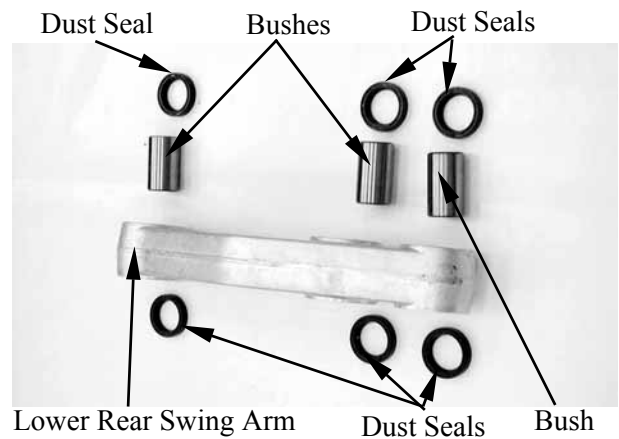
Remove the dust seals and the bushes from the lower rear swing arm.

Inspect the lower rear swing arm.

Wear/damage → Replace.

Inspect the bush.

Wear/damage → Replace.



Inspect the needle bearings.

Bring allow play in the lower rear swing arm or bearing turns roughly → Replace.

## REAR SWING ARM ASSEMBLY

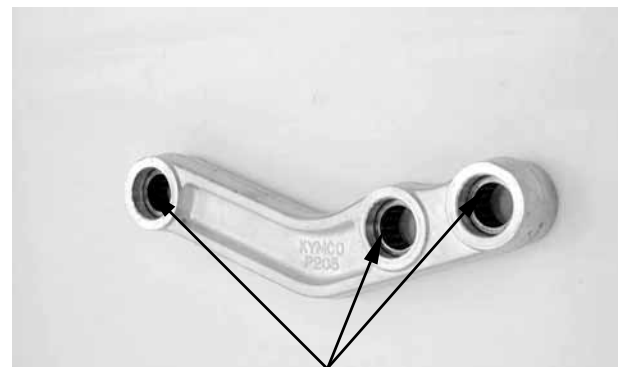
Reverse the “REAR SWING ARM DISASSEMBLY” procedures.

**\***

Apply grease onto the oil seal lips, needle bearing and bushes.

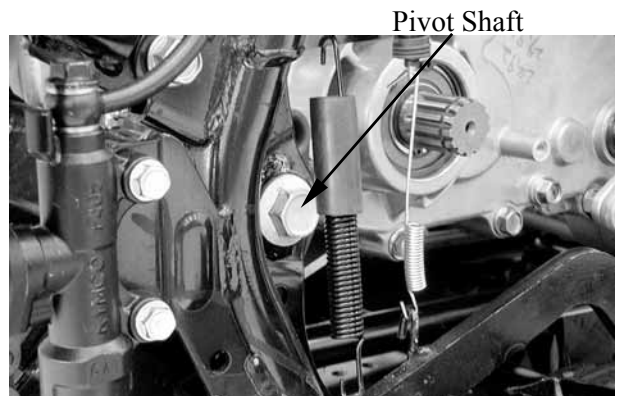
Install the upper rear swing arm and tighten the bolt.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)



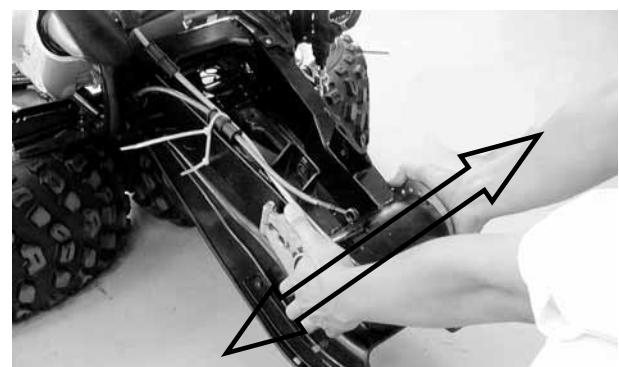
Check the tightening torque of the pivot shaft (rear fork) securing nut.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 52 lbf-ft)



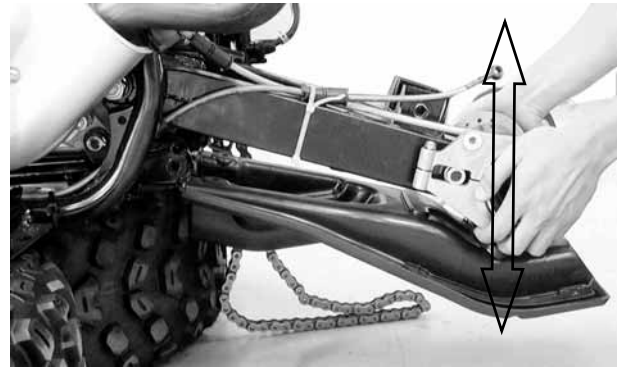
Check the rear fork side play by moving it from side to side.

If side play noticeable, check the inner collar, bearing, bushing and thrust cover, or adjust the shim.

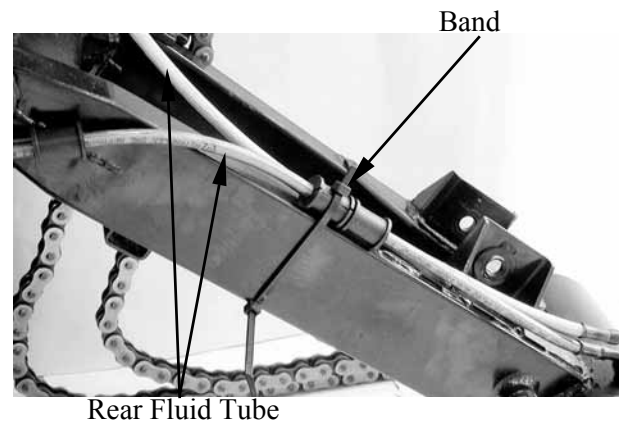


## **15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

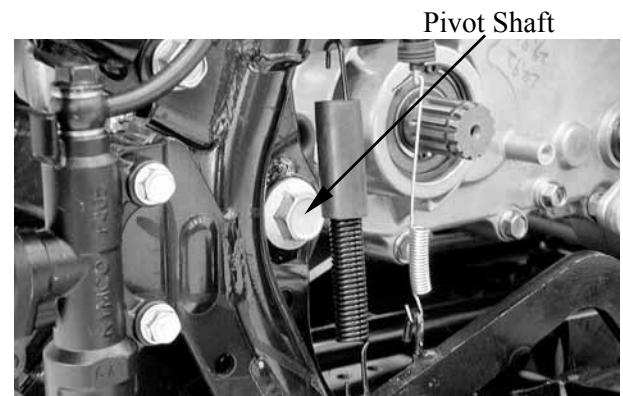
Check the rear fork vertical movement by moving it up and down.  
If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, check the inner collar, bearing, bushing and thrust cover, or adjust the shim.



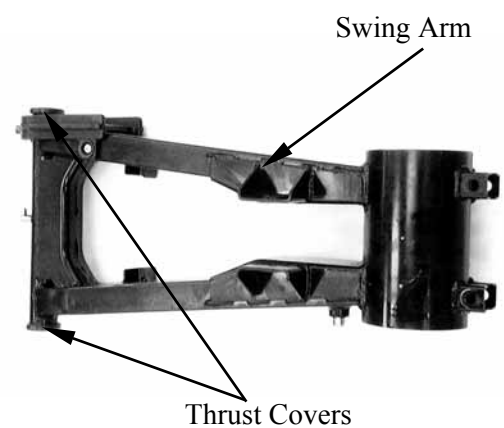
Remove the band and then disconnect the rear brake fluid tubes from the rear fork.



Remove the nut and pivot shaft, then remove rear fork and drive chain.



Remove the thrust covers.



## **15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

Inspect the rear fork.

Crack/bend/damage → Replace.

Roll the axle on a flat surface to inspect the pivot shaft.

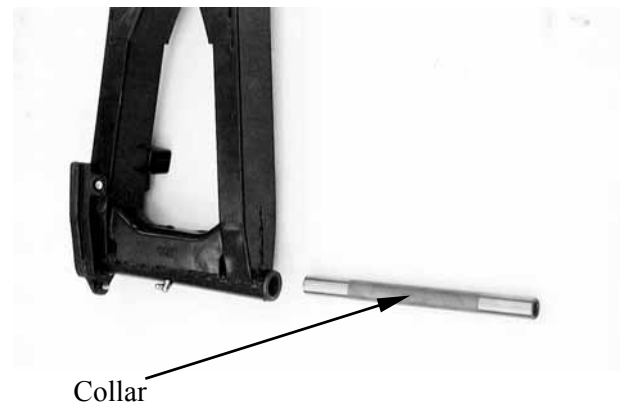
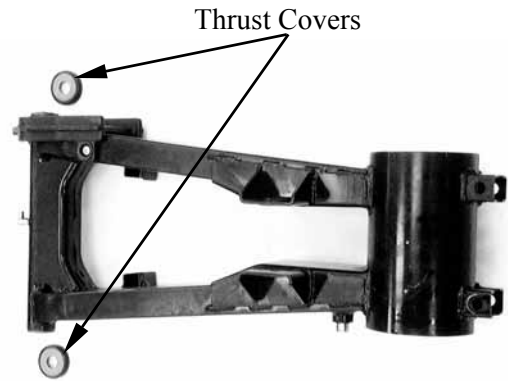
Bends → Replace.

\*

Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

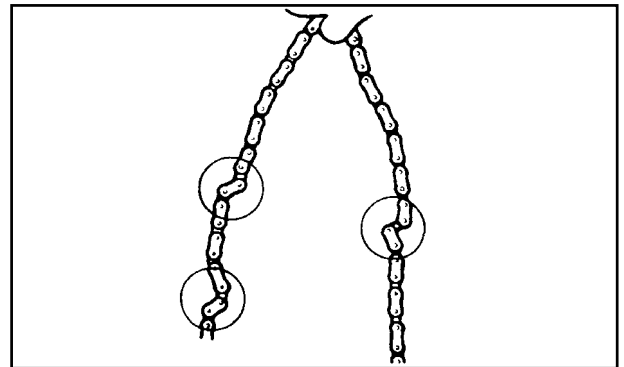
Inspect the thrust covers, collar and bushes.

Wear/damage → Replace.



Inspect the drive chain stiffness.

Stiff → Clean and lubricate or replace.



## **15. REAR WHEEL/AXLE/SUSPENSION**

### **INSTALLATION**

Reverse the “REAR FORK/SWIM ARM/SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL AND INSPECTION” procedure.

Apply grease onto the collar, bush, pivot shaft and thrust cover.



Install the rear fork and tightening the nut and pivot shaft.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 52 lbf-ft)



Install the rear swing arm and tightening the bolts.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)



Install the shock absorber and tightening the bolts.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)

Install the rear hub and rear wheels.

Refer to the “REAR WHEEL INSTALLATION” section.

Adjust the drive chain slack.

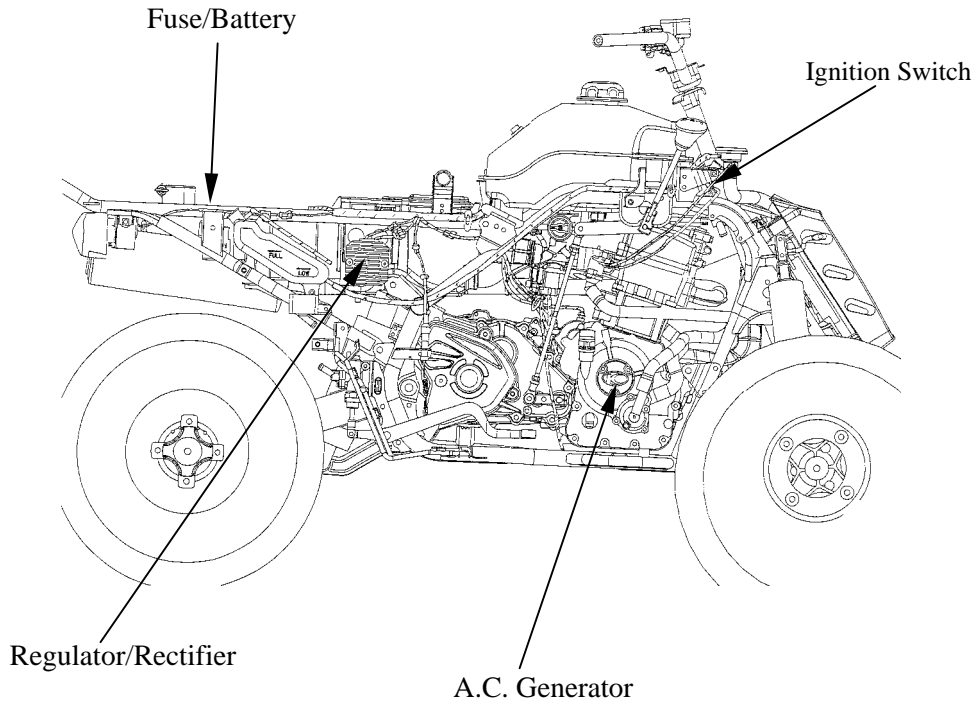
Refer to the “DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3.

**Drive chain slack:** 30 ~ 40mm

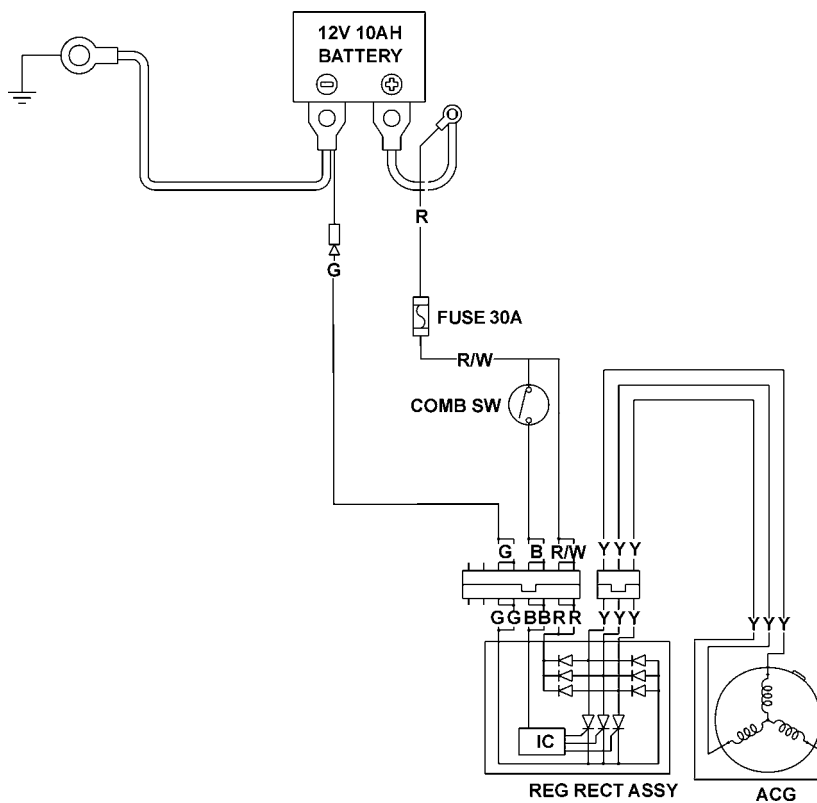
**BATTER/CHARGING SYSTEM/  
A.C. GENERATOR**

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	16- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	16- 3
BATTERY REMOVAL -----	16- 4
CHARGING SYSTEM -----	16- 6
REGULATOR/RECTIFIER-----	16- 7
A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION -----	16- 8
A.C. GENERATOR FLYWHEEL -----	16- 8

# 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR



## CHARGING CIRCUIT



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for 2~3 years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with a voltmeter.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard	
Battery	Capacity/Model	12 V-12 AH	
	Voltage (20°C)	Fully charged	13.1 V
		Undercharged	12.3 V
	Charging current	STD: 1.2 A Quick: 3 A	
	Charging time	STD: 5~10 hr Quick: 30 min	
A.C. Generator	Capacity	150 W	
Regulator/Rectifier	Limit voltage	Lighting	12~14 V
		Charging	10~13 V 13.5~15.5 V



## TESTING INSTRUMENTS

Electric tester

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

### Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

### Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in lighting system

### Charging system failure


- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator

## BATTERY REMOVAL


Pull right the lock lever and pull up the seat at the rear.

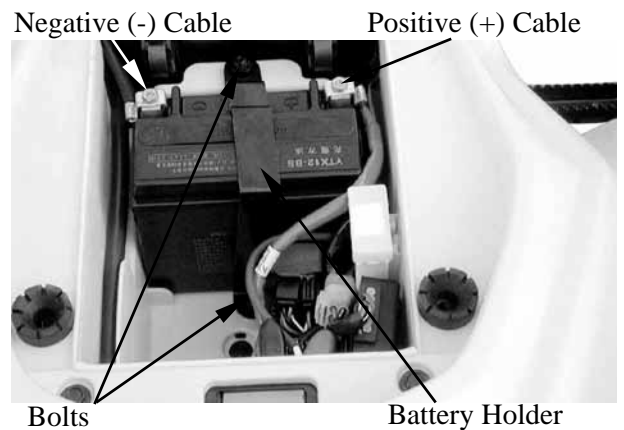
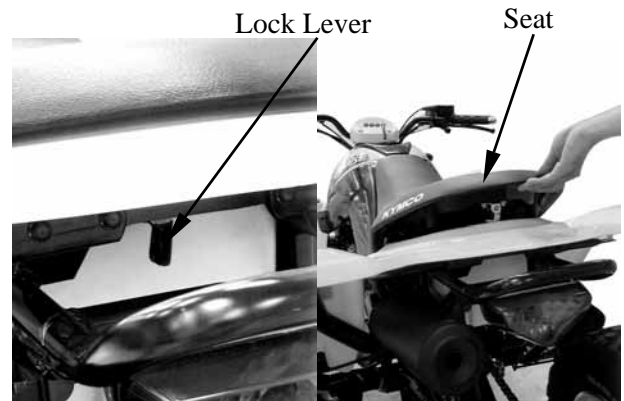
Remove the battery holder, by removing the mount bolts. (Make sure the ignition switch is OFF)

Remove the battery by removing the bolt. First disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.

 When disconnecting the battery positive (+) cable, do not touch the frame with tool; otherwise it will cause short circuit and sparks to fire the fuel.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

 First connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.



## BATTERY VOLTAGE (OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE) INSPECTION

Remove the seat.

Disconnect the battery cables.

Measure the voltage between the battery terminals.

**Fully charged** : 13.1 V

**Undercharged** : 12.3 V max

\* Battery charging inspection must be performed with a voltmeter.



# 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

## CHARGING

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.



- Keep flames and sparks away from a charging battery.
- Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals to prevent sparks near the battery to avoid explosion.
- Charge the battery according to the



- Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Measure the voltage 30 minutes after the battery is charged.



Charging current: Standard : 1.2 A

Quick : 3 A

Charging time : Standard : 5~10 hours

Quick : 30 minutes

After charging: Open circuit voltage: 12.8 V  
min.

## CHARGING SYSTEM

### SHORT CIRCUIT TEST

Disconnect the ground wire from the battery and connect an ammeter across the battery negative (-) terminal and the ground wire. Turn the ignition switch OFF and check for short circuit.

\* Connect the electric tester positive (+) terminal to ground wire and the tester negative (-) terminal to the battery negative (-) terminal.

If any abnormality is found, check the ignition switch and wire harness for short circuit.



### CURRENT TEST

This inspection must be performed with an electric tester when the battery is fully charged.

Warm up the engine for inspection.

Connect the electric tester across the battery terminals. Disconnect the red wire from the fuse terminal and connect an ammeter between the red wire lead and the fuse terminal as shown.

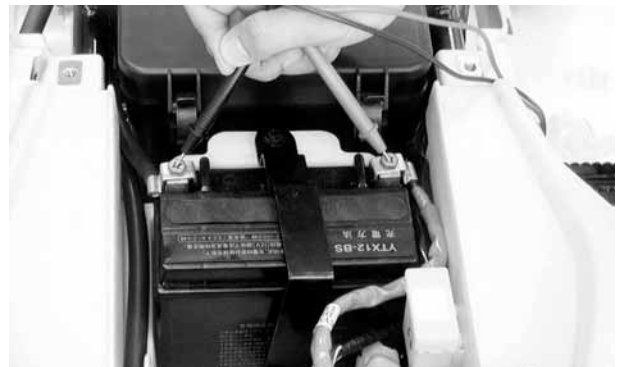
Attach a tachometer to the engine.

Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed to measure the limit voltage and current.

#### Limit Voltage/Current:

13.5 ~ 15.5 V/0.5 A max.

If the limit voltage is not within the specified range, check the regulator/rectifier.

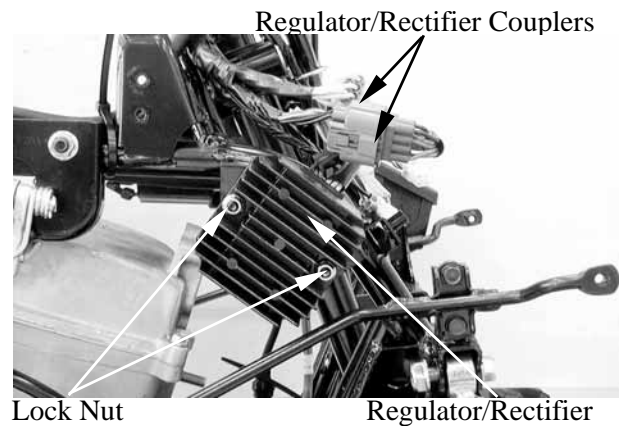


# 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

## REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

### INSPECTION

Remove the front fender. (Refer to chapter 2)  
Remove the regulator/rectifier wire coupler.  
Check the continuity between the wire terminals.

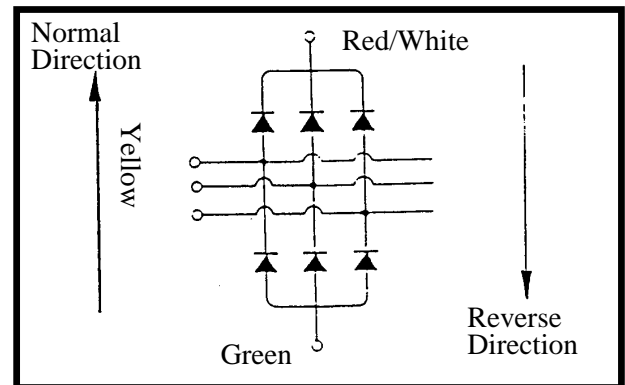


Normal Direction: Continuity

	(+) Probe	(-) Probe
I	Yellow	Green
II	Red/White	Yellow

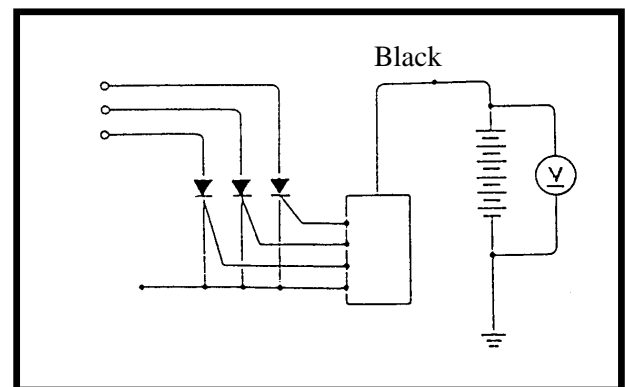
Reverse Direction: No Continuity

	(+) Probe	(-) Probe
I	Green	Yellow
II	Yellow	Red/White



### VOLTAGE REGULATION TEST

Connect a voltmeter across the battery terminals.  
Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed.  
The battery terminal voltage should be within 14~15 V.



## A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION

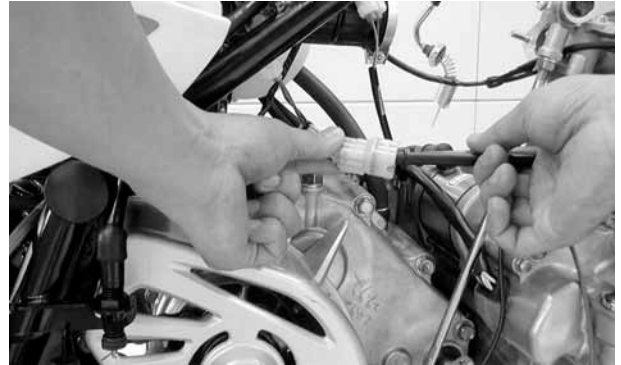
\* This test can be made without removing the stator from the engine.

Disconnect the A.C. generator connector. Check the continuity between the yellow wires and ground.

There should be continuity between the yellow wires and no continuity between each yellow wire and ground.

**Resistance** (at 20°C):

Yellow~Yellow	1.6~2.5 Ω
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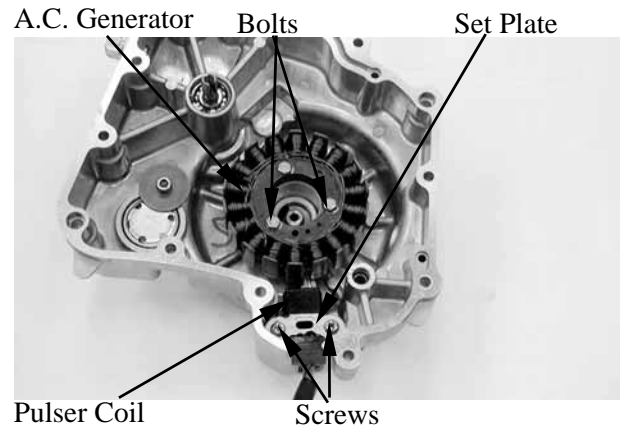


## A.C. GENERATOR/FLYWHEEL REMOVAL

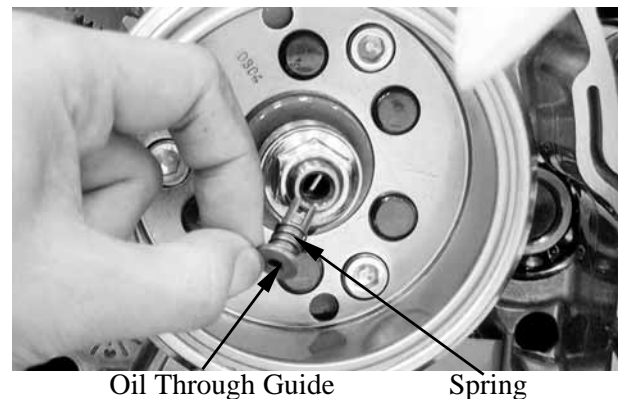
Remove the right crankcase cover. (Refer to the "WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL" section in the chapter 12)

Remove the pulser coil screws and then remove the A.C. generator wire set plate. Remove the A.C. generator bolts and then remove A.C. generator and pulser coil from right crankcase cover.

\* When removing the pulser coil and stator, be careful not to damage them to avoid shorted or broken wire.



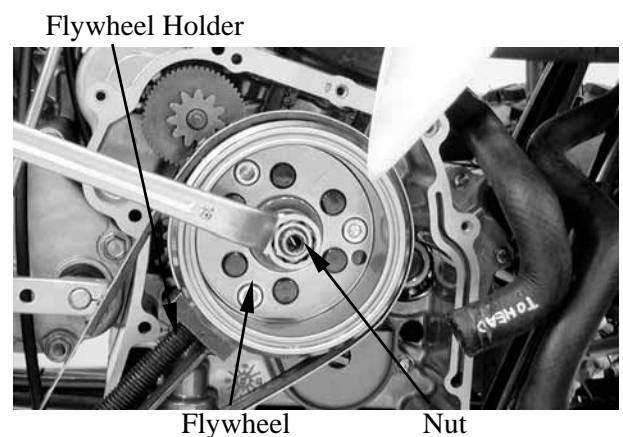
Remove the oil through guide and spring.



Hold the flywheel with a flywheel holder and remove flywheel nut and wash.

### Special tool:

Flywheel holder E021



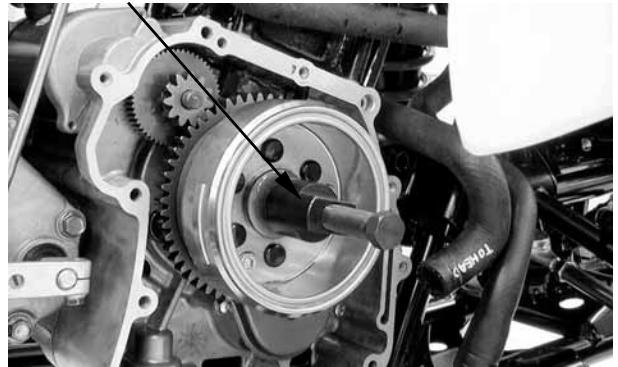
# 16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

Remove the flywheel with a flywheel puller.

**Special tool:**

Flywheel puller E003

Flywheel Puller



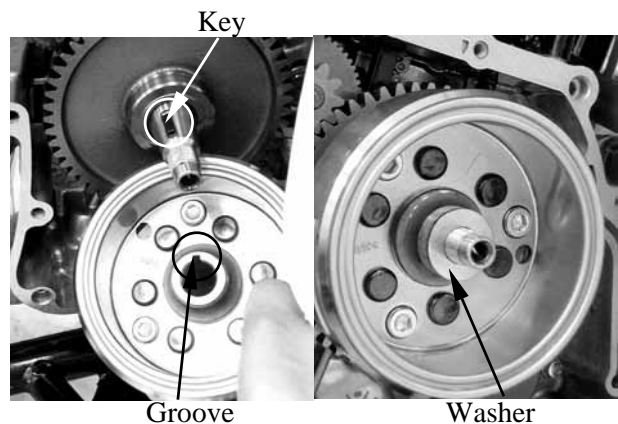
## INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL” procedures.  
Install the flywheel, washer and tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 6 kgf-m (60 N-m, 43 lbf-ft)

\*

- Before installation, check and make sure that the inside of the flywheel is not contaminated.
- Make sure install the flywheel onto the crankshaft by aligning the key on the crankshaft with the groove in the flywheel.



Install the oil through guide and spring.

Install the A.C. generator onto the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts.

**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

Install the right crankcase cover.

# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

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**17**

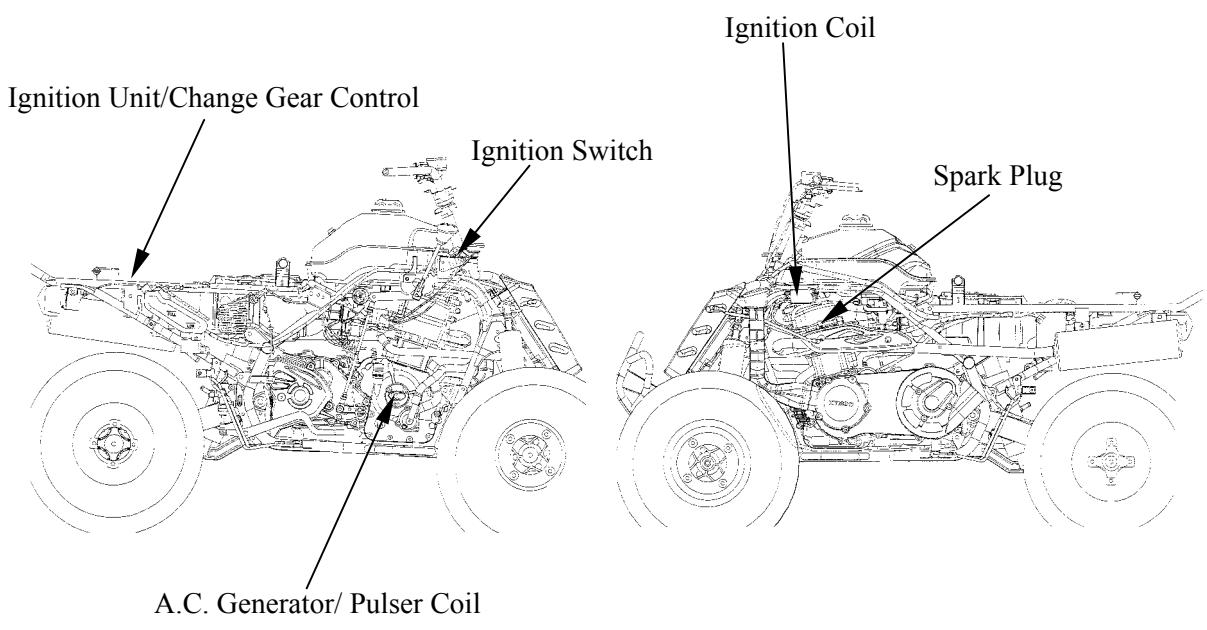
## IGNITION SYSTEM

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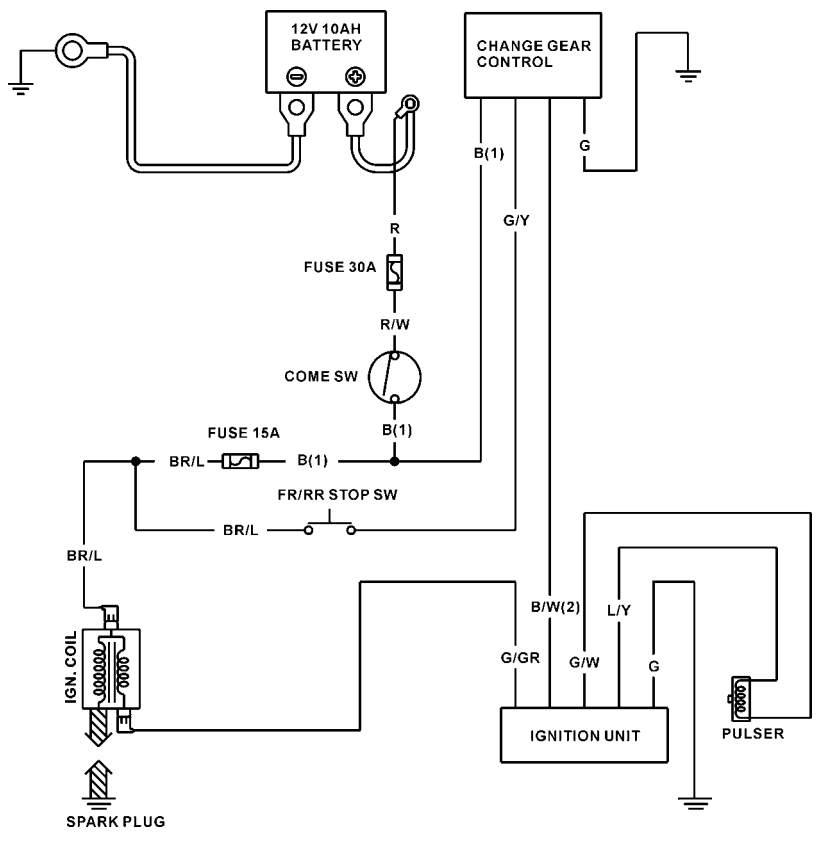
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	17- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	17- 3
IGNITION UNIT /CHANGE GEAR CONTROL INSPECTION-----	17- 4
IGNITION COIL INSPECTION-----	17- 6
PULSER COIL -----	17- 7



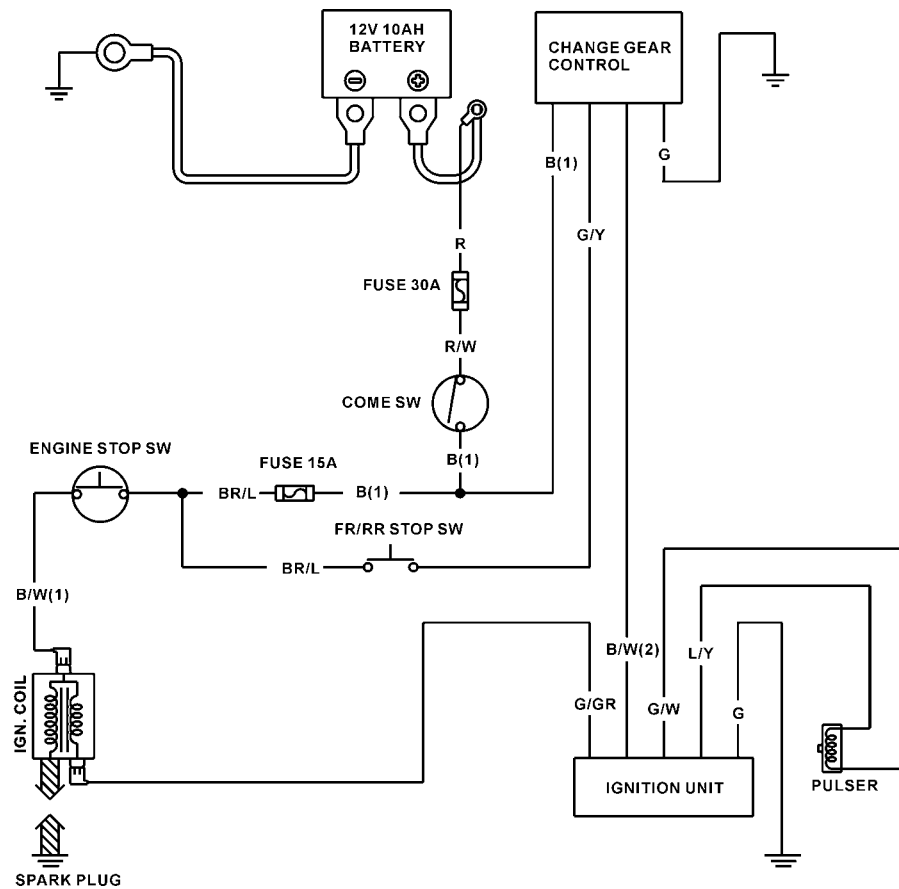
# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM



## IGNITION CIRCUIT (ON ROAD)



## IGNITION CIRCUIT (OFF ROAD)



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Check the ignition system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- The ignition system adopts ignition unit, change gear control and the ignition timing cannot be adjusted.
- If the timing is incorrect, inspect the ignition unit, A.C. generator, change gear control and replace any faulty parts. Inspect the ignition unit with a ignition unit tester
- Loose connector and poor wire connection are the main causes of faulty ignition system. Check each connector before operation.
- Use of spark plug with improper heat range is the main cause of poor engine performance.
- The inspections in this section are focused on maximum voltage. The inspection of ignition coil resistance is also described in this section.
- Inspect the spark plug referring to chapter 3.

# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

## SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard	
Spark plug	Standard type	DPR7EA-9	
Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7 mm (0.024~0.028 in)	
Ignition timing	“F” mark Full advance	5°±1°BTDC/2000RPM	
Ignition coil resistance (20°C)	Primary coil	3.4~4.1 Ω	
	Secondary coil	without plug cap	14.45 KΩ
		with plug cap	19.8 KΩ
Pulser coil resistance (20°C)		105~110 Ω	
Ignition coil primary side max. voltage		14 V	
Pulser coil max. voltage		1.6 V	
Exciter coil max. voltage		14 V	

## TESTING INSTRUMENT

Commercially available electric tester with resistance over 10 MΩ/CDV.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### High voltage too low

- Weak battery or low engine speed
- Loose ignition system connection
- Faulty ignition unit

- Faulty ignition coil
- Faulty pulser coil

### Normal high voltage but no spark at plug

- Faulty spark plug
- Electric leakage in ignition secondary circuit
- Faulty ignition coil

### Good spark at plug but engine won't start

- Faulty ignition unit or incorrect ignition timing
- Faulty change gear control unit
- Improperly tightened A.C. generator flywheel

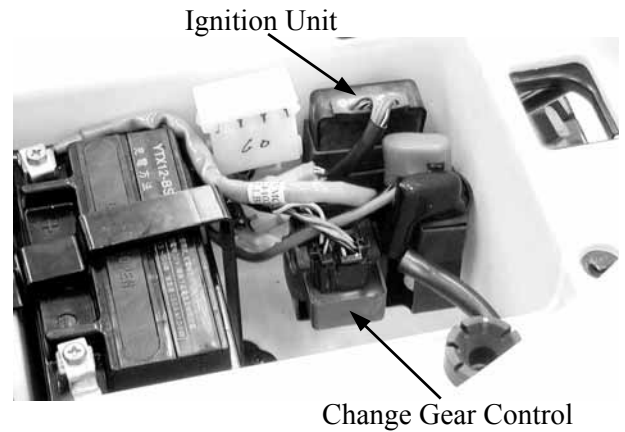
### No high voltage

- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty ignition unit
- Poorly connected or broken ignition unit ground wire
- Dead battery or faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty ignition coil connector
- Faulty pulser coil

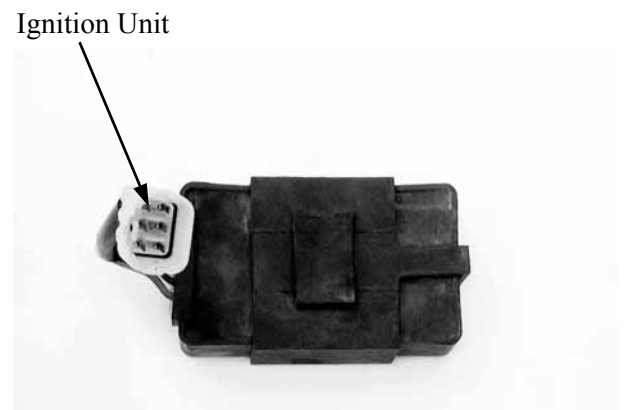
# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

## IGNITION UNIT /CHANGE GEAR CONTROL INSPECTION

Remove the seat. (Refer to the chapter 2)  
 Disconnect the ignition unit coupler and remove the ignition unit.  
 Disconnect the change gear control coupler and remove the change gear control.  
 Measure the resistance between the terminals using the electric tester.



- \* • Due to the semiconductor in circuit, it is necessary to use a specified tester for accurate testing. Use of an improper tester in an improper range may give false readings.
- Use a YF-3501 Electric Tester.
  - In this table, “Needle swings then returns” indicates that there is a charging current applied to a condenser. The needle will then remain at “∞” unless the condenser is discharged.



## IGNITION UNIT INSPECTION

Testing Range (at 20°C)

Unit: Ω

Probe⊕ (-)Probe	Blue/ Yellow	Green / Gray	Black / White	Green/ White	Black/ Yellow	Green
Blue/ Yellow		∞	10.56M	90.4K	10.56M	46K
Green / Gray	12.73M		∞	12.73M	∞	12.73M
Black / White	∞	∞		∞	999	∞
Green/ White	90.4K	∞	10.56M		10.56M	46K
Black/ Yellow	∞	∞	999	∞		∞
Green	44.4K	∞	10.56M	44.4K	10.56M	

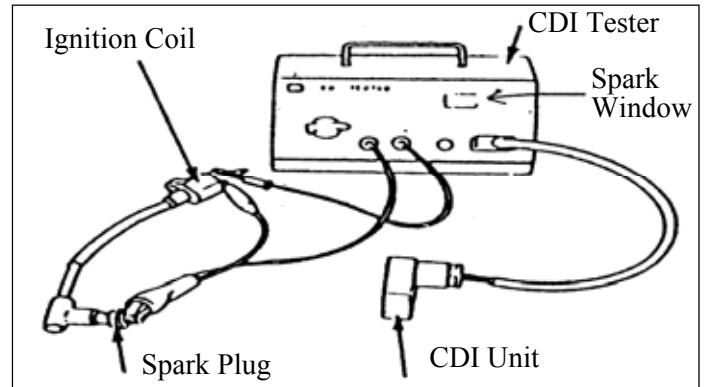
Note: The readings in this table are taken with a YF-3501 Tester.

# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

Test the ignition unit using the ignition unit tester.

\* Operate the ignition unit tester by following the manufacturer's instructions.

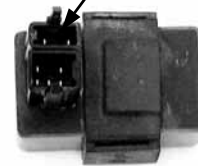
Connect the special connector to the ignition unit coupler and ignition unit tester.



Switch Range	Good CDI	Faulty CDI
1. OFF	No spark	—
2. P	No spark	—
3. EXT	No spark	Good spark
4. ON1	Good spark	No spark
5. ON2	Good spark	No spark

If the ignition unit is faulty, replace it with a new one.

Change Gear Control



## CHANGE REAR CONTROL INSPECTION

Testing Range(at 20°C)

Unit: Ω

Probe⊕ (-)Probe	Green	Yellow/ Brown	Light Green/ Red	Green/ Pink	Green/ Yellow	Black/ White	Black
Green		14	∞	∞	7.85M	7.85M	10K
Yellow/ Brown	18		∞	∞	7.85M	7.85M	10K
Light Green/ Red	7.85M	7.85M		11	∞	∞	7.85M
Green/ Pink	7.85M	7.85M	9		∞	∞	7.85M
Green/ Yellow	∞	∞	∞	∞			∞
Black/ White	∞	∞	∞	∞	11		∞
Black	10K	10K	∞	∞	7.85M	7.85M	

Note: The readings in this table are taken with a YF-3501 Tester.

# 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

## IGNITION COIL INSPECTION CONTINUITY TEST

Remove the front fender. (Refer to the chapter 2)  
Remove the spark plug cap. (Refer to the chapter 6)  
Disconnect the ignition coil wires.

\* This test is to inspect the continuity of ignition coil.

Measure the resistance between the ignition coil primary coil terminals.

**Resistance:** 3.4~4.1  $\Omega$ /20°C

Remove the spark plug cap and measure the secondary coil resistance between the spark plug wire and the primary coil terminal.

**Resistance:**

(with plug cap): 19.8 K $\Omega$ /20°C

(without plug cap): 14.45 K $\Omega$ /20°C

\* This test is for reference only. Accurate test should be performed with a CDI tester.



Ignition Coil



Measure the spark plug cap resistance.

Remove the spark plug cap and measure the spark plug resistance.

**Resistance:** 4.2~5.2 K $\Omega$ /20°C

\* Measure the resistance in the XK $\Omega$  range of the electric tester.



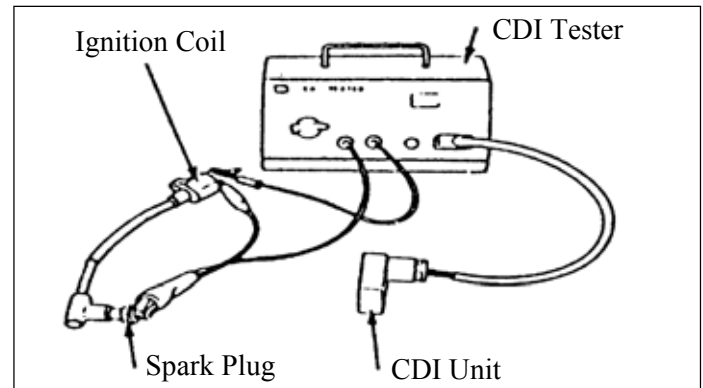
## 17. IGNITION SYSTEM

### PERFORMANCE TEST

Test the performance with a ignition unit tester.

- \* • Operate the ignition unit tester by following the manufacturer's instructions.
- Use the special connector to connect the ignition unit.

If the spark is weak, inspect the spark plug and CDI unit. If both of them are normal, replace the ignition coil with a new one.



### PULSER COIL

#### INSPECTION

Remove the front fender. (Refer to the chapter 2)

Disconnect the pulser coil wire coupler and measure the resistance between the blue/yellow and green/white wire terminals.

**Resistance:** 105 ~ 110  $\Omega$ /20°C



Refer to the "A.C. GENERATOR/FLYWHEEL" section in the chapter 16 to remove or install.

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## STARTING SYSTEM

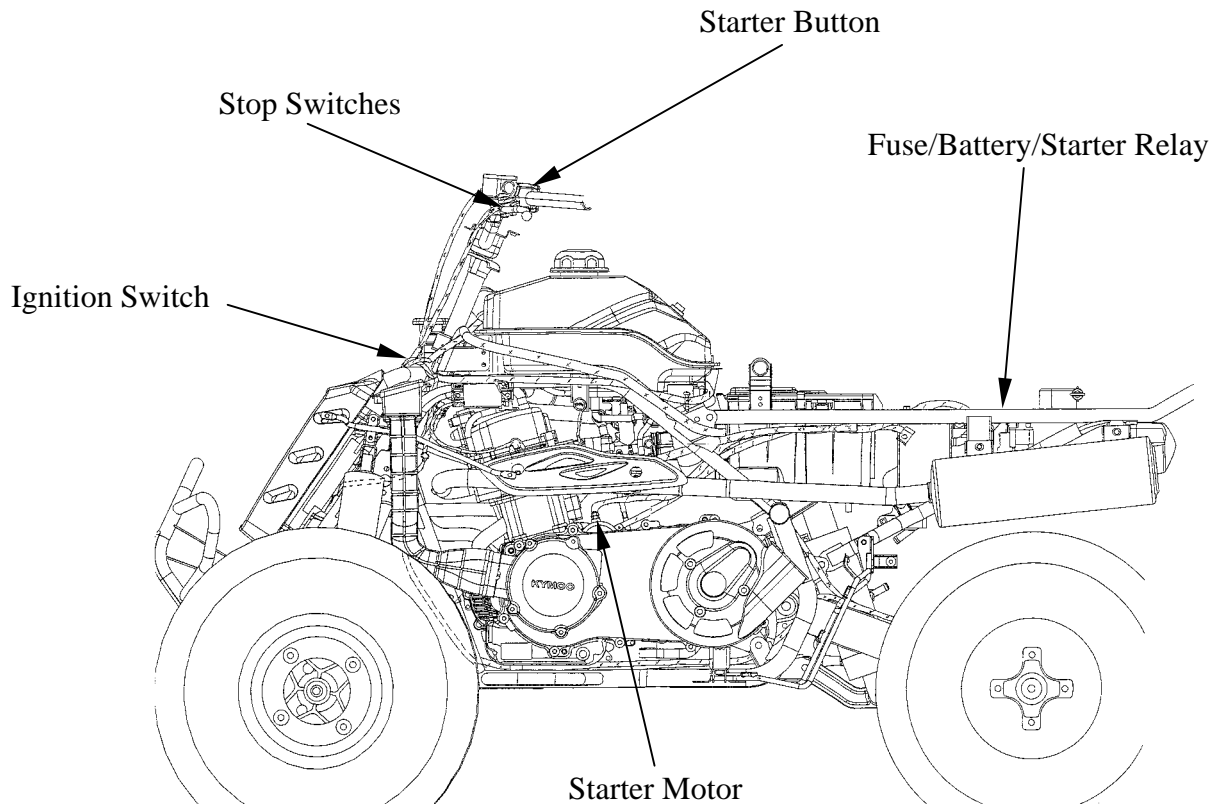
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**18**

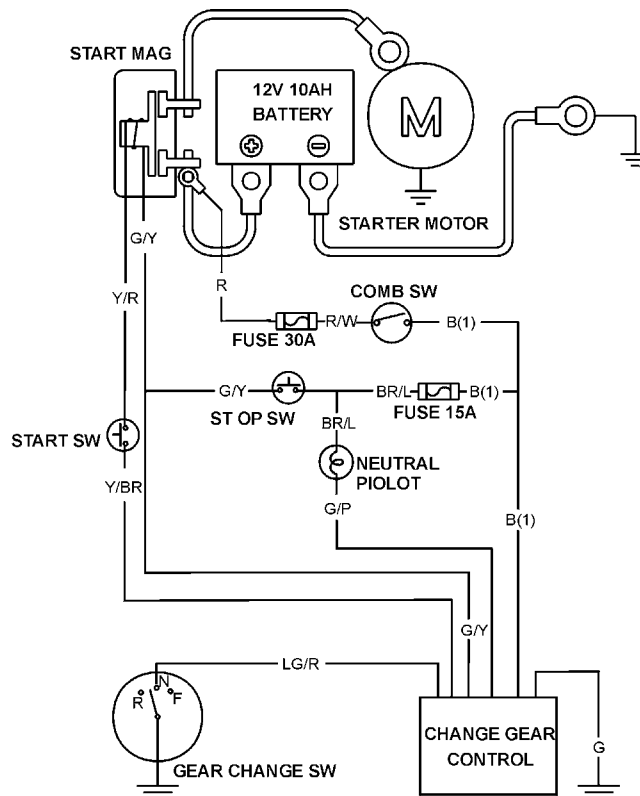
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	18- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	18- 2
STARTER MOTOR -----	18- 3
STARTER RELAY -----	18- 6
STARTER CLUTCH-----	18- 7



# 18. STARTING SYSTEM



## STARTING CIRCUIT



# 18. STARTING SYSTEM

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## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor
- Faulty change gear control unit

### Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loose wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

### Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter clutch
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

# 18. STARTING SYSTEM

## STARTER MOTOR

### REMOVAL

★ Before removing the starter motor, turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the battery ground. Then, turn on the ignition switch and push the starter button to see if the starter motor operates

Remove the waterproof rubber jacket and remove nut to disconnect the starter motor cable connector.  
Remove the two starter motor mounting bolts and the motor.

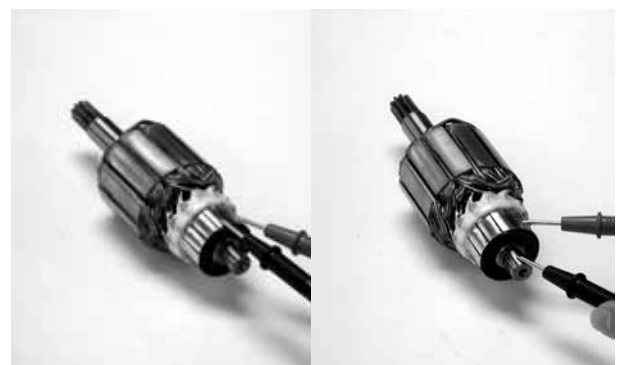
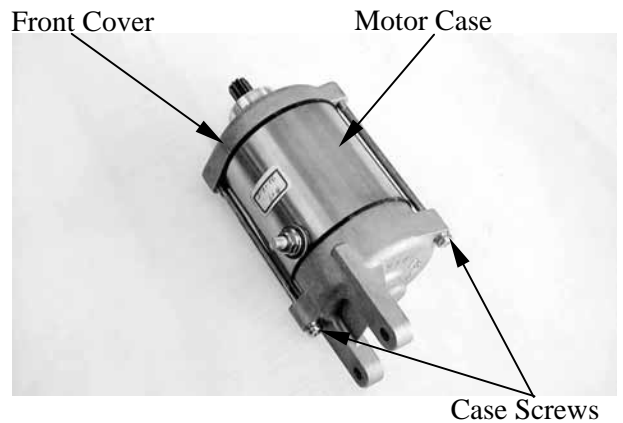
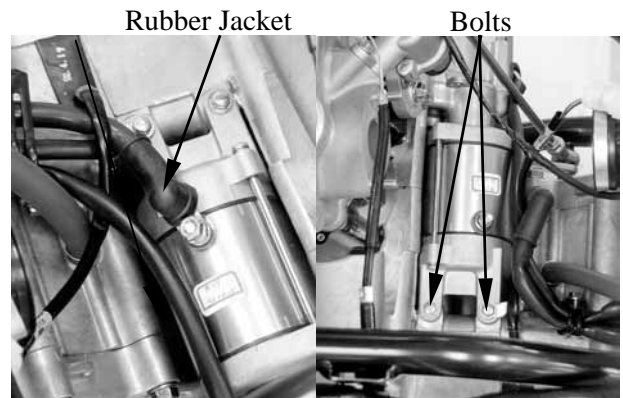
### DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two starter motor case screws, front cover, motor case and other parts.

### INSPECTION

Inspect the removed parts for wear, damage or discoloration and replace if necessary. Clean the commutator if there is metal powder between the segments.

Check for continuity between pairs of the commutator segments and there should be continuity.  
Also, make a continuity check between individual commutator segments and the armature shaft. There should be no continuity.



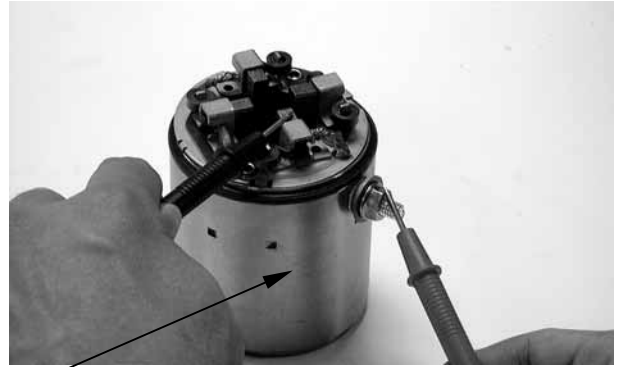
## 18. STARTING SYSTEM

### STARTER MOTOR CASE CONTINUITY CHECK

Check to confirm that there is no continuity between the starter motor wire terminal and the motor front cover.

Also check for the continuity between the wire terminal and each brush.

Replace if necessary.



Wire Terminal

Measure the length of the brushes.

**Service Limit:** 8.5 mm (0.34 in)



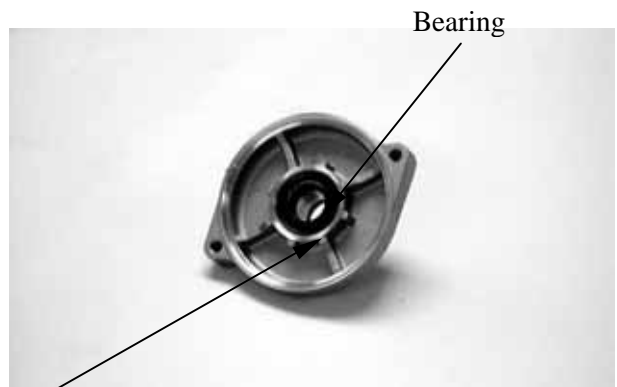
Check for continuity between the brushes. If there is continuity, replace with new ones.



Check if the needle bearing in the front cover turns freely and has no excessive play.

Replace if necessary.

Check the dust seal for wear or damage.



Dust Seal

## 18. STARTING SYSTEM

### ASSEMBLY

Apply grease to the dust seal in the front cover.  
Install the brushes onto the brush holders.  
Apply a thin coat of grease to the two ends of the armature shaft.  
Insert the commutator into the front cover.

- ★
- Be careful not to damage the brush and armature shaft mating surfaces.
  - When installing the commutator, the armature shaft should not damage the dust seal lip.

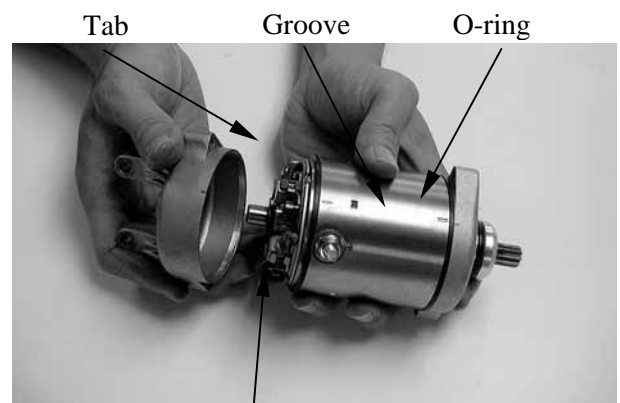
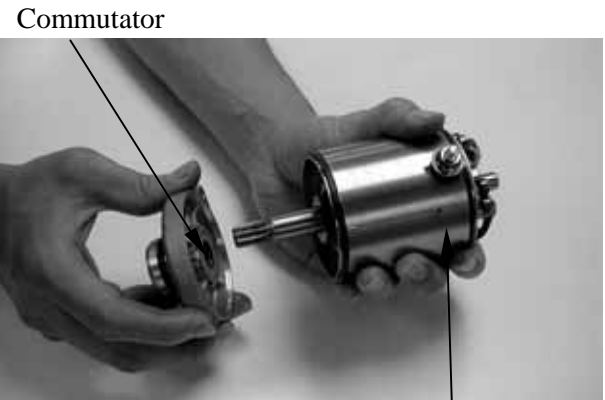
Install a new O-ring to the front cover.  
Install the starter motor case, aligning the tab on the motor case with the groove on the front cover.  
Tighten the starter motor case screws.

- ★
- When assembling the front cover and motor case, slightly press down the armature shaft to assemble them.

### STARTER MOTOR INSTALLATION

Connect the starter motor cable connector and properly install the waterproof rubber jacket.  
Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.  
Apply grease to the O-ring and install the starter motor.  
Tighten the two mounting bolts.  
**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)

- ★
- The starter motor cable connector must be installed properly.



## 18. STARTING SYSTEM

### STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

Remove the seat. (Refer to the chapter 2)  
Turn the ignition switch ON and the starter relay is normal if you hear a click when the starter button is depressed.

If there is no click sound:

- Inspect the starter relay voltage
- Inspect the starter relay ground circuit
- Check for continuity between the starter relay yellow/red and green/red wire terminals

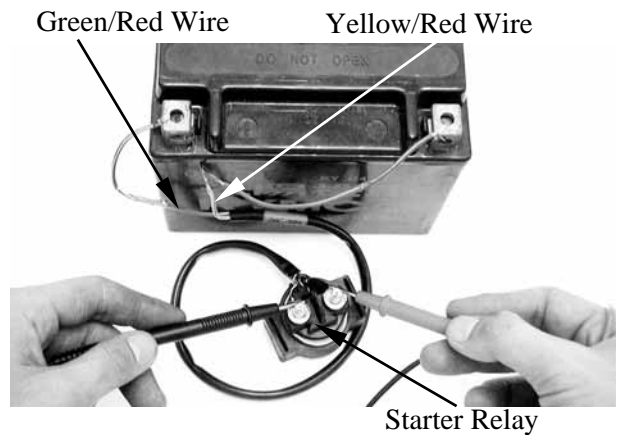


### STARTER RELAY VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Connect a 12 V battery across the starter relay yellow/red and green/red wire terminals.

Connect an electric tester between the starter relay large terminals and check for continuity between the two terminals.

The relay is normal if there is continuity.  
Replace the starter relay with a new one if there is no continuity.



## 18. STARTING SYSTEM

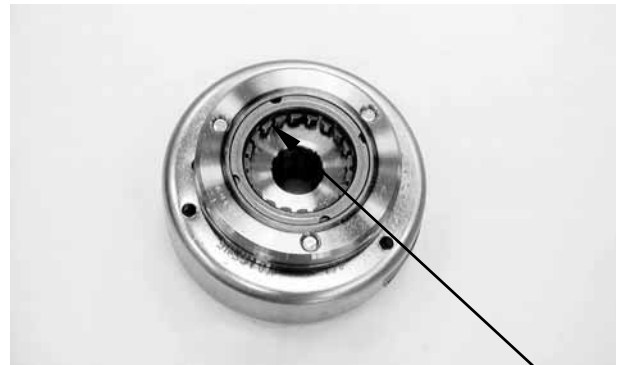
### STARTER CLUTCH REMOVAL

Remove the right crankcase cover. (Refer to the “WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL” section in the chapter 12)

Remove the flywheel. (Refer to the “A.C. GENERATOR/FLYWHEEL REMOVAL” section in the chapter 16)

Inspect the starter one-way clutch for wear or damage.

Remove the starter driven gear.



Starter Relay



Starter Driven Gear

Inspect the starter driven gear for wear or damage.



Remove the starter idle gear and shaft.



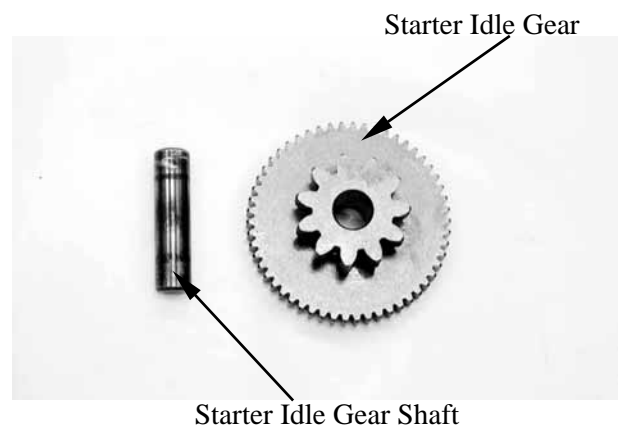
Starter Idle Gear

Starter Idle Gear Shaft

## 18. STARTING SYSTEM

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Inspect the starter idle gear and shaft for wear or damage.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL” procedures.

Install the starter idle gear and shaft.

Install the starter driven gear.

Install flywheel and right crankcase cover.

(Refer to the “A.C.

GENERATOR/FLYWHEEL

INSTALLATION” section in the chapter

16)



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**BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN**

BULBS REMOVAL-----	19- 1
INSTRUMENT (ON ROAD ONLY) -----	19- 6
HORN (ON ROAD ONLY)-----	19- 6

# 19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN

## BULBS REMOVAL

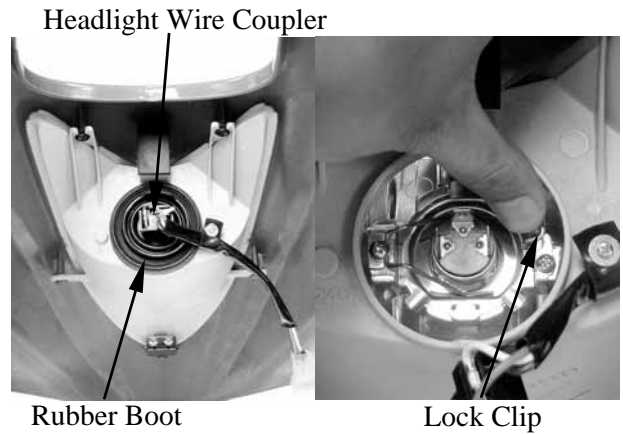
### HEADLIGHT

Remove the front fender. (See page 2-5)

Disconnect the headlight wire coupler.

Remove the rubber boot from the bulb socket.

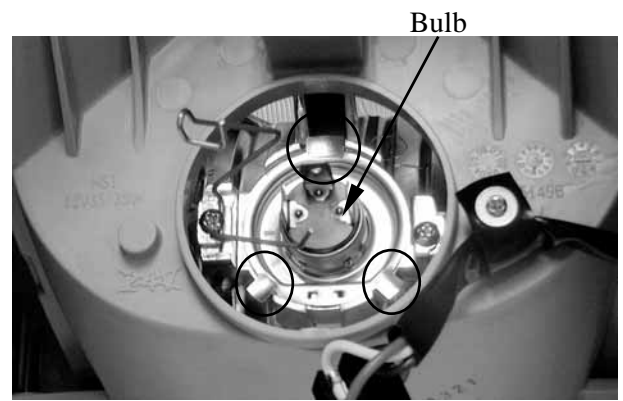
Relax the lock clip to remove the bulb and replace with a new one.



Install the bulb, aligning the bulb socket groove with the bulb tab and set the lock clip.

Install the rubber boot.

Install the front fender in the reverse order of removal.

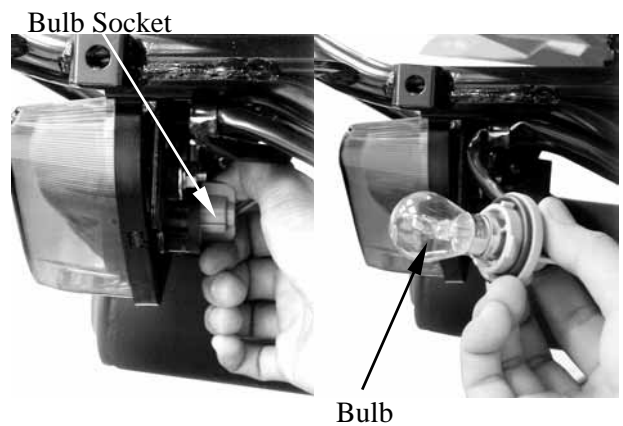


### TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT

Remove the bulb socket by turning it counterclockwise.

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.



## 19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN

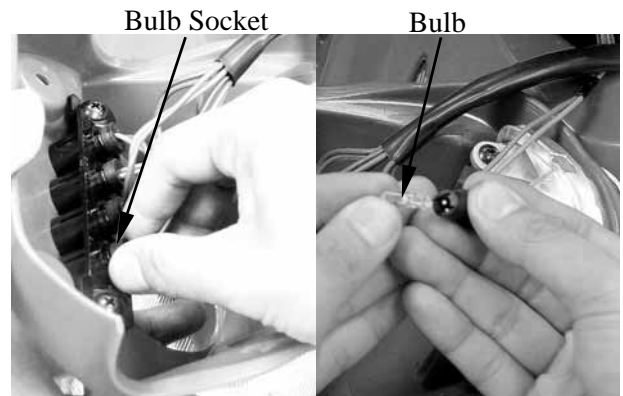
### INDICATOR LIGHT

Remove the handlebar cover. (See page 2-4)

Remove the bulb sockets by pulling them out.

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.



### POSITION LIGHT (ON ROAD ONLY)

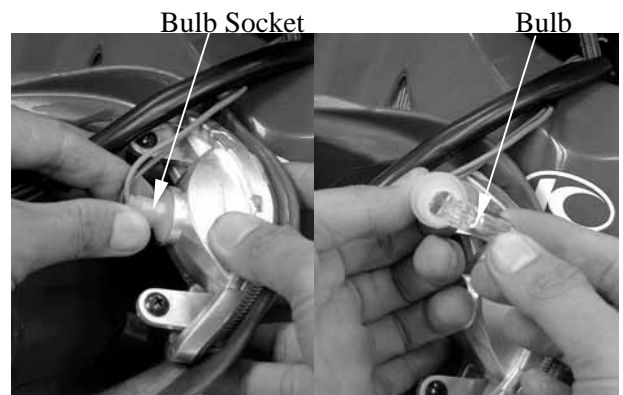
#### Old type:

Remove the handlebar cover. (See page 2-4)

Remove the bulb socket by pulling it out.

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.

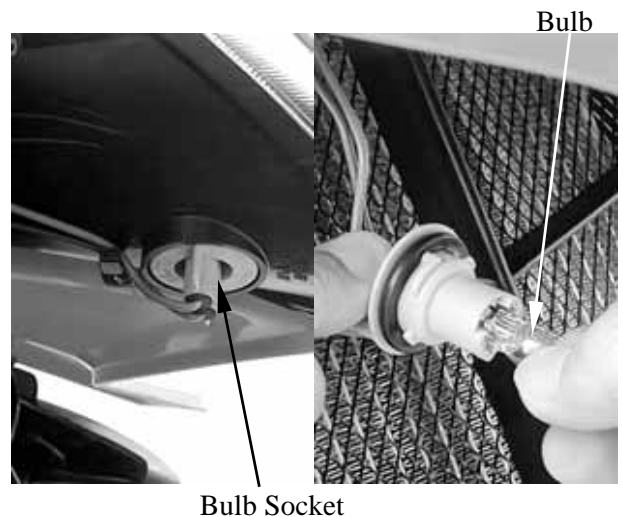


#### New type:

Remove the bulb socket by turning it counterclockwise.

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.

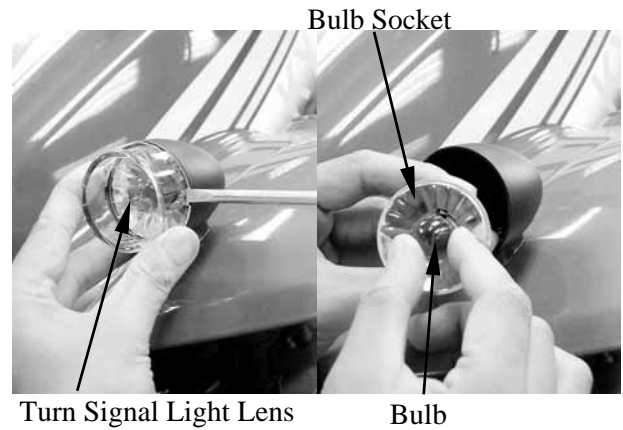


## 19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN

### FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT (ON ROAD ONLY)

**Old type:**

Remove the turn signal light lens by a standard screwdriver.  
Pull the bulb socket out from the signal light case and remove bulb.



Install the bulb, aligning the bulb socket groove with the bulb tab.



Install the bulb socket, aligning the bulb socket groove with the turn signal case tab.  
Install the turn signal lens, aligning the turn signal lens groove with the turn signal case tab.



## 19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN

### New type:

Remove the bulb socket by turning it counterclockwise.



Bulb Socket

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.

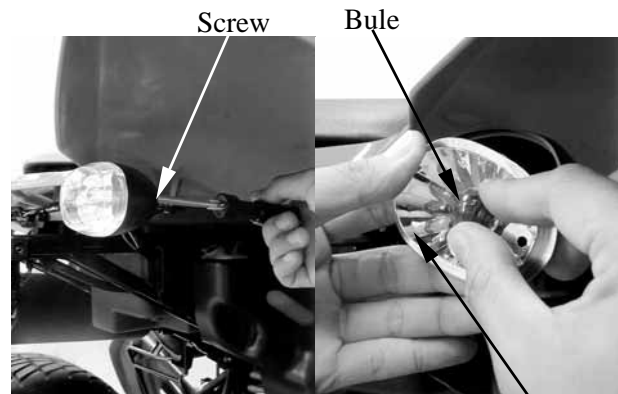


Bulb

### REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT (ON ROAD ONLY)

#### Old type:

Remove the screw and remove the turn signal light lens.  
Pull the bulb socket outside from the signal light case and remove bulb.



Bulb Socket

## **19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN**

Install the bulb, aligning the bulb socket groove with the bulb tab.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.



### **New type:**

Remove the bulb socket by turning it counterclockwise.



Bulb Socket

Remove the bulb.

Install the bulb in the reverse order of removal.

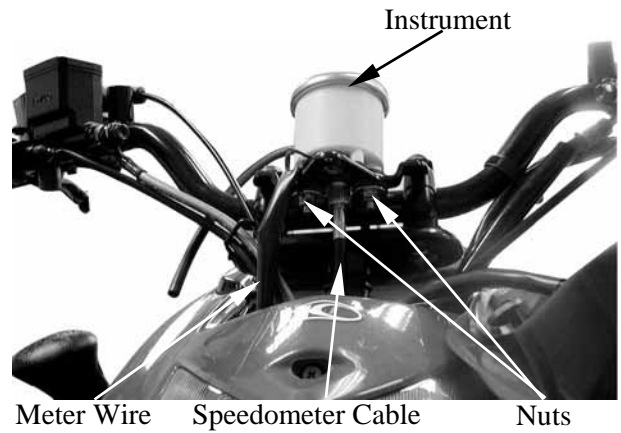


Bulb

# 19. BULBS REMOVAL/INSTRUMENT/HORN

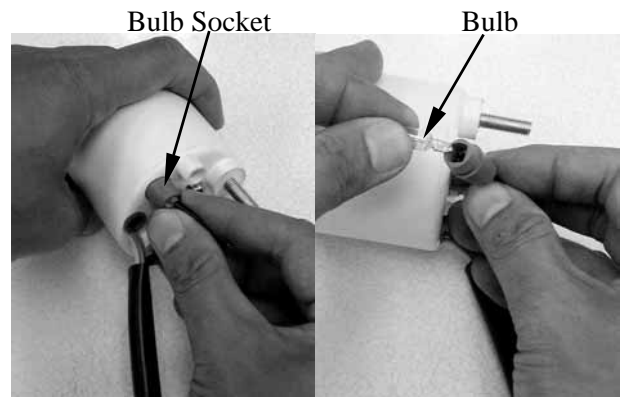
## INSTRUMENT (ON ROAD) REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar cover. (See page 2-4)  
Disconnect the meter wire coupler and speedometer cable.  
Remove the two nuts and then remove the instrument.



Pull the bulb socket out and then remove the instrument bulb.

Install the instrument in the reverse order of removal.

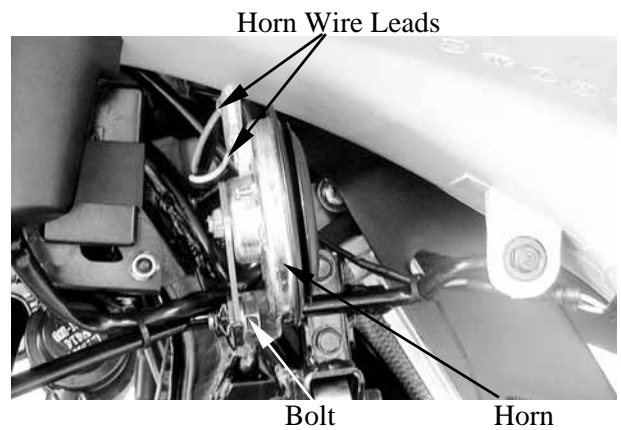


## HORN (ON ROAD) REMOVAL

Disconnect the horn wire leads.  
Remove the bolt and remove horn.

## INSTALLATION

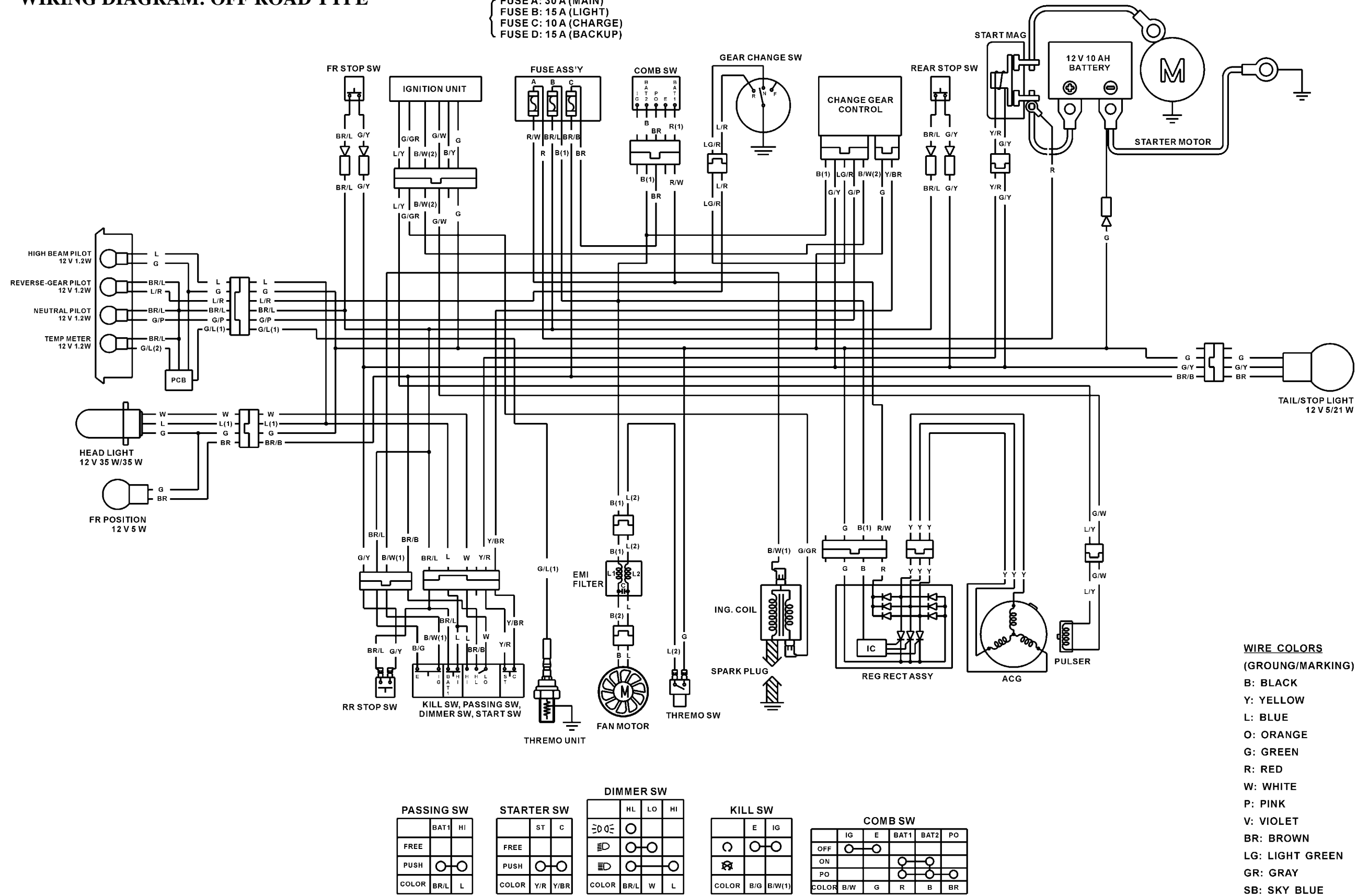
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



# 20. WIRING DIAGRAM

## WIRING DIAGRAM: OFF ROAD TYPE

FUSE A: 30 A (MAIN)  
 FUSE B: 15 A (LIGHT)  
 FUSE C: 10 A (CHARGE)  
 FUSE D: 15 A (BACKUP)



**20**

- WIRE COLORS (GROUND/MARKING)**
- B: BLACK
  - Y: YELLOW
  - L: BLUE
  - O: ORANGE
  - G: GREEN
  - R: RED
  - W: WHITE
  - P: PINK
  - V: VIOLET
  - BR: BROWN
  - LG: LIGHT GREEN
  - GR: GRAY
  - SB: SKY BLUE

PASSING SW		STARTER SW		DIMMER SW			KILL SW		COMB SW							
	BAT1 HI		ST C		HL	LO	HI		E	IG		IG	E	BAT1	BAT2	PO
FREE		FREE		☐	○			○	○		OFF	○	○			
PUSH	○ ○	PUSH	○ ○	☐	○ ○			☐			ON			○	○	
COLOR	BR/L L	COLOR	Y/R Y/BR	COLOR	BR/L W L			COLOR	B/G B/W(1)		COLOR	B/W	G	R	B	BR



# 20. WIRING DIAGRAMS

## WIRING DIAGRAM: ON ROAD TYPE

FUSE A: 30 A (MAIN)  
 FUSE B: 15 A (LIGHT)  
 FUSE C: 10 A (CHARGE)  
 FUSE D: 15 A (BACKUP)

